PWYLLGOR ARCHWILIO A SICRWYDD RISG AUDIT AND RISK ASSURANCE COMMITTEE

DYDDIAD Y CYFARFOD: DATE OF MEETING:	26 July 2023
TEITL YR ADRODDIAD: TITLE OF REPORT:	Hywel Dda University Health Board Annual Report 2022/23
CYFARWYDDWR ARWEINIOL: LEAD DIRECTOR:	Steve Moore, Chief Executive
SWYDDOG ADRODD: REPORTING OFFICER:	Huw Thomas, Director of Finance Joanne Wilson, Director of Corporate Governance/Board Secretary

Pwrpas yr Adroddiad (dewiswch fel yn addas) Purpose of the Report (select as appropriate)

Ar Gyfer Penderfyniad/For Decision

ADRODDIAD SCAA SBAR REPORT

Sefyllfa / Situation

The Audit and Risk Assurance Committee is required to approve the individual components of the Hywel Dda University Health Board (HDdUHB) Annual Report 2022/23, prior to its approval by Board on 27 July 2023, ensuring that it reflects, in line with guidance in the NHS Wales Manual for Accounts 2022/23, an analysis of the main business, performance and accountabilities, key achievements and successes of the organisation between April 2022 and March 2023.

The Draft Performance Report Overview, Accountability Report (including the Governance Statement), and Draft Remuneration Report were submitted to Welsh Government, Audit Wales and Internal Audit by 12 May 2023, for review. A record of feedback received on both the Performance Report and Accountability Report is attached at Appendix 1a & b, with amendments being incorporated into the final version, at Appendix 2, which is now being presented.

Cefndir / Background

NHS bodies are required to publish, as a single document, a three-part annual report and accounts which includes:

- a. The Performance Report, which must include:
 - An overview
- b. The **Accountability Report**, which must include:
 - A Corporate Governance Report
 - A Remuneration and Staff Report
 - A Senedd Cymru/Welsh Parliamentary Accountability and Audit Report.
- c. The Financial Statements

Page 1 of 4

Guidance on how to complete and display these reports has been issued by Welsh Government in Chapter 3 of the Manual for Accounts, in accordance with HM Treasury reporting requirements as stipulated in the HM Treasury Financial Reporting Manual (FReM).

Asesiad / Assessment

The end of year reporting timelines for NHS Wales bodies are as follows:

- Draft accounts to be submitted by 5 May 2023 completed on time.
- Draft Performance Report Overview, Accountability Report (including the Governance Statement), and Draft Remuneration Report to be submitted by 12 May 2023 – completed on time.
- Final Annual Report (Performance Report Overview, Accountability Report and Remuneration Report) and Annual Accounts to be submitted by Audit Wales to Welsh Government by 31 July 2023, as a single unified PDF document – to be approved by ARAC and Board on 26 and 27 July 2023 respectively.
- A public meeting must be held no later than 28 September 2023, at which the Annual Report and audited accounts are presented – AGM to be held on 28 September 2023.
 There has been a temporary amendment of Standing Orders agreed by Welsh Government for 2023 only.

Prior to Board, each of the components of the Annual Report were reviewed and agreed by Board Committees, as follows:

- Performance Report 2022/23 Performance Report the Chair, Chief Executive, Executive Directors and Chairs of the Strategic Development and Operational Delivery Committee (SDODC) and the Quality, Safety and Experience Committee (QSEC) received the final draft of the Performance Report for review on 28 April 2023. The Draft Performance Report was reviewed by ARAC on 11 May 2023, prior to submission to auditors. Feedback received has been addressed and the final documentation presented for approval at ARAC on 26 July 2023 and Board on 27 July 2023. A table of changes accompanies the final report for ease of reference (Appendix 1a).
- Accountability Report for 2022/23 the Chair and Chief Executive received the final draft of the Accountability Report for review on 26 April 2023. The Draft Annual Accounts and Accountability Report were reviewed at ARAC on 11 May 2023, prior to submission to auditors and Welsh Government. Feedback received has been addressed and the final documentation presented for approval at ARAC on 26 July 2023 and Board on 27 July 2023. A record of feedback received is attached at Appendix 1b, with amendments being incorporated into the final report included in the HDdUHB Annual Report.
- Audited Annual Accounts Draft Accounts were submitted to Welsh Government on 5 May 2023, prior to review by ARAC on 11 May 2023. The Accounts have been scrutinised by Audit Wales in readiness for approval at ARAC on 26 July 2023 and Board on 27 July 2023.

The Annual Report at Appendix 2 (including the Performance Report, Accountability Report and Financial Statements (Accounts)) are required to be completed and submitted to Welsh Government by 31 July 2023, and presented at the planned Annual General Meeting on 28 September 2023.

The HDdUHB Annual Report 2022/23 (which includes the Performance Report, Accountability Report and Financial Statements (Accounts)) are required to be submitted to Welsh Government by 31 July 2023, and presented at the planned Annual General Meeting on 28 September 2023.

Argymhelliad / Recommendation

The Audit and Risk Assurance Committee is requested to support the content of the HDdUHB Annual Report 2022/23 (which includes the Performance Report, Accountability Report and Financial Statements (Accounts)), in order to provide assurance to the Board that a robust governance process was enacted during the year, and to recommend its subsequent approval to the Board.

Amcanion: (rhaid cwblhau) Objectives: (must be completed)	
Committee ToR Reference: Cyfeirnod Cylch Gorchwyl y Pwyllgor:	3.2.1 All risk and control related disclosure statements (in particular the Accountability Report and the Performance Report), together with any accompanying Head of Internal Audit statement, external audit opinion or other appropriate independent assurances, prior to endorsement by the Board.
Cyfeirnod Cofrestr Risg Datix a Sgôr Cyfredol: Datix Risk Register Reference and Score:	Not applicable
Parthau Ansawdd: Domains of Quality Quality and Engagement Act (sharepoint.com)	Not Applicable
Galluogwyr Ansawdd: Enablers of Quality: Quality and Engagement Act (sharepoint.com)	Not Applicable
Amcanion Strategol y BIP: UHB Strategic Objectives:	Not Applicable
Amcanion Cynllunio Planning Objectives	Not Applicable
Amcanion Llesiant BIP: UHB Well-being Objectives: Hyperlink to HDdUHB Well-being Objectives Annual Report 2021-2022	10. Not Applicable

Gwybodaeth Ychwanegol: Further Information:	
Ar sail tystiolaeth: Evidence Base:	NHS Wales 2022/23 Manual for Accounts
Rhestr Termau: Glossary of Terms:	Included in Report

Partïon / Pwyllgorau â ymgynhorwyd ymlaen llaw y Pwyllgor Archwilio a Sicrwydd Risg Parties / Committees consulted prior to Audit and Risk Assurance

Committee:

ARAC – Audit & Risk Assurance Committee SDODC – Strategic Development & Operational Delivery Committee QSEC – Quality, Safety & Experience Committee Chair Chief Executive

Effaith: (rhaid cwblhau)					
Impact: (must be completed)					
Ariannol / Gwerth am Arian: Financial / Service:	Not applicable				
Ansawdd / Gofal Claf: Quality / Patient Care:	Not applicable				
Gweithlu: Workforce:	Not applicable				
Risg: Risk:	Associated risk is non-compliance due to unforeseen circumstances and tight deadlines. The process has been actively managed to minimise risks.				
Cyfreithiol: Legal:	Associated legal impact is non-compliance with statutory duty to produce Annual Report and Accounts in time for the Annual General Meeting due to unforeseen circumstances and tight deadlines. The process is being actively managed to minimise risks.				
Enw Da: Reputational:	Potential for media interest once the Annual Report is published.				
Gyfrinachedd: Privacy:	Not applicable – statutory requirement.				
Cydraddoldeb: Equality:	Not applicable – statutory requirement.				

Page 4 of 4

Table of changes for Performance Report from 12/05/23 to date (Submission to ARAC (Audit and Risk Assurance Committee), WG (Welsh Government), AW (Audit Wales) and IA):

Date	From	Page No (Final Report):	Changes	Action and Date amended
10/07/23	James Field	n/a	 Informal feedback from WAO indicates they are content with the updates to the draft Performance Report ahead of clearance by ARAC and subject to agreement of Steve Moore's statement 	11/07/23
29/06/23	James Field & Tracy Price	9-19	 Renamed and edited 'Introduction' to 'Performance Overview' and made the following revisions to copy to reflect MFA (Manual for Accounts) requirements: Added 'Purpose of Overview Section and Structure' to reflect MFA requirements Reviewed graphic on p.9 to ensure consistency / accuracy Revised original introduction to assign relevant aspects to the 'statement from the Chief Executive providing their perspective on the performance of the organisation' to reflect MFA requirements Added 'statement on purpose and activities of the organisation (including brief description of business model and environment, organisational structure, objectives and strategies)' to reflect MFA requirements Added 'Performance Appraisal' to reflect MFA requirements Financial paragraph on underlying deficit (p.13) updated with a more fulsome statement. 	Updated 29/06 to 03/07 Financial paragraph (p.13) updated and graphic (p.9) reviewed for accuracy / consistency 17/07
04/07/06	James Field	20-21	Added 'Well-being Statement and Objectives' and 'Delivering our Wellbeing Objectives' to reflect MFA requirement (NOTE: TO BE CLEARED)	Added 04/07/23 pending review by Public Health team
27/06/23	Tracy Price	25	New section explaining SPC charts (ARAC action)	Section drafted and QA'd – 27/06/23
05/07/23	James Field	29	Updated description of triage by urgent and emergency care GPs	Updated and cleared with Catherine Wilkins and Tracy Price 07/07/23

1/3 5/368

Date	From	Page No (Final Report):	Changes	Action and Date amended
29/06/23	Wendy Jackson	30	 Replaced chart for: % of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion, with March 2023 position Replaced chart for: Reduce the backlog of cancer patients waiting more than 104 days, with March 2023 position 	
16/05/23	Cath Wilkins	32-33	SPC charts require updating to show data up to 31st March 2023: psychological therapy waits and neurodevelopmental assessment waits	Updated charts inserted – 16/05/2023
27/06/23	Cath Wilkins	32-33	Amended the figure for average performance to the range as didn't have the numerator or denominator.	Updated 27/06/2023
18/05/23	Dan Warm	43	Strategic Objective 1 - Planning Objective statuses require updating to reflect consequence of discussion with the Executives in relation to a Board paper going to May Public Board	Updated PO statuses included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	45-46	Strategic Objective 1 - Planning Objective statuses require updating to reflect consequence of discussion with the Executives in relation to a Board paper going to May Public Board	Updated PO statuses included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	53	Strategic Objective 2 - Planning Objective statuses require updating to reflect consequence of discussion with the Executives in relation to a Board paper going to May Public Board	Updated PO statuses included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	54-57	Strategic Objective 2 - Planning Objective statuses require updating to reflect consequence of discussion with the Executives in relation to a Board paper going to May Public Board	Updated PO statuses included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	54	Update on narrative required to Planning Objective 2A	Updated PO narrative included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	67-68	Strategic Objective 3 - Planning Objective statuses require updating to reflect consequence of discussion with the Executives in relation to a Board paper going to May Public Board	Updated PO statuses included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	71	Update on narrative required to Planning Objective 3G	Updated PO narrative included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	68-74	Strategic Objective 3 - Planning Objective statuses require updating to reflect consequence of discussion with the Executives in relation to a Board paper going to May Public Board	Updated PO statuses included – 18/05/23

2/3 6/368

Date	From	Page No (Final Report):	Changes	Action and Date amended
18/05/23	Dan Warm	83-84	Strategic Objective 4 - Planning Objective statuses require updating to reflect consequence of discussion with the Executives in relation to a Board paper going to May Public Board	Updated PO statuses included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	85-98	Strategic Objective 4 - Planning Objective statuses require updating to reflect consequence of discussion with the Executives in relation to a Board paper going to May Public Board	Updated PO statuses included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	88	Update on narrative required to Planning Objective 4I	Updated PO narrative included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	89	Update on narrative required to Planning Objective 4K	Updated PO narrative included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	91	Update on narrative required to Planning Objective 4M	Updated PO narrative included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	93	Update on narrative required to Planning Objective 4P	Updated PO narrative included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	94	Update on narrative required to Planning Objective 4Q	Updated PO narrative included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	102-103	Strategic Objective 5 - Planning Objective statuses require updating to reflect consequence of discussion with the Executives in relation to a Board paper going to May Public Board	Updated PO statuses included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	104-116	Strategic Objective 5 - Planning Objective statuses require updating to reflect consequence of discussion with the Executives in relation to a Board paper going to May Public Board	Updated PO statuses included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	111	Update on narrative required to Planning Objective 50	Updated PO narrative included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	130-131	Strategic Objective 6 - Planning Objective statuses require updating to reflect consequence of discussion with the Executives in relation to a Board paper going to May Public Board	Updated PO statuses included – 18/05/23
18/05/23	Dan Warm	132-139	Strategic Objective 6 - Planning Objective statuses require updating to reflect consequence of discussion with the Executives in relation to a Board paper going to May Public Board	Updated PO statuses included – 18/05/23
13/06/23	James Field	145	Strategic Objective 6 – narrative requires update to include information on fraud, anti-corruption and anti-bribery activity during the reporting year.	Updated narrative to accompany SO6 – 13/06/23
27/06/23	James Field	146-153	Added Sustainability Report	New copy and tables added

Table of changes for Accountability Report from 12/05/23 (Submission of Draft Accountability Report to WG, AW and IA)

Date	From	Page No (Final Report):	Comments Received	Action taken
12/05/23	Mandy Rayani (Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient	56	 Head of Internal Audit Opinion Limited Reports It reads/flows as though these two audits are part of Job planning. 	Text under bullets realigned for clarity
	Experience)	72	 Appendix 3 Ministerial Directions 2021. No.59 – grammatical error - change have to has 	Amendment made
		94	 Staff Report – Leadership Development Nothing has been mentioned about STAR- should it be or is that too low a level? 	Included
23/05/23	John Evans (Welsh Government)	11	Variations to Standing Orders No direct reference to the Public Bodies (Admissions to Meetings) Act 1960	Amendment to the following section in bold Conducting board meetings – Standing Orders states that "The board and its committees shall conduct as much of its formal business in public. During the pandemic, we were unable to meet in public, in accordance with the Public Bodies (Admissions to Meetings) Act 1960, due to limitations on public gatherings, however to ensure business was conducted in as open and transparent manner as possible during this time, we continued to:"
		16	Board and Committee membership and attendance during 2022/23 Changes to the Board described on Page 16. They have highlighted that there was a gap in appointment of an independent member (Local Authority) – how was this gap covered?	A sentence added to explain the interim arrangements. "Unfortunately, there was a gap in appointment of an Independent Member (Local Authority) due to the Member standing down with immediate effect due to being appointed to a Local Authority cabinet position. Whilst we initiated the recruitment process for a new Independent

	The role of Director of Public Health is still vacant – interim arrangements explained.	Member straightaway, we also undertook a review of committee membership to ensure that committees were appropriately covered by other Independent Members".
27	Risk management framework Risk management framework is based on a 'three lines of defence' model (described on Page 27). They are working with colleagues across NHS Wales to develop a new 'Once for Wales' system for risk management – is this specifically linked to staff training?	Reference to training on risk management is on 27 "There are procedures, guidance, systems, and tools to assist management to identify, assess and manage risks on a day-to-day basis. This is supported with training, support and advice from the health board's Assurance and Risk team, which has the role to embed the risk management framework and process, and to facilitate a risk aware culture across the organisation through a business partnering arrangement."
27	Risk management framework No obvious reference is made of an environment to identify weaknesses and how they would be addressed.	Reference on page 27 refers to AW review of quality governance arrangements and the executive led reviews in place to strengthen risk management. "In response to the AW follow up review of quality governance arrangements (issued in October 2021), executive led reviews, supported by the Assurance and Risk team, have continued in 2022/23 for all operational areas and corporate functions in order to strengthen operational risk management. In January 2023, these risk review sessions were superseded by Directorate Improving Together sessions (further information on these can be found in the Performance Management Arrangements section) which retain a continued focus on risk".

		39	Emergency preparedness/civil contingencies Reference to Major Incident Plan on Page 39 – it may be helpful to consider using the wording (in bold). Bodies should disclose in this Annual Report that emergency and business continuity arrangements were in place during the financial year 2022-23, in accordance with the Civil Contingencies Act and the Emergency Planning Guidance issued by Welsh Government.	The report refers to reviews that did not identify any significant weaknesses in our risk management – page 27 and 31. • "AW reported in their Structured Assessment 2022 that the health board continues to have an effective Board Assurance Framework, and robust arrangements for managing risk". • "An internal audit on Risk Management and BAF issued in May 2022 providing substantial assurance, noting the BAF is robust and aligned to strategic objectives". Paragraph on page 39 has been amended to include 'during the financial year 2022-23' Hywel Dda UHB has had emergency plans and business continuity arrangements in place that take account of during the financial year 2022/23, in accordance with the statutory duties under the Civil Contingencies Act 2004 and Emergency Planning Guidance issued by WG. An annual Emergency Planning Report, signed by our Chief Executive was submitted to WG in February 2023, detailing compliance together with the latest version of the HDUHB Major Incident Plan which was ratified by the Board in July 2022.
		56-57	Head of Internal Audit Opinion Statement by the Head of Internal Audit included. Overall opinion of 'reasonable assurance'. 4 reports of limited assurance and none of no assurance – details of limited assurance areas provided although 2 reports are still to be finalised.	3 limited reports have now been finalised and added to the Report. These are: 1. Records digitalisation 2. Theatre Loan Trays 3. Strategic Transformation Programme Governance
06/06/23	Anne Beegan (Audit Wales)	10	Escalation and intervention arrangements Is there a word missing?	The following bullet point has been amended Received Board approval in March 2023 to establish a programme of work to develop and

	 Received Board approval in March 2023 to establish a programme of work to develop and deliver a Clinical Services Plan. The Clinical Services Plan set out which service areas proposed for inclusion; aligned to sustainability and fragility concerns. 	deliver a Clinical Services Plan. The Clinical Services Plan set out which service areas are proposed for inclusion; aligned to sustainability and fragility concerns.
17	Board and Committee Membership and the record of attendance for the period April 2022-March 2023 Maria sent apologies to the July 2022 Board meeting. Judith chaired but attendance included in the figures below - may be useful to put a note that Judith chaired the July 2022 meeting	The following note has been added below the table: *The Vice-Chair, Judith Hardisty, chaired the July 2022 Board meeting in the absence of Maria Battle, Chair, who had tendered her apologies.
19	Board and Committee Membership and the record of attendance for the period April 2022-March 2023 Steve sent apologies to the May and June 2022 Board meetings. Phil stood in for Steve but attendance included in figures below - may be useful to add a note that Phil attending in Steve's capacity	The following note has been added below the table: **The Deputy Chief Executive, Dr Phil Kloer, represented Steve Moore, who had tendered his apologies, at the May and June 2022 Board meetings.
22	West Wales Regional Partnership Board Missing word in last paragraph	Missing word added to first paragraph now on page 23: "Strategic Capital workshops were held to develop a 10 year Integrated Capital Strategy which will set out how the RPB will address the priorities identified following the Market Stability Report and Population Assessment. This will not replace existing organisational strategies2.
23	Board development Wrong word used	Replaced 'an' for 'in': "A new phase of the Board Development Programme was launched in Autumn 2021, designed to run over an 18-month period, which has been an in operation for the majority of the 2022 calendar year. It comprised of keynote learning events by subject matter leaders including:"

		27	Risk management framework Duplication	Duplication removed: "The health board's risk management framework aims to help the health board understand, evaluate and take action on its risks in order to increase the probability of success and reduce the likelihood of failure, and forms a part of the overall governance framework of the organisation. It aims to aims to facilitate better decision making and"
		43	Information Governance (IG) arrangements Missing word	Missing word added: "We have well established arrangements through an information governance framework to ensure that information is managed in line with relevant information governance law, regulations, and Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) guidance. The framework includes the following:"
		46	Planning arrangements Is this needed given the later paragraph that sets out the 2023-26 position "We hope this will shortly be reflected in us achieving an approved Integrated Medium-Term Plan (IMTP), which would be the first in the history of Hywel Dda University Health Board and an important step on our longer term journey."	Removed the sentence
		76	Changes to Board membership in 2022/23 Missing words	 Missing words added: Professor John Gammon, Independent Member (University) left the board on 31 July 2022 however is contracted as a Strategic Advisor for Workforce and OD. Chantal Patel, Independent Member (University) joined the Health Board on 1 August 2022.
06/06/23	Lucy Evans (Audit Wales)	7	Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the accounts Two refs to HM Treasury instead of just Treasury.	Having reviewed Chapter 3 MFA, the majority of the references throughout that chapter are to 'HM Treasury' rather than 'the Treasury'. HM Treasury is the correct title for this Government department – 'the Treasury' is its' informal name. Possibly a

Page 5 of 7

100	Senedd Cymru/Welsh Parliamentary Accountability and Audit Report: Regularity of Expenditure • Guidance states that bodies should make a statement confirming whether their expenditure in year has been regular. HD refers to cumulative expenditure over 3 years (£109m) rather than the £59m in year. Also a missing full stop after first sentence.	lack of consistent referencing throughout the MFA to 'HM Treasury'. It is acknowledged that Annex 9 of Chapter 3 MFA in respect of the Statement of Directors' responsibilities refers to 'the Treasury' but we'll leave the disclosure as 'HM Treasury' given these are the Annual Report and Statutory Accounts, not informal documents. In addition, for clarity, our disclosure is consistent with the previous year where we made reference to 'HM Treasury'. Our disclosure is consistent with the previous year. We referenced irregularity over the three year position, in line with our financial duty to break even over that period, rather than a single year's result in isolation. We will add additional disclosure for the 22/23 year in isolation, as follows: "The expenditure of £109m which it has incurred in excess of its resource limit over that three-year period is deemed to be irregular, as is the 2022/23 expenditure in excess of its resource limit, which amounted to £59m." Missing full stop. This has been amended
99	Senedd Cymru/Welsh Parliamentary Accountability and Audit Report: Material Remote contingent liabilities Should the RAAC CL be included in here?	The RAAC issue cannot be included as a Material Remote Contingent Liability in Part 3 - Parliamentary Accountability and Audit Report as it has been disclosed it as a contingent liability in Note 21.1 of the Accounts and therefore by its'

				very disclosure in the Notes to the Accounts it can't be 'remote' in nature.
12/06/23	James John	53-57	Head of Internal Audit Opinion	Head of Internal Audit Opinion section updated to
	(Internal Audit)		Final Head of Internal Audit Opinion finalised and issued.	reflect finalisation of 2022/23 Internal Audit Plan.
14/06/23	Audit Wales	11	<u>Variations to Standing Orders</u>	The following paragraph has been amended
			Within the Governance Statement on pg 11 of the	"Annual General Meeting (AGM) - Standing Orders
			Accountability Report, we note that the AGS isn't	states that the health board "must hold an AGM in
			templated and so standard wording has been used, but	public no later than the 31 July each year." In light
			you haven't noted that WG have authorised the variation.	of the revised timetable for Audit Wales (AW) to
			Are you able to have a look at this?	submit final Annual Reports and Accounts to HSSG
				Finance for the reporting period 2022/23, the
				health board is now unable to hold its AGM in July
				2023 as planned WG confirmed that AGMs will
				take place no later than 28 September 2023. Our
				Audit and Risk Assurance Committee was advised
				of this variation on 18 April 2023 directing that the
				health board "must hold its 2023 AGM in public no
				later than the 28 September. This variation from
				the date of July will be reviewed on the 31 March
				2024. This was reported to the Board in May
				2023.
30/06/23	Audit Wales	77-83	Single total figure of remuneration	
			Amend Pension Benefits and Total Figures for Steve Moore	Tables updated.
			on table 2022/23 and Huw Thomas on tables 2022/23 and	
			2021/22	

Page **7** of **7**

Hywel Dda University Health Board

Annual Report and Accounts 2022-2023



1/354 _____ 15/368

What this Annual Report will tell you

Our Annual Report is a suite of documents that will tell you about your health board, the care we provide and what we do to plan, deliver, and improve healthcare for you. This document sets out what we have achieved across a broad range of areas, as we seek to continue our response to COVID-19, manage our recovery, address backlogs and unmet health need, make strides towards our strategy and continue to put people at the heart of what we do. The report is made up of three parts:

Performance report

This report will tell you about the challenges we have faced and how we have addressed them, as well as achievements and progress made. It includes information about the direct response provided to COVID-19, along with the impacts on other areas of health and care. It details how we have performed against Welsh Government targets and our actions to improve. It also describes how we have maintained a focus on safety and quality during our continued recovery from the pandemic and considers what we have learned and how this will inform future work.

Accountability report

This report details our key accountability requirements under the Companies Act 2006 and The Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 (as adapted for public sector organisations). It includes our Annual Governance Statement (AGS), which provides information about how we manage and control our resources and risks and comply with governance arrangements.

Financial accounts

Our summarised Financial Statements detail how we have spent our money and met our obligations under The National Health Service Finance (Wales) Act 2014.

How to contact us

Publications in print or alternative formats/languages are available on request by contacting us:

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Instagram: HywelDdaUHB

LinkedIn: hywel-dda-university-health-board

Twitter: @HywelDdaHB

YouTube: hywelddahealthboard1

Hywel Dda University Health Board is a Local Health Board established under section 11 of the National Health Service (Wales) Act 2006.

Contents	Page
What will this Annual Report tell you?	2
Welcome from our Chair and Chief Executive	5
Chapter 1: Performance Report	9
Our Purpose and Activities	10
Organisational Structure	11
The population we serve	11
Performance Overview	13
Statement from the Chief Executive	13
Strategic and Planning Objectives	16
Performance Summary	20
Well-being Statement and Objectives	21
Our key performance measures	23
Planned care	27
Urgent and emergency care	29
Cancer	31
Mental health	33
Neurodevelopmental services	34
Infection control	35
Workforce	37
Ongoing response to COVID-19	38
Strategic Objective 1 – Putting people at the heart of everything we do	43
Strategic Objective 2 – Working together to be the best we can be	53
Strategic Objective 3 – Striving to deliver and develop excellent services	68
Strategic Objective 4 – The best health and wellbeing for our communities	84
Strategic Objective 5 – Safe, sustainable, equitable and kind care	101
Strategic Objective 6 – Sustainable use of resources	128
Conclusion and forward look	152
Annex A: Our Planning Objectives for 2022/23	155

Chapter 2: Accountability Report	176
Corporate Governance Report	179
Directors' Report	179
Governance Statement	183
Remuneration and Staff Report	248
Parliamentary Accountability and Audit Report	273
Report of the Auditor General to the Senedd	279
Chapter 3: Financial Statements and Accounts	280



Welcome from our Chair and Chief Executive

Our Annual Report reflects on yet another extraordinary year for our health board. The COVID-19 pandemic has had an undeniable and lasting impact on our communities and the past year has been one of the most challenging for the health sector in recent memory with increasing demand upon the services we provide.

The success of the COVID-19 vaccination programme allowed society to transition back to something approaching a near-normal state. At the same time, as a health board, we have seen the unwinding during the past financial year of many of the additional measures put in place for COVID-19 and return to something approaching a 'business-as-usual' service.

However, we recognise the profound impact that the pandemic has had upon our workforce and the health board over the past three years. Many COVID-19 measures addressed recognised and specific issues at the time, although returning the organisation to a pre-COVID-19 state would be both unrealistic and undesirable.

The resolve of our staff continues to astound us, with colleagues committed to delivering the best possible patient care in difficult circumstances. Thank you to everyone working in and with Hywel Dda University Health Board, whatever your role. Thank you to all our volunteers, and our partners, for your extraordinary service caring for patients and our communities during these challenging times.

The impact of the pandemic will be acutely felt for many years to come. It is an unfortunate legacy of the disease that members of the public are less willing to access health services, which has in turn left high levels of unmet health need.

We recognise too that access to a wide range of services has been constrained over the past three years, resulting in delays in treatment and care within our health board. We are deeply sorry if you have experienced delays in access to your care and treatment. While we have made significant progress in reducing the number of patients who are waiting for treatment, we are aware that it remains difficult for people who are still waiting, or have their treatment further delayed. We are committed to further reducing our waiting lists to pre-pandemic levels and meeting the Welsh Government target.

The highly focused response to the pandemic has left a financial legacy too. We could not identify and deliver savings and efficiencies in the way we would normally, and as a result we faced significant financial challenges as funding for the COVID-19 response tailed off, leaving us needing to make up for two years of lost time.

A number of innovations were introduced with the aim of supporting patients and reducing the waiting lists – from our £20m Day Surgery Unit at Prince Philip Hospital that allows us to provide surgery to thousands of patients more quickly – to working with technology partners to introduce AI (Artificial Intelligence) that help us to predict the length of a patient's stay in hospital. The support provided through our waiting list support service that seeks to support people while waiting, providing access to clinical staff who advise on how best to keep healthy and ensure that patients are fit and well enough for surgery or treatment.

As a geographically diverse rural health board, partnership working is vital for us – we can't improve the health and well-being of our communities alone. During the past year we have continued to work with a broad range of partners to support the wellbeing of our individuals and communities. With a significant number of our patients in hospital being medically fit and ready to leave, working together to find ways of enabling them to be discharged, alongside our local authority partners, has been crucial. In Carmarthenshire, our work with Carmarthenshire Council, Delta Wellbeing and our Advanced Paramedic Practitioners has been able to support people in their homes – and in some cases preventing the need for hospital admission. In Pembrokeshire, the local authority launched Operation Nightingale to identify and support social care for members of our communities and enable patients to return home, or to social care provision.

During the spring and summer, we worked closely with Ceredigion Council and the Urdd to welcome refugees fleeing the war in Ukraine – providing a safe haven for families in Llangrannog. Alongside our partners, our teams provided health screening support and helped our new community members to settle in the area and register with our health services.

In seeking different solutions for our patients, following a successful pilot program in Carmarthenshire, we saw the funding for LUMEN, a project that supports the early diagnosis of lung cancer, extended to the entire Hywel Dda region. The service enables members of our communities who experience particular symptoms to contact the service directly, relieving the pressure on our GP services.

Increasing our staffing levels, we welcomed over 100 international nurses to Hywel Dda, and increased our overall numbers of nursing and midwifery staff to 2,955 whole time equivalents in post, which exceeded our ambition for the year. Our Apprenticeship Academy continues to grow, and we have continued to innovate our recruitment practices, including centralisation of the recruitment pathway for Registered Nurses and Health Care Support Workers. This resulted in a record number of applications being submitted to the health board this year.

Recognising that digital and technology plays an important part in how we can meet the needs of our patients, last year we were pleased to be the first health board to achieve the Digital Inclusion Charter aiming to not only deploy technology but support individuals in accessing and understanding how to use it. Closely following the Charter, we launched a health and care apps library that signposts individuals to digital apps available to them – putting health and well-being in the hands of our communities.

While it has been a very challenging period, we recognise and value the achievements and successes of our staff. Many of our staff have won awards or been recognised in different ways for their incredible work and we could not be prouder of them and what they achieve every single day.

At the time of writing this report, we have received the news that we have 11 incredible finalists covering seven of the categories in this year's National BAME (Black, Asian, and Minority Ethnic) Health and Care Awards with an awards ceremony on 9 June. This is a fantastic achievement and is testament to the dedication and hard work of everyone involved.

Employee recognition and appreciation has long been a cornerstone of effective organisations. The way an organisation demonstrates that they value their employees has become more important than ever. In simple terms, recognition is about what people do; appreciation is about who they are. Hywel Dda developed a recognition and appreciation programme for 2022/23 that included several initiatives to revive how we show how we value our workforce. All these awards were part of an ongoing programme of showing appreciation and valuing our workforce.

The Chair's Commendation Awards recognise staff for their compassion, innovation, and collaboration in line with the organisational values and purpose. Our long service awards scheme was introduced to recognise staff for their service to the health board at five and 10 years of service, and to mark the milestones of 25 and 40 years of service. Both schemes have spread much joy to those who have been recognised in this manner.

In December 2022, we also launched our Hywel's Applause staff awards. Staff were nominated by colleagues for awards across a range of diverse categories such as Living Our Values, Diversity and Inclusion, Unsung Hero, Rising Star and Patients' Voice. Winners were chosen by panels including colleagues across a wide variety of services.

In 2022/23 the health board also became a member of the Refugee Employment Network and achieved the Stonewall Diversity Silver award. We were also successful at the National BAME Health and Care awards, winning the Community Initiative of the Year Award and Mental Health Initiative Award.

In 2021 our Hywel Dda Health Charity launched its Bronglais Chemotherapy Appeal. We're delighted to report that this year the Charity has exceeded its target of raising the remaining £500,000 needed to provide a purpose-built chemotherapy day unit at the hospital thanks to the kind donations of our communities.

Work has also progressed at pace on our research and development activities. We're currently exploring intelligent automation, with a target of releasing 50,000 hours of time back into the organisation by 2050.

We've made good progress this year towards achieving that target working on two projects. The first is a workforce automation project in partnership with Northampton Hospital Trust, which is a Robotic Process Automation (RPA) Centre of Excellence. Together we are seeking to document two workforce processes and automate one of them, with our focus currently on exploring the automation of training records in the Electronic Staff Record (ESR) system. The second project is

seeking to automate two finance processes, with work underway on automating the request to raise a bill.

Earlier in the reporting year Mr Peter Cnudde, a high-volume joint replacement surgeon at Prince Philip Hospital, Llanelli, received funding from Health and Care Research Wales as part of the NHS Research Time Awards. Mr Cnudde's area of research interest is development of a technology-enabled patient pathway for arthroplasty, surgery where the damaged joint is replaced by an artificial one.

We're proud that the health board has also been awarded over £435,000 funding from UK Research and Innovation (UKRI) for two projects aimed at developing and improving systems to support healthcare and planning on a local and national level in Wales.

This includes the UKRI's Horizon Europe Guarantee competition, which is providing the health board with funding of £168,268 as part of the Horizon Europe project DYNAMO. This €5million project will focus on modelling and dynamic assessment of integrated health and care pathways enhancing response capacity of health systems. DYNAMO will result in a lean and powerful solution enabling quick, data-driven, and platform-independent planning of care pathways for situations where health system functions are threatened.

The second project has been awarded £266,860 funding from UKRI's Horizon Europe Guarantee competition as part of the Horizon Europe project Invest4Health. This project seeks to mobilise novel finance models for health promotion and disease prevention.

As a health board we are committed to our values and the principles of transparency, kindness and working with our communities, staff and partners in all that we do. This dedication shines through in our annual report, which we hope will leave you informed, intrigued, and inspired by what we in team Hywel Dda do. We pledge that each and every day we work to protect your health and build a system that is fit for the future needs of our fantastic staff and the wonderful people of Carmarthenshire, Pembrokeshire, and Ceredigion that we have the privilege to serve.



Maria Battle, Chair

Signed: _____ 27 July 2023



Steve Moore, Chief Executive

Signed: ______ 27 July 2023

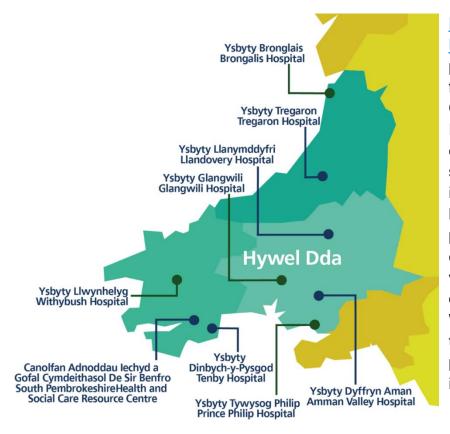
Chapter 1

Performance Report 2022/23



9/354 23/368

Our Purpose and Activities



Hywel Dda University Health Board (HDdUHB) plans and provides NHS healthcare services for people living in Carmarthenshire, Ceredigion, Pembrokeshire, and bordering counties. Our 13,143 members of staff provide primary, community, in-hospital, mental health and learning disabilities authorities and public, private and third sector colleagues, including our volunteers, through: services for a quarter of the landmass of Wales. We do this in partnership with three local authorities and public, private and third sector colleagues, including our volunteers, through:

- Four main hospitals: Bronglais Hospital in Aberystwyth; Glangwili Hospital in Carmarthen; Prince Philip Hospital in Llanelli; and Withybush Hospital in Haverfordwest.
- Five community hospitals: Amman Valley and Llandovery hospitals in Carmarthenshire;
 Tregaron Hospital in Ceredigion; and Tenby and South Pembrokeshire hospitals in Pembrokeshire.
- Two integrated care centres: Aberaeron and Cardigan in Ceredigion, and a number of other community settings e.g., Bro Preseli, Crymych.
- 48 general practices (six of which are health board managed practices); 40 dental practices (including four orthodontic); 97 community pharmacies; 44 general ophthalmic practices (44 providing Eye Health Examination Wales services and 29 providing low vision services; domiciliary only providers and health centres.
- Numerous locations providing mental health and learning disabilities services.
- Highly specialised services commissioned by Welsh Health Specialised Services Committee.
- Sure Start joint services with Carmarthenshire, Ceredigion, and Pembrokeshire local authorities.

Organisational Structure

Hywel Dda University Health Board is made up of Executive Directors who are employees of the health board, and Independent Board Members (IMs) who are appointed to the Board by the Minister for Health and Social Services via an open and competitive public appointments process.

The Board members are from a range of backgrounds, disciplines and areas of expertise providing leadership and direction to the organisation. The Board is responsible for the health board's overall system of governance and control, which includes robust risk management, and therefore must seek and be provided with assurance on the effectiveness of the systems and processes in place for meeting our strategic and planning objectives.

The Board has a key role in ensuring that HDdUHB has good governance arrangements in place and is open and transparent in the way that it works. The Board meets on a bi-monthly basis at a minimum, in public session. It is supported in the decision-making process by a structure of Committee and Advisory Groups. Dates and venues for the public meetings, and associated agendas, papers and minutes are all published to our website https://hduhb.nhs.wales

The health board is organisation into directorates that sit under each of the Executive Directors that attend Board meetings. The full list of Board members, including Executive Directors, is published to our website: https://hduhb,nhs.wales/your-health-board/board-members.

The population we serve

Population projection

By 2025 our total resident population is estimated to be at about 390,000 people. In addition, we also provide care for large numbers of tourists and students.

Welsh language

The proportion of residents who can speak Welsh is 47 per cent.

Ageing population

The average age of people in the three counties is increasing steadily, we have a higher proportion of older people than average across Wales. Those aged 65 and over currently comprise a quarter of the health board's population. Projections suggest that by 2043 there will be almost 125,000 people living in Hywel Dda aged over 65, of which almost 22,000 will be aged over 85. The increase in the number of older people is likely to lead to a rise in the prevalence of chronic conditions, such as circulatory and respiratory diseases and cancers. We anticipate that frailty will become increasingly important in Hywel Dda over the next 10 years and is projected to increase by 4 per cent per annum

Health inequalities

Variation in healthy behaviours leads to variation in health outcomes, this is also influenced by levels of deprivation. Twenty-two per cent of our population are children and young people, with nearly a third living in poverty. A wider overview of our Health Needs has been developed as part of our collaboration with the West Wales Care Partnership, and the co-produced area Health Needs Assessment: Population-Needs-Assessment. Additionally, we are a statutory member of Public Services Boards (PSBs) in Carmarthenshire, Ceredigion, and Pembrokeshire. Well-being Assessments were undertaken by each PSB in 2022, leading to development of Well-being Plans.

Changing patterns of disease

We anticipate that frailty will become increasingly important in Hywel Dda over the next 10 years and is projected to increase by four per cent per annum. Dementia, diabetes, obesity, and chronic conditions also represent a large and increasing proportion of our primary care and urgent care activity. COVID-19 has had a significant impact on our population by for example, increasing isolation, especially for older people and those who are carers, worsening mental health conditions, restricting access to wider support networks and services, and increasing cases of Violence against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence (VAWDASV).

Tobacco

18.7 per cent of adults in our area smoke. Prevalence of smoking is highest in Pembrokeshire (20.3 per cent), followed by Carmarthenshire (18.8 per cent) and Ceredigion (16.6per cent). Smoking is a significant risk factor for many diseases and early death.

Food

Four per cent of people in our area do not eat enough fruit and vegetables, and 59 per cent are overweight or obese. If current trends continue, it is projected that by 2030 64 per cent of adults in Wales will be overweight or obese. The adult weight management multi-disciplinary service is fully recruited. The service continues to roll out and embed a range of one to one, and group interventions, designed to support an individual person centred, needs led approach.

Physical activity

Over 24 per cent of adults in our area do not take enough regular physical activity to benefit their health.

Social isolation and loneliness

14.6 per cent of our population report feeling lonely. We continue to make progress across the entire Transforming Mental Health agenda. We were the first health board to introduce 111 Option 2, offering 24/7 mental health support to those in need.

Performance Overview

The Performance Overview is a summary of the Performance Report. It provides the reader with an overview of the challenges we have faced and how we have addressed them, as well as achievements and progress made.

The overview includes headline information about the direct response provided to COVID-19, along with the impacts on other areas of health and care, and how we have performed against Welsh Government targets and our actions to improve. The full Performance Report goes into detail, but the summary will also assess how we have maintained a focus on safety and quality during our continued recovery from the pandemic and considers what we have learned and how this will inform future work.

Statement from the Chief Executive

The COVID-19 pandemic has created unprecedented pressures for the NHS and each phase has brought new and unique challenges. However, the success of the vaccination programme means, despite high levels of COVID-19 within our communities, that society has been transitioning back to near-normal. Similarly, the health service through 2022/23 saw the unwinding of many of the additional measures put in place for COVID-19 and return, as much as possible, to 'business-as-normal' operating.

The impact on the workforce of the NHS has been profound and many aspects of the COVID-19 measures were addressing recognised deficiencies; therefore, returning entirely to pre-COVID-19 arrangements would be both unrealistic and undesirable.

Beyond the direct response to COVID-19 we know that the impact of the three-year pandemic on health care provision and the willingness of the public to access services has left an enormous legacy of unmet health need. Waiting times are at their highest since records began and yet we estimate that these figures represent potentially only a third of the backlog, as referrals have also reduced substantially.

The challenges facing our health and care system are at historic levels as we and society contends with multiple, simultaneous events impacting on our way of life. For our health board, the drivers of these pressures typically fall into the categories of workforce availability (including social care); affordability and cost of living; and population health and need for health care (including the continued requirement to respond to COVID-19 and the latent health consequences as a result of the pandemic). The wider impacts of the pandemic on the economy, education and the mental health of the population are anticipated to leave a lasting impact on the health of our communities and the determinants of health.

These issues manifest as backlogs and delays to care for patients, excessive strain on staff, reduced system efficiency and unprecedented financial pressures. In addition, we are now at the foothills of a long-anticipated demographic trend with the 'baby boomer' generation, with a rise in those aged over 65 from approximately 100,000 in 2023 to approximately 124,587 by 2043. We also recognise that at Hywel Dda we have an ageing estate and an unsustainable service model. It is therefore clear that the scale of these challenges will require concerted and long-term action to address.

Despite these challenges, we are optimistic for the future. The health board has a clear strategic direction, and a passionate team of staff who regularly go above and beyond for our patients. Our strategy, built on the principles of care closer to home and a shift to primary and preventative care, includes a set of design assumptions which articulate how services will improve to realise this vision. The pandemic has not only sharpened our focus on these but in some areas has accelerated our delivery (new outpatient models for example).

During the past year, we have been able to narrow down the number of possible sites for our new Urgent and Planned Care Hospital to three possible sites and in August 2022. The Board endorsed plans to consult with our population on which of these three sites, located in a zone between Narberth and St Clears in the south of the Hywel Dda area, would be best. The 12-week public consultation launched on 23 February 2023 and the feedback, together with the output of further analysis of the sites, will be presented to Board during late summer 2023.

We recognise the seismic shift that COVID-19 has had on planning, deployment and implementation of systems, structures, and services. The impact has been both significant and dynamic and cannot be underestimated. It has changed and advanced the way we approach our planning, meaning that many changes previously identified for the longer-term have been implemented sooner than envisaged, with digital enablement being a prime example of this. This means that planning and assumptions were re-thought, along with their timelines, as the health board moved into a transformational period. Despite the challenges and fundamental changes encountered during 2022/23, there have been unexpected opportunities presented to reset, accelerate, and expedite, where appropriate, to transform services.

Our underlying deficit has worsened over the last three financial years as operational pressures and the constraints in the availability of workforce have contributed to increased costs. Inflationary pressures and constraints in our supply chain added further financial pressures on the health board over the last financial year. These issues persist, but our annual plan for 2023/24 does aim to address these challenges.

While an initial Integrated Medium-Term Plan (IMTP), which aimed to balance over a three-year period, was developed for the health board in 2022, due to the financial challenges faced, the board was unable to fully approve the plan for submission to Welsh Government and a three-year plan was produced in its place.

In September 2022, the health board was advised by Welsh Government that it was being raised to 'targeted intervention' for planning and finance and retained at 'enhanced monitoring' for quality issues related to performance. Targeted intervention is a heightened level of escalation within NHS Wales and occurs when Welsh Government and the external review bodies have considered it necessary to take co-ordinated action in liaison with the NHS body to strengthen its capability and capacity to drive improvement. Welsh Government confirmed that de-escalation would be considered when the health board:

- had an approvable and credible plan, and improvement in its financial position
- assessment at Level 3 of the maturity matrix

- agreement of and sustainable progress made towards a finance improvement trajectory
- builds on relationships and fully engages on the transformation and reshaping of services

The focus of the three-year plan produced was built around the six key priorities for 2022/23, which incorporated both COVID-19 response and recovery and the delivery of a roadmap to service, workforce, and financial sustainability in line with our strategic direction:



We are committed to addressing these challenges and are in the process of constructing a clear core plan, focusing on recovery. For 2023/24 this will be coupled with ensuring that the exceptional economic challenges we face next year are well described and assessed.

Value based health care approaches are being taken across the whole organisation, and it is our aspiration that a target operating model can be constructed to focus our delivery of services in the most optimum way for our patients, with this forming a critical part of our approach to the medium-term outlook and aligning with the design assumptions set out in our strategy – A Healthier Mid and West Wales – and recent Programme Business Case (PBC). The PBC is a high-level document which sets out to secure Welsh Government support for a programme of investment.

Steve Moore, Chief Executive

Strategic and planning objectives

We are clear on our long-term destination – articulated in our strategy – A Healthier Mid and West Wales – and reinforced in our PBC that was presented to Welsh Government in February 2022. Our PBC outlines the case for the buildings and infrastructure we need to deliver our long-term strategy. It seeks the greatest investment into health and well-being that west Wales will have ever seen, in the region of £1.3 billion. Reaching that destination requires progress across a number of domains, which we have termed 'strategic objectives'.



These strategic objectives relate to our people (staff, service users and communities) and our services. Our plan sets out the specific actions, termed 'planning objectives', we are taking to make progress in each of these domains. In this way we remain focused on our strategic direction and ensure our day-to-day activities are explicitly aligned, and contributing to, our strategic direction. We have used this approach throughout the year, and it is now well embedded into our business practices.

This approach has been used by the health board for the past two years and is now well embedded into our business practices. Each planning objective is led by an executive director and aligned to a committee of the board, with regular update reports provided at every other committee meeting. Our board assurance framework tracks progress and the impact of these actions on our strategic outcome measures.

Our approach to planning revolves around these strategic and planning objectives, with a systematic review of the planning objectives a critical aspect of the organisation's planning cycle. In the development of this plan, we have undertaken this review, with many planning objectives completed and updated and others revised. Our board formally signs-off all planning objectives and they are not altered or removed without board approval, demonstrating our openness and accountability to the population we serve.

The development of planning objectives takes account of a range of factors, including: our risks and performance, the Minister's priorities, Welsh Government policies and legislation, and work in support of our strategy.

Alignment of the Ministerial Priorities to Our Strategic Objectives

The table below provides an overview in relation to how our strategic objectives align to the ministerial priorities:

	Our strategic objectives					
Ministerial Priorities	1.Putting people at the heart of everything we do.	2.Working together to be the best we can be	3.Striving to deliver and develop excellent services	4.The best health and wellbeing for our communities	5. Safe, sustainable accessible, and kind care	6. Sustainable use of resources
COVID-19 Response and Challenges			✓	√		
NHS Recovery - Access to timely planned care Six Goals of Urgent and Emergency Care	√		√	√	✓	
Working alongside social care – Care closer to home		√		√	√	
A Healthier Wales		✓		✓	√	
NHS finance and managing within resources - Economy and Environment						√
Mental Health and emotional wellbeing				√	√	
Supporting the health and care workforce	√	√	✓	√	√	√
Population Health				√	√	

Infection prevention and control			~	√	
Digital and Technology	√	√		√	

Our Strategic Journey – A Healthier Mid and West Wales

Following extensive staff and public engagement and consultation we published in 2018 our long-term Health and Care strategy: A Healthier Mid and West Wales. The strategy describes a whole system approach to health and wellbeing and places significant emphasis on placing people and communities at the heart of the model and therefore the vital role community networks will play in achieving the required transformation.

The design aims to create a sustainable healthcare system for the future, built on a 'social model of health and wellbeing', requiring a shift from a focus on hospital-based care to one on wellness and prevention where care is provided closer to home through enhanced community models.

The future model of care will have a network of integrated health and well-being centres, developed in conjunction with our public sector and third sector partners, supporting well-being and the health and social care needs for physical and mental health for our communities.

Each of the seven integrated community networks will be supported by one or more health and well-being centre which will bring people and services together in one place and provide virtual links between the population and the community network. Multidisciplinary teams and the wider networks will wrap around individuals and families.

The future service model includes a new Urgent and Planned Care Hospital in the south of the region which will operate as the main hospital site for Hywel Dda. It will offer a centralised model for all specialist children and adult services and be supported by a network of hospitals and integrated health and wellbeing centres which will provide more locality-based care:

- Urgent and Planned Care Hospital (located between Narberth and St Clears in the South of the region)
- Bronglais Hospital in Aberystwyth
- Prince Philip Hospital in Llanelli
- Glangwili Hospital in Carmarthen
- Withybush Hospital in Haverfordwest
- A number of locally based integrated health and wellbeing centres.

During 2022/23 we submitted our Programme Business Case (PBC) to Welsh Government for consideration. This PBC is the crystallisation of a very long period of discussion and a further stage in our long-term journey. Our objective is to reach submission of Full Business Case stage across all elements of our programme by March 2026, which we hope this PBC brings closer. This timeline will enable us to deliver improvements for our population as soon as possible, and progress at pace to align with the decarbonisation target.

This is only one part of wider transformation across the organisation. Programme and project management support is provided for key change and transformation programmes, aligned to our strategic and planning objectives. These are the building blocks that help us achieve our long-term health and care strategy.

Our transformation work programme is centred around four domains:

- Transforming population health and wellbeing: this includes projects (e.g., social prescribing) that support our long-term shift towards a social model for health and wellbeing, and prevention and early intervention in relation to health and wellbeing.
- Transforming our current clinical services: our current focus is on supporting our Urgent and Emergency Care programme, and projects to support our recovery from the impact of the pandemic.
- Transforming our future models of care: our focus on the transformation of clinical pathways, particularly those that impact on our future acute and community models and associated business cases.
- Transforming the way we work: projects supporting the Agile Working and Decarbonisation programmes of work, as well as providing general support on good practice in relation to programme and project management, along with templates and toolkits

Our Strategic Direction

There is an obvious and strong connection between our Health and Care Strategy and this three-year plan. As noted previously our Planning Objectives, detailed in this document, set out the actions we are taking today to both improve services and to build towards our strategy and deliver our Strategic Objectives. Our design assumptions, the Board Assurance Framework, our Strategic Outcome Measures all contribute to connecting our daily activities with making our strategic vision a reality, which in turn will deliver our Strategic Objectives, which ultimately will deliver our mission to 'build kind and healthy places to live and work in Mid and West Wales'.



Performance summary

The table below summarises our progress in areas prioritised for improvements in 2022/23.

Topic	Area for Improvement	Status as at 31st March 2023
Planned care recovery	Increase planned care activity back to 2019/20 levels	☐ Usual variation, starting to improve or near trajectory
	Reduce the number of patients waiting over one year for a first outpatient appointment	□ Improving variation, improvement in performance or met trajectory
	Reduce the number of patients waiting over two years for treatment	 □ Improving variation, improvement in performance or met trajectory
Urgent and emergency care	Reduce the number of ambulance handovers to our emergency departments taking over four hours	□ Usual variation, starting to improve or near trajectory
Cancer	Increase the percentage of patients on the suspected cancer pathway that start treatment within 62 days of the point of suspicion	☐ Concerning variation, decline in performance or considerably off trajectory
	Reduce the backlog of cancer patients waiting more than 104 days	☐ Improving variation, improvement in performance or met trajectory
Mental health and neurodevelopment	Increase the percentage of adults receiving a psychological therapy within six months of their referral	□ Usual variation, starting to improve or near trajectory
	Increase the percentage of children and young people receiving a neurodevelopmental assessment within six months of their referral	☐ Concerning variation, decline in performance or considerably off trajectory
Infections	Reduce the number of C.difficile cases	□ Concerning variation, decline in performance or considerably off trajectory
	Reduce the number of E.coli cases	☐ Usual variation, starting to improve or near trajectory
Workforce	Increase number of nurses and midwives in post	□ Improving variation, improvement in performance or met trajectory

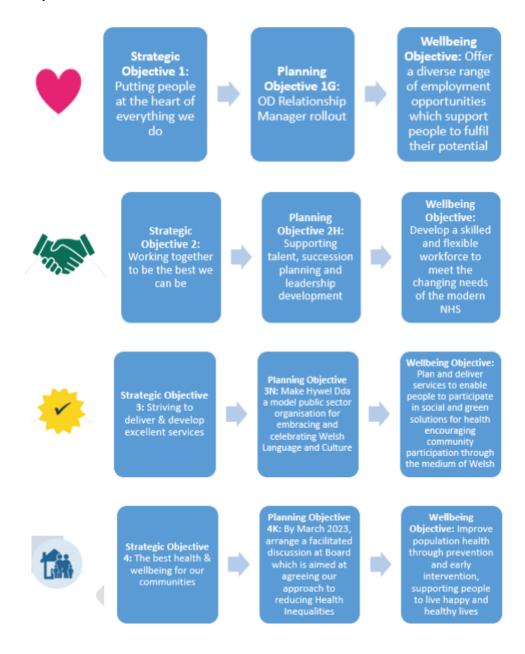
For further details on the measures above and the issues and risks that impacted our performance in 2022/23, see the 'Our Key Performance Measures' section.

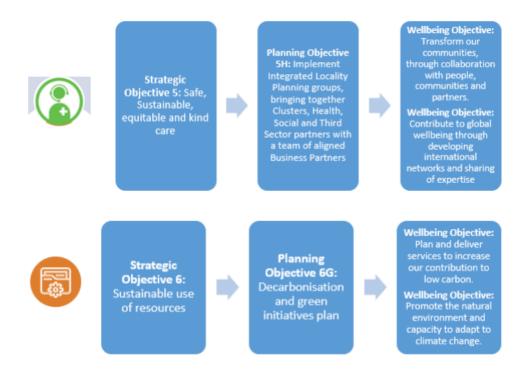
Our Well-being Statement and Objectives

Our Well-being Objectives are not confined to a single national outcome and align to more than one of the national goals. We recognise the need to show clear alignment between our strategic objectives and operational planning objectives as shown in the diagram below.

While COVID-19 has exposed and exacerbated persistent inequalities in health, this is also set against a backdrop of the climate and nature emergency. Improving public health and well-being will require us to work in partnership to address the challenges associated with poverty, environmental factors, poor housing, and social isolation.

Our Well-being Objectives were established as our long-term aims and ambitions to embed the implementation of the act, and these remain relevant for the year ahead. We've shown below examples of how they link to our health board strategic objectives and our operational planning objectives:





Delivering our Well-being Objectives during 2022/2023

The Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 establishes both individual and collective duties for forty-four public bodies, including health boards. Our health board is a member of three Public Services Boards (PSBs) one in each of our local authority areas of Carmarthenshire, Ceredigion, and Pembrokeshire.

Through our membership, we work with a variety of local and regional partners and aim, through our collaboration and partnership working, to improve the social, economic, environmental, and cultural well-being for our population and future generations.

Our Well-being Objectives Annual Report will be published in September 2023 and will provide details on how we have performed against our eight Well-being Objectives against our six Strategic Objectives.

It will also explain how we are seeking greater integration through our partnership arrangements, increasing effective involvement of the public and a wide range of stakeholders, planning for the long term to meet the future needs of our population, focusing on prevention of ill-health, and collaborating with other health boards and trusts across the NHS in Wales and the wider public sector. We are working effectively at a regional level through the Regional Partnership Board, and with our immediate public and voluntary sector partners through our Public Service Boards.

The Performance Report describes our strategic and planning objectives and associated activities which are designed to support, sustain, and improve the well-being of our population, our patients and the staff and volunteers who together are Hywel Dda University Health Board.

Our Key Performance Measures



23/354 37/368

Our Key Performance Measures

The COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in considerable pressures across NHS services. In conjunction with Welsh Government, we identified the following areas to prioritise for improvements in 2022/23:

Planned (non-emergency) care

- Increase planned care activity back to 2019/20 levels, especially in surgical specialties
- Reduce the number of patients waiting over one year for a first outpatient appointment
- Reduce the number of patients waiting over two years for treatment

Urgent and emergency care

 Reduce the number of ambulance handovers to our emergency departments taking over four hours

Cancer

- Increase the percentage of patients on the suspected cancer pathway that start treatment within 62 days of the point of suspicion
- Reduce the backlog of cancer patients waiting more than 104 days

Mental health

 Increase the percentage of adults receiving a psychological therapy within six months of their referral

Neurodevelopmental services

 Increase the percentage of children and young people receiving a neurodevelopmental assessment within six months of their referral

Infection control

- Reduce the number of cases of C.difficile infections
- Reduce the number of cases of E.coli infections

Workforce

Increase the number of nurses and midwives we have in post

The issues and risks impacting our performance, the actions taken, and progress made for each of the above areas are discussed in more detail below.

Details of all areas we have been working on to improve performance can be found in our Integrated Performance Assurance Report which is updated monthly and published:

Monitoring our performance - Hywel Dda University Health Board (nhs.wales).

Key Issues and Risks Impacting Our Performance in 2022/23 Business continuity incidents

During 2022/23, due to extreme pressures our acute sites reached the highest level of risk escalation on seven occasions and required Business Continuity management. Senior leaders were required to reprioritise their scheduled activities to provide oversight and challenge to clinicians and management colleagues to secure an increased number of hospital discharges to facilitate flow and reduce risk.

Staff shortages

Vacancy gaps, staff retention, staff sickness, industrial action and carry over of annual leave from the pandemic all impacted on our capacity to see and treat patients.

Patient acuity

Due to delays in patients coming forward for care during lockdown and the resulting increased waiting times, many patients were of greater acuity and complexity than pre-pandemic and therefore needed higher levels of care.

Patient flow

Delays in ambulances posed a risk to patients waiting in the community for an ambulance or access to treatment / transport.

The increase in patient acuity mentioned above led to an increase in the number of patients with complex discharge requirements which in turn resulted in patient discharge delays while arrangements were put in place to meet the patients' needs. Most delays were attributable to timely access to various pathway assessments, domiciliary care provision, availability of reablement packages, social worker capacity and care home placements. As of 22 March 2023, 294 of our inpatients were clinically fit and ready to leave hospital.

The discharge delays impacted on our emergency departments and assessment units, with a number of patients waiting days for an inpatient bed. On the morning of 31 March 2023, we had 59 patients in our emergency departments awaiting admission but only had spaces for 49 major/resuscitation patients. The remaining patients were waiting in minor bays, on ambulances, on chairs, in corridors and in the waiting room.

Demand and capacity

The patient flow issues described above led to insufficient accommodation space to treat new patients arriving in our emergency departments. As of 31 March 2023, our acute hospitals had been at 95 per cent occupancy for more than 12 months.

Demand for treatment was higher than our capacity to see patients in many areas (e.g., mental health services, single cancer pathway and endoscopy) which led to increased waiting lists. Patients not attending appointments impacted our capacity. This was most noticeable within our mental health services.

Understanding Statistical Process Control (SPC) Charts

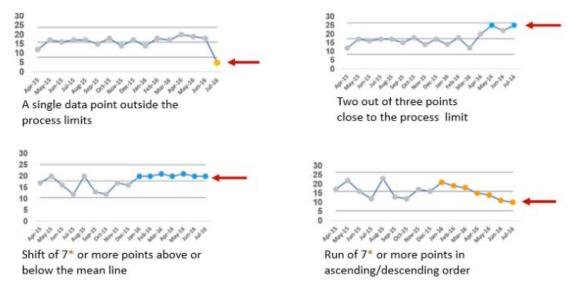
Within this section, the data is presented using SPC charts. Essentially an SPC chart is a trend chart that highlights any variation that is unlikely to have happened by chance.

Why use SPC charts?

- There is a strong evidence base to support the use of SPC charts to inform NHS improvement.
- Plotting data over time can inform better decision-making
- Month-on-month variation is to be expected due to the large number of impacting factors
- RAG (Red, Amber, and Green) data in a table can hide what is happening
- SPC charts enable us to flag where changes are unlikely to have happened by chance
- SPC charts also help us easily compare our performance against target.

Rules for special variation within SPC charts

Special variation is change that is unlikely to have happened by chance. We use four rules:



^{*} A pattern of 7 has a 1 in 128 (0.8%) probability of occurring by chance.

SPC icons

Each SPC chart produces two icons i.e., one for variation and another for assurance:

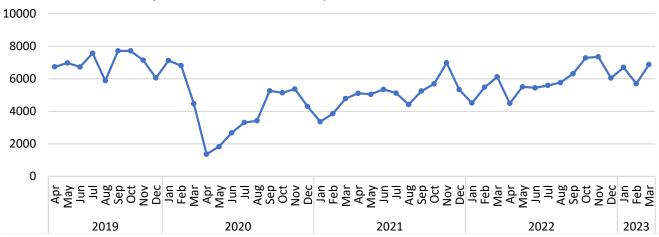
Variation How we are doing over time	•	Concerning trend = a decline that is unlikely to have happened by chance
	-	Usual trend = common cause variation / a change that is within our usual limits
		Improving trend = an improvement that is unlikely to have happened by chance
Assurance Performance against target	•	Missing target = will consistently fail target without a service review
		Hit and miss target = target is not being consistently achieved and is particularly sensitive to external factors
		Hitting target = will consistently meet target

Planned Care

Our key planned care ambitions for 2022/23 were to:

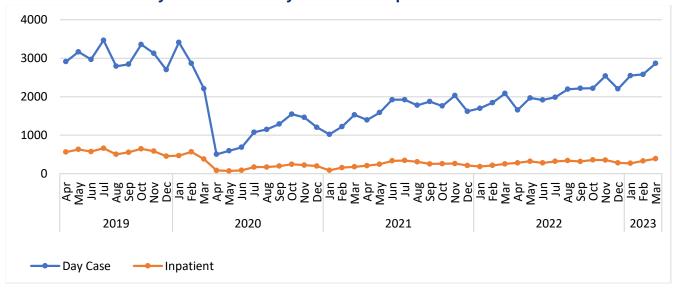
- Increase planned care activity back to 2019/20 levels, especially in surgical specialties
- Reduce the number of patients waiting more than one year for a first outpatient appointment
- Reduce the number of patients waiting more than two years for treatment





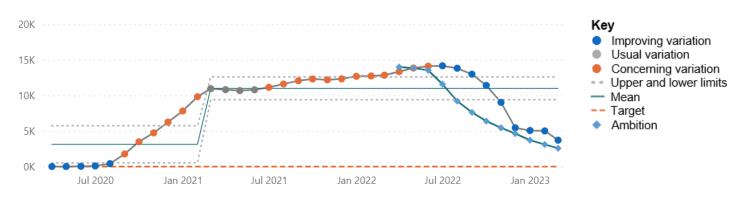
Capacity and throughput in outpatients has been consistently increasing and is now similar to pre-COVID-19 levels for new patients, with some specialties exceeding throughput using alterative pathways. In March 2023 we carried out 6,884 new outpatient appointments, a two per cent increase over the 2019/20 monthly average. Within surgical specialties we carried out 4,400 new outpatient appointments, an increase of 18 per cent over the 2019/20 monthly average. Breast, colorectal, ENT, gynaecology, and urology all exceeded the 2019/20 monthly average. Activity for general surgery, ophthalmology and trauma and orthopaedics did not hit 2019/20 levels but was sufficient to resolve the number of outpatients waiting over 52 weeks.

Planned Care activity - number of day cases and inpatients treated



Both inpatient and day case activity have seen improvements in more recent months, albeit remaining below 2019/20 monthly average activity, in part impacted by lost capacity due to industrial action. Inpatient activity steadily increased through 2022/23. Bigger gains have been seen in day case activity, which is benefitting from the two new day theatres at Prince Phillip Hospital, Llanelli and the repurpose of the day surgical unit at Amman Valley Hospital, delivering cataract surgery, both opening at the end of 2022. In March 2023, we carried out 2,866 day-case procedures, which was 96 per cent of our 2019/20 monthly average, with colorectal, gynaecology, trauma and orthopaedics and urology all exceeding the 2019/20 monthly average. Further work is needed in general surgery and ophthalmology who carried out around two-thirds of the day cases in March 2023 compared to the 2019/20 monthly average.

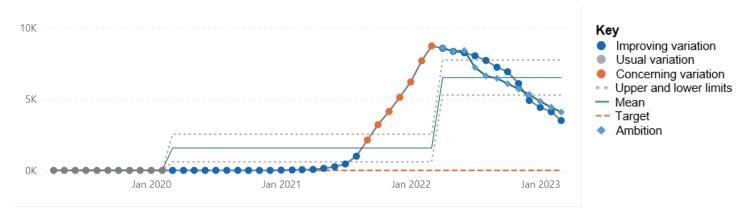
Number of patients waiting more than one year for a first outpatient appointment



During 2022/23, health boards in Wales were set a target to have no patients waiting more than a year for a first outpatient appointment by 31 December 2022. While this was a significant challenge for all health boards, we managed to achieve significant improvement through the year, reaching our final position of 5,452 breaches at the end of December 2022. HDdUHB ranked first among other Welsh health boards, achieved the greatest percentage improvement over the course of 2022 and had significantly fewer specialties with breaches remaining.

Following on from the end of December 2022 position, we set ourselves an ambition to further reduce the number of patients waiting more than 52 weeks for a first outpatient appointment to below 4,000 by the end of March 2023. We achieved this and our final position at the end of March was 3,715 breaches. We aim to improve this position further in 2023/24.

Number of patients waiting more than two years for treatment



Alongside the outpatient target, during 2022/23, health boards in Wales were set a target to have no patients waiting more than two years for treatment by 31 March 2023. This again was a significant challenge for all health boards and HDdUHB made continuous steady improvement through the year, despite significant capacity and staffing challenges. We achieved a position of 3,495 breaches at the end of March 2023, which exceeded our original ambition of 4,000 breaches.

Key actions taken to improve performance and mitigate risks:

- A focus on risk stratification and clinical prioritisation of waiting lists to ensure clinically urgent patients are seen in a timely manner while balancing this with treating our long waiting cohort of patients.
- Regular reviews of outpatient, day case and inpatient space alongside workforce and recruitment plans to enable incremental improvements in activity throughout 2022/23.
- Clinical leadership and adoption of best practice guidance enables improved productivity and efficiency, benefitting outpatient and surgical treatment activity.
- Re-established dedicated wards areas for elective inpatients.
- Two new day surgical theatres established at Prince Philip Hospital from December 2022.
- A new dedicated day surgical facility established at Amman Valley Hospital for ophthalmology cataract surgery.
- Continued progress with our outpatient transformation priorities including utilisation of digital delivery platforms and increasing application of See on Symptoms (SoS) / Patient Initiated Follow Up (PIFU) approaches to follow-up care.
- A combination of face-to-face and virtual activity provided to maximise capacity
- Focused and targeted validation of waiting lists, using local resources and external support
- Active support to long waiting patients awaiting access to care via our locally developed Waiting List Support Service (WLSS)
- · Close scrutiny and monitoring of delivery plans by specialty to support our ambitions
- Refined and improved demand and capacity planning tools.

Urgent and Emergency Care

Our key urgent and emergency care ambition for 2022/23 was to reduce the number of ambulance handovers to our emergency departments taking more than four hours.

Number of ambulance handovers to our emergency departments taking more than 4 hours



During 22/23, on average there were 354 ambulances waiting more than four hours to handover per month, reaching a peak of 518 in December 2022. The key driver of these delays is system flow constraints, with the emergency departments regularly overcrowded while patients await an inpatient bed. In March 2023, 294 of our patients were ready to leave our acute/community hospitals but were unable to be discharged primarily due to a lack of social care and domiciliary support. We have also experienced significant challenges due to the peaks of COVID-19 and the rise in healthcare associated infections which have added further pressures to patient flow and capacity. Despite the challenges outlined, we have seen a steady improvement since January 2023 in several urgent and emergency care performance framework measures.

Key actions taken to improve performance and mitigate risks

- A Joint Operational Delivery Group was established with the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS
 Trust (WAST) to oversee delivery of joint actions to improve handover performance.
- Same Day Emergency Care (SDEC) was introduced in Glangwili, Prince Philip and Withybush hospitals. A Same Day Urgent Care (SDUC) service began operating from Cardigan Integrated Care Centre. These helped reduce admissions with wrap around care from the community available to support admission avoidance where safe and appropriate to do so.
- Patients waiting for an ambulance during peak hours for emergency departments (10am 2pm)
 were triaged by urgent and intermediate care GPs, and where deemed appropriate, patients
 were recommended alternative care options to avoid conveyance to hospital and admission.
- We introduced an Advanced Paramedic Practitioner role to work alongside our GP triage model to help reduce levels of ambulance conveyances to hospital.
- Establishment of Contact First 111 a helpline hosted by WAST to provide health advice and information for people living in Wales.
- Virtual Urgent Primary Care Centre (UPCC) We have been working to develop a virtual UPCC. The majority of our GP practices have signed up to delivery and confirmed they are ready and able to take referrals from Contact First 111 when the virtual UPCC is live.
- Application of Telehealth as a pilot for early identification of deteriorating patients in the community and in care homes, and intervention to avoid hospital attendance and admission.
- Created additional community-based step-down/surge capacity in each county.
- Commissioned an extra 13 care home beds during the winter period to assist with patient flow.
- All acute sites have introduced the Real Time Demand and Capacity (RTDC) programme to help support and identify discharges to improve flow within the emergency departments.
- We adopted and continue to embed our six goals programme for organising and planning our Urgent and Emergency Care (UEC) transformation and operational improvement.

Cancer

Our key cancer ambitions for 2022/23 were to:

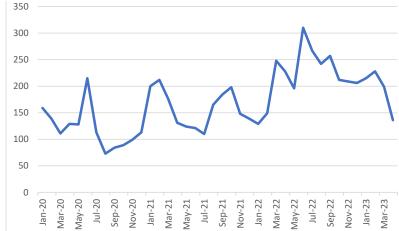
- Increase the percentage of patients on the suspected cancer pathway that start treatment within 62 days of the point of suspicion
- Reduce the backlog of cancer patients waiting over 104 days

% of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion



Performance has shown variation during 2022/23. The changes from urgent suspected cancer and non-urgent suspected cancer (USC/NUSC) in February 2020 saw an increase in the number of patients being tracked on the single cancer pathway (SCP). In February 2023 there were 38 per cent more patients entering the pathway than in February 2020. Demand for surgical treatments and systemic anti-cancer therapy treatment (SACT) exceed the pre-COVID-19 period. Between April 2022 and March 2023, the overall backlog has reduced by 28 per cent (596 in April 2022 to 429 in March 2023). As the backlog further reduces, we expect our SCP performance to improve over the course of 2023/24 with a forecast performance trajectory of 70 per cent by March 2024.

Reduce the backlog of cancer patients waiting more than 104 days



The largest volume of patients awaiting in excess of 104 days is within the urology pathway. However, there was a 40 per cent reduction within urology (142 in April 2022 to 85 in April 2023), Lower GI saw a reduction of 32 per cent (41 in April 2022 to 28 April 2023), Skin saw a reduction of 50 per cent (12 in April 2022 to six in April 2023) and gynaecology saw a reduction of 29 per cent (24 in April 2022 to 17 in April 2023). Unfortunately, within some tumour sites, which are reliant on a tertiary pathway or have a level of complexity have either seen no improvement or small growth in volume (lung and UGI). The remaining tumour sites have retained small residual 104+ day waits due to complexity.

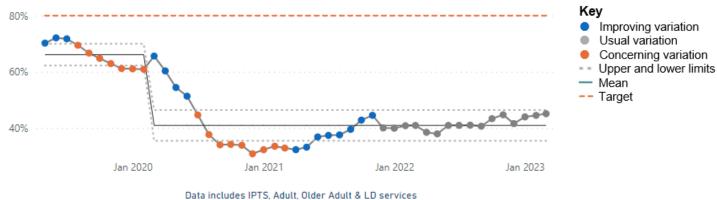
Key actions taken to improve performance and mitigate risks

- A rapid diagnosis clinic was introduced for patients with vague symptoms, who do not meet the criteria for the site-specific tumour pathways.
- Faecal Immunochemical Test (FIT) is a screening test for colon cancer. FIT testing in Primary Care was piloted in January 2023, full roll-out scheduled for April 2023.
- Weekly validation meetings with tumour site specific clinical teams.
- SCP diagnostics group meetings were held monthly to identify, investigate, and resolve bottlenecks in the system.
- As a result of the pandemic the number of referrals to radiology services exceeded our capacity to meet the demand and a backlog of patients waiting accumulated. Demand and capacity planning for radiology service in collaboration with the NHS Wales Delivery Unit.
- We audited our outpatient appointment referrals to identify potential issues and developed improvement plans to address.
- Monthly performance meetings with Welsh Government.
- Trajectory performance plans were developed for each tumour site by the relevant services, with regards to improving performance. This also includes Backlog Trajectory plans on how these improvements will be achieved. Monitored via weekly Multidisciplinary Operational Cancer watchtower group.

Mental Health

Our key mental health ambition for 2022/23 was to increase the percentage of adults receiving a psychological therapy within 26 weeks of their referral.

Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health



This measure is made up of four different service areas - Integrated Psychological Therapies Services, Adult Psychology, Learning Disabilities Psychology and Older Adult Mental Health. Performance has steadily been improving towards the latter part of 2022/23 although we remain considerably below target (80 per cent). Our performance in 2022/23 ranges from 37.9% in May 2022 (lowest) to 45.1% in March 2023 (highest). The number of referrals received surpassed our capacity to treat clients.

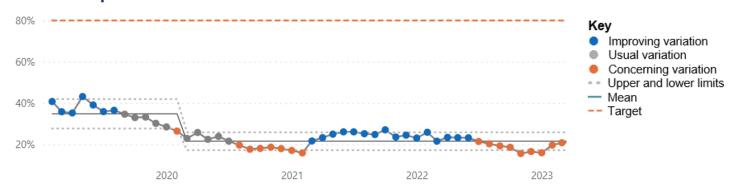
Key actions taken to improve performance and mitigate risks

- We have created a programme of group therapy sessions in Integrated Psychological Therapies to enable clients to receive treatment earlier than if they were waiting for a oneto-one session.
- Undertaken waiting list validation to ensure it is accurate and up to date, understand the level of clinical risk on our waiting lists, prioritise treatments for the most urgent and inform discussions with patients over their next steps.
- Trialling a single wait list model in adult psychology to offer clients options earlier, however
 this does mean that they may need to attend appointments out of their home county or
 through virtual platforms.
- Undertaken caseload reviews within the learning disabilities psychology service to maximise capacity and prioritise in order of clinical need to minimise risk to client and others.
- Introduction of a pilot SMS (Short Message Service) text service to reduce the number of patients not attending scheduled appointments.
- Recruitment drives to provide a sustainable workforce.
- Procurement of a third sector company to provide additional psychological therapy capacity to see more patients.

Neurodevelopmental Services

Our key neurodevelopmental related ambition for 2022/23 was to increase the percentage of children and young people receiving an ADHD (Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder) or ASD (Autism Spectrum Disorder) neurodevelopmental assessment within 26 weeks of their referral.

Percentage of children and young people waiting less than 26 weeks to start a neurodevelopment assessment



Performance has been showing a concern since July 2022. Our performance in 2022/23 ranged from 15.6% in November 2022 (lowest) to 23.4% in April 2022 (highest) which is well below the target (80 per cent). The number of referrals received surpassed our capacity to treat children and young people.

Key actions taken to improve performance and mitigate risks:

- Increased scrutiny and support available via the Improving Together sessions set up by the health board and will contribute to the demand and capacity planning.
- Meetings with the Delivery Unit (DU) continue to identify areas for improvement. Independent review of Neurodevelopmental services across health boards in Wales being undertaken.
- Received Welsh Government approval to outsource assessments to address our waiting list.
- Collaborative working with the Waiting List Support Service so that all children and young people on the waiting list receive a form of communication from the health board confirming they are on the waiting list and offering generic support while they wait.
- Review of processes being undertaken to include the introduction of a centralised booking system/process to reduce did not attend (DNA) rates.
- Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD):
 - Completed process mapping of current systems and pathways to improve efficiency and reduce time to assessment.
 - Meetings continue with a variety of digital platform providers to identify alternative ways of addressing waiting lists.
 - Alternative accommodation is being sourced to increase capacity, number of assessment opportunities and address IT issues.
- Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD):
 - Service review of Community Paediatrics, commissioned by the Executive Team
 - Task and Finish group created to address increased waiting times.
 - Recruitment of Specialty and associated Specialist (SAS) doctors and an ADHD nurse specialist has seen an increase in capacity.
 - Creation of a working group to ensure that all IT processes are followed which will allow improved reporting.

Infection control

Our key Healthcare Associated Infection ambitions for 2022/23 were to:

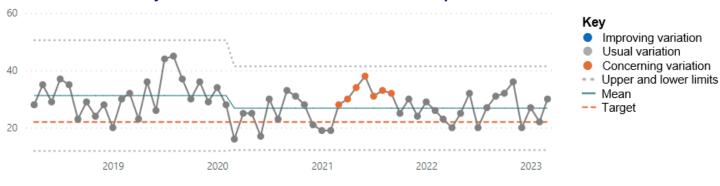
- Reduce the number of cases of C.difficile infections
- Reduce the number of cases of E.coli infections

Number of laboratory-confirmed C.difficile cases per month



During 2022/23, we saw an increase in the number of confirmed C.difficile cases with an average of 17 per month, reaching a peak of 21 in September 2022 and January 2023. HDdUHB displayed the highest population rate of cases across all health boards in Wales.

Number of laboratory-confirmed E.coli bacteraemia cases per month



During 2022/23, the number of confirmed E.coli cases was comparative with previous years, although in total we had 24 less cases than 2021/22. Hywel Dda was ranked fifth out of the six health boards in Wales.

Key actions taken to improve performance and mitigate risks:

- The Healthcare Associated Infections (HCAI) improvement plan was developed to focus on key aspects of infection prevention and control, aimed at reducing rates and maintaining standards. The improvement plan is monitored monthly, and performance is scrutinised. The plan is aligned to the five core commitments outlined in the Commitment to Purpose – Eliminating Preventable Healthcare Associated Infections:
 - Changing the culture.
 - o Leadership.
 - Improving quality and safety.

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

- Measuring success.
- Public health.

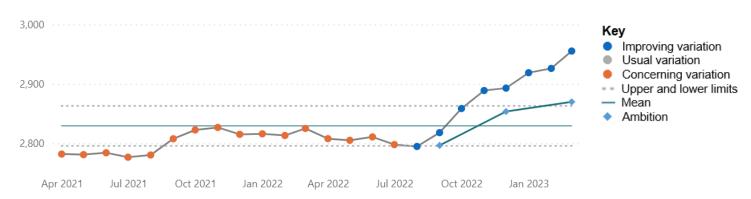
Each of these five core commitments have a series of aligned improvement actions:

- Education and training programmes must include capacity to respond to new and emerging threats.
- Increasing focus on education and training for care home and primary care staff training.
- Developing opportunities for Domiciliary Care training.
- Provide bespoke/targeted education on C.difficile through development of education folders for staff and competency assessment.
- Make antimicrobial stewardship training and audits mandatory for all prescribers to improve engagement and drive improvement.
- Raise awareness of the Micro guide Application to move to digital ways of working and increase engagement and access to evidence base.
- Work with Communication Team to reinvigorate signage to raise profile of Infection Prevention and Control across health board premises: digital screens, posters, hand hygiene signage.
- Reintroduce face to face Infection Prevention and Control (IPC)/Antimicrobial Refresher Training to GPs and medical consultants.
- Review IPC (Infection Prevention and Control) policies and procedures ensure that they are clear, unambiguous, and easily accessible policies.
- Review capacity for adequate isolation facilities and improve compliance with isolation requests.
- Conduct a deep dive into cleaning services across the organisation and review audit processes for environmental cleanliness.
- Reinstate quarterly audit program for hand hygiene, IPS and commodes.
- Review processes through surveillance of infections with a focus on data collection, data analysis and feedback to clinicians and others involved in decision making.

Workforce

Our key workforce related ambition for 2022/23 was to increase the number of nurses and midwives we have in post.

Number of nursing and midwifery staff in post



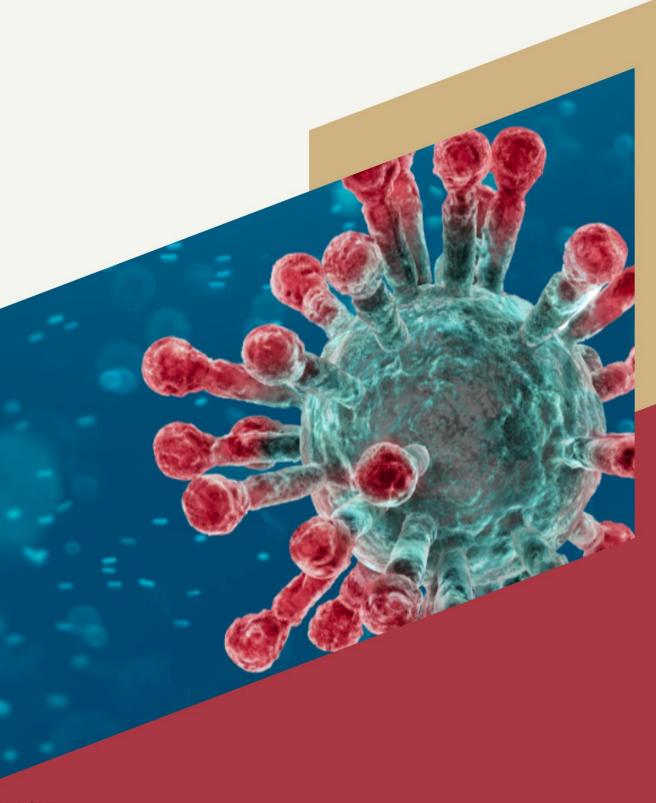
We exceeded our 2022/23 ambition to increase the whole-time equivalent (WTE) total of nursing and midwifery staff in post to 2,870, achieving 2,955 nursing and midwifery staff in post in March 2023. This is in line with the five-year projection we are working to have 3,318 nursing and midwifery staff in post by 2027/28.

Key actions taken to improve performance and mitigate risks:

Our progress in increasing the total WTE nursing and midwifery staff in post is attributable to our commitment to our Nursing Workforce Action Plan which crucially includes:

- Streamlining of newly qualified registered nurses.
- An active workplan in progress with the Nursing Retention Task and Finish Group.
- The International Registered Nursing Recruitment project.
- A targeted campaign for return to practice nurses.

Ongoing response to Covid-19



38/354 52/368

Ongoing response to COVID-19

Testing and immunisation for COVID-19

COVID-19 testing

The health board first commenced community testing for COVID-19 in March 2020. Since that time, the demand for testing, national strategy and testing infrastructure have changed frequently and quite dramatically. We developed a robust testing infrastructure, which has been responsive to the changing expectations from Welsh Government, as the national testing strategy has developed. Throughout 2022-23 COVID-19 testing was systematically stepped down, as the prevalence and impact of COVID-19 reduced through the year in line with seasonality of respiratory illness, success of COVID-19 vaccination and changing government guidance. During autumn and winter testing moved to a multiplex model testing for wider respiratory illnesses.

Symptomatic testing

General public community testing using RT-PCR stopped on 1 April 2022, with the national withdrawal of all regional and mobile testing units. Symptomatic members of the public were able to access free Lateral Flow Devices (LFDs) until the end of June 2022, since this time, tests have only been available to purchase.

We continued to support the testing of symptomatic health and social care staff throughout the year to safeguard vulnerable patients and care home residents. Testing requirements for staff changed throughout the year, dependant on surveillance data and impact of infectivity.

In line with Welsh Government guidance, all testing of symptomatic staff ceased on 1 April 2023.

Care Home testing

We continued to offer both symptomatic and asymptomatic testing in outbreak/incident management scenarios across the care home sector. As we moved into the summer, with the seasonal decrease in circulating respiratory illness, we moved away from automatic whole home testing. Testing in closed settings is now managed via a normal incident management plan and delivered only as and when necessary.

Inpatient testing

We continued to test patients on admission to hospital throughout the year, reducing to only those with respiratory symptoms when prevalence reduced and flexing up to include all admissions at times of higher prevalence and during outbreaks.

Following admission, patients were tested if they developed symptoms.

From 1 April 2023, only admissions and in patients with respiratory symptoms, who would benefit from treatment, or in order to support infection prevention and control streaming or for passive surveillance are tested.

Asymptomatic testing

Prior to July 2022, all pre-operative patients received a RT-PCR test to check COVID-19 infection

status prior to surgery. Since July 2022, in line with Welsh Government guidance, pre-operative patients have been risk assessed with only those requiring major surgery or likely to require higher levels of post-operative care being tested. All pre-operative COVID-19 testing was paused on 31 March 2023.

RT-PCR testing for chemotherapy patients ceased in June 2022 and was replaced by LFD (Lateral Flow Devices) testing.

Routine availability of LFD kits for asymptomatic testing ceased on 31 March 2022, however, we continued to provide LFDs to health and social care staff throughout the year. Guidance for staff testing changed throughout the year to support return to work following a positive COVID-19 result and staff who were contacts of positive cases. All health and social care staff testing ceased on 1 April 2023.

Contact tracing

Routine contact tracing was stepped down during the year, in line with the reduction in testing for COVID-19. Focus moved to tracing to support vulnerable closed settings such as care homes, inpatients and health and social care staff.

Routine tracing is no longer in place and is only used to support outbreaks in closed settings. Local authority contact tracing teams have transitioned into working across the wider health protection system in partnership with the health board teams and Public Health Wales to provide a regional, more sustainable approach to health protection.

COVID-19 vaccination programme

Delivery of our COVID-19 vaccination programme for the three counties in 2022/23 was considered as a transition year, moving towards a more fully integrated approach to immunisation and wider public population health, and is fully aligned to the Welsh Government National Immunisation Framework (COVID-19 Vaccination Strategy for 2022 published | GOV.WALES). The aim of our COVID-19 vaccination programme remains to protect those who are at most risk from serious illness or death from the virus and deliver the vaccine to them and those who are at risk of transmitting infection to multiple vulnerable persons or other staff in a health or care environment.

Based on the advice from the Joint Committee on Vaccination and Immunisation (JCVI), we continue to strive to offer everyone eligible their primary or booster vaccinations.

To offer protection and vaccinate people as quickly as we can, we are using a blended approach to deliver the COVID-19 Vaccination Programme at the pace required, and accommodate the logistical issues caused by the vaccine characteristics, vaccine supplies, our demographics and rurality and changing national policy and advice. In this way, we use all our strengths to offer vaccination to our community.

This means some people have or will receive their vaccinations through their GP surgery or community pharmacy, while others will be invited to their nearest mass vaccination centre, where vaccine is delivered by health board staff.

We also vaccinate target groups in other ways where necessary, for example, we have undertaken vaccination in the hospital to care for long term patients or service – unpaid carers and those people who are homeless. This aims to minimise any impact of health inequalities and ensure no one is left behind in our communities.

Flexibility of delivery is crucial to meeting the guidance of eligibility as set out by the JCVI and on occasions priority groups will be invited in for vaccination at the same time so that we can make maximum use of the vaccine supplies provided to us. The programme continues to reach our younger population, we aim to support our younger children through clinics in our mass vaccination centre or alternative clinic settings that are suitable for this younger group. We aim to ensure the environment is adapted for the needs of this younger group to prevent any distress and support a positive experience.

The spring booster programme during April to July 2022 saw the delivery of 48,876 COVID-19 vaccinations to our residents. Uptake levels remained high across our groups when we exceeded our 75 per cent uptake target.

The autumn booster programme during September 2022 to March 2023 saw the delivery of 137,193 COVID-19 vaccinations to our residents and health and social care workers. Uptake levels were challenging with a number of our eligible population deciding not to come forward for their vaccination. Through discussions it was evident the majority of people who did not want to have a vaccine this autumn was due to the rationale they had recently contracted the virus and therefore felt they had a boost in their immunity. This autumn we did not reach the target of 75 per cent uptake with our overall uptake at 67 per cent.

We are especially proud of our vaccination teams made up of immunisers from across acute, primary and community settings and supported by administrative teams and volunteers when they were able to respond to vaccine availability, enabling us to transition this year to offering the coadministration of COVID-19 and flu vaccines. Their ongoing response across all our delivery settings to the delivery of both a spring booster and autumn booster for our population while continuing to reach out to our communities to complete their primary courses has been outstanding.

Seasonal flu

There was concern that a challenging flu season, in addition to the COVID-19 pandemic and associated vaccination programme, could have resulted in significant additional pressure and overwhelmed the NHS and care system. Therefore, a revised strategy was developed to deliver the flu vaccine in a safe and timely manner to protect eligible groups in the community, allowing for co-administration with the COVID-19 vaccine wherever possible.

Partners in primary care maintained their plans to accommodate an appointment only system to vaccinate as many people as possible and maximising the opportunity to co-administer both vaccines. Due to the timescale of the availability of both vaccines the opportunities were delayed at the start of the flu season, however, it did align from October 2022 onwards and every effort was taken to maximise this approach. Co-administration was successful in many of Primary Care

and health board vaccination clinics, and we will continue to strive to improve on this approach for future respiratory vaccination programmes.

Uptake of Live Attenuated Influenza Vaccine (LAIV) in two and three-year-olds for 2022/23 flu season is 39.5 per cent. There was a 70 per cent increase in hospitalisations of children under five years of age from flu in 2022/23 flu season, compared to 2021/22. We will build on this targeted approach for our two and three-year-olds with discussions, and advice to, primary care colleagues around the importance of delivering LAIV early during flu season 2023/24 in protecting infants, and the protection this also provides for the rest of the population with children being considered 'super-spreaders' of winter respiratory viruses.

The School Nursing Service continued to deliver a flu programme for both primary school children and secondary school children. Despite challenges due to the circulating COVID-19 infection and other viruses affecting children's attendance at school, they successfully delivered the enhanced school programmes with very good uptake across all ages.

Our health board immunisation team also reached out to our children who are home-schooled to ensure they were vaccinated. The team took the opportunity to reach out to the parents / guardians of these children and offer any additional vaccines outstanding on their childhood immunisation plan. There was a good response to the contact made with these families and an approach we will explore further alongside our School Nursing Team.

This was complemented by an external communications and public relations exercise that aligned with Welsh Government's vaccination strategy. Part of this campaign included a significant investment to reach the non-digital audience, such as newspaper adverts across the three counties to replicate the success received the previous year, along with radio adverts. Meanwhile, all schools were provided with flu promotion materials to issue directly to parents.

Our Occupational Health team, supported by peer vaccinators, led on the roll out of the flu vaccine to staff. The logistical issues of delivering a vaccination programme within the constraints of COVID-19 guidance and was managed through exceptional partnership working and the need to be as flexible and responsive as possible. Co-administration of flu alongside their COVID-19 vaccine appointment was supported through our mass vaccination centres where possible.

The programme was supported by a communications and staff engagement campaign, which highlighted available clinics and how to access vaccines.

Strategic Objective 1 – Putting people at the heart of everything we do



43/354 57/368

Strategic Objective 1 - Putting people at the heart of everything we do



This strategic objective maps to the following ministerial priorities and measures:

- NHS Recovery access to timely planned care Six Goals of Urgent and Emergency Care
- Supporting the health and care of the workforce
- Digital and technology

Our strategic objectives are broad and cross-cutting. The planning objectives and narrative on progress against each strategic objective are framed against the following themes and outcomes:

Theme:	Outcome:
Patient	Our patients report a positive experience following their
	treatment and care
Population	We are actively engaging our population and seek their
	feedback about current experience and future needs
Staff	Our staff feel valued and involved in decisions

The table below gives a high-level summary of our progress for this strategic objective in 2022/23:

Our planning objectives	Status
1A - NHS Delivery Framework targets	□ Complete
1B - Hywel Dda Health Hub – Single Point of Contact	□ On-track
1E - Personalised care for patients waiting	□ Complete
1F - HR offer (induction, policies, employee relations, training)	□ On-track
1G - OD Relationship Manager rollout	□ Complete
1H - "Making a Difference" Customer Service programme	□ On-track
1I - Family Liaison Service rollout	□ De-prioritised
Our principal risks	Control RAG
1184 - Measuring how we improve patient and workforce experience	□ Medium
1185 - Consistent and meaningful engagement through our workforce	□ Medium
1186 - Attract, retain and develop staff with the right skills	□ Medium
Our outcome measures	Status
Overall patient experience score	□ On target
% adults able to influence decisions affecting the local area	□ No data
Overall score for staff engagement	□ Missed target

For further details on the principal risks and outcomes see our Board Assurance Framework: <u>Board Agenda and Papers 30 March 2023</u> (item 3.1).

Our planning objectives

We identified seven planning objectives aligned to this strategic objective. The table below summarises these planning objectives and the progress we had made by March 2023.

Planning objective and status

Update

□ Complete

1A: NHS Delivery Framework TargetsDevelop and implement plans to deliver NHS Delivery Framework targets related to workforce by 31 March 2024

A dashboard was presented to our People,
Organisational Development and Culture Committee
(PODCC) in February 2022. The dashboard included
a full range of measures with a number of positive
comments received from members of the Committee,
including: "really appreciate the simplicity of the
messaging with a clear focus on current performance,
performance against trend and future actions to
address any performance improvement required."

□ On-track

1B: Hywel Dda Health Hub: Single Point of Contact

- Develop a single telephone and email point of contact to link patient appointments, online booking, and call handers. All specialist teams to have their calls routed through here.
- Developments to support our COVID-19 response
- Further develop a system to facilitate tracking, auditing, and reporting of enquiries, responses, and actions
- Develop and implement a plan to roll out access for all patients to own records and appointments
- A Single Point of Contact (SPoC) has been established within the communications hub.
 Evaluation demonstrated service efficiencies, redistribution of staff within the service, and that patients have instant human interaction and one SPoC providing a quality service, rather than leaving an answer phone message that may take several days to respond to.
- Work has also been undertaken with the finance value-based healthcare team to demonstrate the value of investment in terms of outcomes from the communication hub.
- As a result of this, a wide range of services are now available through the SPoC.

Planning objective and status	Update
□ Complete	
 1E: Personalised care for patients waiting Roll out the process developed in 2021/22 to: Maintain personalised contact with all patients waiting for elective care. Establish a systematic approach to measuring harm, bringing together clinically assessed harm and harm self-assessed by the patient and use this to prioritise waiting lists. Incorporate review and checking of patient consent 	This Planning Objective was merged with Planning Objective 1B, as their aims aligned.
On-track 1F: HR offer (induction, policies, employee relations, access to training) This will address the way the health board recruits new staff and provides induction, all existing HR policies, the way in which employee relation matters are managed and equitable access to training and the health board's staff wellbeing services.	 Induction is now a complete onboarding package, linked with the automated nudges, regular communication and linked to staff experience. We are developing a prioritised implementation plan for recruitment which will be co-designed with our staff. Launched our new internet recruitment platform: https://hduhb.nhs.wales/working-for-us/ The recruitment pathway for registered nurses has been streamlined and centralised.

• Recruitment training was updated to give a 'menu'

• 36 policies were identified for review in 2022/23 of which 30 were completed and the other six are

improve all aspects of our offering from how we manage the process through to completion the

• Employee relations action plan developed to

of bilingual recruitment training.

close to fruition.

timescales involved.

Update

□ Complete

1G: Organisational Development (OD) Relationship Manager rollout

Organisational Development
Relationship Managers (ODRM) to
coordinate the development of
Directorate level People Culture Plans
across the organisation.

The role of the ODRM has become well established with the links helping to address particularly challenging cultural issues in certain service areas. The team continues to work closely with trade union colleagues to resolve particular cultural challenges as and when they arise, and to promote healthy working relationships wherever possible. The work being progressed by the team is helping to build Hywel Dda's reputation as an employer of choice.

□ On-track

1H: "Making a Difference" Customer Service programme

Implement a plan to focus on delivery and measuring outcomes (linked with the Board Assurance Framework), with all members of staff to have completed the programme by September 2024.

The roll-out of the Making a Difference Customer Service Programme has continued from 2021/22. This is supported by a number of key actions to ensure as many members of staff from across the health board engage with the programme as possible. This includes:

- · Evaluating the programme
- The development of a behaviour tool
- Targeting under-represented staff groups
- Beginning to work with Patient Experience Team to enable targeted interventions now to be able to demonstrate impact of programme from a quantitative and not just qualitative perspective. Evaluation will be submitted to the April 2023 PODCC to close down the action plan.

De-prioritised

11: Family Liaison Service rollout

To embed and sustain a family liaison service in appropriate inpatient and clinical settings from April 2023 The role of the Family Liaison Service is an extension of the service delivered during COVID-19. Work is continuing, based on evaluation, what the future service model could look like depending on the funding available for it.

For further details on all our planning objectives, including our lead Executive Directors and governance arrangements, see <u>Annex A: Our Planning Objectives for 2022/23</u>.

Culture and Workforce experience

Continuing with our ambition to make every workday at HDdUHB a good day, we have introduced a number of initiatives to better support our staff both in work and in their lives outside work to maintain their health and wellbeing.

Customer service programme 'Making a Difference'

In April 2022, we launched our bilingual 'Making a Difference' programme. Designed through evidence-based research, focusing on individual needs, this programme provides information and signposting to well-being services, staff benefits, community groups and provides an opportunity for staff voices to be heard. To date more than 500 staff have attended the sessions, of which 100 per cent would recommend to colleagues. The programme was shortlisted as a finalist for the CIPD Wales Best Learning and Development Initiative.

Recognition and Appreciation Programme

Employee recognition and appreciation has long been a cornerstone of effective organisations. The way an organisation demonstrates that they value their employees has become more important than ever. In simple terms, recognition is about what people do; appreciation is about who they are.

Hywel Dda developed a recognition and appreciation programme for 2022/23 which outlined several initiatives to revive how we show value in our workforce. All these awards were part of an ongoing programme of showing appreciation and valuing our workforce.

Chair's Commendation Awards

The Chair's Commendation Awards recognise staff for their compassion, innovation, and collaboration in line with the organisational values and purpose. Quarterly events have been held for nominees and winners to connect and celebrate achievements. These events have been extremely positive with many winners gained from a wide array of services.





Long Service Awards

Our long service awards scheme was introduced to recognise staff for their service to the health board. Staff celebrating five and 10 years of service received an e-card congratulating and thanking them for their commitment to the service. Colleagues who reached the milestones of 25-or 40-years' service received a card with personal message and a specially designed pin badge. These awards have been universally recognised across Hywel Dda and have spread much joy for colleagues being recognised in this manner.





Hywel's Applause

In December 2022, we launched our Hywel's Applause staff awards. Staff were nominated by colleagues for awards across a range of diverse categories such as Living Our Values, Diversity and Inclusion, Unsung Hero, Rising Star and Patients' Voice. Winners were chosen by panels including colleagues across a wide variety of services.

- "Although my nomination wasn't shortlisted, she was informed, and it really boosted her confidence."
- "The team member I nominated got shortlisted. This not only made me smile, but boosted her morale, she felt appreciated, plus provided positivity to the team as we shared the great news."
- "It was empowering and enabled me to have more of a say outside of my usual working remit."

- "Oh, my goodness I didn't know she had done this, that was completely beautiful and has brought me to tears.
 I'm a winner already working with such a lovely team."
- "It was a lovely evening and so emotional being nominated by the people who really count."

Staff benefits continue to be promoted via the Hapi app, which also offers financial wellbeing support to staff. 'Wagestream' was introduced at the end of 2022, which enables staff to access their salary in a more flexible and timely way. To date, 14 per cent of staff have signed up to Wagestream.



Staff Networks

The health board has expanded its staff networks and recently launched a RespectAbility network to support neurodiverse staff as well as those who experience chronic ill health or other physical disabilities. This complements existing staff networks such as Enfys, BAME, Staff Carers, Armed Forces, and the Menopause Café. Specialist and targeted diversity and inclusion training continues to be offered to our staff.

In 2022/23 the health board also became a member of the Refugee Employment Network and achieved the Stonewall Diversity Silver award. The health board were also successful at the National BAME Health and Care awards winning the Community Initiative of the Year Award and Mental Health Initiative Award.

Staff psychological well-being

The mental health and emotional wellbeing of our staff has remained a priority in the last year and the Staff Psychological Wellbeing team has worked to extend the offer to staff and gain valuable feedback on what works well. This has included improving and expanding the information we have available to support staff wellbeing:

- Launching our "How do I feel and what might help me?" Care Pathways to make it easier for staff to access the most relevant resources at the right time.
- Offering our innovative Recovery in Nature: Ecotherapy Retreats for staff and Recovery in Nature Days.
 - "This was truly an enjoyable and beneficial experience and one that I would whole heartedly recommend to others."
- Our Wellbeing at Work webinar series including Preventing Burnout, Team Resilience, how to use a Stress Risk Assessment and Wellbeing Resources.
 - "I love all these webinars, it's a chance to really check in with the sometimes obvious but picking up new techniques/strategies too."
- Launching the first of our Staff Wellbeing Needs Surveys to help us understand what is working for staff, what barriers might prevent staff from caring for their own wellbeing and how we can improve.

We have also continued to provide access to one-to-one psychological support with 555 self-referrals over the year, a 6.5 per cent increase from the previous year. Almost 2,000 one-hour therapeutic appointments were booked with staff, covering a range of issues including work relationships, stress and burnout, home relationships, anxiety, and depression.

• "The service is excellent, and I would fully recommend to anyone. The waiting time was minimal, the staff are helpful, sympathetic, and knowledgeable and being able to do the appointment virtually was great in my circumstances"

Recruitment

International recruitment

In 2022/23, NHS Wales participated in an ambitious and ethical International Nurse Recruitment Project to recruit 430 Internationally Educated Nurses into Wales. One hundred of these nurses were recruited into Hywel Dda, relocating from a variety of countries, settling in well to local communities.

The nurses have been placed across our four hospital sites and work in a variety of specialty areas. The project has moved at pace to ensure the swift relocation, training and embedding of the nurses and to date, not one nurse has left Hywel Dda.

The international recruitment project has supported the stabilisation of Glangwili Hospital. As at March 2023, 100 overseas nurses have been placed with a further 31 to be placed over the coming months. This has reduced the nursing vacancies in Glangwili Hospital by more than 50 whole time equivalent nurses since August 2022 and has reduced the number of unfilled shifts.

Supporting this work has been an escalation process for use of agency nursing, improving governance in our agency booking process and allowing decisions on agency use to be based on patient demand or staffing gaps. Support has also been provided through central recruitment streams to continue to reduce the vacancy factor for registered nurses and health care support workers.

Recruitment campaigns

During 2022/2023, the health board's 'Working for Us Pages' were re-styled and re-branded. This, in conjunction with the further development and interlinking of Swyddi Hywel Dda Jobs social media platforms, has resulted in a record number of applications being submitted to the health board.

To ensure attraction strategies are inclusive, we have widened our advertising platforms to include local and national posters in train stations, tourist hot spots, trains, M4 and M5 corridor service stations, radio, Spotify, press, letter box leaflet drops, petrol pumps, buses, London underground and Manchester and Birmingham New Street stations digital advertising. In addition, we also link with local authorities, businesses, and educational establishments to share advertising via online platforms.

Recruitment centralisation

In a bid to ensure recruitment efficiency and inclusion and to enhance the recruitment experience for candidates, a centralised recruitment pathway has been developed for registered nurses and health care support workers.

Inclusive recruitment

To ensure we are accessible to all, and to support our local and wider communities, a variety of pragmatic recruitment solutions have been developed. This includes advertising some vacancies where an application and shortlisting process is not required. This has enabled services to fill their high vacancy gaps in a very short period of time with local people who may not have applied online.

Workforce planning

In 2022/23, the health board has developed a Workforce Regeneration Framework, a tool that will help us to quantify our workforce gaps and develop options to meet these gaps over the long term. The framework focuses on working collaboratively with our partners to stabilise and evolve our workforce through the recruitment, development, and retainment of staff, optimising digital technology and being innovative with new models of working. This framework is now being tested locally and has informed work at a regional and all-Wales level.

Strategic Objective 2 – Working together to be the best we can be



53/354 67/368

Strategic Objective 2 – Working together to be the best we can be



This strategic objective maps to the following ministerial priorities and measures:

- Working alongside social care care closer to home
- A healthier Wales
- Supporting the health and care of the workforce

Our strategic objectives are broad and cross-cutting. The planning objectives and narrative on progress against each strategic objective are framed against the following themes and outcomes:

Theme:	Outcome:	
Patient	We are listening to the voices of our patients to ensure that our services deliver	
	the outcomes that are important to them	
Staff	Our staff feel that they are part of an effective team	
Population	As a health board, our strategic vision is clear, and our objectives are aligned	

Our planning objectives	Status
2A – Regional Carers Strategy response	□ Complete
2B – Strategic Equality plan and Objectives establishment	□ Complete
2D – Clinical education plan	□ Complete
2E – Evidencing impact of charitable funds	□ Complete
2I – Integrated Occupational Health & Staff psychological wellbeing offer	□ Behind
2J – "Future Shot" Leadership Programmes	□ Complete
2K – Organisational listening, learning and cultural humility	□ Complete
2L – Staff engagement strategic plan	□ Complete
2M – Arts in Health Programme development	□ Complete
Our principal risks	Control RAG
1185 - Consistent and meaningful engagement through our workforce	□ Medium
1186 – Attract, retain and develop staff with the right skills	□ Medium
1187 – Strong reputation to attract people and partners	□ Medium
1188 – Effective leveraging within partnerships	□ High
Our outcome measures	Status
Team members trust each other's contribution	□ No change
I am proud to tell people I work for Hywel dda	□ Missed target

Our planning objectives

We identified nine planning objectives aligned to this strategic objective. The table below summarises these planning objectives and the progress we had made by March 2023.

Planning objective and status

Update

Complete

2A: Regional Carers Strategy response Develop a health board specific plan that supports the sustainable delivery of our commissioned services for unpaid carers and responds to the Regional Carers Strategy.

- The visibility of the important role of unpaid Carers has been maintained throughout the year, including presentation to Board on Carers Rights Day in November 2022. Despite the continuing financial challenges of short-term and non-recurrent funding, services commissioned by the health board have been reviewed and adapted to respond to the changing needs of unpaid Carers.
- Health board action plan has been developed through the work of the Carers Strategy Group and aligned to the regional Carers Strategy and national priorities.
- A health board staff network continues to offer peer support to staff with unpaid caring responsibilities and a range of awareness raising activities took place throughout the year.
- An annual update report was presented to PODCC at its meeting in February 2023.

□ Complete

2B: Strategic Equality plan and Objectives establishment

Implement a series of actions to enhance Hywel Dda as a culturally competent organisation. This is able to support and recognise individual needs of employees, patients and carers. The health board has expanded its staff networks and launched a RespectAbility network to support neuro-diverse staff as well as those who experience chronic ill health or other physical disabilities. This complements existing staff networks: Enfys, BAME, Staff Carers, Armed Forces, Menopause Café.

Update

□ Complete

2D: Clinical education plan

Develop a multi-disciplinary clinical and nonclinical education plan and begin implementation from October 2022. This plan will incorporate the expansion of the Apprenticeship Academy in terms of its scope, scale, and integration with social care.

- An Interprofessional Education Plan has been developed and introduced which sets out the changes required for the delivery of interprofessional education and training over the next three years and sets out how it aims to provide an innovative and equitable learning experience to staff.
- Simulation Based Education (SBE) is a key vehicle for the delivery of the Interprofessional Education Plan, and we have made significant progress in developing our approach.

□ Complete

2E: Evidencing impact of charitable funds

Continue to deliver the objectives of the charity's three-year plan (2020-2023) to further promote awareness of our official charity and the opportunities available to raise and use funds to make a positive difference to the health, wellbeing and experience of patients, service users and staff across the health board.

We exceeded the target for the Bronglais Chemotherapy Appeal, funded a commemorative bench for Armed Forces Week and developed a new charity website:

https://hywelddahealthcharities.nhs.wales/.

□ Behind

21: Integrated Occupational Health and Staff psychological wellbeing offer

Develop an integrated Occupational Health and Staff psychological wellbeing offer with a single point of contact which supports staff to remain in work, offers support when absent and provides alternative opportunities when health impacts on an individual's ability to be in role.

- This objective was delayed due to ongoing All Wales discussions regarding a once for Wales approach.
- This has been carried forward as a planning objective for 2023/24, with a due date by September 23. The first step will be to engage the key stakeholders. Initial meetings have been arranged for April 2023.

Update

□ Complete

2J: "Future Shot" Leadership Programmes

Design a comprehensive range of leadership development pathways to create cohorts of leaders needed to address the challenges ahead. This will include the design of a graduate leadership team for health and social care.

- Delivered a number of leadership development programmes across all staff groups, including Behavioural Insights in Practice; Leadership Engagement with Awesome People (LEAP).
- Design and development of a new talent management and succession planning framework (to be launched summer 2023).
- The coaching capacity across the organisation is continuing to grow with five cohorts either are completed or underway. The number of qualified coaches is increasing as a consequence and supports the development of a coaching culture across Hywel Dda.
- A decision was taken early in 2022 to defer the development of a graduate leadership programme across health and social care in favour of the development of the LEAP programme as a more efficient way of growing our leadership capacity at pace.

□ Complete

2K: Organisational listening, learning and cultural humility

Demonstrate progression of actions from the first staff discovery report focused on how we can better support staff in work and their wider lives to support health and wellbeing.

Action plan delivered to progress outcomes from the Staff Discovery report as well as the NHS Staff Survey, Medical Engagement Scale and the Nurse and Midwifery Wellbeing at Work Survey. Actions included a wider range of channels to listen and learn from our staff; more intelligent surveillance to triangulate our cultural understanding and a much broader range of ways in which we show our appreciation and recognition of our staff. When this has combined with our approach to people culture planning on the ground, we are seeing some very positive staff experience improvement.

Update

□ Complete

2L: Staff engagement strategic plan

Develop a plan to ensure the retention of our new and existing staff through the improvement of our engagement with staff and a reduction in turnover.

- Surveillance work to understand why people are thinking of leaving as well as exit surveys and interviews are helping us to better understand the issues that are important to our staff. Issues which our nurses say are important to them include work/life balance, greater flexibility, and career opportunities.
- Our ODRMs (Organisational Development Relationship Managers) have been working with teams to help understand particular service challenges.
- A group has also been established to work on the retention rates of medical staff.
- We have the best overall staff turnover rate of all health boards in Wales.

□ Complete

2M: Arts in Health Programme development

To sustain and develop the Arts in Health Programme to promote and encourage the use of the arts in the healthcare environment to make a positive contribution to the wellbeing of our patients, service users and staff. Arts in Health developments are on track with public and staff engagement on the development of a new vision for Arts in Health. Creative activities for staff wellbeing are ongoing with Hywel Dda singing bursaries; the Creative Collective and Cultural Cwtsh wellbeing resource for health and social care workers. For patients, initiatives have included 'Arts Boost' Arts and Mental Health provision for children and young people in partnership with SCAMHS (Specialist Child and Adolescence Mental Health Service) and Live Music across Hywel Dda's ITU service. For communities, Dance on Prescription and Creative Prescribing Discovery Programmes are underway.

For further details on all of our planning objectives, including our lead Executive Directors and governance arrangements, see Annex A: Our Planning Objectives for 2022/23.

Key reflections on Strategic Objective 2: 'Working together to be the best we can be'

In relation to our progress against Strategic Objective 2 'Working together to be the best we can be', one of the health board's key outcomes has been the development of a clear strategic vision to which our objectives are aligned.

Our work to promote the value of an employee led performance appraisal and development conversational approach continues to be on an improvement trajectory. Our compliance rate with the PADR Tier 1 target reached 73% in February 2023.

Our Future Generations Living Well

We have a shared vision with our communities for us to live healthy, joyful lives. We want people and the communities they live in to be:

- Connected able to live and work together
- Supportive able to help each other
- Adaptive able to change as they need to
- Resilient able to bounce back when they face challenges
- Resourceful able to find ways to overcome issues

Our ambition is to shift from a service that just treats illness to one that keeps people well, prevents ill-health or worsening of ill health, and provides any help you need early on. We are working in our communities to provide more joined-up support and care as close to home as possible.

Our hospitals also have an important role to provide quality specialist support when needed, and we want to improve hospital services, so they provide individuals with the very best standards and safety in care, with better outcomes for them.

Our vision for health and care was developed by listening to our following conversations with our communities. Our ambition is outlined within our strategy, A Healthier Mid and West Wales: Our future generations living well.

We submitted ambitious plans to the Welsh Government early in 2022, which if successful, could result in the region of £1.3billion investment into health and care in west Wales. The foundation of the plan is to bring as much care as possible closer to people's homes, with plans for multiple integrated health and wellbeing centres, designed with local communities, across Carmarthenshire, Ceredigion, and Pembrokeshire.

A new urgent and planned care hospital is part of our strategy to be able to re-provide more care in community settings, by having a sustainable hospital model fit for future generations. This would improve and increase the specialist care services that can be provided and tackle some long-standing challenges, including old hospitals, problems in maintaining medical rotas over several hospitals, and staff recruitment.

In a meeting held on 4 August 2022, the Board heard that the process to date in appraising potential new hospital sites, within the zone agreed following public consultation in 2018, had received best practice recognition from the independent body the Consultation Institute.

There was unanimous agreement that further public consultation was needed, especially to hear the voices of the seldom heard and staff, including those in the community and primary care services.

Based on the evidence and detail provided through the comprehensive land appraisal process to date, the Board decided to take three of five previously considered sites, through to public consultation.

Submission of the Programme Business Case

The Programme Business Case (PBC) which we submitted to the Welsh Government in February 2022 is the first, high-level document, to try and secure Welsh Government endorsement for the programme and support the funding of more detailed work.

We hope this process will eventually lead to £1.3billion Welsh Government investment in the buildings and infrastructure we need to deliver our long-term strategy. If approved, this would be an unprecedented, and much needed, level of investment in health care in west Wales.

Welsh Government is currently considering our PBC, and if successful, the next step will be to develop a Strategic Outline Case (SOC) for each of the key developments before developing Full Business Cases. Over the course of the reporting year work has continued to develop the SOC including: the Introduction and Strategic Case; Economic Case; Management Case; Financial Case and Commercial Case.

Subject to the completion of the Clinical Strategy Review, which is a co-dependency of the SOC, we are on target to complete the draft version of the SOC by the end of June 2023. The health board is currently anticipating that Welsh Government funding for the development costs associated with the case will be available in 2023/24.

Our objective is to reach submission of Full Business Case stage across all elements of our Programme by March 2026. This timeline is ambitious but will enable us to deliver improvements to our populations as soon as possible, and progress at pace to deliver the NHS Wales 2030 decarbonisation target.

However, this will be a lengthy process. For example, we expect the new Urgent and Planned Care Hospital will take until at least the end of 2029 to open.

New hospital site land consultation

60/354

The health board launched its formal 12-week consultation on 23 February 2023, inviting members of the public, staff and partner organisations, to share views about three potential sites for a new planned and urgent care hospital as part of HDdUHB's wider strategy to improve health and care in the region. Full details on this and other community engagement activities are included at the end of the chapter on 'Strategic Objective 3 – Striving to deliver and develop excellent services'.

Partnership approach to health and care

Throughout 2022, the three Hywel Dda area Public Service Boards have worked in partnership to establish a joint methodology framework and joint engagement plan to support county-based work to refresh our joint Well-being Assessments.

Producing a robust and accurate assessment of well-being, which placed the views and needs of the residents of Hywel Dda at the forefront, was critical. The assessments also provided valuable insights to the health board to support its own strategic planning, operational delivery, and transformation agenda.

The assessments sought to capture a broad spectrum of economic, social, environmental, and cultural factors that impact on people's daily lives. This included identifying the strengths, assets, challenges, and opportunities that citizens in each local authority area face.

Well-being assessments formed the basis on which to build the 2023-2028 Well-being Plans, which have recently been out to public consultation and are currently in the process of being scrutinised and approved.

The West Wales Regional Partnership Board (RPB) continues to build on 'Further, Faster' - Our mission to build an Integrated Community Care Service for Wales. Welsh Government attended the RPB meeting held in January 2023 to provide an overview of their policy paper 'Further, Faster'. The RPB is working to build on recent progress to build a stronger web of support for to give people a better quality of life and is jointly developing and agreeing a community care service and workforce model.

At its January meeting the RPB also agreed the West Wales Advocacy Strategy and it is being implemented through our joint Commissioning Programme Board. In February 2023, the RPB held a workshop, facilitated by the Institute of Public Care Oxford Brookes University, to support the development of the 10 Year Integrated Capital Strategy.

Supporting social care and ensuring safe discharge

Our Healthier Mid and West Wales strategy describes a whole system approach to health and wellbeing. It places significant emphasis on placing people and communities at the heart of the model with community networks playing a vital role in achieving the required transformation.

The future model aims to create a sustainable healthcare system built on a "social model of health and wellbeing", requiring a shift from a focus on hospital-based care to one of wellness and prevention where care is provided closer to home through enhanced community models. The future model of care will have a network of integrated health and wellbeing centres, developed in conjunction with our public sector and third sector partners, supporting well-being and the health and social care needs for physical and mental health for our communities. Services offered in health and well-being centres will also be provided from current community facilities, which have a variety of names, and in Glangwili and Withybush hospitals in their roles as community hospitals.

Working with our partners on research opportunities

HDdUHB has, for a number of years, played an active role in supporting research to improve patient care and services. This includes the health board collaborating with partners, including the University of Wales Trinity Saint David (UWTSD) to support the delivery of a healthier mid and west Wales, as well as with Aberystwyth University to help transform healthcare with the opening of a clinical research facility.

Earlier in the reporting year Dr Peter Cnudde, a high-volume joint replacement surgeon at Prince Philip Hospital, Llanelli, received funding from Health and Care Research Wales as part of the NHS Research Time Awards. Dr Cnudde's area of research interest is development of a technology-enabled patient pathway for arthroplasty, surgery where the damaged joint is replaced by an artificial one.

The health board has also been awarded more than £435,000 of funding from UK Research and Innovation (UKRI) for two projects aimed at developing and improving systems to support healthcare and planning on a local and national level in Wales.

The UKRI's Horizon Europe Guarantee competition is providing the health board with funding of £168,268 as part of the Horizon Europe project DYNAMO. The €5million project will focus on modelling and dynamic assessment of integrated health and care pathways enhancing response capacity of health systems. DYNAMO will result in a lean and powerful solution enabling quick, data-driven, and platform-independent planning of care pathways for situations where health system functions are threatened.

The second project has been awarded £266,860 funding from UKRI's Horizon Europe Guarantee competition as part of the Horizon Europe project Invest4Health. This project seeks to mobilise novel finance models for health promotion and disease prevention.

Highlighting Key Developments

ORCHA Health and Care applications library

The health board worked with ORCHA (the Organisation for the Review of Care and Health Apps) and became the first in Wales to launch a Health and Care Application Library that contains hundreds of independently reviewed apps.

With more than 375,000 health apps available across the various app stores – covering everything from healthy eating recipes to jogging apps, and ones that monitor heart rhythms or provide mental health support – it can be difficult to know which ones are trustworthy and effective.

We partnered with ORCHA to develop a library of health and care applications that have undergone independent review. The ORCHA team, which includes actively practicing clinicians, accredit health apps against several stringent criteria in areas such as clinical/professional assurance, data and privacy, usability, and accessibility; giving each app an easy-to-understand percentage score that will help local people decide whether to download it or not.

The LUMEN project

The LUMEN project provides people living in Carmarthenshire and who are experiencing respiratory problems either as smokers or non-smokers with direct access to a specialist nurse who can discuss symptoms, and if appropriate, refer them directly for further investigation. If successful, it is hoped that the pilot will be extended to both Pembrokeshire and Ceredigion in the next year.

Operation Nightingale 23

Developed by Pembrokeshire County Council in response to the sustained period of winter pressures, Operation Nightingale 23 delivered a variety of measures to help increase the flow of patients out of hospital including:

- the short-term redeployment of council staff into community support roles
- additional social work capacity
- the redeployment of existing social care capacity into the hospital teams to prioritise patient care assessment and care package allocation
- the engagement of community groups and volunteers to allow people to safely leave hospital and return home.

Falls and Frailty Response Scheme

St John Ambulance Cymru's Falls Response Scheme in Pembrokeshire started on 1 January 2023 and lifted significant pressure from the NHS in the area, as well as delivering urgent care to those who need it most in the local community.

The scheme, based in Haverfordwest, ran until the end of March 2023, and was delivered in partnership between the health board, the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust, and St John Ambulance Cymru, working together to help the communities across the region.

When 999 is dialled, the incident can be triaged to the St John Ambulance Cymru Falls Response team if a fall has occurred. The St John Ambulance team assesses the patient, works with the Ambulance service's Clinical Support Desk to identify an appropriate treatment pathway which may include transporting the patient to hospital by Ambulance or remaining at home. Further support can also be arranged if required.

Home First scheme

Advanced Paramedics from the Welsh Ambulance Services Trust (WAST) worked through the Home First scheme, in Llanelli, to assess 999 calls to see if there are any ways to use their advanced skills to treat people safely at home. Attending more than 70 per cent of all calls in the locality, Advanced Paramedics diverted many patients from Accident and Emergency to be treated through other routes.

Digital Nursing: Welsh Nursing Care Record (WNCR)

Since starting its journey in April 2021 as the first health board in Wales to introduce the new digital Welsh Nursing Care Record (WNCR), Hywel Dda has continued to lead the way in this ground-breaking clinically led national project.

Following the official launch of WNCR in Hywel Dda, the rollout of the technology has continued at pace, and was reported as complete at the May 2022 Board meeting. Our journey towards smarter, patient-centred ways of working uses the latest tablet-based digital technology, rather than paper forms. WNCR has transformed nursing documentation within the health board.

The Role of the Stakeholder Reference Group

The Stakeholder Reference Group (SRG) provides a forum for engagement and input among stakeholders from across the communities we serve. Its aim is to consider and reach a balanced stakeholder perspective to inform our decision making.

The group has membership from a wide range of stakeholders who have an interest in, and whose own role and activities may be impacted by heath board decisions. Members include community partners, provide organisations, and special interest groups.

Four meetings of Hywel Dda SRG took place during 2022/23, which provided SRG members with opportunities to discuss, comment, and make recommendations to the health board on the following listed areas of work. This has ensured active involvement and direction from stakeholders in these key areas of health board business including:

- Transformation Programme Update
- Continuous Engagement
- Arts in Health
- Charter for Young People/Early Adopter
- Role and remit of Ethics Committee
- Waiting Well/Waiting Lists
- A Healthier Mid and West Wales
- IMTP (Three Year Plan)
- Recovery Plan update
- Building a Healthier Future after COVID -19: Engagement Update
- Cluster Plans
- New Urgent and Planned Care Hospital Project

Dyfed Powys Local Resilience Forum

Dyfed Powys Local Resilience Forum (LRF) is a multi-agency partnership made up of representatives from local public services, including the emergency services, local authorities, the NHS, Natural Resources Wales, and others. Mandated in legislation, these agencies are known as Category 1 Responders, as defined by the Civil Contingencies Act 2004. The LRF is also supported by other organisations, known as Category 2 responders, such as the Health and Safety Executive, transport and utilities companies Highways Agency and public utility companies. They have a responsibility to co-operate with Category 1 organisations and to share relevant information with the LRF. The geographical area the forum covers is based on the Dyfed Powys Police area.

The LRF also works with other partners in the military and voluntary sectors who provide a valuable contribution to LRF work in emergency preparedness. The LRF aims to plan and prepare for both localised incidents and catastrophic emergencies. It works to identify and assess potential risks and produce emergency plans to either prevent or mitigate the impact of such any incident

78/368

on their local communities. Training and exercising for such events are of vital importance and the LRF facilitates multi-agency opportunities to develop our collective resilience.

Over the last year the health board has participated in the Dyfed Powys LRF's multi-agency response to a number of incidents (fire, extreme weather, and water supply disruption). Participation in training events such as 'media/talking heads; Gold level strategic training for Executive Directors and debrief training has supported our continued programme of preparedness and resilience. The health board has also participated in both a regional exercise relating to power outages (Exercise Lemur) and also in the National Tier 1 Exercise Mighty Oak which focused on the strategic level response. Both these exercises have assisted in further developing our own resilience to such a scenario.

Equality, diversity, and inclusion

The health board is committed to putting people at the centre of everything it does. The vision is to create an accessible and inclusive organisational culture and environment for everyone. This includes staff, those who receive care (including their families and carers), as well as partners who work with the organisation - whether this is statutory organisations, third sector partners or communities. This means thinking about people as individuals and taking a person-centred approach, so that everyone is treated fairly, with integrity, dignity, and respect, whatever their background and beliefs.

Control measures are in place to ensure that the organisation's obligations under equality and human rights legislation are complied with. The Board approved a revised Strategic Equality Plan and objectives for the period 2020-24.

COVID-19 exacerbated inequalities for those with protected characteristics and communities that are socio-economically deprived so, in response we reviewed our plans outlining how we were going to meet those objectives and one key action was the establishment of a Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic Advisory Board along with:

- The requirements of the Socio-economic Duty which became law in 2021 were embedded into the health board's strategic decision-making process.
- The Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA) process was reviewed, to incorporate the socioeconomic duty, and an EqIA training programme is available for all staff.
- Equality and Human Rights training is mandatory for all staff as part of the corporate induction.
- A Strategic Equality Plan Annual Report is published annually, alongside a Workforce Equality Report and Pay Gap Reports focusing on gender, ethnicity, and disability.

Equality objectives

The work to progress the equality agenda is inter-linked with our work around the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 (WFGA) and the Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014. For more information on the Strategic Equality Plan and objectives and progress outlined in the annual reports, visit https://hduhb.nhs.wales/about-us/governance-arrangements/equality-diversity-and-inclusion/equality-diversity-and-inclusion-documents/.

Examples of key highlights for 2022/23 include:

- A well-established Menopause Café for staff which has seen additional sessions provided by specialists on menopause yoga, diet and the menopause and a Q&A session with our Specialist Menopause Consultant. The Menopause Team also provided an information session targeted at our male staff to educate them about the menopause and how they can offer support to those around them
- New staff network for staff with a disability recognising staff with physical and neurodiversity needs.
- Our ENFYS LGBTQ+ Staff Network has been revived following the pandemic and network members have represented the health board at several Pride events across south and west Wales. Network members have been joined by staff from Sexual health, Smoking Cessation, Immunisations and Vaccinations and Workforce and Organisational

- Development at these events to engage with the public, offer advice on our healthcare services and promote recruitment opportunities.
- The Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic Staff Network continues to grow in popularity and is meeting regularly to discuss issues in the workplace. The network reports activity to the health board's Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic Advisory Group and network members are working with the Workforce Experience and Culture Team to develop an action plan as part of a Bullying and Harassment Task and Finish Group. Social events have also been arranged for the network members, aimed particularly at new overseas staff who are looking to settle into the area after joining the health board. A successful Diwali event was held in October 2022 and network members took part in a multi-faith Christmas Service in December.
- Eighty-five Equality, Diversity, and Inclusion (EDI) training sessions have been offered to staff throughout 2022-2023 on a range of topics. These have taken the form of formal training delivered by external training providers, webinars, and in-house training by health board staff. The Diversity and Inclusion team have been working with the Learning and Development team to develop EDI training modules for managers which will be rolled out in 2023 as part of the new LEAP programme. The aim of these modules will be to equip staff in leadership roles with the skills and knowledge to implement best practice and demonstrate respectful and non-discriminative values.
- Plans are underway to review the health board's Strategic Equality Plan and Objectives for 2024-2028. This work is being undertaken in partnership with the local authorities, Dyfed Powys Police, Mid and West Wales Fire and Rescue, local universities, and National Parks, to develop a new set of objectives to promote inclusivity and eliminate discrimination in all areas of its work.

Strategic Objective 3 – Striving to deliver & develop excellent services



68/354 82/368

Strategic Objective 3 - Striving to deliver and develop excellent services



This strategic objective maps to the following ministerial priorities and measures:

- COVID-19 Response and Challenges
- NHS Recovery access to timely planned care 6 Goals of Urgent and Emergency Care
- Supporting the health and care of the workforce
- Digital and technology

Our strategic objectives are broad and cross-cutting. The planning objectives and narrative on progress against each strategic objective are framed against the following themes and outcomes:

Theme:	Outcome:
Discover	We are actively involved in research development and
	innovation
Design	Our staff actively bring improvement and innovation into our
	thinking
Deliver	Our staff are empowered and supported to enact change and
	continuously learn and improve

The table below gives a high-level summary of our progress for this strategic objective in 2022/23:

Our planning objectives	Status
3A – Improving Together	□ Complete
3C – Quality and Engagement Requirements	□ Complete
3E – Business Intelligence and Modelling	□ Behind
3G – Research and Innovation	□ Ahead
3H – Planning Objective Delivery Learning	□ De-prioritised
3I – Primary Care Contract Reform	□ On-track
3J – A Healthier Mid and West Wales Communications Plan	□ Complete
3L – Review of existing security arrangements	□ Complete
3M – UHB Communications Plan	□ Behind
3N – Welsh language	□ Behind
Our principal risks	Control RAG
1186 – Attract, retain and develop staff with the right skills	□ Medium
1189 - Timely and sufficient learning, innovation, and improvement	□ Medium
1191 – Underestimation of Excellence	□ Medium

Our planning objectives	Status
Number of new hosted R&D studies commenced in year	☐ Missed target
I am able to make improvements in my area at work	☐ Missed target
We are empowered and supported to enact change and continuously learn and improve	☐ Missed target

Our planning objectives

We identified 10 planning objectives aligned to this strategic objective. The table below summarises these planning objectives and the progress we had made by March 2023.

Planning objective and status	Update
3A: Improving Together Implement a quality management system which uses Improving Together as a delivery vehicle. This will support and drive quality and performance improvements across the organisation aligned to our strategic objectives and Board Assurance Framework outcomes. The aim will be to motivate and support colleagues at all levels to strive for excellence.	 The Improving Together Framework sets out our approach to embed performance improvement through our governance and is enabled by data at every level to support decision making and to drive service change. At the most strategic level, the Board Assurance Framework and Integrated Performance Assurance Report provide Board, Committees and Executive Team with data and evidence to help understand whether we are achieving and working towards national and local ambitions. At the directorate level, we have established Directorate Improving Together Sessions to provide dedicated time for teams to meet with their Executive Director and Corporate Executive Directors to discuss priorities / goals, current challenges, support required and flag highlights or relating to quality, workforce, performance, finance, risk, audits, and inspections. The sessions are supported by the newly developed Our Performance and Our Safety dashboards.

Complete

3C: Quality and Engagement Requirements

Establish an implementation group to identify the actions required to respond to the emerging requirements of the Quality and Engagement Act.

Update

An implementation group has been established, to ensure that the health board is compliant with its duties under the Health and Social Care Quality and Engagement (Wales) Act 2020. There are two main duties under the Act which the health board must consider:

The Duty of Candour

- A culture of openness, transparency and candour is widely associated with good quality care. To help achieve this, the Act places a duty of candour on providers of NHS services (NHS bodies and primary care) - supporting existing professional duties.
- The duty requires NHS providers to follow a process – to be set out in Regulations – when a service user suffers an adverse outcome which has or could result in unexpected or unintended harm that is more than minimal, and the provision of health care was or may have been a factor. There is no element of fault, enabling a focus on learning and improvement, not blame.
- The duty seeks to promote a culture of openness and improves the quality of care within the health service by encouraging organisational learning, avoiding future incidents.

The Duty of Quality

- Quality is more than just meeting service standards; it is a system-wide way of working to provide safe, effective, person-centred, timely, efficient, and equitable health care in the context of a learning culture. To help achieve this, the Act:
 - places an overarching duty of quality on the Welsh Ministers; and
 - reframes and broadens the existing duty on NHS bodies.
- This ensures the concept of "quality" is used in its broader definition, not limited to the quality of services provided to an individual nor to service standards.

Update

□ Behind

3E: Business Intelligence and Modelling

Develop an advanced analytical platform that is highly accessible and provides realtime, integrated data to support our clinicians and managers to assist with dayto-day operational delivery, as well as organisation wide strategic planning. In parallel, establish mechanisms to ensure continuous innovation of our approach by utilising current technologies, best practices and direction from latest research and publications.

An advanced analytical platform has been developed and is now accessible and includes applications that perform Time Series Analysis, Forecasting, Statistical Process Control (SPC) Charts and Flow Visualisation; whilst a GIS (Geographic Information System) mapping application has been incorporated into the Data Science Platform.

□ Ahead

3G: Research and Innovation

Implement the Research and Innovation Strategic Plan (2021-24) to increase research, development, and innovation activity, and the number of research investigators sufficient to deliver the health board, Welsh Government and HCRW (Health and Care Research Wales) expectations and improvement targets. 2022/2023 was the third year of implementing the Research and Innovation Strategy published in March 2021. Significant progress has been made against each of the goals contained within the strategy:

- Improving the quality and impact of our activities. Performance in 2022/23 has been strong. On key performance indicators, including recruitment to time and target, the health board has been a top performer in Wales. The research set up and quality assurance arrangements have been further strengthened, with improved performance reflected in the key performance indicators.
- 2) Invest in our staff and facilities. In 2022/23, a leadership programme for all B7s took place and there was continued investment in our research facilities, with the new research facility in GGH becoming operational and plans finalised for a new facility at BGH. The TriTech and Innovation function reached full establishment, increasing the expertise available to the health board to support innovation and evaluation.
- 3) Grow research and innovation activity in areas of strength and opportunity. New clinical research time awards have been secured in orthopaedics and women's health. This dedicated time has translated into tangible

Planning objective and status	Update
	research starting in both areas. A substantial research grant was also secured in ophthalmology. A systematic review of our biobank ultimately concluded that we should no longer develop this service, and an exit strategy has been implemented. 4) Develop strong and effective partnerships with academic, healthcare, industry, and research organisations. The TriTech and Innovation function has matured and resulted in several prestigious grant awards. These include grants to support the health board's involvement in European Union projects and several new commercial partnerships with industry. Our University Partnerships have also matured, with several achievements including applications for research grant funding, continuation of joint posts, and an increasing number of honorary awards. The next 12 months will conclude this strategic planning period and work will commence around our next strategy.

Update

□ Deprioritised

3H: Planning Objective Delivery Learning

Establish a process to gather and disseminate learning from the delivery of all Planning Objectives. This learning will come from both within the organisation and from our local population.

A number of discussions took place throughout the year, and it was agreed that a Planning Objective (PO) Dashboard would be developed to enable PO leads to monitor outcome measures and assess whether they are having a positive impact on quality, workforce, and financial performance. However, as work was about to begin, a new project management system (PACE) was being introduced in the health board which has the functionality to be developed and utilised for capturing the learning from POs. This work has been deprioritised for 2023/24 and not included within the annual plan. However further work is underway to identify specific outcome measures for each of the POs identified for 2023/24 with planned trajectories to assist with PO leads and the Executive Team. PO reporting mechanisms are also being reviewed to ensure that the Board and Committees receive the assurance that HDdUHB is understanding the impact of the POs and applying the learning to their decision-making. This PO is therefore closed.

□ On-track

31: Primary Care Contract Reform

To implement contract reform in line with national guidance and timescales.

- Implementation of the General Medical Services contract changes for 2022-23 have all been undertaken and the necessary monitoring and reporting mechanisms are in place.
- All contract changes for the Community
 Pharmacy contract negotiated for 2022-23 have been implemented to meet national timescales.
- Contract Reform has continued to be supported as part of the commissioning of General Dental Services in line with national guidance. Work is ongoing to shape the NHS mandate for future contract negotiations.
- Work is ongoing to develop the clinical pathways and contractual requirements to support implementation of the negotiations that concluded in 2022 and to share the NHS mandate for future contract negotiations.

Update

Complete

3J: A Healthier Mid and West Wales Communications Plan

Develop an initial communications plan in relation to our strategy - A Healthier Mid and West Wales - and our three-year plan to restore, recover and develop local services. This plan will be pro-active and seek to build trust with our staff, partners and local population and a sense of hope and optimism as mid and west Wales emerges from the pandemic.

A Communications Plan has been drafted. The focus towards the latter part of the year has been on a detailed communications plan for ensuring awareness and continued engagement in the New Hospital Site Consultation.

□ On-track

3L: Review of existing security arrangements

Undertake a review of the existing security arrangements within the health board with particular reference to strengthening the following areas: physical security, automated locks, CCTV, access control systems, intruder alarms, communication systems, human factor, patient/staff personal property, local management, and staff ownership.

To meet the requirements of this Planning Objective a Security Management Framework Task and Finish Group was established to oversee the work.

Significant progress has been made around CCTV (investment has been received to improve CCTV provision within A&E departments across the health board) and Access Control management in particular, while a Security Management Policy has been drafted.

□ Behind

3M: UHB Communications Plan

Developing a comprehensive three-year communication plan to evolve our branding, deepen our links to our staff, build organisational confidence, and communicate honestly, transparently, and effectively with our patients and local population.

We have continued to develop and shape our communications strategy for the health board. This has included reviewing our current communication activities and communications channels; and launching our new intranet pages. The new communications plan will be developed by July 2023.

Planning objective and status Update □ Behind The Welsh Language and Culture Discovery 3N: Welsh Language process was launched at the health board's stall at Undertake a Welsh language and culture the National Eisteddfod in Tregaron in August 2022. discovery process that seeks the views of staff, patients, partners, exemplar The Discovery report will be presented to PODCC organisations and the local population in June 2023. regarding ways to make Hywel Dda a model public sector organisation for embracing and celebrating Welsh language

For further details on all of our planning objectives, including our lead Executive Directors and governance arrangements, see <u>Annex A: Our Planning Objectives for 2022/23</u>.

Welsh Language

and culture.

HDdUHB wants to be the first health board in Wales where both English and Welsh are treated with equal status (Health and Care Standards: Dignified Care). In this way, we will not only comply with the Welsh Language Standards but embrace the spirit.

The Welsh Language Standards, effective from 30 May 2019, are a set of statutory requirements which clearly identify our responsibilities to provide excellent bilingual services. These can be accessed via the Welsh Language Services section on our website here:

https://hduhb.nhs.wales/healthcare/services-and-teams/welsh-language-services/

Even though our organisation is passionate and ambitious to achieve and go beyond our statutory duties, we recognise that delivery is not always consistent across our sites and teams. Culture needs to evolve for us to deliver a seamless bilingual service to people who use the NHS and care services, and this is a long-term endeavour.

The Welsh language is one of the treasures of Wales. It is part of what defines us as both people and as a nation.

The health board aims to deliver a bilingual healthcare service to the public and facilitate staff to use the Welsh language naturally within the workplace. We aim to be an exemplar in this area, leading by example by promoting and facilitating increased use of Welsh by our own workforce. Whether a fluent speaker, a speaker lacking in confidence who wishes to improve their skills, or a new speaker, the workplace provides opportunities to use, practise and learn Welsh.

A huge milestone towards this goal was achieved this year when we appointed a tutor to specifically work with staff who have Level 3 and above Welsh language skills but lack the confidence to use their skills. This appointment was made possible through funding from the National Centre for Learning Welsh. The tutor started at the end of February; therefore, outcomes will not be measured until 2023/24.

We will report progress on this, and other key actions to achieve our ambitions and statutory obligations for the Welsh language in our Annual Welsh Language Report, which will be published on our website (https://hduhb.nhs.wales).

Language skills of staff

The language skills of staff, in accordance with Standard 116 and 117, are captured and recorded on the electronic staff management system (ESR). As of March 31, 2023, 97.42 per cent of staff have recorded their Welsh language skills as follows:

Welsh skill level Number of Employees and percentage

Welsh skill level	Number of employees	percentage
0 - No Skills / Dim Sgiliau	4,439	38.27%
1 - Entry/ Mynediad	2,711	23.37%
2 - Foundation / Sylfaen	1,056	9.10%
3 - Intermediate / Canolradd	869	7.49%
4 - Higher / Uwch	909	7.84%
5 - Proficiency / Hyfedredd	1,317	11.35%
Not yet recorded on ESR	299	2.58%
Grand Total	11,600	100%

The number of new and vacant posts that were advertised during the year, recorded as per those where Welsh language skills were essential or desirable and the number where Welsh needs to be learnt or where Welsh was not necessary are reported below:

- Number of Welsh Essential Posts 41
- Number of Welsh Desirable Posts 4.467
- Number where Welsh needs to be learnt 0
- Number where Welsh not necessary 0
- Total Number of Posts 4,508

Welsh language related complaints

Four Welsh language service complaints were received during 2022/23. Two complaints have resulted in an investigation by the Welsh Language Commissioner within the year under section 71 of the Welsh Language Measure. Full details can be found in the Annual Welsh Language Report, which will be published on our website (https://hduhb.nhs.wales).

Engagement and Consultation with our communities

New hospital site land consultation

The health board recognised that engagement with the public was a fundamental requirement of the land identification process and has ensured that they have been involved at every major step. We established a series of workshops to review progress, to agree outputs and confirm the next step to be taken. The Board endorsed this process following the submission of reports at each major stage.

During April to June 2022, we reviewed and agreed the technical evaluation criteria, weighted the technical evaluation criteria, and scored the short-listed sites using the weighted criteria.

On 9 June 2022, the Board endorsed the weighted criteria which were established through a workstream which included 52 per cent public representation and 48 per cent health board staff and other stakeholders. This reflected an earlier Board commitment that there is a reasonable expectation that the public voice should be the majority voice in the technical appraisal process.

The final workshop on 28 June 2022 scored the short-list of sites against the weighted technical appraisal criteria. In addition to members of the public and health board staff and stakeholders. Not all stakeholders participated in the scoring, with Hywel Dda Community Health Council (CHC) representatives ensuring they were there to witness the process. Consideration for staff representation was sought from a range of grades in Clinical, Corporate and Facilities departments from across the Hywel Dda area.

The Equality and Health Impact (EHIA) was produced for submission with the Programme Business Case and is a live document being updated as part of the ongoing programme. The EHIA has been reviewed and updated as appropriate to reflect feedback from:

- 1. An online focus group independently facilitated by the Consultation Institute on 14 June 2022, which included participants from Pembrokeshire (6) Carmarthenshire (4) and Ceredigion (1).
- 2. A questionnaire which was conducted between 1 14 June 2022 and sent to groups that represent people with protected characteristics and members of the health board's involvement and engagement scheme, Siarad lechyd / Talking Health. 775 responses were received. The questionnaire was also shared by the 'Save Withybush Campaign' group, which resulted in more feedback from Pembrokeshire residents overall, representing 89 per cent of respondents.

The formal 12-week consultation was launched on 23 February 2023, inviting members of the public, staff and partner organisations, to share views about three potential sites for a new planned and urgent care hospital as part of the health board's wider strategy to improve health and care in the region.

A new Urgent and Planned Care Hospital is part of the health board's strategy to be able to reprovide more care in community settings, by having a sustainable hospital model fit for future generations. This will improve and increase the specialist care services that can be provided in Hywel Dda and tackle some long-standing challenges, including old hospitals, problems in maintaining clinical rotas over several hospitals, and staff recruitment.

The consultation sets out three potential sites for a new Urgent and Planned Care Hospital in the south of the HDdUHB area – two near Whitland and one near St Clears.

The health board does not have a preferred site and has not bought any site or land for this development. Purchasing a site and delivering the new Urgent and Planned Care Hospital is subject to the Welsh Government funding, which is not yet confirmed, and if successful, would take several years to achieve.

To help members of our communities to learn more about the plans for our new urgent and planned care hospital, the health board arranged a number of public events – both in-person and online – for people to share their views.

Review of Paediatric Services

Until October 2014 a 24-hour paediatric inpatient unit was available at both Withybush Hospital and Glangwili Hospital. After this date, the inpatient unit at Withybush Hospital was changed to a 12-hour Paediatric Ambulatory Care Unit (PACU) service. The 12-hour service was supported by a Dedicated Ambulance Vehicle (DAV), introduced to enable the emergency transfer of patients supported by specialist trained staff between hospital sites. Glangwili Hospital remained a 24-hour inpatient unit.

A series of temporary changes have been made to the service since then and these have been documented and reviewed. In the interim of a new hospital being built, the health board is reviewing the temporary changes it has made since 2016 to the way urgent and emergency hospital services for children and young people are provided in the south of our area.

The public were invited to share their views in a questionnaire if there were any issues that they would like the health board to consider or be aware of as we undertook the interim paediatric review, and they were asked if they would like to be kept informed and have further opportunities to have their say about this work.

During the reporting year the health board began preparing for a public consultation on how we will provide urgent and emergency children and young people's (paediatric) services for children who live in, or visit, areas that are serviced by Withybush and Glangwili Hospitals, in the future.

The health board has worked to develop and appraise a list of viable options, working with children and young people, their parents and guardians and the multidisciplinary team of staff who work with children and young people in the Hywel Dda area. During the options development phase we engaged with: children and young people on our wards; a survey on Have Your Say/Dweud eich Dweud; a young person survey was sent to secondary schools and youth clubs; staff drop-in sessions; informal drop-in events at Folly Farm, Pembrokeshire; Xcel Bowl, Carmarthenshire; and Cardigan Castle, Ceredigion; visits to Portfield School, Haverfordwest and Ysgol y Preseli, Crymych to listen to children; engagement with the Gypsy and Traveller community in Pembrokeshire.

We also sought expressions of interest from the public and representatives of community and third sector groups to take part in: a deliberative session using the issues paper as a basis for discussion with an appraisal group; to appraise the long list of options using hurdle criteria; and to appraise the options still being considered (short list).

Have Your Say / Dweud eich Dweud - online engagement

The health board online engagement portal Have Your Say / Dweud eich Dweud has hosted the following projects to engage and consult with the communities during 2022/23 on the following issues:

Application to close Tycroes branch surgery in Ammanford

Margaret Street Practice, HDdUHB and the Community Health Council worked together to engage patients of both surgeries to gain an understanding of how a proposed closure of Tycroes branch surgery would affect patients. This ran from 9 May until 24 June. In October 2022, the Board announced a unanimous agreement that the Practice must be supported to continue offering services from its branch surgery and to decline the application to close Tycroes Surgery.

Fishguard Integrated Health and Wellbeing Centre

- The health board is moving forward with plans to develop the Fishguard Integrated Health and Well-being Centre to support the population across north Pembrokeshire from Solva and St Davids in the west, to Fishguard and Newport.
- The engagement ran throughout the summer of 2022 and asked the public what they would like to see in the Centre and included a public drop-in on 29 June. The process of listening to communities will be an important part of developing our business case, which will be submitted to Welsh Government for the funding.

• Neyland and Johnston Surgery – the future of services for registered patients

- Neyland and Johnston GP Surgery made the difficult decision to resign the General Medical Services contract to operate the practice from 31 October 2022, following the recent retirement of one of the GP partners and unsuccessful attempts to recruit more GPs.
- o Working closely with the practice and Community Health Council, the health board sought the views of the local community and patients via a questionnaire which closed on 2 September 2022.
- o The health board announced that it would take over Neyland and Johnston Surgery as a managed practice later that month

Solva Surgery - the future of services for registered patients

- Dr Dhaduvai at Solva Surgery made the difficult decision to resign the General Medical Services contract to operate her practice with effect from 31 March 2023.
 This follows her decision to retire in the spring, and unsuccessful attempts over recent years to recruit another GP partner to continue the service.
- Working closely with the practice and Community Health Council, the health board sought the views of the local community and patients via a questionnaire which closed on 4 February 2023
- There was also a public drop-in event for registered patients on Tuesday 24 January 2023
- Later in February 2023 the health board announced that it would take over Solva Surgery as a managed practice.

• Health and wellbeing centre Llanelli

As part of its Health Improvement and Wellbeing the health board submitted a
planning application in December 2022 for the delivery of a Health Improvement and
Wellbeing Centre in Llanelli, which will increase the range and accessibility of
essential services for the local population. The health board and partners have

- explored other potential locations but has established Anchor Point as the most suitable property for development.
- The facility is intended to improve the health and well-being of the community and future generations by providing discreet and confidential services to the local community for children, young people and adults who wish to seek support with lifestyle behaviour change.
- A public drop-in session was arranged for 21 February 2023 with the public invited to send questions in advance of the event on Have Your Say

Have your say about arts in health at Hywel Dda

- Our strategy A Healthier Mid and West Wales: Our future generations living well shares our vision for improving health and well-being for our communities. Part of this work will build on the knowledge and growing evidence base that tells us that the arts have a powerful role to play in supporting health and wellbeing.
- The public were asked to provide their views in a questionnaire, on a message board or by sharing a story, and to tell us how the arts and music and helped individuals, but also how they might also help improve people's health and wellbeing in our area; and improve the quality of the hospital or care experience.

Siarad lechyd / Talking Health Involvement and Engagement Scheme

Siarad lechyd / Talking Health involvement and engagement scheme has more than 1,000 members who have expressed interest in a variety of different health services. Members receive information regularly from the health board and many are willing to take part in additional activities including questionnaires, events, and local and national consultations.

Readers' Panel

The Siarad lechyd / Talking Health membership includes a number who are part of a readers' panel who comment and offer constructive feedback on draft leaflets and documents. Members have reviewed leaflets including:

- Capsaicin Cream Patient Information Leaflet
- Unlicensed medicines information for patients Leaflet A and B
- Patient information Leaflet Malignancy Unknown Origin Clinic
- Malignancy of Unknown Origin Service Information for GPs
- Asthma Inhaler and Climate Change Leaflet
- Cancer Treatment Helpline Patient Information Leaflet leaflets A and B
- Tramadol information for patients and carers

Stakeholder database

The Engagement Team has a large database of more than 4,000 key stakeholder contact details from the area including statutory organisations, third sector, special interest groups to sports organisations, nurseries etc.

Bronglais chemotherapy day unit CDU staff and patient surveys

The Bronglais chemotherapy day unit (CDU) surveys were conducted to engage with staff and patients of the unit with regards to the ongoing redesign and upgrade of the chemotherapy day unit.

The surveys were conducted between 23 September and 31 October 2022, both online and using paper copies of the questionnaire which were made available at the unit for both staff and patients to complete.

The purpose of the surveys was to seek the views and experiences of patients about the current CDU unit, and also the views of staff on their experiences of working in the unit, with a view to gain a more inclusive overview of what the proposed CDU unit might look like and what improvement are needed, to feed into the technical and concept stages of the project.

The feedback received from the surveys have been incorporated into the next stage of the project. The equality data collected as part of the surveys will help inform the equality impact assessment element of the project.

The main aim of the project, which was approved by the Board on 29 July 2021, is to enable the delivery of a safe, local, and fit-for-the-future solution for systemic anti-cancer treatment (SACT) for people living in Ceredigion and parts of the neighbouring counties of North Powys and South Gwynedd.

Voices of Children and Young People Steering Group

The Voices of Children and Young People Steering Group was established as a group to ensure the voices of children and young people are listened to and inform the work of health board.

The group has a wide remit. It helps to support the development of appropriate guidance, policies, and procedures to ensure the importance of learning from children and young people is recognised and considered by HDdUHB. It provides support to ensure children and young people influence the strategic direction of the organisation, and that the voices of children and young people influence services and staff across the organisation.

Celebrating the Voices of Children and Young People: 15 – 20 May 2022

The Voices of Children and Young People Steering Group ran a week of a range of activities to celebrate the voices of children and young people within Hywel Dda.

The week was used to raise awareness of the Children's Charter, which was developed in partnership with Dyfed-Powys Police, Dyfed-Powys Police and Crime Commissioner, HDdUHB, Mid and West Wales Fire and Rescue Service, and involved more than 200 children and young people.

Highlights of the Children's week include:

- A Children's Charter badge competition (available in English, Welsh and Ukrainian and Russian)
- The launch of a new BSL (British Sign Language) version of the Children's Charter

- Awareness raising at the Nursing and Midwifery Conference, Llanelli
- Pledges by staff to sign up to the Children's Charter

The paediatric departments across the health board also be provided a range of activities and displays during the week focusing on the theme of kindness. These activities included:

- Kindness Charter and UNCRC Rights Article 24: Right to good healthcare
- Technology Bullying Article 19: Right to be protected from hurt
- Diversity and Inclusion Article 2: All children should be treated equally
- Kindness to the planet / environment Article 24: right to a clean environment

Children's Charter Badge Competition

The Children's Charter Badge competition posters were sent to primary schools within the health board area and to the Welcome Centre in Llangrannog, which provided an opportunity for Ukrainian children to be involved. The children were asked to design a badge to promote the Charter.

Two drawing were successful. Drawing 1 will be used as a badge and a background image for Microsoft teams. Drawing 2 will be used as an email banner. Both the successful drawings will help to raise awareness of the Children's Charter throughout the health board.

Cross Hands Health and Wellbeing Centre

Briefings were held to provide stakeholders with information around the development of the Cross Hands Health and Wellbeing Centre, which included an opportunity to provide their views and feedback. The Carmarthenshire Disability Forum, Community Health Council and Local Councillors took part.

Engagement and Experience Group

An Engagement and Experience Group has been established during 2022/23 to consider feedback from all sources of engagement with public, patients and staff, to ensure that the work of HDdUHB is informed and influenced by the views and perspectives of all our stakeholders.

National Eisteddfod, Tregaron

The National Eisteddfod in Tregaron provided the health board with an unrivalled opportunity to engage with local and visiting populations. A week of events and an interactive stall saw the health board hosting the first signing and singing of Yma o Hyd with Dafydd Iwan; the launch of speech and language communication boards to support individuals who experience communication difficulties; launch of the health board's Welsh language and culture discovery process by BBC broadcaster Beti George; and participation in a discussion on life and death, art and medicine by the Arts and Wellbeing team. Throughout the week, teams from across the health board were on hand to share more about a broad range of topics – from how to develop your career at Hywel Dda to keeping your blood pressure in check, storytelling sessions for younger audiences to support from the dementia wellbeing team – there was something for everyone.

Strategic Objective 4 – The best health & wellbeing for our communities



84/354 98/368

Strategic Objective 4 – The best health and wellbeing for our communities



This strategic objective maps to the following ministerial priorities and measures:

- COVID-19 Response and Challenges
- NHS Recovery access to timely planned care 6 Goals of Urgent and Emergency Care
- Working alongside social care care closer to home
- Mental and emotional wellbeing
- Supporting the health and care of the workforce
- Population health
- Infection prevention and control
- Digital and technology

Our strategic objectives are broad and cross-cutting. The planning objectives and narrative on progress against each strategic objective are framed against the following themes and outcomes:

Theme:	Outcome:
Population	Our communities feel happy, safe and are able to live life to the full
Health and Wellbeing	Our communities have opportunity from birth to old age to be healthy, happy, and well informed
Equity	Our communities have a voice and are able to fulfil their potential no matter what their background or circumstance

The table below gives a high-level summary of our progress for this strategic objective in 2022/23:

Our planning objectives	Status
4A – Public Health Delivery Targets	□ On-track
4B – Public Health Local Performance Targets	□ On-track
4C – Transformation fund schemes	□ Complete
4D – Public Health Screening	□ Complete
4G – Healthy Weight: Healthy Wales	□ Complete
4H – Emergency planning and civil contingencies	□ Complete
4I – Armed Forces Covenant	□ Complete
4J – Regional Well-being Plans	□ Complete
4K – Health Inequalities	□ Complete
4L – Social Model for Health and Wellbeing	□ Complete
4M – Health protection	□ Complete

Our planning objectives	Status
4N – Food system	□ On-track
4P – Recovery and Rehabilitation Service	□ Complete
4Q - Community Care Support to reduce non-elective acute bed capacity	□ Behind
4R – Green Health and Sustainability	□ Deprioritised
4S – Improvement in Population Health	□ Ahead
4T – Continuous engagement implementation	□ Behind
4U – Community proposals for place-based action	□ Complete
4V – One Health	□ On-track
4W – Whole School Approach to Mental and Emotional Wellbeing	□ On-track
Our principal risks	Control RAG
1192 – Wrong value set for best health and well-being	□ High
1193 – Broadening or failure to address health inequalities	□ Medium
1193 – Broadening or failure to address health inequalities 1194 – Increasing uptake and access to public health interventions	□ Medium □ Medium
·	
1194 – Increasing uptake and access to public health interventions	□ Medium
1194 – Increasing uptake and access to public health interventions Our outcome measures	□ Medium Status
1194 – Increasing uptake and access to public health interventions Our outcome measures Mean mental wellbeing score for adults (16+)	☐ MediumStatus☐ No data
1194 – Increasing uptake and access to public health interventions Our outcome measures Mean mental wellbeing score for adults (16+) % adults (16+) with two or more healthy behaviours	☐ MediumStatus☐ No data☐ No data

For further details on the principal risks and outcomes see our Board Assurance Framework: Board Agenda and Papers 30 March 2023 (item 3.1).

Our planning objectives

We identified 20 planning objectives aligned to this strategic objective. The table below summarises these planning objectives and the progress we had made by March 2023.

Planning objective and status

Update

□ On-track

4A: Public health Delivery Targets

Develop and implement plans to deliver, on a sustainable basis, NHS Delivery Framework targets related to public health within the next three years. There have been a number of key developments through 2022/23 including but not limited to:

- Respiratory virus vaccination plan presented to Board in September 2022. A joint influenza and covid programme for 2022/23 underway.
- Deep dive into childhood vaccine uptake ongoing presented to our Strategic Development and Operational Delivery Committee (SDODC). The findings from the deep dive will form the basis of an improvement plan.
- Health Improvement and wellbeing strategy presented to Board in November 2022.

☐ On-track

4B: Public Health Local Performance Targets

Develop and implement plans to deliver, on a sustainable basis, locally prioritised performance targets related to public health within the next three years. Planning Objectives 4A and 4B are closely linked and the key developments for 4A reflect the achievements for 4B.

□ Complete

4C: Transformation fund schemes

Undertake an evaluation of the impact and benefits of the three Welsh Government supported Transformation Funds and Integrated Care Fund supported schemes to develop proposals, with local authority partners for consideration and approval at the Regional Partnership Board by March 2023 for implementation from April 2024.

- The Transformation Funds and Integrated Care Fund (ICF) programmes no longer exist.
- All programmes were reviewed and for some programmes funding has been agreed through Regional Integration Funding (RIF) against the new criteria established under RIF and will continue to report through that structure and into our Integrated Executive Group.

Update

□ Complete

4D: Public Health Screening

By March 2023 develop a plan to reduce the local health inequalities arising in relation to screening services with implementation of agreed actions to begin no later than April 2023. The aim is to increase the access and opportunity for screening in our most deprived communities to the levels of our least deprived areas There are three significant pieces of work that we are progressing:

- Programme for Schools partnership programme between Moondance Cancer Initiative, Hywel Dda Public Health Team, and Pembrokeshire Healthy Schools Scheme. The programme, originally developed and piloted in Cwm Taf, is an investment to influence long-term behaviour change within younger generations by educating them about cancer, cancer treatment, and the connection to healthy behaviours. It also explores intergenerational learning, by raising awareness of bowel screening, signs, and symptoms amongst the pupils' wider family network.
- Cervical Screening and Refugees a multidisciplinary team of key health professionals, led by a GP Cancer Lead, looking at cervical screening uptake within the refugee population in Hywel Dda.
- Barriers to Screening Uptake in Carers currently in the early stages of scoping out this
 piece of work will look at carers' uptake of
 screening programmes, what are the barriers
 and enablers for themselves and also the
 experiences of those they care for. This work
 will link in with local carers support networks and
 national work that is already going on.

Update

□ Complete

4G: Healthy Weight: Healthy Wales
Over the period 2022/23 - 2024/25
implement the health board's "Healthy
Weight: Healthy Wales" plan, undertake an
evaluation of the impact and in light of this
learning, by September 2024 develop a
refreshed plan for the following three-year
planning cycle.

The main focus in 2022/23 has centred on:

- Completion of recruitment to the Level 3 weight management service and communication to the public and professionals about single point of entry (Level 2/3) and self-referral routes to the service.
- Establishment of three task and finish groups, led by the Clinical Pathway Lead to do the work needed across disciplines and organisations to model capacity and demand and plan and cost the model of provision for Level 2 adults, for maternity and for children, young people, and families.
- This work is being aligned closely with the work on the All-Wales Diabetes Prevention Programme and more recently the Strategic Programme for Primary Care in order to maximise reach and population outcomes by utilising different funding streams.

□ Complete

4H: Emergency planning and civil contingencies

Review and refresh the HDdUHB's emergency planning and civil contingencies / public protection strategies and present to Board by December 2022. This should include learning from the COVID-19 pandemic.

The refreshed Major Incident plan was approved at the health board meeting in July 2022. The aim of the Major Incident Plan is to save life and mitigate injury in circumstances where routine services may prove inadequate and to provide co-ordination to ensure that limited resources are deployed most effectively. This plan is based on the use of Withybush, Glangwili and Bronglais hospitals as the Designated Receiving Hospitals for the area with Prince Phillip Hospital designated as a supporting hospital. All the facilities of the health service would be available in the event of a major incident. If the number of casualties exceeds the available capacity at the time, it may be necessary, in order to release beds, to call other hospitals to assist by accepting casualties from the incident and/or patients transferred from these hospitals. It should be noted that in the event of a Major Incident in a neighbouring area, Bronglais, Glangwili, Withybush and Prince Phillip hospitals may be called upon to act as supporting hospitals.

Update

□ Complete

4I: Armed Forces Covenant

Further develop the health board plan to drive forward improved outcomes for Veterans and members of the Armed Forces community, in relation to NHS priority treatment guidance and recruitment strategies, and report on progress annually.

The Armed Forces Covenant Duty was enacted in November 2022 and strengthens the legal requirements of the health board to pay due regard to the needs of the Armed Forces Community when making decisions. The Armed Forces Covenant Duty has been incorporated into the Equality Impact Assessment process to ensure that the legal requirements are met. Work will be continuing in 2023/24 to progress existing areas of work and identify new actions. This includes making an application for the Veteran Aware award, which is part of the Veterans Healthcare Alliance, and builds on our existing Gold Award as part of the Defence Employers Recognition Scheme.

- An Armed Forces Covenant Plan has been developed in conjunction with the Armed Forces Steering Group.
- Identification of a Primary Care Armed Forces Champion, Dr Anthony Dew through our work with the Cluster Leads is helping to shape future actions.
- There has been positive engagement with the veteran and Armed Forces Community during the year, as summarised in the "Supporting the Armed Forces Community 2022/23" newsletter. This highlighted a range of actions to promote employment opportunities, access to priority treatment and staff well-being initiatives.
- Members of the Armed Forces Network have actively supported events.
- Commemorative benches were installed across all main hospital sites and have been welcomed by staff as recognition of the contribution veterans and service members make.

□ Complete

4J: Regional Well-being Plans

Work in partnership with the Public Service Boards (PSB) and Regional Partnership Boards to ensure the publication of the statutory Well-being and Population Assessments by June 2022, and the The wellbeing assessments have been completed, and plans put out to public consultation.

Planning objective and status	Update
completion of PSB Well-being Plans and an Area Plan by June 2023.	
□ Complete	

4K: Health Inequalities

Arrange a facilitated discussion at Board which is aimed at agreeing our approach to reducing health inequalities. This must include an analysis of current health inequalities, trends and causes, potential options to address the inequalities and identify tools and interventions aimed at addressing the causes. Develop specific planning objectives by September 2023 in preparation for implementation in 2024/5.

This planning objective is complete, with the options appraisal coming to board seminar in April 2023. However, there is more to be done around tackling inequalities and the initial planning objective was just the first step, so while the objective is complete this agenda will now be built into planning objectives for 2023/24 and the options chosen through the appraisal and recommendations from board actioned.

105/368

Update

□ Complete

4L: Social Model for Health and Wellbeing

Design and implement a process that continuously generates new proposals that can be developed into planning objectives aimed at constantly moving us towards a comprehensive "social model for health and wellbeing" and cohesive and resilient communities.

A systematic review of the literature with regards to a social model for health and wellbeing has been undertaken on our behalf by Aberystwyth University.

We have also been engaging with a process called 'Conversations with a Purpose' to help with a thematic review.

□ Complete

4M: Health protection

Create a sustainable and robust health protection service, including a sustainable tuberculosis services model.

This planning objective is around development of a robust sustainable health protection system. An update went to SDODC in April 2023. Assurance was taken regarding the planning objective being on track, however we do not have assurance in funding going forward as 2022/23 funding for health protection from Welsh Government is transition funding. The total funding available for 2023/24 is £1.9m. The Regional Strategic Oversight Group agreed on 23 February 2023 the funding would be assigned as follows:

- £732k for the health board community testing based on a much reduced five-day service in Spring/Summer and seven-day service in Autumn/Winter
- £100k for the cost of Point of Care Testing (POCT) for equipment, maintenance, warranties etc
- £1.068m for the local authority teams, split as follows:
 - £534k for Carmarthenshire
 - £36k from the Ceredigion and Pembrokeshire element for the HB to employ a part-time IPC nurse to work within the Ceredigion and Pembrokeshire LA (Local Authorities) teams
 - o £296k for Pembrokeshire
 - o £202k for Ceredigion

The TB Operational Group has been reestablished. The group was originally set up to respond to the Llwynhendy Outbreak and response and then to the Ukrainian Refugee settlement programme but will not turn attention to the long-

Planning objective and status	Update
	term plan for TB services in Hywel Dda UHB. Terms of Reference are being developed and pathways and services being reviewed. The group is also updating the corporate risk register in line with the Llwynhendy Outbreak External Review.
□ On-track	
4N: Food system Create and implement a process in partnership with local authorities, PSBs and other stakeholders that engages and	 A Food Systems Action Group (FSAG) standing agenda has been agreed to enable the wider food systems work to be incorporated. FSAG has reviewed the North Star Transition

FSAG has reviewed the North Star Transition recommendations in accordance with other work streams with the intention of collating, streamlining, and communicating a proposed work plan to the Social Model for Health and Well-being (SMfHW) steering group.

Update

□ Complete

4P: Recovery and Rehabilitation Service

By December 2022 develop and seek Board approval for a Recovery and Rehabilitation plan that will provide a comprehensive individualised personcentred framework to support the needs of the four identified populations included in "Rehabilitation: a framework for continuity and recovery", including those with COVID-19. Subject to IMTP discussions in Q4 2022/23, this plan should be ready for implementation from April 2024

The aim and vision is to establish effective prehabilitation and rehabilitation services across the length and breadth of the system to support delivery of the best possible health and wellbeing outcomes for our communities and progress recovery of our population following the COVID-19 pandemic. To enable this plan, our Therapy Services identified four workstreams that underpin delivery:

- Performance reporting/demand and capacity Planning.
- Digital delivery
- Workforce plan
- Accommodation and equipment.

Each workstream contains actions to review and develop services across the length and breadth of the patient journey and support the development of service delivery models and appropriate level of care. Actions within each workstream run concurrently requiring continuous and agile programme oversight and governance to ensure projects are not in conflict.

This PO will be taken forward as part of the TUEC workstream.

□ Behind

4Q: Community Care Support to reduce non-elective acute bed capacity

Through a rapid expansion of all types of community care, put in place the necessary support so that sufficient Hywel Dda residents are able to remain / return home to reduce the number of non-elective patients in acute hospital beds by an average of 120 per day.

Our objective is to grow the total homebased care workforce in the community on a sustainable basis. To develop a consistent and regional set of principles which can be owned and implemented as most appropriate in each county system. The focus of the teams will be to support independence, reablement or enablement and the Home First principles. We seek to do this in partnership recognising the impacts on the experience and outcomes for individuals and the wider population. We seek to share the responsibility and risk in the design, implementation and resourcing and will ensure senior consistent representation in a

Planning objective and status	Update
	regional steering group and local Operational Delivery Groups.
	Whilst capacity was increased through the course of last winter, we did not achieve the level of ambition we hoped for. That additional capacity is now part of our core response to patient flow through the system and will be built upon in the next year as we look to develop the homebased care model.
□ Deprioritised	

4R: Green Health and Sustainability Establish a regional oversight group, in partnership with PSBs and the RPB, to develop and promote a broad range of actions that will promote the social and green solutions for health and well-being and contribute to addressing the climate change emergency through green health

- A Preventions Board has been established.
- Additionally, a One Health Practitioner is now in post and key to linking public health into the decarbonisation and climate agenda.

□ Ahead

4S: Improvement in Population Health

and sustainability projects.

Develop and implement the strategy to improve population health so that everyone within our region can expect to live more of life in good health by:

- 1. Having clear action plans for addressing the biggest preventable risk factors for ill health and premature death.
- 2. by addressing health disparities to break the link between background and prospects for a healthy life through strong partnership working.

The strategy we have been developing will have separate elements to reflect:

- Our local Tobacco Control Strategy aims smoke free environments, reducing prevalence, smoking cessation service provision, clinical strategies and priority groups and prevention.
- Alcohol Harm Reduction and Drug Misuse Strategy aims - prevention and early intervention, harm reduction, treatment and recovery, crime reduction, complex needs, mental health and homelessness, children, families, and communities.
- Wider Health Improvement and Wellbeing aims housing and health, suicide, blood borne viruses, and objectives related to enabling factors, outcomes, and performance.

Update

□ Behind

4T: Continuous engagement implementation

Implement and embed our approach to continuous engagement through:

- Providing training on continuous engagement and our duties to engage/consult around service changes in keeping with The Consultation Institute's advice
- Implementing structures and mechanisms to support continuous engagement, aligned to the regional framework for continuous engagement
- Introducing a Continuous
 Engagement Toolkit, including
 guidance and templates to support
 wider teams and to promote good
 practice.

- A range of continuous engagement training sessions for staff and the CHC have been delivered by the Consultation Institute.
- Review undertaken of current mechanisms. New Continuous Engagement Plan was approved by Board in May 2022.
- Regular attendance by the Engagement Team at the Regional Continuous Engagement Steering Group, which aims to identify engagement taking place across west Wales by the health board and other key organisations.
- We have established a new Experience and Engagement group.
- Terms of reference for the Stakeholder Reference Group have been amended to ensure seldom heard groups and individuals with protected characteristics are represented.

Update

□ Complete

4U: Community proposals for placebased action

Develop a proposal for place-based action in at least one community in each county with key local partners and support from the WCVA which includes the identification and development of community leaders, asset mapping and the identification of priority areas of activity that would have the most likely and rapid effect on health and well-being of that community and would be owned by the local community.

Considerable progress has been made in delivering PO 4U. For example:

- A multi-agency Design Group established.
- Scoping work, about how "community" can be defined.
- Discussions have taken place with representatives from other programmes, such as the Rural Futures Programme, about how they identified communities for action.
- Related work taking place across the health board include wellbeing walks in Llanelli, continuous engagement, asset mapping in Carmarthenshire and the "10,000 conversations" initiative.
- Discussions with a range of partners, including County Voluntary Councils (CVCs), Local Authorities (LAs) and Public Services Boards (PSBs) about which communities and broad areas of activity to focus on.
- Data and statistics obtained, to support the community identification decision-making process, e.g., child poverty data and Welsh Index of Multiple Deprivation (WIMD) data.
- Scoping work, including a search of the literature, has been carried out about how "community leaders" can be identified and supported, e.g., Create Gloucestershire Catalyst Training Programme or Action Learning Sets.
- Scoping work has taken place with regard to how community-led, place-based activity can be measured, e.g., Social Value, adherence to NICE Guidelines NG44, Lincus software or national indicators and national milestones for Wales as required by sections 10(8) and 10(3) of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015.
- Multi-agency county-level sub-groups have been established to provide oversight of the work at a county level.

Update

□ On-track

4V: One Health

Develop a set of "One Health" outcome measures and seek approval from Board to include them in the Board Assurance Framework as part of Strategic Objective 4. Develop a clear framework and template to be used across relevant Planning Objectives that will embed "One Health" principles within their delivery and develop a training package accessible for all staff to raise awareness of "One Health" principles and how they can be implemented in the day-to-day work of the health board.

This is a relatively new planning objective adopted during 2022/23, and so progress is at the initial stages. However, a number of key achievements have already been met:

- Two multi sector workshops facilitated by Aberystwyth University have been undertaken with a view to embedding One Health (OH) principles into partnership working
- In discussion with Coleg Sir Gar and Bangor University regarding developing a OH training package (in conjunction with Director of Research, innovation, and University Partnerships)
- OH is part of Public Health Wales and Welsh Government draft workplans, with potential for developing national framework/toolkit/outcome measures.

□ On-track

4W: Whole School Approach to Mental and Emotional Wellbeing

Put in place an implementation plan so that, every school in the Hywel Dda area has implemented the Welsh Government Framework for Mental Health and Emotional Wellbeing and establish a formal evaluation framework to monitor and assess the impact of the framework on the mental health and emotional wellbeing of all school children.

- To date 100 per cent of all schools across Hywel Dda are aware of Welsh Government's Framework and have access to Public Health Wales' (PHW) Self Evaluation Tool (SET) and Implementation plan and guidance.
- Nationally, a more streamlined route has been decided to collect data from the SET's and this is now being demonstrated through PHW's Power BI dashboard.
- Awaiting on Welsh Government's (WG) ambitions for 2023/24.

For further details on all of our planning objectives, including our lead Executive Directors and governance arrangements, see <u>Annex A: Our Planning Objectives for 2022/23</u>.

The well-being of our future generations

The Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 requires individual organisation actions, as well as collaborative working with Public Services Boards (PSBs) and wider partners. The Act also sets out where change needs to happen within seven corporate functions of an organisation: corporate planning; workforce planning; performance management; financial planning; risk; assets, and procurement. These are the parts of the organisation services.

We refreshed our well-being objectives in November 2019 and have not made any changes to them as they continue to have strategic relevance to our vision and mission to become a population health focused organisation. Our well-being objectives align to more than one of the national well-being goals but broadly fall into four themes: environment and climate change; workforce planning and development; early intervention and prevention; collaboration, involvement, and engagement. Our well-being objectives are to:

- 1. Plan and deliver services to increase our contribution to low carbon.
- 2. Develop a skilled and flexible workforce to meet the changing needs of the modern NHS.
- 3. Promote the natural environment and capacity to adapt to climate change.
- 4. Improve population health through prevention and early intervention, supporting people to live happy and healthy lives.
- 5. Offer a diverse range of employment opportunities which support people to fulfil their potential.
- 6. Contribute to global well-being through developing international networks and sharing of expertise.
- 7. Plan and deliver services to enable people to participate in social and green solutions for health. Encouraging community participation through the medium of Welsh.
- 8. Transform our communities through collaboration with people, communities, and partners.

During 2022/23 we have been working closely with PSB partners to develop wellbeing plans across the three Local Authority Areas within the Hywel Dda UHB regional footprint.

Integration

We continue to work with our partner organisations to find ways of accelerating partnership arrangements. This has been particularly important as we have worked together on wellbeing assessments and plans. Wellbeing plans have now been approved by all statutory partners of our Public Service Boards. Within the health board we have also acknowledged the importance of integration between directorates around key wellbeing topics, including our response to the cost-of-living crisis and our response to the arrival of people seeking sanctuary from the war in Ukraine. Hywel Dda UHB hosted the first welcome centre for Ukrainian people seeking sanctuary in Wales, working closely with the Urdd and Local Authority partners.

Involvement

During the year we have sought to engage with the public in a range of conversations, including how the public would like to engage with the health board going forward. Streams of engagement work have been integrated and brought together to try to ensure people are not being asked the same questions from multiple sources. The Community Development Outreach Team have been key to providing access to surveys and questionnaires to ethnic minority communities, including in particular understanding the experience Ukrainian people seeking sanctuary with us have had

around health screening. There is ongoing engagement around the site of our new hospital, with many face-to-face stakeholder events held across the region alongside the option to participate in the discussion through online surveys. Our wellbeing plans have focussed on what our communities told us mattered to them as part of engagement work undertaken by our partners when developing wellbeing assessments.

Long term

Public bodies are facing the challenge of an ageing population and the impact that this has on our available workforce. The Apprenticeship Academy scheme is a key example of work we are doing to take a longer-term approach to contribute to A Prosperous Wales. It supports us to invest in local wealth building and contributes to our own well-being objective to offer a diverse range of employment opportunities which support people to reach their full potential.

Hywel Dda UHB continues to support employees seeking higher education qualifications, with funded places available through an annual application process.

Collaboration

Our partnership arrangements with PSBs created a variety of opportunities for collaboration. One example is the collaborative work focussing on mitigating the impact of the cost-of-living crisis for people living in west Wales. Members from all PSBs came together with the health board, third sector organisations and charities for a workshop to discuss, debate and share ideas and plans for supporting communities and the workforce through this extremely difficult time. Over the past year the health equity group, a multi-agency group aimed at ensuring we hear the voices of our communities and groups living in the region, has also been established. The group includes a focus on homelessness and housing, our travelling communities and ethnic minority health, among other topics.

Strategic Objective 5 – Safe, Sustainable, equitable and kind care



101/354 115/368

Strategic Objective 5 – Safe, Sustainable, Equitable and Kind Care



This strategic objective maps to the following ministerial priorities and measures:

- NHS Recovery access to timely planned care Six Goals of Urgent and Emergency Care
- Working alongside social care care closer to home
- A Healthier Wales
- Mental health and emotional wellbeing
- Supporting the health and care of the workforce
- Population health
- Infection prevention and control
- Digital and technology

Our strategic objectives are broad and cross-cutting. The planning objectives and narrative on progress against each strategic objective are framed against the following themes and outcomes:

Theme:	Outcome:
Safe	We minimise harm for the patients in our care
Sustainable	We have a stable and sustainable workforce
Accessible Our patients can access services in a clinically appropriate timescale	
Kind	We maximise the number of days that people spend well and healthy in their own home

The table below gives a high-level summary of our progress for this strategic objective in 2022/23:

Status
□ Complete
□ Complete
□ Behind
□ Behind
□ On-track
□ Behind
□ On-track
□ Behind
□ On-track
□ On-track
□ On-track

Our planning objectives	Status
50 – Fragile Services	□ Behind
5P – Market Stability Statement	□ Complete
5Q – Asthma pathway	□ Complete
5R – Digital Inclusion	□ Behind
5S – Palliative Care and End of Life Care Strategy	□ Behind
5T – Complex health and care needs	□ Complete
5U – Community and non-clinical estates strategy	□ Behind
5V – IMTP and operational planning	□ Complete
5W - Liberty Protection Safeguards	□ Complete
5X – Quality management System	□ Complete
Our principal risks	Control RAG
1195 Comprehensive early indicators of shortfalls in safety	□ Medium
1196 Insufficient investment in facilities/equipment/digital infrastructure	□ Medium
1197 Implementing models of care that do not deliver our strategy	□ Medium
Our outcome measures	Status
Patient safety incidents identified as moderate, severe, or catastrophic harm after investigation	□ Missed target
Number of nursing and midwifery staff in post	□ Exceeded target
Number of patients waiting 26 weeks or more from referral to treatment	□ Missed target
Patients: I am treated with dignity, respect, and kindness	□ Met target

For further details on the principal risks and outcomes see our Board Assurance Framework: Board Agenda and Papers 30 March 2023 (item 3.1).

Our planning objectives

We identified 21 planning objectives aligned to this strategic objective. The table below summarises these planning objectives and the progress we had made by March 2023.

Planning objective and status Update □ Complete Key elements of the work plan achieved through **5A: NHS Wales Delivery Framework** 2022/23 include: Review our performance measures in line with Develop and implement plans to deliver, on the WG 2022/23 Performance Framework a sustainable basis, NHS Delivery Work with our teams to develop trajectories for Framework targets related to Quality and our WG and key improvement measures Safety, Primary care, Secondary care, and Provide support and training for directorates, so MH services within the next three years. they can easily access their performance measures so that they can identify and action any improvements required Ensure that all directorates have a process in place to consider their performance and ensure that they are aware of how to access training and support where required We also take into consideration our accountability conditions with respect to performance and where current targets are falling behind. Our performance update is available through our Integrated Performance Assurance Report. □ Complete See the update for Planning Objective 5A **5B: Local Performance Targets** Develop and implement plans to deliver, on a sustainable basis, locally prioritised performance targets related to Quality and Safety, Primary care, Secondary care, and

MH services within the next three years.

Update

□ Behind

5C: Business Cases for A Healthier Mid and West Wales

Agree final business cases in line with the vision and design assumptions set out in 'A Healthier Mid and West Wales' for:

- The repurposing or new build of Glangwili and Withybush Hospitals
- Implementation of a new urgent and planned care hospital within the zone of Narberth and St Clears.

Work with partners to develop and address access, travel, transport, and the necessary infrastructure to support the service configuration taking into account the learning from the COVID pandemic.

Develop plans for all other infrastructure requirements in support of the health and care strategy.

- A Programme Business Case was submitted to WG in February 2022.
- Scrutiny comment from WG received and responded to by end April 2022.
- Presentation to Infrastructure Investment Board 27 May 2022.
- Land selection process being undertaken by four appraisal workstreams
 - Technical
 - o Clinical
 - Workforce
 - Financial and Economic

Report to Board 4 August 2022

- Transport analysis supports the appraisal workstreams and will help form the basis for the development of the transport strategy.
- Board agreed a shortlist of three sites at the meeting on 4 August 2022 and that the health board would go out to public consultation on these three sites. A consultation plan was presented to the Board on 29 September 2022. And a report detailing the next steps associated with the identification of land for the new Urgent and Planned Care Hospital and associated resources was presented to In-Committee Board on 29 September 2022.
- Progress on Community Infrastructure business cases with Cross Hands Outline Business Case approved by Board in May 2022 and submitted to WG 31 May 2022. Scrutiny comments have been received from WG and the UHB's responses returned on 16 September 2022.

□ Behind

5F: Bronglais Strategy

Fully implement the Bronglais Hospital strategy over the coming three years as agreed at Board in November 2019 taking into account the learning from the COVID-19 pandemic.

- The COVID-19 pandemic has adversely affected progress on the delivery of the Bronglais Hospital Strategy, with operational teams focussed on delivery of services since 2020.
- A post COVID-19 review of the strategy has commenced
- A revised implementation plan is in the draft stage of completion

Update

□ On-track

5G: Transforming MH and LD implementation

Implement the remaining elements of the Transforming MH plan and develop and implement a Transforming LD strategy in line with "Improving Lives, Improving Care" over the next three years and also develop and implement a plan for Transforming specialist child and adolescent health services (CAMHS) and autistic spectrum disorder and ADHD.

- We were the first health board in Wales to introduce 111 Option 2
- We continue to work towards meeting our targeted trajectories in respect of Part 1A and 1B and work with partners through the Regional Partnership Board to further strengthen care and support arrangements for children with emotional and mental health needs by becoming early adopters of the national Early Help and Support Framework, which is being implemented as part of the *Together for Children and Young People* programme.
- Undertaken a procurement exercise to outsource assessment and treatment to address our waiting lists in both adult and children and young people Autism Spectrum Disorder services. Following evaluation and stand still period, contracts have been awarded to two providers up until 31 March 2025.
- Work is progressing on the Learning Disability
 Service Improvement programme for the
 community and inpatient settings change
 programme. An update was presented to Board
 in January 2023, outlining the future direction of
 travel and next steps based on recent service
 assessments. The report included a
 comprehensive Engagement Plan scheduled for
 February/March 2023.
- Work continues on developing our Memory Assessment Service. Good progress has been made on waiting time initiatives with Occupational Therapy, including agreed action planning and patient contact. A Service Specification setting out the new service model is currently being engaged/consulted on. The procurement process for the MH and LD Third Sector Framework for a range of early intervention and prevention services commenced in November 2022. All aspects of the tendering process have been coproduced with service user and carers involvement.

Update

□ Behind

5H: Integrated locality plans

Develop and implement Integrated Locality Planning groups. Establish an integrated locality plan which is aligned with national and regional priorities across the whole health and care system. The Integrated Locality Planning Groups will agree a collective shared budget to support delivery of the plans, and demonstrate delivery of:

- Connected kind communities including implementation of the social prescribing model
- Proactive and co-ordinated risk stratification, care planning and integrated community team delivery
- Single point of contact to co-ordinate and rapidly respond to urgent and intermediate care needs to increase time spent at home
- Enhanced use of technology to support self and proactive care
- Increased specialist and ambulatory care through community clinics.

- Work has been undertaken to streamline the development of a meeting and governance structure to support the implementation of Accelerated Cluster Development through Pan Cluster Planning Group meetings etc.
- Accelerated Cluster Development checklist updated and submitted in line with national timescales.
- Implementation of the social prescribing model across the health board.
- Single point of contact to co-ordinate and rapidly respond to urgent and intermediate care needs to increase time spent at home.
- Enhanced use of technology to support self and proactive care.
- Reporting mechanisms established for the Ministerial Priorities aligned to Primary Care contractors and Community Services.
- A review of the current work programme has been proposed for early May 2023 to align priorities and refresh the workstreams.

□ On-track

5I: Children and young people services improvement

Undertake a comprehensive assessment of all health board Children and Young People Services to identify areas for improvement. From this, develop an implementation plan to address the findings by March 2024 at the latest. The assessment process and implementation plan should include the voices of children and young people and have clear links to the wider work being progressed by the RPB.

- Community paediatrics have commenced a
 Task and Finish (T&F) exercise the focus of
 which is to reduce the number of CYP waiting
 for a new or follow up appointment with a
 community paediatrician. The T&F group will
 assess the requirement for skill-mix and
 changes in practice across the Service.
- A sub-group to explore the identified gaps in Positive Behaviour Support has been formed. A paper has been written and is out for consultation.

Update

□ Behind

5J: 24/7 emergency care model for Community and Primary Care

Undertake a review of the significant changes made to the 24/7 community and primary care unscheduled care service model in 2021/22 and develop a refreshed plan to embed those changes and complete the task of establishing a comprehensive and sustainable model.

- A model for 24/7 urgent primary care (includes community in this context) has been developed and approved through formal committees.
 Welsh Government sponsored Urgent and Emergency Care (UEC) funding is supporting core aspects of this model:
 - The development and implementation of a Same Day Urgent Care service in Cardigan Integrated Care Centre. Evaluation has indicated that the service prevented 1,995 A&E attendances across Hywel Dda and 185 '999' calls in the 2022-23 financial year. Ongoing challenges remain associated with some diagnostic provision and access to hot clinics.
 - The commissioning of an additional 3,222 hours per annum, from 37 GP practices across Hywel Dda, to help support and manage Urgent Primary Care needs in the community.
- Priorities for the ongoing development of our UPC model for 2023/24 include the following:
 - appointment of eight additional Wellbeing Responders to provide a 24/7 urgent primary care response to urgent need in the community.
 - The roll out of dedicated Care Home support services which are expected to reduce avoidable conveyance and admission to hospital for care home residents.
 - Reviewing and developing our 'Homefirst' approach across Hywel Dda. Homefirst refers to a person-centred approach providing an organisational structure through which to coordinate the day-to-day proactive monitoring and management of a risk stratified population. It will also provide timely response to a medical, functional, or social crisis. This response addresses "what matters most" to the individual/ family unit utilising informed shared decision making.

Update

□ On-track

5K: Clinical effectiveness selfassessment process

Establish a process to ensure effective clinical practice is embedded within individual practice and clinical service areas. This will be achieved by:

- Supporting the assessment of practice against local and national clinical effectiveness standards and ensuing that findings are used improve the services provided to our patients;
- Supporting services to identify, understand and act upon findings from external reviews that are relevant to effective clinical practice e.g., GIRFT (Getting It Right First Time), Royal College Peer Reviews
- An Effective Clinical Practice Strategic Framework has been developed which identifies what effective clinical practice is and how clinical service areas and individual clinical professionals will be supported to ensure that their practice is clinically effective. A toolkit has been developed and published on the intranet to support the delivery of the Strategic Framework, consisting of step-by-step bitesize animated videos. This will be disseminated across the health board during 2023/24, including at a site roadshow which is being planned to commence from June 2023.
- A Delivery Plan has also been developed which details how the Effective Clinical Practice Strategic Plan will be delivered, and the practical targets that will be worked towards to support the delivery of the strategic plan. One of the key achievements delivered through this plan during 2022/23 was the introduction of the Audit Management and Tracking (AMaT) System which facilitates compliance reviews against NICE and other national guidance; acts as a central repository for local and national clinical audit and enables tracking of inspection recommendations and corresponding actions.
- A new Clinical Standards and Guidelines Group has also established, whose purpose is to identify priority areas for the clinical effectiveness team to direct resources; support clinicians and service areas to assess themselves against the clinical effectiveness standards and guidelines, using this information to learn and improve; and oversee the adoption, implementation of and adherence to nationally recognised clinical standards and guidance.
- We have engaged proactively with Health Technology Wales on their adoption audit work, which supports the adoption of their nonmedicines guidance within Wales, where recommended.

Update

□ On-track

5M: Implementation of clinical and all Wales IT systems

Implement the existing national requirements in relation to clinical and other all-Wales IT systems within expected national timescales. Develop a plan to progress to Level 5 of the seven levels of the Healthcare Information and Management Systems Society (HIMSS) maturity matrix (currently HDdUHB is at Level 3).

Significant developments have been seen in a number of key areas including but not limited to:

- · Electronic Health record
- Electronic Prescribing and Medicines Administration (ePMA)
- Eye Care Digitisation
- Radiology electronic test requesting
- Results Notification
- Welsh Intensive Care Information System (WICIS)
- Welsh Community Care Information System (WCCIS) - until expected CareDirector functionality has been delivered and clear benefits can be demonstrated HDdUHB will not be increasing the number of WCCIS/ CareDirector users. The health board will continue to work with the National WCCIS programme and community-based staff to identify how best to implement systems for community-based services

□ On-track

5N: Implementation National Network and Joint Committee Plans

Implement all outstanding plans in relation to but not limited to National Networks and Joint Committees. This will include commitments agreed with Swansea Bay UHB/A Regional Collaboration for Health (ARCH), Mid Wales Joint Committee, Sexual Assault Referral Centre (SARC), National Collaborative, Welsh Health Specialised Services Committee.

HDdUHB is a partner in a number of local, regional, and national programmes. For example, through ARCH (A Regional Collaboration for Health) the health board is developing a wide range of regional service initiatives such as:

- Cardiology
- Neurosciences
- Pathology
- Diagnostics
- Cancer
- Dermatology
- Eye care

□ Behind

50: Fragile Services

Develop and implement a plan to address health board specific fragile services, which maintains and develops safe services until the new hospital system is established. This planning objective has focused, in alignment with planning objective 5N, on stroke services. Key developments have included:

 Minimum Clinical Standards for Stroke Services across the region have been drafted.

Planning objective and status	Update
	 Drafted a Comprehensive Regional Stroke Centre (CRSC), formerly known as Hyper Acute Stroke Unit) Business Case has been prepared. Next steps include CRSC business case agreement by the health board and the development of a business case for the rest of the stroke pathway

Update

□ Complete

5P: Market Stability Statement

Bring the finalised Market Stability
Statement and Population Needs
Assessment programme to the health board
by June 2022 and develop an initial set of
new Planning Objectives to address the
opportunities and issues raised by
September 2022 for implementation from
Q3 2022/23.

Following the completion of the West Wales Partnerships' Market Stability Report the following were identified

- Consider the business case to develop in-house nursing provision (including taking due regard to registration requirements) to rebalance the market and address market failures.
- Develop in-reach and out-reach models with residential homes at the centre of their communities (also referenced as Hub and Spoke models). This will be mutually beneficial for homes and the wider array of community services and support. Work is ongoing with the health board's three local authorities.
- There is a need for more specialist and nursing provision especially for people with dementia, and it is noted that modern purpose-built facilities tend to have the highest occupancy. The pandemic has accelerated this trend, particularly in the self-funder market.
- Monitor occupancy closely as hardship funding tapers to identify providers who may be struggling and try to ensure that any unavoidable exits are planned and supported.
- Seek to incentivise investment in new/expanded dementia and nursing care in the region, for example through contracts which share occupancy risks, providing sites, facilitating planning consents and supporting workforce initiatives.
- Consider whether to acquire homes which are at risk of closure either to sustain provision, repurpose for other uses which support people to remain independent, such as supported living, or release the capital to reinvest in new provision.

Update

□ Complete

5Q: Asthma pathway

Develop and implement a plan to roll out an interface asthma services across the health Board from April 2021, working across primary and secondary care. The aim of this is to enhance pathway value by reduce asthma related morbidity and mortality whilst improving access to expert opinion and reducing secondary care demand.

- A weekly MDT is undertaken providing respiratory advice and stopping secondary care Consultant appointments.
- Virtual Meeting every three months with a Paediatric Consultant to discuss children and young people.
- Difficult Asthma clinics are being run
- Over 20 GP Practices have support, education and training in place and now regular access to the asthma team when needed.

□ Behind

5R: Digital Inclusion

In response to the recently signed Digital Inclusion Charter, by March 2023 develop a digital inclusion programme which will provide a coordinated approach to digital inclusion across the health board and its wider partners for the local population. The programme will recognise the continuously changing role digital technology plays in the lives of individuals and society as a whole.

HDdUHB has signed the Digital Inclusion Charter for Wales and were accredited in September 2022 having successfully demonstrated its commitment to implementing the Digital Inclusion Charter principles. The health board will continue to work with communities co-produce digital services with patients, ensuring that all patient, service users, and carer voices help shape the work to ensure it delivers the maximum possible value to the community.

□ Behind

5S: Palliative Care and End of Life Care Strategy

Establish a health board-wide Palliative
Care Triumvirate with a pooled budget to
lead on the implementation of the approved
Palliative Care and End of Life Care
Strategy. This will deliver on five key
outcomes; a regional commissioning
framework for third sector delivered
services, an evidenced workforce model
based on capacity and demand plan with
equitable training opportunities, a service
model based on best practice from the
Swan/Cygnet model, an outcomes and
delivery dashboard in line with new national
requirements, and implementation of the
estates benchmarking review.

- Service model and manual developed with service leads.
- Local development of multi-disciplinary team (MDT) approach completed, and new ways of working being rolled out.
- Shared strategy with national leads for Palliative Care and End of Life Care (PEOLC).
- Business case based on service workforce model being developed.
- Following the formal sign off of the Palliative and End of Life Care Strategy (PEOLC) by the health board a Senior Reporting Officer has been appointed to embed and facilitate the findings of the strategy across the Hywel Dda area. Key phases of this work include:
- Developing a governance and reporting structure to support implementation of the strategy

Planning objective and status • Development of a leadership team / triumvirate • Develop structures and pooled budget arrangements • Implementation of the strategy incorporating the end-to-end, whole-age, clinical pathway • Development of a workforce model • Develop and implement a regional commissioning framework for third sector delivered services

□ Complete

5T: Complex health and care needs

Propose new planning objectives for the following year to pilot and test innovate approaches to offering people with complex and/or rising health and care needs (accounting for 15-30% of our population) greater control over the choice of care and support they need. The aim of these approaches must be to improve the value (outcome vs cost) from the services we provide and take advantage of the new national Continuing Healthcare Framework and likely introduction of Independent User Trusts.

This planning objective has been completed and the work is now being progressed as business as usual.

Recommendations we have tested over the last year has included:

- Expansion of community micro enterprises.
- Develop the circle of support.
- Digital Test the Connected Healthcare Administrative Interface (CHAI) community application.
- Evaluate and evidence the above models work.

This planning objective also needs to be linked into planning objective 5H (Integrated Locality Planning) and form a central tenant of it.

□ Behind

5U: Community and non-clinical estates strategy

Develop an initial plan for the health board's community and non-clinical estate with a focus on addressing Welsh Government's 'Town First' initiative, reducing our accommodation overheads, and improving the working lives of our staff. It should also set out an on-going process to refresh and renew this plan over the coming years in order to keep pace with new working patterns, HB needs and opportunities for co-location with public and voluntary sector partners.

Our A Healthier Mid and West Wales programme provides the overarching strategic plan for the community and non-clinical estate. This is supported by a developed 'Property Asset Strategy'. The Strategy summarises the baseline estate and identifies the links to planned and approved short, medium estate plans, both estate development and rationalisation plans.

'The Strategy' will be a 'live document' updated annually to reflect planned and proposed changes to the retained estate but will be continued to be aligned to the health board's strategic and operational plans, with a focus on estate assets.

Update

□ Complete

5V: IMTP and operational planning

Develop an IMTP annual planning cycle which supports the Exec Team in the timely development future annual and three-year plans. This should incorporate the utilisation of quarterly Exec Team residential sessions and a model to deploy operational planning capability out into the organisation.

Given the current financial position of the health board, alongside the fact that the organisation is currently in Targeted Intervention for finance and planning, we will not be in a position to submit a financially balanced plan over the three years of the current Integrated Medium Term Plan (IMTP) cycle, and as such an annual plan within a three-year context will be submitted instead.

□ Complete

5W: Liberty Protection Safeguards

Develop and deliver an implementation programme that will ensure effective operational implementation of the Liberty Protection Safeguards legislation across the health board by 1st October 2023.

- Hywel Dda are still waiting on the UK
 Governments response to the consultation on
 the code of practise and no new date for
 implementation of Liberty Protection Safeguards
 has been announced.
- Wider Mental Capacity Act (MCA) training continues as part of the preparations, and we are on track with the implementation plan.

□ Complete

5X: Quality management System

Develop a plan to introduce a comprehensive quality management system to support and drive quality across the organisation. Implementation to begin by April 2022 and completed within three years. The system will be supported by the HBs "Improving Together Framework" and EQIIP Programme as delivery vehicles.

Health and Social Care (Quality and Engagement) (Wales) Act 2020 comes into force in Spring 2023:

- Requires health services to demonstrate quality is at heart of all they do.
- System-wide approach to achieving quality of care in a way that secures continuous improvement.
- Duty applies to all health services functions (not just clinical).
- Applies to Welsh ministers in relation to their health functions.
- Ministers and NHS bodies will have to actively consider whether their decisions will improve service quality and secure improvement in outcomes.
- This approach supports the five ways of working in The Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 to achieve a healthier Wales.

For further details on all of our planning objectives, including our lead Executive Directors and governance arrangements, see Annex A: Our Planning Objectives for 2022/23.

Urgent and Emergency Care

Our vision for urgent and emergency care (UEC) provision across the health board aligns to the ambition set out by Welsh Government. Specifically, this outlines the expectation that health and care organisations work together to develop an urgent and emergency care service that supports people to access the right care, in the right place at the right time and as close to home as possible.

Our UEC system has, for a number of years, been challenged by a level of demand that exceeds capacity and the pressure on the system has further deteriorated since the COVID-19 pandemic. Our data demonstrated that patients continued to present to emergency departments when their needs could have been met by a range of information, advice, and assistance available in the community. It also demonstrated that patients admitted to hospital may have benefited from care and treatment at home as a safe alternative. Hospital admissions can be detrimental to vulnerable patients such as our frail and elderly. For this population care and treatment at home therefore should be considered preferable where it is considered by doctors and their multi-disciplinary colleagues as safe and appropriate to do so.



Utilising Welsh Government's Six Goals for Urgent and Emergency Care framework and associated guidance, the health board has developed and commenced implementation of a programme of change to improve access to urgent and emergency care. Our Transforming Urgent and Emergency Care (TUEC) programme centres around the provision of the following which collectively we refer to as our 'Home First' approach:

- Proactive management and early identification of patients in the community who are at high risk of needing urgent care.
- Enhanced community-based care and treatment to meet urgent care needs efficiently and
 effectively to reduce the need for emergency department attendance and/or hospital
 admission. When admission is required, the enhanced community care capacity will also
 support facilitation of discharge from hospital as early as possible. We have secured an

- additional 3,222 hours annually from GP practices across the Hywel Dda area to help support and manage Urgent Primary Care (UPC) needs in the community.
- Same Day Emergency Care (SDEC) provision across Carmarthenshire, Ceredigion and Pembrokeshire which provides rapid access to GPs and paramedics to diagnostics and specialist assessment allowing the provision of treatment at home and avoiding a hospital admission. Local and national evaluation of our SDEC provision has been undertaken and further opportunities to extend this service identified.
- Development and phased implementation of a 'Clinical Streaming Hub' for doctors and other professional colleagues to use to strengthen signposting and scheduling to safe alternatives to hospital-based care. Multi-disciplinary clinicians (Specialist Urgent Primary and Intermediate Care doctors, therapists and nurses based in the Hub in Carmarthenshire have benefited from Advanced Paramedic Practitioners (APP) from the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust (WAST)). The APP liaises with paramedic crews at scene and along with the Hub clinicians consider safe alternative to conveyance to hospital. This approach has been externally evaluated and which demonstrated positive outcomes for patients. The approach will now be extended across the health board footprint.
- Strengthening skills and knowledge base of acute hospital staff in effective discharge planning and coordination through training and process improvement.
- Joint working with local authority and voluntary sector colleagues to strengthen assessment for and availability of care to ensure patients return home as soon as they no longer require acute hospital treatment.
- Use of technology enabled care (telehealth and telecare) solutions that enable individuals to maintain independence and self-management of their conditions while allowing the early identification of condition deterioration and alerting professionals that help is required.

Our priorities for the TUEC programme 2023/24 are:

- Further development of the Hywel Dda Clinical Streaming Hub will include integration of the Out of Hours GP service with our multidisciplinary Urgent Primary Care / Home First community provision providing a 'skill mix' resource to meet a range of presenting needs.
- The Hub will also explore 24/7 Telemedicine Care Home Support and evaluate impact to inform definitive provision
- Furthering integration of community care provision with local authority colleagues to develop an integrated care service for the population of west Wales centred around our Home First approach.
- The enhancing of our SDEC/SDUC models to include the recommendations from recent local and Welsh Government evaluations of the service
- Development and implementation of 72-hour assessment units in our acute hospital sites
- Continued focus on implementing effective and efficient discharge practice and processes to reduce avoidable long lengths of stay in hospital particularly for our frail adult population.

Putting Things Right

Our process for managing concerns is in accordance with The National Health Service (Concerns, Complaints and Redress Arrangements) (Wales) Regulations 2011. Detailed information about 'Putting Things Right: Raising your concerns about the NHS' is available here: http://www.wales.nhs.uk/sitesplus/862/page/40398

The aim of 'Putting Things Right' is to have a single and supportive process for people to raise concerns, and to provide an effective and timely response based on the principles of openness and honesty. Learning from concerns is an essential part of this process. Further information on what we have done in response to the feedback we have received and the outcomes of investigations into concerns is explained below.

Concerns (complaints)

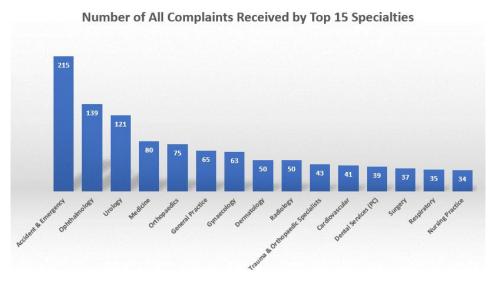
During the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023, we received 2,509 complaints that were managed under the Putting Things Right process. In the same period last year, the health board received 1,739 complaints that were managed under the same process.

We are fully committed to resolving complaints within 30 working days.

When this is not possible (such as when complaints involve multiple agencies, or when a complaint is about a very serious event), our aim is to resolve complex matters within six months. Improving the timeliness and outcomes of the concerns process is a priority for us to ensure any remedial actions can be addressed as quickly as possible.

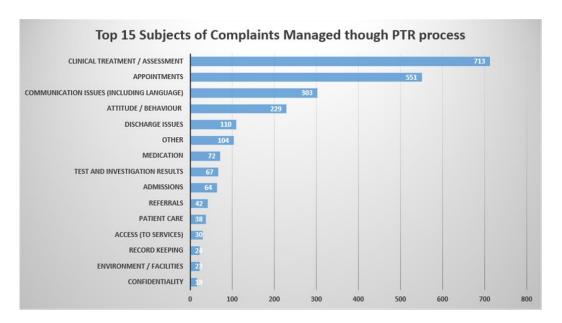
During the year, we responded to 65 per cent of concerns received, within 30 working days and 86 per cent within six months. Meanwhile, 13 of these concerns were referred to the NHS Redress Scheme.

The number of complaints by specialty is set out below:



The specialties receiving the highest number of concerns, are our A&E departments, general practice, and orthopaedic services. These numbers must be taken in the context of the high volume of patient activity and contacts in these areas.

For general practice, there are currently 48 practices (six of which are health board managed practices). The number above represents the total number of concerns received across general practice. The reason for raising complaints, as shown in the table below, relates to waiting times, clinical treatment, and communications.



Public Services Ombudsman for Wales

There were 51 concerns raised with the Ombudsman during this year, which is a reduction in the number of complaints raised from the previous year. The number of concerns raised about complaints handling has also reduced. There has been a small increase in the numbers of investigation reports that have been upheld/partly upheld. We ensure that immediate action is taken to address any findings made by the Ombudsman. All reports are reviewed by our Listening and Learning Sub-Committee, who also assure the Board that action has been taken and within the agreed timeframes. Patient experience and learning from concerns.

We are highly committed to improving the patient experience and learning from both positive experiences of care, concerns, and complaints.

Patient Experience

Service user feedback is important to monitor the experience of those who access our services and the quality of care that they receive. This allows us to identify where services need to improve, to share good practice and learn from positive experiences.

It is our priority to act on all feedback received as part of our culture of improvement and to demonstrate that we are fulfilling our pledges as set out in the <u>Charter for Improving Experience</u>. Our Charter sets out what our service users can expect when using our services. It sets out a number of pledges that we call 'always experiences'. We have worked hard to implement the Charter during 2022 including implementing a new Once for Wales system to capture patient experience.

We receive details of the feedback from service users at each Board meeting and is informed of what is being done to improve patient experience. You can access the patient experience reports,

33/368

which include patient stories about a range of experiences within the Board meeting papers on our website <u>Your health board - Hywel Dda University Health Board (nhs.wales)</u>.

Learning from feedback is an essential element to the management of concerns. Without feedback from our service users and our staff, the health board will not be able to continually improve services for patient safety. The summary below shows some of the important feedback received and what we have done to make changes:

You Said	We did
The Rheumatology Services in Hywel Dda need to be more accessible – I have waited too long to hear from a specialist.	The Rheumatology Service has made some important changes to the way its services are accessed, by introducing a system whereby patients needing an appointment are able to contact the Communication Hub, where details are taken and passed to the Rheumatology Team for triage.
	Since its implementation in August last year, we have seen noticeable improvements in our response times, with patients receiving increasingly quicker call-backs from our nurses. Since September 2022, we have taken 1600 enquiries this way – so really are working hard to make the service as accessible as possible to everyone needing it.
You didn't take account of my individual needs when I began my care and treatment under maternity services. My specific needs were overlooked, and my advocate was unable to accompany me to appointments. I found myself having to repeat my needs when I attended.	Work started on the development of a 'maternity passport' in January 2023 and is nearing completion. The maternity passport will make members of staff immediately aware of any specific individual care needs a patient may have through the maternity pathway. This will ensure that women will not need to repeat their specific care needs at each appointment or be disadvantaged if an advocate is unavailable.
I asked to wait in a quiet space in the A&E department as is reasonable to my neurodivergent needs. I felt discriminated against because of my autism.	Space within A&E waiting areas is challenging. We welcome the opportunity to support individual needs where people feel comfortable to share them. We invite patients to attend with preprepared cards or notes explaining their needs, so that staff can be alerted to them. Work is ongoing to roll the scheme out to all our A&E and outpatient departments, allowing staff to update the patient's medical records as appropriate with

a 'keynote' to identify Autism or other individual needs. Within each A&E there are also facilities to have a private conversation outside of the busy main area.

All staff maintain equality and diversity awareness as part of their mandatory training. We have established additional training programmes specifically around neurodiversity, including our courses on 'Autism awareness', 'Understanding Autism' and 'Autism spectrum matters'. We are working hard to refine our awareness and develop training materials that will produce staff increasingly well-equipped to support neurodivergent needs.

Food and drink should be offered in Accident and Emergency Departments, especially as there are long delays before being treated. While we routinely offer food at mealtimes for patients with a long wait within Emergency Departments, we now have supplies of bottled water readily available for our patients and their relatives. Whilst we already keep a supply of sandwiches, we recognise that with increased numbers of attendances and prolonged waiting within the department, this can be inadequate. Consequently, we are increasing the number of snacks to reduce the risk of running out.

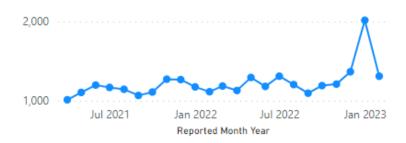
Because we have received complaints about the facilities within our Emergency Departments generally, we have established a working group to review seating, signage, and the environment within them. As a result of this work new seating has been provided in Withybush and Glangwili Hospitals.

Continuity of care needs to be better for young people as they move from the support of the Children and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS) to the support of the Adult Mental Health Team.

We have employed a transition nurse within CAMHS to ensure that we provide a seamless mental health support service for young people as they reach adulthood.

Incidents and investigations

There were 18,585 incidents including adverse events reported between 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023, of which 16,047 were affecting patients.



For patient safety incidents, the reporter of the incident provides an initial indication of harm to the person affected and then following investigation, a final grade of harm is given. The final severity of the incident is based on the patient outcome and whether this was caused by any acts or inactions by the health board. Of the patient safety incidents where the investigation has been completed and the investigation approved by a senior manager, seven per cent were deemed to have more than minimal harm. The following severities were recorded:

- No harm = 41 per cent
- Low harm = 52 per cent
- Moderate harm = 6 per cent
- Severe harm = <1 per cent
- Catastrophic harm = <1 per cent

The top five incidents reported for the year were:

- Pressure damage
- Patient accident/fall
- Medication error
- Behaviour
- Staff accidents/falls

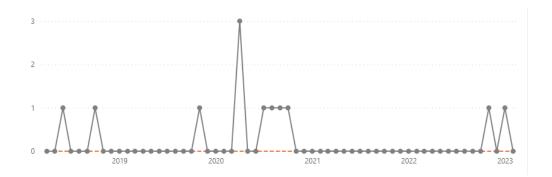
Incident reporting and investigation allows us to identify areas for improvement to patient safety. As well as improvements at an individual ward or team level, we use our incident reporting data for our quality improvement programme 'Enabling Quality Improvement in Practice' (EQIiP). Our Quality, Safety and Experience Committee received a routine Quality Assurance report at each meeting which details some of the quality improvement work, linked to incidents, being undertaken within HDdUHB. This has included:

- Falls prevention:
 - Lying and standing blood pressure
 - Falls documentation
 - Post falls care
- Medicines management:
 - Human factors in the workplace.
 - Reducing interruptions by embedding 'do not disturb' culture.
 - Change of ward round times.

- Use of door handle signage (hotel style do not disturb during drug rounds) and ward posters.
- Communication campaign via social media (Facebook, twitter etc) to highlight the importance of ensuring that patients bring their own medicines into hospital with them.
- Recording of the weight of the patient on drug charts.
- Nutrition and hydration:
 - Timely nutrition assessments e.g., in our Emergency Departments.

Nationally Reportable Incidents

We are required to report certain incidents to the NHS Wales Delivery Unit. During the year, we reported 81 incidents to the NHS Wales Delivery Unit. The reportable patient safety incident are incidents which caused or contributed to the unexpected or avoidable death, or severe harm, of one or more patients, staff** or members of the public, during NHS funded healthcare*. We are also required to report Never Events. Never events are a sub-set of patient safety incidents that are defined as 'serious, largely preventable patient safety incidents that should not occur if the available preventable measures have been implemented. In 2022/23, we reported 2 Never Events (these are included in the overall figure reported to the NHS Wales Delivery Unit). The graph below shows the number of Never Events reported.



Nosocomial COVID Infections

In April 2022, we received additional funding from Welsh Government to support our nosocomial COVID review programme. We have identified 2,320 incidents of suspected nosocomial COVID infection for which we are undertaking proportionate investigations. The progress of the investigations as at 31 March 2023 is captured in the table below. Regular progress updates including learning identified is reported to our Quality, Safety and Experience Committee through the Quality Assurance report.

The spike in incident reporting during January 2023 is due to a piece of work to ensure all suspected nosocomial COVID infections are captured on our incident reporting system (Datix Cymru).

	Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 3	Wave 4	Total
	(27/2/2020 - 26/7/2020)	(27/07/2020 - 16/05/2021)	(17/05/2021 - 19/12/2021)	(20/12/2021 - 30/04/2022)	
Total number of suspected hospital acquired COVID included in the review	119	1043	356	802	2320
Total not started / under investigation	0	111	99	305	531
Total review complete (awaiting decision for panel)	33	161	91	204	473
Downgraded	11	47	15	10	83
Total referred to panel (not closed)	9	128	24	75	236
Total completed investigations	66	596	127	208	997

While undertaking the reviews, we have identified several areas of good practice which we have shared for learning across the organisation:

- Timely DNACPR (Do Not Attempt Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation) decisions with rationale and discussions documented.
- Ceiling of care discussion with patient and family documented.
- Initiation of end-of-life pathway where appropriate.
- Family members visits being facilitated when end of life.
- Regular medical reviews (well documented).
- Use of technology for communication between patient and family.
- Documentation of bed location and rationale for moving patients.
- Documentation of PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) usage when patient being visited by relatives.
- COVID-19 testing being undertaken in a timely manner e.g., following development of COVID symptoms, in line with the guidance at the time.

Nurse Staffing Levels (Wales) Act

The Nurse Staffing Levels (Wales) Act (NSLWA) (Section 25B) currently requires that all adult medical/surgical wards and paediatric inpatient wards calculate and take all reasonable steps to maintain nurse staffing levels that are appropriate to provide patient-centred care that meets all reasonable requirements in that setting.

The nurse staffing levels have to be calculated every six months and more frequently, if necessary, for example changes in clinical specialty, bed numbers and patient pathway; changes in patient acuity patterns, as well as implementing new infection prevention measures as the health board responded to the pandemic. In responding to our statutory responsibilities, we have systems in place to regularly review and (re) calculate the nurse staffing levels required for each adult/paediatric ward where S25B of the Act applies; and many steps, appropriate to each acute hospital site, were taken to ensure that all reasonable steps were taken to support nurse staffing levels. However, we continue to face challenges in maintaining the nurse staffing levels with the registered nurse vacancy position; the worsened sickness levels and staff absence; and the additional staffing required to manage the added in-patient capacity contributing to these challenges.

Among many other steps, the use of temporary staffing, the deployment of registered nurses (and other clinical staff) from other services into these wards, the recruitment of more Health Care Support Workers and the availability of incentivised additional hours payments were key mitigation steps taken. Despite these and the many other steps taken to maintain staffing levels, there were, nevertheless, periods when wards on each acute site worked at escalated nurse staffing positions in 2022/23. Any patient safety risks that arose during these times were mitigated through intense and robust operational communications and hour by hour planning of the most effective deployment of staff on each acute hospital site. In this way, the requirements within the Nurse Staffing Levels (Wales) Act can be shown to have been met, even in the most challenging of circumstances that have existed during 2022/23.

In addition to the specific requirements laid out in Section 25B of the Act, the health board also has a principal duty 'to have regard to providing sufficient nurses to care for patients sensitively' (in both its provided and commissioned services). The detailed evidence to show how this duty has been discharged across all the Board's nursing services is laid out in the NSLWA Annual Assurance report presented to the Board in May 2022 https://hduhb.nhs.wales/about-us/your-health-board/board-meetings-2022/board-agenda-and-papers-26-may-2022/agenda-and-papers-26-may-2022/item-32-nurse-staffing-levels-wales-act-annual-report-2021-22pdf/

Quality Improvement

Following the reduction in Covid restrictions, 2022-2023 has been a busy and productive year in relation to Quality Improvement. The health board's commitment to build capacity and capability was re-established in line with the Quality improvement Strategic Framework 2018-2021. Cohort 2 of the Enabling Quality Improvement in Practice (EQIiP) Programme held their celebration event, presenting 18 improvement projects to an invited audience of board members managers and sponsors. Cohort 3 commenced in November 2022 for 12 project teams from across the health board, including maternity, paediatrics, cardiology, community services, mental health and general medicine, with the range and diversity of projects, from support for unpaid cares to the development of an induction of labour booking system and a system for home testing for Irritable Bowel Disease, demonstrating the increased recognition of the value of the EQIiP Programme. Each project team was supported by a dedicated Improvement Coach throughout the 9-month programme, and a further 15 Improvement Coaches were identified and developed, bring the total to 40 Coaches by March 2023.

As well as the design and delivery of the EQIiP programme the Quality Improvement and Service Transformation (QIST) Team have also provided dedicated support throughout the year to operational teams in patient safety areas such as Falls, Pressure Damage, Nutrition and Hydration, Hospital Acquired Thrombosis and Medicines Management improvement. Significant support has been provided to areas under the health board's enhanced monitoring with the introduction of the Real Time Demand and Capacity (RTDC) Initiative across the acute hospital sites, and the implementation of the Transforming Urgent and Emergency Care (TUEC) plan including the continued introduction of Board Rounds and Safety Huddles on inpatient areas, continued support for the Same Day Emergency Care model.

The QIST team continued its development of two significant initiatives identified to support staff and patients during the Covid-19 pandemic, the Communication Hub, and the Waiting List Support Service (WLSS) during 2022/23. The Communication Hub supported numerous operational teams including the Covid vaccination with calling handling, receiving, and responding to over 48,000 calls from January 2022 to March 2023, supporting services such as the Vaccination programme, Dental and community nursing. The WLSS continued to support patients waiting for elective care contacting over 18,000 patients, offering advice and support to optimise health and wellbeing.

The health board confirmed its commitment to engage the Improvement Cymru / IHI (Institute for Healthcare Improvement) National Safe Care Collaborative in June 2022, and following its launch in November 2022 has supported 40 members of staff from across the health board to attend each of the Learning Events in 2022/23. The health board adopted a unique approach to the collaborative by establishing teams to actively work on projects across the four collaborative workstreams (Leadership, Community, Ambulatory and Acute Care) relating to the TUEC work plan. This approach was presented to the national collaborative in March 2023.

Throughout the year the health board improvement activities have been recognised at numerous national and International conferences and events ,including a medication safety project presentation at the Bristol Patient Safety Conference, the Virtual Prehabilitation Initiative received an award at the National Preoperative Care Conference, was published in the NHS Digital Transformation Playbook and received ITEC award in Partnership with Delta Wellbeing, shortlisted for two digital HSJ awards, the Evaluation of the EQIiP programme by Swansea University at the ISQUA Conference in Sidney Australia and was published in the Journal of Health Organization and Management , six project abstracts accepted for the BMJ/IHI Patient Safety Forum in Copenhagen in May 2023

An updated Quality Improvement Strategic Framework for 2023 -2026 was approved by the Board in March 2023. This framework extends the Board's ambition to create the environment for frontline staff to develop the skills and capacity to make continuous improvement part of their everyday work by making a commitment to deliver two EQIiP per year. This commitment is well underway as the next EQIiP cohort was identified in February 2023 and the programme is planned to commence in April 2023. This framework underpins the health board's Quality Management System (QMS) launched in March 2023 and will be instrumental in the health board aim to integrate all improvement and change activities to support patient safety and staff wellbeing in 2023/24.

Safeguarding

We continue to demonstrate a commitment to partnership and agency working. We continue to be a consistent member of the Mid and West Wales Regional Safeguarding Board and work collaboratively and provide professional challenge across the spectrum of safeguarding work. Our governance framework for safeguarding is set out in the health board's Corporate Safeguarding Policy.

We have contributed to the Mid and West Wales Regional Safeguarding Board Annual Plan and annual report and contributed to the NHS Wales Safeguarding Network workplan and annual report. The health board's Corporate Safeguarding Team has taken lead roles in national work to support the NHS Wales role in the VAWDASV agenda and developments within the Looked After Children health assessment developments.

The corporate safeguarding team led a self-assessment of the health board against the NHS Wales Safeguarding Maturity Matrix and have identified our strategic priorities as a result. Our compliance with legislation and training continues to be reported to the health board's service Safeguarding Delivery Groups and exceptions and assurance monitored by the Strategic Safeguarding Working Group.

In a climate of increased activity with no additional resource for our safeguarding work the Corporate Safeguarding Team and operational services have continued to innovate, some of which has been recognised at the Mid and West Wales Regional Safeguarding Board Awards and NHS Wales Safeguarding Together Conference.

The Health and Social Care (Quality and Engagement) (Wales) Act 2020

During 2022/23, as we prepared for enforcement of the Health and Social Care (Quality and Engagement) Wales Act 2020, we formed a Quality and Engagement Implementation Group, chaired by the Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience who has been identified as our executive officer lead. Two workstreams were formed, one for Duty of Quality and one for Duty of Candour, and a programme plan was developed.

We have been using all appropriate opportunities within the health board to raise awareness of the responsibilities under the Duty of Candour and Duty of Quality e.g., directorate quality and governance meetings, proportionate investigation training, SharePoint, and our staff bulletins.

We have formalised our Quality Management System Strategic Framework and updated our Quality Improvement Strategic Framework, which were both presented to our Board on 30 March 2023. The overarching aim of the quality management system (QMS) strategic framework is to provide a system-wide approach to achieving quality of care in a way that secures continuous improvement. This strategic framework sets out our approach, structure and tools provided to empower staff to lead and deliver services that meet quality and safety expectations and standards. The Quality Management System Strategic Framework provides the umbrella under which the key enablers and programmes of work focused on driving quality, safety, performance, and efficiency within the health board come together.

Strategic Objective 6 – Sustainable use of resources



128/354 142/368

Strategic Objective 6 - Sustainable use of resources



This strategic objective maps to the following ministerial priorities and measures:

- NHS finance and managing within resources Economy and Environment
- Supporting the health and care of the workforce

Our strategic objectives are broad and cross-cutting. The planning objectives and narrative on progress against each strategic objective are framed against the following themes and outcomes:

Theme:	Outcome:	
Social	Our positive impact on society is maximised	
Environmental	We are making a positive contribution to addressing the climate emergency	
Economic	We are making progress against the delivery of our "Roadmap to Financial Recovery"	

The table below gives a high-level summary of our progress for this strategic objective in 2022/23:

Our planning objectives	Status
6B – Value improvement and income opportunity	□ Complete
6D – Value Based Healthcare and Patient Reported Outcome Programme	□ On-track
6G – Decarbonisation and green initiatives plan	□ Complete
6H – Supply chain analysis	□ On-track
6I – Interim Budget 2022-23	□ Complete
6K – Design assumptions	□ On-track
6L – Workforce, Clinical Service and Financial Sustainability	□ On-track
6M – Cyber Security Framework	□ Complete
6N – Intelligent Automation	□ Behind
Our principal risks	Control RAG
1198 – Ability to shift care in the community	□ Medium
1199 – Achieving financial sustainability	□ Medium
1200 – Maximising social value	□ Medium
Our outcome measures	Status
% of third party spend with Hywel Dda suppliers	☐ Missed target
% of third party spend with Welsh suppliers	☐ Missed target

Our planning objectives	Status
Emissions reported in line with the Welsh Public Sector Net Zero Carbon Reporting Approach	☐ Missed target
Financial deficit (£m)	☐ Met target

For further details on the principal risks and outcomes see our Board Assurance Framework: <u>Board Agenda and Papers 30 March 2023</u> (item 3.1).

Our planning objectives

We identified nine planning objectives aligned to this strategic objective. The table below summarises these planning objectives and the progress we had made by March 2023.

Planning objective and status

Update

□ Complete

6B: Value improvement and income opportunity

- Develop and roll-out an initial suite of financial sustainability plans for the whole organisation based on the target operation models the HB is seeking to implement through its planning objectives for the next three years. These plans should provide the detail underpinning the health board's roadmap to financial recovery and be introduced in such a way to allow budget holders to focus on the positive change being sought.
- In parallel with the above, develop an activity-based condition and pathway costing programme for all major health conditions thereby providing a longitudinal analysis of health board spend to support the on-going roll out of PROMs (Patient Reported Outcome Measures) and VBHC (Value Based Health Care) approaches to budgetary decision making and resource allocation.
- Financial sustainability plans work here concluded as a first phase and an update for the 2023/24 planning cycle was undertaken.
 Opportunities that supported the previous routemap to financial sustainability were reviewed and refined with Executive leads. An investigation into the operational drivers of deficit growth over the past two years was undertaken. Areas of waste and inefficiency identified through these two sources generated Executive led Programme of Change projects, which include: Transforming Urgent and Emergency Care, Integrated Locality Planning, Nurse Stabilisation, Alternative Care, FLOs and CHC.
- Costing programme for all major health conditions - work was undertaken in parallel with overall Value Based Health Care programme, requesting early invitation to each new project, to discuss offering and jointly decide whether resource measurement is required. Around this, broader operational requests for resource modelling are evaluated within same framework and approach.

Update

□ On-track

6D: Value Based Healthcare and Patient Reported Outcome Programme

Implement the three objectives and associated actions contained within the VBHC plan (2021-24), including the routine capture of PROMs within the majority of our service areas, the delivery of an education programme, and a bespoke programme of research and innovation'.

We have published a clear plan for delivering VBHC, which places our population at the heart of our service development. The plan is structured around three interrelated goals:

- Invest in the systems and processes to enable our staff to routinely use PROMs and resource utilisation data in planning, organising, and delivering healthcare.
- Develop the knowledge and skills of our staff to put the theory of VBHC into practice.
- Establish partnerships with universities, innovation agencies, international healthcare systems and companies to understand how to optimise the wider societal benefits of adopting a VBHC approach and accelerate the innovations with demonstrable potential to securing them.

Over the course of 2022/23, the VBHC Programme has increased in scope and pace, providing routine PROM (Patient Reported Outcome Measures) collection in a large range of service areas. Looking forward there remains a realisable ambition to further expand the reach of VBHC routinely into Primary, Community and Social Care.

In recognition of the challenging technical demands imposed by the ambitious approach to VBHC in Hywel Dda and in line with national procurement frameworks, work is underway to review a technical solution and digital enablers to increasing the impact of VBHC across the entirety of HDdUHB.

Our work to date has resulted in detailed reviews of service areas and the development of work plans to change the way that we deliver services, through the lens of value. These Service Reviews have identified a range of common themes, most notably:

- Health literacy and Public Health / Primary Care engagement.
- Patient activation and behavioural insights.
- Modifiable lifestyle factors including lifestyle clinics and prehabilitation.

Update

□ Complete

6G: Decarbonisation and green initiatives plan

Develop and seek Board endorsement for a strategic roadmap to respond to the Welsh Government ambition for NHS Wales to contribute towards a public sector wide net zero target by 2030. The health board will set out a work programme and implement this plan to meet the targets established in the NHS Wales Decarbonisation Strategic Delivery Plan. Where feasible through the opportunities presented via the health board's transformation journey it will look to exceed targets and establish best practice models and pilots, as exemplars for the NHS and wider public sector. The overall aim will be to reduce the health board's carbon footprint by at least 34p er cent by 2030 to support the wider public sector ambition to address the climate emergency. The health board has been awarded the Platinum level of the Corporate Health Standard; initiatives highlighted that are being delivered/enabled through the Decarbonisation Programme which are:

- new buildings and an upgrade of existing buildings.
- hybrid and electric vehicles across the whole fleet by 2025.
- Development of local supply chains and joint working with other public sector bodies towards sustainable procurement and reduction of waste.
- The health board's Decarbonisation Delivery Plan.

□ On-track

6H: Supply chain analysis

Develop a consistent measurement framework to assess the impact of health board spending in the following four domains:

- 1. Social value
- 2. Economic Value
- 3. Environmental impact
- 4. Cultural benefit

- We have continued to work on baselining the Hywel Dda position, in areas such as procurement spend undertaken with local suppliers and other supply chain analysis, current CO2 management strategies versus desired reductions, local wealth creation.
- Social Value (SV) portal currently being used to record target and actual improvements in social value in respect of new contract activity
- Further projects being identified (e.g., recruitment activity) to capture further SV activity, and quantify for reporting purposes
- Next steps will be to regroup once initial baselining has been completed and identify further projects to work on capturing SV measures for, as well as wider dissemination of the concepts throughout HDdUHB.
- It is intended that local authority and large employer organisations will be contacted to form a community of practice across the local area.

Update

□ Complete

61: Interim Budget 2022-23

By March 2022 establish an interim budget for 2022/23 which supports the planning objectives contained in the health board's interim plan for 2022/23. This budget will include identification of the required savings requirements and opportunities to achieve the health board's agreed financial plan as well as their application to the relevant budgets for each director.

- This was completed as part of the planning cycle for 2022/23.
- The budget linked to the re-submitted plan (£62.0m) was not transacted in the financial ledger, due to the plan not being accepted by WG.
- Opportunities have, and continued to be, presented to the organisation and respected Executive Team leads.
- The 2023/24 planning cycle will undertake a further assessment, overseen by WG through the Targeted Intervention dialogue, to review options and whether a revised budget can be agreed and implemented.

□ On-track

6K: Design assumptions

By September 2021 develop a plan to achieve, as a minimum, the design assumptions set out in A Healthier Mid and West Wales related to the new hospital build on the current health board acute hospital sites. The aim will be to achieve these measures fully by March 2023 and the plan should set out expected trajectories towards this over 2021/22 and 2022/23. The design assumptions are:

- 40% reduction in emergency admissions for ACS related conditions.
- reduction in length of stay to the median of our peer group.
- 25% reduction in follow up outpatient appointments.
- 4.3% reduction in A&E & MIU (Minor Injuries Unit) attendances.
- 30% of A&E attendances shifted to MIUs.
- 50% patients in acute beds to step down to community beds/home within 72 hours.

This work is on-going and is described through a number of the Planning Objectives within this report.

Update

- 90% of new and follow up outpatient appointments to take place in a community
- · setting (including virtually).
- 50% of day cases in medical specialties to take place in community settings.

□ On-track

6L: Workforce, Clinical Service and Financial Sustainability

Coordinate an ongoing balanced approach to how resources are used and invested and dis-invested in, to achieve workforce, clinical service, and financial sustainability.

- Chair the Use of Resources leadership group to facilitate balanced decision making.
- Continually deliver effective executive partnering from the finance function.
- Develop and implement a single revenue investment approach pan health board.
- Implement a monthly management information suite to drive organisational financial discipline for across all revenue implications.

- Directorate level Use of Resource (UoR)
 meetings took place monthly in 2022. These
 were superseded by the combined Improving
 Together structure from January 2023 onwards,
 to better correlate the balance of resources with
 performance and quality and safety.
- Each Improving Together session has an accompanying information pack, which sets out a multitude of pertinent information around the year-to-date position and the forecast outturn. The packs also contain salient information including cost drivers, risks, mitigations, and horizon scanning.
- Business Partners, through their business conversations are proactively working to identify opportunities with operational leads to ensure all areas of opportunity are considered and realised wherever possible.
- Recognising this financial year is very challenging, further Annual Plan deep dive meetings were undertaken in January and February 2023 to focus on the financial challenges and opportunities for 2023/24. The purpose of this approach is to horizon scan and implement any changes that support service provision and configuration whilst maximising financial sustainability.
- The Business Partners as part of their business meetings are proactively working with their operational colleagues to consider the extant resources and their utilisation. The next step is to consider whether there is an opportunity to decommission and/or reinvest as required.

Update

□ Complete

6M: Cyber Security Framework

Develop a refreshed Cyber Security Framework by March 2022 and supporting timelines and actions to protecting HDdUHB information. Key elements of this framework will be:

- Refreshing the information assets register and ensuring that business critical assets are kept secure at all times.
- Identifying the threats and risks (Routine Cyber Security Penetration Testing).
- Identifying the safeguards that should be put into place to deal with these threats and risks.
- Monitoring the safeguards and assets to manage security breaches (Cyber Security Framework).
- Responding to cyber security issues as they occur.
- Updating and adjusting safeguards in response to changes in assets, threats, and risks.

We now have a Cyber Security programme in place to work towards compliance with the Network and Information System Regulations (NIS-R). To support this there is a Cyber Security Assurance Group which meets monthly and reports into the Information Governance Sub-Committee.

Update

□ Behind

6N: Intelligent Automation

- Develop an initial intelligent automation plan which combines robotic process automation technology, AI, and natural language processing to streamline data collection and integration.
- Whilst this plan is in development develop and implement a process to automate the health board's starters and leavers processes and design and implement an intelligent frailty identification robot.

Our target is by 2025 to release 50,000 hours of time back into the organisation.

- Workforce automation. Hywel Dda are working with Northampton Hospital Trust (RPA Centre of Excellence) to document two Workforce process and automate one of these. The first process to be considered is the automating the training records into ESR. The recording of training courses and the attendance at the courses to ensure an accurate record is kept so staff training attendance is captured in a timely manner, this is important when specific courses are a pre-requisite of a staff member being able to work in a certain area of the business.
- Finance automation. This is Percentage of Completion (POC) is the automation of two processes within the finance team. Firstly, the request to raise a bill. The process exists because invoices need to be raised to customers. Request to Raise Bill (RRB) Excel forms are (mostly) sent as attachments in an email to a shared inbox.

During a number of workshops, a further 17 potential processes have been identified, and the digital team working with the suppliers are developing scopes to process maps to assess the return on investment.

For further details on all of our planning objectives, including our lead Executive Directors and governance arrangements, see <u>Annex A: Our Planning Objectives for 2022/23</u>.

Environment, Sustainability and Carbon reduction

Over the last year HDdUHB has continued to contribute to reducing carbon and embedding sustainable practices through its day-to-day activities by delivery of several energy efficiency/decarbonisation projects, maintenance of the Environmental Standard ISO14001, increased agile working, encouraging reuse and delivery of source segregated recycling schemes and the transition to ULEV fleet.

In terms of sustainable waste management, we continue to identify ways to reduce the waste we send to landfill, recycle wherever possible and reuse resources to avoid unnecessary purchases. For example, we promote the use of 'Warp it', an online platform for reuse of furniture and equipment.

To date, since the scheme began in March 2019:

- 1,412 staff have committed to reusing no longer needed items.
- This has avoided waste disposal of nearly 103 tonnes.
- Prevented 337 tonnes of CO2 emissions.
- Saved around £444K.

In addition, HDdUHB has also rolled out source segregation (the separation of different types of solid waste at the location they are generated) on all health board sites except for Glangwili which is still co-mingled. We have also trialled recycling absorbent hygiene products (AHP) which currently go into landfill. Although at an early stage, the trial has been successful, and it is the intention to roll this out across the health board.

It is anticipated that these measures will boost our recycling rate, reduce waste to landfill, reduce carbon, improve the quality of recyclates and promote the principles of a circular economy.

Expenditure on utilities has increased due mainly to the impact of volatile energy markets and poor performance of Biomass and CHP (combined heat and power). HDdUHB's Energy Performance Contract with Centrica, which is in its ninth year and due to end March 31, 2025, continues to deliver guaranteed annual savings and carbon reduction. Since its commencement in March 2015, a total reduction in carbon emissions of around 26,146 tonnes at the time of writing this report has been achieved. The Estates team is currently exploring the opportunity to deliver a further Energy Performance Contract (EPC) via the Re:Fit 4 Wales Framework route. A working group has been established to develop and progress a new EPC, commencing with a 'soft tender' exercise in quarter four 2022/23 to establish interest from the framework providers to work with us to develop and implement phases of work.

Following the publication of the 'All Wales NHS Decarbonisation Strategy' in March 2021, HDdUHB's embedded this requirement within Planning Objective 6G and commissioned the Carbon Trust to develop the health board's Decarbonisation Delivery Plan. This was submitted to and approved by the Sustainable Resource Committee in September 2022.

The health board's Delivery Plan sets out a work programme to meet the targets established in the NHS Wales Decarbonisation Strategic Delivery Plan in the areas of carbon management, buildings, transport, procurement, estate planning and land use, and its approach to healthcare

including promoting clinical sustainability. Through the Decarbonisation Task and Finish group all the opportunities identified in the action plan are being considered.

Over the last year, we have continued our programme of installing energy efficiency technologies to reduce our carbon footprint, contributing to Welsh Government's 2030 net carbon neutral ambition. Examples include:

- the installation of a 0.45MW solar farm with enhanced green space and biodiversity at our Hafan Derwen site.
- low Carbon Heat grant projects (design only) on three sites, Brynmair, Wellfield and Elizabeth Williams Clinic.
- installation of roof mounted solar PV at Brynmair clinic.
- Solar canopies at South Pembrokeshire hospital.
- Building Energy Management Systems (BEMS) on our community sites and at Bronglais Hospital.

We plan to explore the following in 2023/24;

- A Public Sector Low Carbon District Heat Project in Aberystwyth in collaboration with the University and Ceredigion County Council.
- Solar Farm projects at Prince Philip Hospital (private wire), scoping opportunities at two further Acutes (Glangwili, Withybush) and one community sites (Cardigan Integrated Care Centre).
- Onsite treatment opportunities for clinical waste and progressing pilot to divert nappy waste from landfill to recycling.
- Procurement and subsequent physical installation of EV (Electric Vehicle) charging infrastructure across health board owned assets.
- Developing and incorporating social value as well as decarbonisation and sustainability, into all procurements.

The Decarbonisation Task and Finish Group continues to develop a range of carbon awareness initiatives, examples include:

- The development of a sustainability awareness video.
- launch of intranet 'Sustainability Hub' Green Teams Competition.
- Launch of a climate awareness e-learning module.
- initiatives such as quarterly 'Climate Cafes', Green Health scoping exercise and coordination of other resources are all underway.

The Environmental Team has continued to maintain the Environmental Management System in line with the ISO 14001 Environmental standard, including the production of annual objectives and targets and presenting a management review of performance via formal committee.

The health board is required to publish an annual Sustainability Report which includes data on key metrics including utility, waste, transport, sustainability, and environmental management information. The sustainability report for the period 2022/23 will be available in June 2023 and will expand on the content of this text.

The health board has undertaken risk assessments and carbon reduction delivery plans to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the emergency preparedness and civil contingency elements of the UKCIP (UK climate Impacts Programme) 2009 weather projections to ensure that the organisation's obligation under the climate change Act and the Adaptation Reporting.

Solar Farm at Hafan Derwen

In April 2023, HDdUHB's first solar farm was switched on at Hafan Derwen site at St David's Park in Carmarthen.

The installation of 1,098 x 455W panels not only provides sustainable electricity to power patient and administrative services based at the health board's Hafan Derwen site, but also contributes to reducing carbon emissions and promoting biodiversity in the area.

A 150kW battery has also been installed on the site, providing additional savings for the health board.

It is estimated the development will provide annual carbon savings of 110 tonnes of Carbon Dioxide Equivalent (tCO2e), and generate around 474,000 KWhrs of electricity annually, demonstrating the benefits of investing in renewable energy.

Around 52 per cent of the electricity generated will be used on-site with the remainder being exported.



The health board is also committed to improving the quality of the natural environment and increasing people's access to natural spaces around our community and hospital sites.

As a part of the development that covers just over an acre of land, the biodiversity of the site has been enhanced to provide access to natural green space for staff and patients. This area includes enhanced planting, seating areas, and information boards explaining the benefits of each of the plants to the local environment.

Fruit trees and over 350 wildflower bulbs have been planted and will provide an additional habitat for wildlife, including pollinators and other insects which hopefully will lead to an increase of bird and bat species at the site. <u>View the aerial video here</u>

Day Surgical Theatres, Prince Philip Hospital

Due to the ongoing impact of COVID-19, HDdUHB is endeavouring to meet the demands of Scheduled Care services over the next several years. The Pandemic has created a significant pressure across the HDdUHB. The Board agreed in April 2021 to pursue a Modular Solution to facilitate and support the return of Elective services within the health board.

Importantly, to achieve implementation for 2022. This milestone has been included within the health board's COVID recovery plan submitted to Welsh Government in June 2021.

The output from a designated project team established was a clinically and operationally designed two Day Surgical Theatres (with Laminar Flow capability) and a Dual-Endoscopy Suite at a capital build value at £20 million being fully designed, tendered, constructed and fully operational within 18 months.

From April 2022 HDdUHB design team spent approximately £24 million on projects in the areas listed below:

- All Wales Capital Projects (AWCP).
- Discretionary Capital Projects (DCP).
- Infrastructure/Statutory Projects.
- Imaging Projects (Welsh Government).



- Aseptics Project at Withybush Hospital.
- Wellness Hub at North Dock, Llanelli.
- Sexual Assault Resource Centre, Aberystwyth.

The following development schemes are ready to go to tender:

- Young Persons Place of Safety, Bro Myrddin Carmarthen.
- Infrastructure and statutory projects, Glangwili General Hospital.
- Infrastructure and refurbishment work, Llandovery Cottage Hospital.
- Cook Freeze Development, across all health board sites.

Imaging Schemes delivered 2022/2023 include:

- Glangwili Hospital: Ultrasound Units, Theatre Image Intensifiers, Digital X-ray Room.
- Prince Philip Hospital: Ultrasound Units, Digital X-ray Room, CT (Computerised Tomography) Scanner, Mammography Unit.
- Withybush Hospital: Ultrasound Units, Theatre Image Intensifier, Digital X-ray Room
- Bronglais Hospital: Ultrasound Units, Theatre Image Intensifier, CT Scanner, Digital X-ray Room, Digital Fluoro Room.

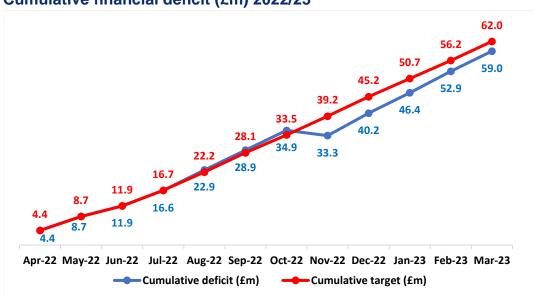
Other planned and proposed design-led projects for 2023/2024 include:

- Points of Ligature Works at Prince Philip Hospital and Bronglais Hospital.
- LPG Project, Glangwili Hospital.
- Refurbishment and infrastructure upgrade, Llandovery Cottage Hospital.
- Fire compliance and improvement works, across all health board sites.



Financial deficit





Our plan in 2022/23 was to meet a £62 million deficit by the end of the financial year. Our outturn at the end of March 2023 was a deficit of £59 million. Key drivers of this overspend were medicines management, bed occupancy of medically fit patients awaiting discharge, medical and nurse agency use, and mental health continuing health care.

Key actions taken to improve performance and mitigate risks:

- Implementation of key improvement programmes of which three of the main programmes include:
 - Transforming Urgent and Emergency Care.
 - Integrated locality planning.
 - Elective recovery.
- Refined analysis of the underlying deficit has been completed and has identified improvement opportunities. Weekly updates into the summary financial position are collated across directorates and progress highlighted including forecast run rates, savings delivery, and opportunities conversion.
 - Collaboration between financial business partners and service leads to articulate and raise awareness of the financial consequences of key operational drivers and decisions.
 - Teams challenged to identify management actions to reduce the organisation's expenditure trajectory on an in-year and recurrent basis.

For further details, please see the Annual Accounts section of this report.

Fraud, Anti-corruption, and Anti-bribery

A key part of identifying fraud is by raising awareness. Hywel Dda University Health Board employs two full time Accredited Local Counter Fraud Specialist and has in place a Counter Fraud (CF) Policy and Response Plan. This plan, combined with an extensive programme of staff training and promotional activity, includes the overall strategic aims of counter fraud work and operational response aligned to the NHS Counter Fraud Authority (NHSCFA) counter fraud, bribery, and corruption strategy. The health board Standards of Behaviour Policy incorporates professional behaviour with reference to fraud, corruption, and the Bribery Act 2010. Executive approval of policies is provided via the Policy Review Process.

Over the course of the reporting year the policy has been actively promoted to staff, including mandatory online training and other staff awareness and support using e-newsletters, social media posts and further training. Information on emerging threats has been shared with staff and key groups.

Oversight is achieved through an effective Counter Fraud, Bribery and Corruption workplan, which aligns itself to HDdUHB's Anti-Fraud, Bribery and Corruption Policy. Bi-monthly updates on work undertaken in line with the plan are provided to the Audit and Risk Assurance Committee.

The health board continues to demonstrate its compliance with the Government Directions on Counter Fraud Measures, the service agreement under section 83 of the Government of Wales Act 2006, and Welsh Government directions and the Government Functional Standards 013 – Counter Fraud (GovS 013), which came into effect from 1st April 2021. As an NHS body we have in place an annual plan that is aligned to these standards. The annual plan was approved by both the Director of Finance and the Audit and Risk Assurance Committee Chair. To ensure effective delivery and compliance against the plan, the Counter Fraud team provides bi-monthly updates on work undertaken to the Audit and Risk Assurance Committee. In addition, Counter Fraud Services (CFS) Wales have oversight of all cases, approving closure of Counter Fraud Investigations.

Our document 'Audit enquiries to those charged with governance and management' provides further detail, and can be read here: https://hduhb.nhs.wales/about-us/governance-arrangements/board-committees/audit-and-risk-assurance-committee-arac/arac-meeting-may-11/4-6-audit-enquiries-to-those-charged-with-governance-and-management/

Sustainability Report

Introduction

Sustainable Development (SD) is a 'central organising principle' of the Welsh Government. Although not directly applicable to devolved governments, the Welsh Government request public bodies in Wales who report under the FReM (Financial Reporting Manual) to produce a Sustainability Report. Accordingly, this section of our annual report covers the environmental performance of the organisation, written in line with public sector requirements set out in the FReM and supplementary HMT Guidance 'Sustainability Reporting in the Public Sector'.

Description of organisation

HDdUHB has an estate covering circa 50 hectares containing 32 freehold premises totalling circa 189,977m². This includes four acute hospitals, seven community hospitals and administration, health centre and clinic, mental health, and accommodation facilities.

Environmental Management Governance

Board assurance on environmental and sustainability performance is provided via the Business Planning and Performance Assurance Committee, with work coordinated by the Estates, Capital subcommittee. Action is delivered in line with the environmental management standard 'ISO 14001'. A monitoring system is in place to gather the data required for sustainability reporting. This system is audited by the NHS Wales Shared Services Partnership Audit and Assurance Services and periodically as part of ISO 14001 audits.

Summary of Performance

Some significant improvements have been achieved over the last couple of years despite the increased pressures post covid 19. The health board has continued to deliver a number of decarbonisation/energy efficiency projects, source segregated recycling and have continued to embed the use of fuel efficient/EV pool car fleet in the organisation. In addition, the requirements of the All-Wales NHS Decarbonisation Strategy has been embedded into the organisation's Planning objectives and actions needed to reach the Strategy goals have been formulated in the organisation's Decarbonisation Delivery Plan and Action Plan.

'Total Waste' produced has decreased slightly this year and the overall recycling rate has increased from 47% to 49% as HDdUHB continues to improve recycling facilities and raise awareness of correct recycling procedures. Resource efficiency through the procurement of goods and services and encouraging the use of 'WARP IT' has continued to be a key objective.

Expenditure on utilities has increased significantly due to volatile energy market influences outside the control of the health board. Electricity consumption has increased due to the increase in footprint from the new theatre at Prince Phillip which has electric heating and the underperformance of the Combined Heat and Power (CHP) units at Prince Phillip and Withybush. The underperformance of the CHPs has also resulted in a reduction of gas consumption. Oil consumption is down slightly due to a mild winter and as expected improved performance for the biomass boiler at Glangwili following replacement of parts.

Overall, total emissions have decreased primarily due to the decrease in gas consumption and the reduction in the emission factor used to calculate grid electricity emissions. Business mileage and associated costs have increased on previous year, and this is due to working practices getting back to 'normal' post covid and the pool car scheme expanding on previous year. The health board now only procures hybrid vehicles for fleet use and once the EV infrastructure is in place the health board will transition to an all-Electric Vehicle (EV) fleet.

It is worth noting that when collating business mileage emissions, the 'unknown average' emissions factor has been utilised from †use DEFRA 'Greenhouse Gas Emissions for Company Reporting' for calculating carbon emissions.

Renewable electricity generation has increased this year as more solar schemes are completed and beginning to generate.

Water costs have increased this year in line with inflation and consumption has increased, the main reason being the increase in footprint from the new theatre at Prince Phillip.

HDdUHB use a company to manage and monitor water consumption in the health board. By the end of March 2023, the health board saved circa £72k (cost avoidance), 37,260M3 and 5.6 tCO2e.

The Environmental Team has continued to maintain the Environmental Management System in line with the ISO 14001 standard with no major or minor non-conformances.

The health board is progressing a number of other sustainability initiatives in 2023/24 including various capital schemes, focusing on the use of green space, improving carbon awareness, and delivering on the requirements of the Decarbonisation Delivery Plan, where funding is available.

The data used to provide the information in this report has come from verified, invoiced data which is recorded and monitored via internal management systems.

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Gas consumption has decreased due to underperformance of the CHP units, which along with the new theatre at Prince Phillip becoming operational, has increased the consumption of grid electricity. Oil has decreased slightly which is due to a mild winter and improved performance of the biomass at Glangwili.

The amount of liquid petroleum gas (LPG) used this year is comparable with previous years as no further LPG fuel sources have been added to the asset portfolio. Renewable electricity generation increased this year, as more solar schemes have been installed and begun generating electricity. Renewable electricity generation is expected to increase further next year following the recent energising of the health board's first solar farm at Hafan Derwen and the installation of solar carports at South Pembrokeshire Hospital as well as some further roof mounted schemes that have recently begun to generate electricity. HDdUHB proposes to install another roof mounted scheme in 2023/24 funding dependent on 79, Bro Myrddin.

Business mileage this year has increased from circa 4.7 million miles per annum in 21/22 to approximately six million miles per annum in 22/23. An increase in the number of fuel-efficient fleet vehicles has meant fewer journeys are made in staff owned vehicles, but primarily the increase is due to return to 'business as usual' following covid.

Electric charging points for both staff and the public remains on the agenda of the Central Transport Unit (CTU), although progress made since last year was limited as the tender for EV charging infrastructure sits with NHS Wales Shared Services Partnership (NWSSP) Procurement. CTU will continue engaging with NWSSP regarding the All-Wales EV charging infrastructure tender process and aim for a minimum of 40 EV charging units to be installed by the end of 2023/24, funding dependant. The Transport Unit are aiming for a minimum of 20% of the health board's fleet vehicles to be EV by the end of 2023/24 and will continue to promote uptake of the health board's lease car scheme among staff groups and encourage the transition to electric vehicles. As of April 2023, the scheme currently comprises a total of 184 EVs with a target to increase this number to 250 by March 24.

Scope 1 emissions (Gas & Oil) have reduced this year primarily due to the decrease in gas consumption from underperformance of the Combined Heat and Power (CHP) units. Scope 2 emissions (Electric) have increased slightly due to an increase in grid electricity consumption, but this is not significant due to year-on-year reduction in the emission factor used for grid electricity as the grid decarbonises. Scope 3 emissions (Business mileage) has also increased this year due to an increase in business mileage as the health board returns to 'business as usual' following the covid pandemic. However, overall CO₂ emissions have decreased by 4% from last year.

Overall utility costs have increased by circa 44% on the previous year due to volatile energy market influences outside the control of the health board.

The unknown average emissions factor has been utilised from †use DEFRA 'Greenhouse Gas Emissions for Company Reporting' for calculating Business mileage carbon emissions.

Oreemiouse of	as Emissions	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Non-Financial Indicators	Total Gross Emissions	20.51	18.68	17.92
(1000 tCO ₂ e) †	Gross Emissions Scope 1 from Gas and Oil	14.98	13.36	11.91
	Gross Emissions Scope 2 & 3 from electricity and business mileage	5.53	5.32	6.01**

Related Energy Consumption	Electricity: Non- Renewable	18.00	18.68	22.23*
(million KWh)	Electricity: Renewable	0.09	0.30	0.42*
	Gas	58.80	55.57	49.54*
	LPG	0.419	0.426	0.410*
	Oil	15.88	16.75	16.01*
	Biomass	3.44	3.88	3.86*
Financial Indicators	Expenditure on Energy	£6,136,925	£8,003,438	£14,315,499*
	Expenditure on official business travel	£2,074,854	£2,071,862	£2,806,784

^{*}estimated data based on end of year meter readings have been used where actual data is not available.

Waste Management

In 2021-22 the health board developed a waste strategy to reduce total waste, increase recycling and divert waste from landfill in line with Government targets by 2030. A baseline year of 2018-19 has been used to reflect a 'normal' pre -COVID-19 year. Since the baseline year, we have increased recycling from 45.1% to 49.3% (prorated 2022-23). This is on target with the waste strategy target to achieve 49% recycling by 2022-23 and a 1.9% increase on overall recycling rate compared to the previous year.

In 2022-23 the health board also rolled out source segregated recycling at Community and Health Centre sites. We will continue to roll out source segregated recycling at the remaining site Glangwili over the next two years which is still currently co-mingled recycling; as well as diverting Absorption Hygiene Products (AHP) from the tiger bag waste stream which currently goes to landfill into the recycling waste stream. We expect these measures to increase recycling rates.

The total amount of waste recycled is now circa 788 tonnes. We managed to divert more landfill waste for recovery than in 2020-21 with an average of 8% of waste going to landfill in 2022-23 and 43% being sent for recovery. This has exceeded our waste strategy target to recover 25% of waste being sent to landfill by 2022-23. These improvements have reduced the emissions produced from waste by circa 77% since the baseline year as the emissions factor used for waste sent to energy is far less than the emission factor used for waste sent to landfill. There has been a slight decrease in overall waste produced compared to the previous year. This has not met the KPI (Key Performance Indicators) in the health board's Waste Strategy to reduce total waste by 1.5% per 10,000 patients per annum. The target for this KPI in 22-23 was 25.9. The health board achieved 32.4 in 22-23. This is likely to be due to an increase in the health board's footprint increasing from new sites becoming operational.

^{**} Due to technical issues with the software collating Business mileage emissions the unknown average emissions factor has been utilised from †use DEFRA 'Greenhouse Gas Emissions for Company Reporting' calculations for carbon emissions for 2022

Waste costs have increased this year compared to the previous year which is primarily due to waste rate and landfill charge increases.

	Waste	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Non-	Total Waste	2463	2695	2674
Financial Indicators	Landfill (Black Bag)	718	313	123
(tonnes)	Energy Recovery (Black Bag)	62	549	687
	Reused/Recycled	407	482	476
	Composted*	306	295	311
	Landfill (Hygiene Bag)	217	333	338
	Alternative Treatment (Clinical)	638	593	597
	Incinerated with energy recovery**	114	130	141
	Incinerated without energy recovery	0	0	0
Financial	Total Disposal Cost	0070 074	0750 400	2074 400
Indicators	Landfill/Energy	£678,874	£756,192	£871,126
	Recovery (Black Bag)	£165,511	£189,807	£191,393
	Reused/Recycled	£80,635	£110,969	£39,856
	Composted*	£36,498	£36,166	£35,120
	Landfill (Hygiene Bag)	£83,911	£111,878	£121,679
	Alternative Treatment (Clinical)	£241,806	£226,960	£277,223
	Incinerated with energy recovery**	£70,513	£80,412	£100,854
	Incinerated without energy recovery	£0	£0	£0

^{*}includes Anaerobic Digestion

Use of resources

Water consumption has seen an increase from a total of 303,702 M3 costing £763,293 in 2021/22 to an estimated 306,755 M3 costing £808,031 in 2022/23. This increase in consumption can be attributed to the day theatre at Prince Philip Hospital becoming operational. HDdUHB partner with a company to manage and monitor water consumption in the health board. Estimated

^{**}provides steam to a nearby facility

consumption and financial savings in 2022-23 are £72k (cost avoidance) and 37,260 M3, respectively. The consumption saving has saved 5.6 tCO2e.

Finite	Resource Consu	ımption	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Non- Financial Indicators	Water Consumption	Supplied Abstracted	269,931 0	277,217 0	280,737* 0
(m³)	(Office)* Water	Per FTE**	28.59	28.68	27.76***
	Consumption (Non -	Supplied	26,592	26,485	26.018**
	Office)***	Abstracted	0	0	0
Financial					
Indicators	Water Supply C	Costs (Office)*	£326,841	£332,610	£352,452*
	Sewerage Co	osts (Office)*	£351,333	£376,809	£401,255*
	Water Supply Office	·	£24,255	£24,157	£23,731**
	Sewerage (No	on-Office)***	£30,306	£29,718	£30,594**

^{*}All estate except the main laundry at Glangwili, estimated data based on end of year meter readings have been used where actual data is not available.

In July 2018, the health board signed up to use Warp IT, an online furniture and equipment reuse platform. To date, since the scheme began in March 2019, 1,412 staff have committed to reusing no longer needed items avoiding waste disposal of nearly 103 tonnes, prevented 337 tonnes of CO₂ emissions, and saved circa £444K.

Environmental Management System (EMS) - Implementation

The Environmental Team has continued to maintain the Environmental Management System in line with the ISO 14001 standard, including the production of annual Objectives and Targets and presenting a Management Review of performance via formal committee. The health board had their surveillance visit in December 2022 and successfully maintained the accreditation with no major or minor non-conformances raised.

^{**} Main laundry at Glangwili

^{***} FTE Staff at 31st March 2023.

Other Sustainability Initiatives

Decarbonisation/Energy Efficiency initiatives

The health board's Decarbonisation Delivery Plan was submitted to and approved by the Sustainable Resource Committee in September 2022. Through the Decarbonisation Task & Finish group all the opportunities identified in the Action plan are being considered.

The Estates team is currently exploring:

- the opportunity to deliver a further Energy Performance Contract (EPC) via the Re:Fit 4
 Wales Framework route. The current EPC contract with Centrica is due to end 31st March
 2024. A working group has been established to develop and progress a new EPC,
 commencing with a 'soft tender' exercise in quarter four 2022/23 to establish interest from
 the framework providers to work with the health board to develop and implement phases of
 work.
- a Public Sector Low Carbon District Heat Project in Aberystwyth in collaboration with Aberystwyth University and Ceredigion County Council
- Solar Farm projects to serve Prince Philip Hospital (via private wire), scoping opportunities at two further Acutes (Glangwili, Withybush) and 1 community site (Cardigan Integrated Care Centre).
- onsite treatment opportunities for clinical waste and progressing pilot to divert nappy waste from land fill to recycling.
- Conversion of the main Boiler at Glangwili Hospital from Oil to LPG
- Installation of roof mounted solar at 79, Bro Myrddin

In year, the Estates department:

- has developed a 0.45MW solar farm at our Hafan Derwen completed in March 2023. The
 health board recently won an Institute of Healthcare Engineering & Estates Management
 (IHEEM) and Shared Service Partnership Wales Conference award in the Sustainability
 achievement category for this project.
- Low Carbon Heat grant projects (Design only) on three sites, Brynmair, Wellfield and Elizabeth Williams Clinic;
- Solar PV rollout, delivering two further schemes at Brynmair clinic and South Pembrokeshire hospital by July 2023;
- Upgraded Building Energy Management systems at Bronglais Hospital and Community sites via Welsh Government funding.
- Key benefits of all these schemes are carbon reduction, improved site resilience and revenue savings.

Carbon Awareness

The Decarbonisation Task and Finish Group continues to develop a range of carbon awareness initiatives, examples include:

- Development of a 'Sustainability Awareness' video; to be part of staff induction package and actively promoted within the organisation
- Launch of intranet 'Sustainability Hub' is live and continues to be developed. There is a Communications plan in place to increase site traffic and signpost to resources

- Green Teams Competition six projects submitted and being delivered; from this, an annual Welsh National Sustainability Conference & Awards will be established, to include partners such as WG & Green Health Wales network. The focus will be on 'permission to act' and empowering staff to undertake sustainable quality improvement work, mapped against the WBFGA (Seven Wellbeing Goals and Five Ways of Working)
- A 'climate awareness' e-learning module focussed on NHS Wales is now available via ESR.
 Once the 'Sustainability Awareness' video is complete, the module will include this and be
 made specifically available to HDdUHB staff. National KPIs are being developed to capture
 engagement and measure outcomes.
- Initiatives such as quarterly 'Climate Cafes', Green Health scoping exercise and coordination of other resources are all underway

Green Spaces

The health board Green Health groups continue to work together to develop and enhance green space on health board sites. Examples include the identification of an overgrown area adjacent to the Library at Bronglais Hospital for installation of a Green Gym and seating area, opportunities for local schools in proximity to Prince Phillip Hospital to attend site to help work on the green areas around the site and work with local charities to improve the Circular Area front of Withybush hospital and development of a Wildlife Garden to the rear of the Helipad for use by Staff, Patients and Visitors at Withybush.

At South Pembroke Hospital in collaboration with Pembrokeshire Council a green space is being developed for use by patients, visitors and staff and the green space developed as part of the Hafan Derwen solar farm scheme is now open for staff and patients to enjoy complete with a seating area, planted trees and bulbs, and measures to encourage biodiversity including birds, bats and insects.

Conclusion and forward look



166/368

Conclusion and forward look

After three years of responding to the most significant pandemic in a century, the NHS continues to demonstrate remarkable resilience and adaptability. Our staff have been at the forefront of this, acting with professionalism and compassion in the face of emotionally distressing situations and genuine risks to themselves.

We have confronted each situation collectively, with each phase of the pandemic bringing new challenges and unprecedented events. The pandemic is not over, but the success of our vaccination programme offers hope, and the experience has shown us what we can achieve together.

This plan recognises that the strength of the health board lies in its people, both those who work in the health and care system and the communities we serve. It acknowledges the impact the pandemic has had on individuals, teams, families, and society. As a consequence, our priorities and actions put our people at the heart, recognising that the route out of the pandemic and towards our strategic vision will come from our people, in the same way it has through COVID.

Our strategy is ambitious and far-reaching, seeking to set Mid and West Wales up with a health and care system that will serve the population for decades into the future. It offers a truly once in a lifetime opportunity to reset the system and establish a sustainable, high-quality model for our future generations.

In this regard we see our potential contribution to Mid and West Wales in the broadest sense, not only in direct health care provision, as important as that is, but also the impact we can have as the largest employer and a significant contributor to the economy. We can, for example, play a major role in supporting our population to develop rewarding careers, support our local businesses and the regeneration of our towns, and provide leadership in the resetting of our society as we seek to address societal challenges like decarbonisation.

As a result, this plan reflects the breadth of that ambition. Over the course of the next year, as well as the subsequent years, we intend to take significant strides towards this vision, whilst at the same time continuing to respond to our recovery out of COVID.

Achieving our vision (A Healthier Mid and West Wales) will require the organisation to have a clear focus (our strategic goals), a route map to the strategic vision (the planning objectives), a way of measuring progress (the priority measures for 2023/24 and the strategic outcome measures) and robust oversight and risk management (the Board Assurance Framework and our Committee Structure). The key elements are therefore now in place and our focus moves to delivery of the new models.

We have judged that at this stage we are not yet in a position to submit a formal Integrated Medium-Term Plan (IMTP) to Welsh Government, in the main because more progress is required on our financial deficit before it can be approved. Our financial deficit for the coming financial year is representative of the significant challenges faced by the health board: driven partly by our configuration and the challenges of providing services spread across our area; by the challenges in delivering flow across the health and care system with the consequent demand on utilising high

cost agency staff; and by the extraordinary inflationary environment in which we are currently operating.

Nonetheless we are clear on the areas that we intend to progress over the next three years, working with partners and responding to policy drivers, such as the new NHS Wales Executive; National Clinical Framework, Foundational Economy, Social Duty of Care, and the Future Generations Act; along with the Ministerial Priorities and outcomes.

During 2023/24, we will:

- Continue to be prepared for COVID-19 and any subsequent variants and surges in infections, such that we can be flexible in meeting any changes to demand in our system.
- Focus on the recovery of our planned care activity and support patients whilst they wait –
 this will include increased capacity, such as increasing the theatre sessions in the new Day
 Surgery Unit in Prince Philip Hospital, but also through increased efficiencies in our system,
 and our work on a regional level.
- Support our workforce and further develop our route map to workforce sustainability, including our overseas recruitment campaign, apprenticeships, and workforce stabilisation plan.
- Continue the redesign of our urgent and emergency care system, aligned to the six national policy goals.
- Further strengthen our relationships with our neighbouring health boards through regional initiatives such as A Regional Collaboration for Health (ARCH) and the Mid Wales Joint Committee for Health and Care.
- Deliver savings resulting from our opportunities framework and work with Welsh Government on our route map to financial sustainability.
- Continue work on our strategy 'A Healthier Mid and West Wales', with an emphasis in the coming year on our Strategic Outline Case and then Outline Business Cases.
- Build upon the work of our seven GP clusters with a particular emphasis on our Accelerated Cluster Design, and through our Integrated Locality Planning.
- Accelerate our work in the digital; value-based healthcare; research and innovation; foundational economy and quality management spheres.
- Continue to learn from our Planning Objectives and develop our approach to planning.

We do not underestimate the challenges we face as an organisation as we go into 2023/24, but we are prepared for them and see the next period as an opportunity to reset the system to put us on course for making our strategic vision - 'A Healthier Mid and West Wales' - a reality.



Annex A: Our Planning Objectives for 2022/23

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
1A	Develop and implement plans to deliver NHS Delivery Framework targets related to workforce within the next three years (with 2021/22 being year 1). See specific requirements 1.A.i	NHS Delivery Framework targets	Director of Workforce and OD	PODCC
1B	 Building on the success of the command centre, develop a longer-term sustainable model to cover the following: One single telephone and email point of contact - the Hywel Dda Hub. This will incorporate switchboard facilities and existing service-based call handling functions into one single call-handling system linking patient appointments, online booking, and call handers All specialist teams (primary care, patient support, staff support) to have their calls answered and routed through this single point of contact Further develop the operation of the surveillance cell set up to support Test, Trace and Protect for as long as required Further develop the incident response and management cell set up to support our COVID-19 response for as long as required Further develop the SharePoint function, or look at similar other systems that our Local Authority partners use, to facilitate tracking, auditing, and reporting of enquiries, responses, and actions Develop and implement a plan to roll out access for all patients to own records and appointments within three years (from 2022/23) 	Hywel Dda Health Hub – Single Point of Contact	Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	PODCC
1E	During 2022/23 roll out the processes developed in 2021/22 to maintain personalised contact with all patients currently waiting for elective care to: • Keep them regularly informed of their current expected wait • Offer a single point of contact should they need to contact us • Provide advice on self-management options whilst waiting • Offer advice on what do to if their symptoms deteriorate	Personalised care for patients waiting	Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	QSEC

155/354 169/368

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
	 Establish a systematic approach to measuring harm – bringing together the clinically assessed harm and harm self-assessed by the patient and use this to inform waiting list prioritisation Offer alternative treatment options if appropriate Incorporate review and checking of patient consent 			
1F	Following the development of processes to co-design with our staff every stage and element of our HR offer that embody our values. This will address: • The way the health board recruits new staff and provides induction; • All existing HR policies; • The way in which employee relation matters are managed • Equitable access to training and the health board's staff wellbeing services. The resulting changes to policies, processes and approaches will be recommended to the Board in March 2023 for adoption	HR offer (induction, policies, employee relations, access to training)	Director of Workforce and OD	PODCC
1G	By October 2022 develop Directorate level People Culture Plans across the whole organisation coordinated by the OD Relationship Managers. These plans will lead the way to more good days at work for our staff and incorporate personal development pathways.	OD Relationship Manager rollout	Director of Workforce and OD	PODCC
1H	Following the development and design of the "Making a Difference" Customer Service programme, implement a plan to focus on delivery and measuring outcomes (linked with the Board Assurance Framework), with all members of staff to have completed the programme by September 2024.	"Making a Difference" Customer Service programme	Director of Workforce and OD	PODCC
11	To embed and sustain a family liaison service in appropriate inpatient and clinical settings from April 2023	Family Liaison Service rollout	Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	PODCC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
2A	Develop a health board specific plan by October 2023 that supports the sustainable delivery of HDdUHB commissioned services for unpaid Carers and responds to the Regional Carers Strategy, the findings within the population assessment and market stability report and influences the implementation of the Mid and West Wales Health and Care Strategy by supporting individuals in their homes and communities.	Regional Carers Strategy response	Director of Workforce and OD	PODCC
2B	By March 2023, implement series of actions to enhance Hywel Dda as a culturally competent organisation. This is able to support and recognise individual needs of employees, patients and carers.	Strategic Equality Plan and Objectives establishment	Director of Workforce and OD	PODCC
2D	By September 2022 develop a multi-disciplinary clinical and non-clinical education plan (implement from October 2022). The plan will include expansion of the Apprenticeship Academy scope, scale, and integration with social care.	Clinical education plan	Director of Workforce and OD	PODCC
2E	From April 2022, continue to deliver the objectives of the charity's three-year plan (2020-2023) to further promote awareness of the health board's official charity and the opportunities available to raise and use funds to make a positive difference to the health, wellbeing and experience of patients, service users and staff across HDdUHB. As part of this, deliver the charity's marketing and communication plan from 1 April 2022 and undertake a review of the charity's strategic objectives, structure, and resources to ensure effectiveness for Board assurance with the aim of developing the charity's longer-term strategy by February 2023.	Evidencing impact of charitable funds	Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	CFC
21	By February 2023 develop an integrated Occupational Health and Staff psychological wellbeing offer with a single point of contact which supports staff to remain in work, offers support when absent and provides alternative opportunities when health impacts on an individual's ability to be in role.	Integrated Occupational Health and Staff psychological wellbeing offer	Director of Workforce and OD	PODCC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
2J	By March 2023 design a comprehensive range of Leadership Development pathways to create cohorts of leaders needed to address the challenges ahead. This will include the design of a graduate leadership team for health and social care.	"Future Shot" Leadership Programmes	Director of Workforce and OD	PODCC
2K	By March 2023, demonstrate progression of actions from the first staff discovery report focused on how we can better support staff in work and their wider lives to support health and wellbeing.	organisational listening, learning and cultural humility	Director of Workforce and OD	PODCC
2L	By June 2022 develop a plan to ensure the retention of our new and existing staff through the improvement of our engagement with staff and a reduction in turnover. This plan should, as a minimum achieve the Welsh average retention rates across all staff groups in the initial phase and achieve best in Wales as a minimum over its whole duration	Staff engagement strategic plan	Director of Workforce and OD	PODCC
2M	To sustain and develop the Arts in Health Programme by March 2023 to promote and encourage the use of the arts in the healthcare environment to make a positive contribution to the well-being of our patients, service users and our staff.	Arts in Health Programme development	Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	PODCC
3A	Over the next three years (starting 2022/23) implement a quality management system using Improving Together as a delivery vehicle. This will support and drive quality and performance across the organisation aligned to our strategic objectives and Board Assurance Framework outcomes. The system will embed an improvement approach, including quality and performance, and will be clear on expectations and accountability arrangements from Board to all teams. It will also include the development of a culture of continuous improvement and the systems and tools needed to support such a culture. The aim will be to motivate and support colleagues at all levels to strive for excellence.	Improving Together	Director of Finance	SDODC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
3C	From April 2022, establish an implementation group to identify actions required to respond to the emerging requirements of the Quality and Engagement Act. The specific actions that will be put in place to support organisational readiness will be informed by the work undertaken to review the Health and Care Standards during 2021/2022 and the receipt of any formal guidance related to the Act.	Quality and Engagement Requirements	Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	QSEC
3E	By March 2023 develop an advanced analytical platform that is highly accessible to operational and corporate teams that will, provide real-time, integrated data to support our clinicians and managers providing the insight, foresight, and oversight to assist with day-to-day operational delivery as well as organisation wide strategic planning. In parallel, establish mechanisms to ensure continuous innovation of our approach by utilising current technologies, best practices and direction from latest research and publications (such as machine learning, artificial intelligence, time series analysis and cluster analysis). As an initial step, develop and implement a risk stratification model using predictive / cluster analytics to provide evidence for new approaches to the management of chronic conditions to shift the balance of care from the acute sector to primary care and community settings. This should be in place by September 2022 with full inclusion of all health and social care data (as a minimum) by March 2025.	Business intelligence and modelling	Director of Finance	SRC
3G	Implement the Research and Innovation Strategic Plan (2021-24) to increase research, development, and innovation activity, and the number of research investigators sufficient to deliver the health board, Welsh Government and HCRW expectations and improvement targets (see specific requirement 3.G.i). The plan will be implemented in partnership with universities, life science companies, and public service partners, to maximise the development of new	Research and Innovation	Medical Director / Deputy Chief Executive	PODCC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
	research, technologies and services that improve patient care and health outcomes. The portfolio will target an expansion of activity into new areas of organisational, clinical, and academic strength, including ophthalmology, orthopaedics, women and children's health, sexual and primary care. A function spanning clinical engineering, research, and innovation (TriTech) will also target a threefold increase in technology trials.			
3H	By March 2023 establish a process to gather and disseminate learning from the delivery of all Planning Objectives as part of the organisation's formal governance systems with equal importance placed on this as is placed on risk management and assurance. This learning will come from both within the organisation as it implements objectives and from our local population in their experience of the services delivered as a result of the objective being achieved.	Planning objective delivery learning	Director of Corporate Governance (Board Secretary)	SDODC
31	To implement contract reform in line with national guidance and timescales	Primary Care Contract Reform	Director of Primary Care, Community and Long-Term Care	SDODC
3J	By June 2022, develop an initial communications plan in relation to our strategy - A Healthier Mid and West Wales - and our three-year plan to restore, recover and develop local services. This plan will be pro-active and seek to build trust with our staff, partners and local population and a sense of hope and optimism as Mid and West Wales emerges from the pandemic. Implementation of the plan to begin no later July 2022.	A Healthier Mid and West Wales Communications Plan	Communications and Engagement Director	SDODC
3L	By March 2023 to undertake a review of the existing security arrangements within the health board with particular reference to strengthening the following areas: • Physical Security	Review of existing security arrangements	Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	HSC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
	 Automated locks CCTV Access Control Systems Intruder Alarms Communication Systems Human Factors Patient and Staff Personal Property Local Management and staff ownership Once completed, develop a plan to address any issues identified for Board 			Alignment
3M	approval and delivery in 2023/24 at the latest. By March 2023, develop a comprehensive communication plan for the next three years to evolve our branding, deepen our links to our staff, build organisational confidence, and communicate honestly, transparently, and effectively with our patients and local population. This should include widening the tools and channels at our disposal. Subject to Board approval in March 2023, begin implementation from April 2023.	UHB Communications Plan	Communications and Engagement Director	SDODC
3N	During 2022/23, undertake a Welsh Language and Culture Discovery process that seeks the views of staff, patients, partners, exemplar organisations and the local population regarding ways to make Hywel Dda a model public sector organisation for embracing and celebrating Welsh Language and Culture (in the way we communicate, offer our services, and design our estate and facilities for example). The resulting Discovery Report is to be presented for Board approval in Q4 2022/23 and, in light of this, a comprehensive and ambitious Welsh Language and Culture Plan will be presented to Board for approval in March 2023 with implementation starting in April 2023 at the latest. Any elements that can be implemented during 2022/23 should be, subject to appropriate approvals.	Welsh Language	Communications and Engagement Director	PODCC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
4A	Develop and implement plans to deliver, on a sustainable basis, NHS Delivery Framework targets related to public health within the next three years (with 2022/23 being year 1) (see specific requirements 4.A.i).	Public Health Delivery Targets	Director of Public Health	SDODC
4B	By March 2024 Develop and implement plans to deliver, on a sustainable basis, locally prioritised performance targets related to public health within the next three years	Public Health Local Performance Targets	Director of Public Health	SDODC
4C	To undertake an evaluation of the impact and benefits of the three WG supported Transformation Funds and ICF supported schemes in order to develop proposals, with LA partners for consideration and approval at the Regional Partnership Board by March 2023 for implementation from April 2024	Transformation fund schemes	Director of Primary Care, Community and Long-Term Care	SDODC
4D	By March 2023 develop a plan to reduce the local health inequalities arising in relation to screening services with implementation of agreed actions to begin no later than April 2023. The aim is to increase the access and opportunity for screening in our most deprived communities to the levels of our least deprived areas	Public Health Screening	Director of Public Health	SDODC
4G	Following implementation of the local plan to deliver "Healthy Weight: Healthy Wales" measure and report the impact and develop a three-year plan by March 2023 to promote system leadership and working across areas locally for delivery of Level 2 and Level 1 services.	Healthy Weight: Healthy Wales	Director of Public Health	QSEC
4H	Review and refresh the health board's emergency planning and civil contingencies / public protection strategies and present to Board by December 2022. This should include learning from the COVID 19 pandemic. The specific requirement set out in 4.H.i will be addressed as part of this	emergency planning and civil contingencies	Director of Therapies and Health Sciences	HSC
41	By March 2023 further develop the health board plan to drive forward improved outcomes for Veterans and members of the Armed Forces community, in relation to NHS priority treatment guidance and recruitment strategies, and report on progress annually.	Armed Forces Covenant	Director of Workforce and OD	PODCC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
4J	Work in partnership with the Public Service Boards (PSBs) and Regional Partnership Boards to ensure the publication of the statutory Well-being and Population Assessments by June 2022, and the completion of PSB Well-being Plans and an Area Plan by June 2023.	Regional Well-being Plans	Director of Public Health	SDODC
4K	By March 2023, arrange a facilitated discussion at Board which is aimed at agreeing our approach to reducing Health Inequalities. This must include an analysis of current health inequalities, trends and causes, potential options to address the inequalities (e.g., Allocate disproportionate resource to the most disadvantaged or by "Proportionate Universalism") and identify tools and interventions aimed at addressing the causes. Develop specific planning objectives by September 2023 in preparation for implementation in 2024/5.	Health Inequalities	Director of Public Health	SDODC
4L	Design and implement a process that continuously generates new proposals that can be developed into planning objectives aimed at constantly moving us towards a comprehensive "social model for health and wellbeing" and cohesive and resilient communities. The process needs to involve our local population as well as a diverse set of thought and system leaders from across society.	Social Model for Health and Wellbeing	Medical Director / Deputy Chief Executive	SDODC
4M	By March 2023 create a sustainable and robust health protection service, including a sustainable TB services model for Hywel Dda UHB.	Health protection	Director of Public Health	QSEC
4N	Create and implement a process in partnership with local authorities, PSBs and other stakeholders that engages and involves representatives of every aspect of the food system. This will include growers, producers, distributors, sellers, those involved in preparation and the provision of advice to individuals and organisations and thought leaders in this field. The aim is to identify opportunities to optimise the food system as a key determinant of wellbeing. The opportunities identified will then need to be developed into proposed planning objectives for the Board and local partners for implementation from April 2023 at the latest.	Food system	Medical Director / Deputy Chief Executive	SDODC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
4P	By December 2022 develop and seek Board approval for a Recovery and Rehabilitation plan that will provide a comprehensive individualised personcentred framework to support the needs of the four identified populations included in "Rehabilitation: a framework for continuity and recovery", including those with COVID-19. Subject to IMTP discussions in Q4 2022/23, this plan should be ready for implementation from April 2024.	Recovery and Rehabilitation Service	Director of Therapies and Health Sciences	SDODC
4Q	By October 2022, through a rapid expansion of all types of community care, put in place the necessary support so that sufficient Hywel Dda residents are able to remain / return home to reduce the number of non-elective patients in acute hospital beds by an average of 120 per day (averaged across the week and compared to the weekly average for the period between January and March 2022).	Community Care Support to reduce non-elective acute bed capacity	Director of Operations	SDODC
4R	By March 2023 establish a regional oversight group, in partnership with PSBs and the RPB, to develop and promote a broad range of actions that will promote the social and green solutions for health and well-being and contribute to addressing the climate change emergency through green health and sustainability projects.	Green Health and Sustainability	Director of Public Health	SDODC
48	By March 2024 develop and implement the strategy to improve population health so that everyone within HDdUHB region can expect to live more of life in good health by: 1) Having clear action plans for addressing the biggest preventable risk factors for ill health and premature death including tobacco, obesity and harmful use of drugs and alcohol and	Improvement in Population Health	Director of Public Health	SDODC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
	2) by addressing health disparities to break the link between background and prospects for a healthy life through strong partnership working.			
4T	By March 2023, implement and embed our approach to continuous engagement through: • Providing training on continuous engagement and our duties to engage / consult around service changes in keeping with The Consultation Institute's advice • Implementing structures and mechanisms to support continuous engagement, aligned to the regional framework for continuous engagement • Introducing a Continuous Engagement Toolkit, including guidance and templates to support wider teams and to promote good practice.	Continuous engagement implementation	Director of Strategy and Planning	SDODC
4U	By December 2022, develop a proposal for place-based action in at least 1 community in each county with key local partners and support from the WCVA which includes the identification and development of community leaders, asset mapping and the identification of priority areas of activity that would have the most likely and rapid effect on health and well-being of that community, and would be owned by the local community. As part of this work, identify sources of funding and a funding mechanism that facilitates community ownership and is for at least three years.	Community proposals for place-based action	Medical Director / Deputy Chief Executive	SDODC
4V	1. By March 2024 develop a set of "One Health" outcome measures and seek approval from Board to include them in the Board Assurance Framework as part of Strategic Objective 4 2. By March 2024 develop a clear framework and template to be used across relevant Planning Objectives that will embed "One Health" principles within their delivery (list of relevant planning objectives set out below) and develop a training package accessible for all staff to raise awareness of "One Health"	One Health	Director of Public Health	SDODC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
	principles and how they can be implemented in the day to day work of the health board. As part of this, design and run a Board seminar to raise Board awareness of these principles.			
4W	Put in place an implementation plan so that, by March 2025 every school in the Hywel Dda area has implemented the Welsh Government Framework for Mental Health and Emotional Wellbeing and establish a formal evaluation framework to monitor and assess the impact of the framework on the mental health and emotional wellbeing of all school children (particularly those experiencing health inequalities). The implementation plan and proposed evaluation framework to be presented for Board approval by May 2023.	Whole School Approach to Mental Health and Emotional Wellbeing	Director of Public Health	SDODC
5A	Develop and implement plans to deliver, on a sustainable basis, NHS Delivery Framework targets related to Quality and Safety, Primary Care, Secondary Care and MH services within the next three years (see specific requirements 5.a.i). These plans must be consistent with HDdUHB's Strategy - 'A Healthier Mid and West Wales'.	NHS Wales Delivery Framework Targets	Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	SDODC
5B	Develop and implement plans to deliver, on a sustainable basis, locally prioritised performance targets related to Quality and Safety, Primary care, Secondary Care and MH services within the next three years (see specific requirements 5.b.i). These plans must be consistent with HDdUHB's Strategy - 'A Healthier Mid and West Wales'	Local Performance Targets	Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	SDODC
5C	By March 2026, produce and agree final business cases in line with the vision and design assumptions set out in 'A Healthier Mid and West Wales' for: • the repurposing or new build of GGH and WGH • implementation of a new urgent and planned care hospital (with architectural separation between them) within the zone of Narberth and St Clears	Business Cases for A Healthier Mid and West Wales	Director of Strategy and Planning	SDODC
	Work with partners to develop and address access, travel, transport and the			

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
	necessary infrastructure to support the service configuration taking into account the learning from the COVID pandemic (See specific requirements 5ci, 5cii)			
	Develop plans for all other infrastructure requirements in support of the health and care strategy.			
	5c i - ensure the new hospital uses digital opportunities to support its aims to minimise the need for travel, maximise the quality and safety of care and deliver the shortest, clinically appropriate lengths of stay. 5cii - Implement the requirements of 'My charter' to involve people with a learning disability in our future service design and delivery. 5ciii - Incorporate Biophilic Design Principles, learning from the best in the world, into the design of the new hospital and the repurposing of GGH and WGH			
5F	Fully implement the Bronglais Hospital strategy over the coming three years as agreed at Board in November 2019 taking into account the learning from the COVID pandemic.	Bronglais Strategy	Director of Operations	SDODC
5G	Implement the remaining elements of the Transforming MH and develop and implement a Transforming LD strategy in line with "Improving Lives, Improving Care" over the next three years and also develop and implement a plan for Transforming specialist child and adolescent health services (CAMHS) and autistic spectrum disorder and ADHD.	Transforming MH and LD implementation	Director of Operations	SDODC
5H	By March 2023, develop and implement Integrated Locality Planning groups, bringing together Clusters, Health, Social and Third Sector partners with a team of aligned Business Partners. Establish an integrated locality plan that sets out a clear and agreed set of shared ambitions and outcomes for the population which is aligned with national and regional priorities across the whole health and care system. The Integrated Locality Planning Groups will agree a collective shared budget to support delivery of the Plans, including commissioning of services,	Integrated locality plans	Director of Primary Care, Community and Long-Term Care	SDODC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
	 and will demonstrate delivery of the following priorities: Connected kind communities including implementation of the social prescribing model Proactive and co-ordinated risk stratification, care planning and integrated community team delivery Single point of contact to co-ordinate and rapidly respond to urgent and intermediate care needs to increase time spent at home Enhanced use of technology to support self and proactive care Increased specialist and ambulatory care through community clinics Note - the Integrated Locality Planning groups will operate within a revised framework of governance which will be developed in conjunction with the national Accelerated Cluster Programme. 			
51	Undertake a comprehensive assessment of all health board Children & Young People Services to identify areas for improvement. From this, develop an implementation plan to address the findings by March 2024 at the latest. The assessment process and implementation plan should include the voices of children and young people and have clear links to the wider work being progressed by the RPB.	Children and young people services improvement	Director of Operations	SDODC
5J	Undertake a review of the significant changes made to the 24/7 community and primary care unscheduled care service model in 2021/22 and develop a refreshed plan to embed those changes and complete the task of establishing a comprehensive and sustainable model in this area by September 2022 so that implementation can be completed by December 2022.	24/7 emergency care model for Community and Primary Care	Director of Primary Care, Community and Long-Term Care	SDODC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
5K	Establish a process to ensure effective clinical practice is embedded within individual practice and clinical service areas. The process is part of the health board's Quality Management System, alongside Clinical Audit and Quality Improvement, and sits within the Quality and Governance structure, by the end of 2022/23. This will be achieved by: • Supporting the assessment of practice against local and national clinical effectiveness standards and ensuing that findings are used improve the services provided to our patients; • Supporting services to identify, understand and act upon findings from external reviews that are relevant to effective clinical practice e.g., GIRFT, Royal College Peer Reviews.	Clinical effectiveness self-assessment process	Medical Director / Deputy Chief Executive	QSEC
5M	By March 2025 implement the existing national requirements in relation to clinical and other all-Wales IT systems within expected national timescales (see the specific requirements 5.M.i). Develop a plan to progress to Level 5 of the seven levels of the Healthcare Information and Management Systems Society (HIMSS) maturity matrix (currently the HB is at Level 3).	Implementation of clinical and all Wales IT systems	Director of Finance	SRC
5N	Implement all outstanding plans in relation to but not limited to National Networks and Joint Committees. This will include commitments agreed with Swansea Bay UHB/A Regional Collaboration for Health (ARCH), Mid Wales Joint Committee, Sexual Assault Referral Centre (SARC), National Collaborative, Welsh Health Specialised Services Committee.	Implement National Network and Joint Committee Plans	No single Exec owner	SDODC
50	Develop and implement a plan to address fragile services, which maintains and develops safe services until the new hospital system is established.	Fragile Services	No single Exec owner	QSEC
5P	Bring the finalised Market Stability Statement and Population Needs Assessment programme to the health board by June 2022 and develop an initial set of new Planning Objectives to address the opportunities and issues raised by September 2022 for implementation from Q3 2022/23.	Market Stability Statement	Director of Primary Care, Community and Long-Term Care	SDODC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
5Q	To develop and implement a plan to roll out an interface asthma services across the health board from April 2021, working across primary and secondary care. The aim of this is to enhance pathway value by reduce asthma related morbidity and mortality whilst improving access to expert opinion and reducing secondary care demand.	Asthma Pathway	Director of Primary Care, Community and Long-Term Care	SDODC
5R	In response to the recently signed Digital Inclusion Charter, by March 2023 develop a digital inclusion programme which will provide a coordinated approach to digital inclusion across the health board and its wider partners for the local population. The programme will recognise the continuously changing role digital technology plays in the lives of individuals and society as a whole.	Digital Inclusion	Director of Finance	SRC
5S	By July 2022, a health board wide Palliative Care Triumvirate will be established with a pooled budget to lead on the implementation of the approved Palliative Care and End of Life Care Strategy. This will deliver on five key outcomes; a regional commissioning framework for third sector delivered services, an evidenced workforce model based on capacity and demand plan with equitable training opportunities, a service model based on best practice from the Swan/Cygnet model, an outcomes and delivery dashboard in line with new national requirements, and implementation of the estates benchmarking review. By March 2023 the Triumvirate, in partnership and collaboration with the service, will clearly identify the priority gaps for next wave of strategy implementation.	Palliative Care and End of Life Care Strategy	Director of Primary Care, Community and Long-Term Care	SDODC
5T	By September 2022 propose new planning objectives for the following year to pilot and test innovate approaches to offering people with complex and/or rising health and care needs (accounting for 15% - 30% of our population) greater control over the choice of care and support they need. The aim of these approaches must be to improve the value (outcome vs cost) from the services we provide and take advantage of the new national Continuing Healthcare Framework and likely introduction of Independent User Trusts.	Complex health and care needs	Director of Primary Care, Community and Long-Term Care	SDODC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
5U	By September 2022 develop an initial plan for the health board's community and non-clinical estate with a focus on addressing the WG's "Town First" initiative, reducing HB accommodation overheads and improving the working lives of our staff. It should also set out an on-going process to refresh and renew this plan over the coming years in order to keep pace with new working patterns, HB needs and opportunities for co-location with public and voluntary sector partners. Current work on office moves should continue whilst this plan and ongoing process is developed.	Community and non-clinical estates strategy	Director of Strategy and Planning	SDODC
5V	By April 2022 develop an IMTP annual planning cycle which supports the Exec Team in the timely development future annual and three-year plans. This should incorporate the utilisation of quarterly Exec Team residential sessions and a model to deploy operational planning capability out into the organisation.	IMTP and operational planning	Director of Strategy and Planning	SDODC
5W	Develop and deliver an implementation programme that will ensure effective operational implementation of the Liberty Protection Safeguards legislation across the health board by 1st October 2023.	Liberty Protection Safeguards	Director of Operations	QSEC
5X	Develop a plan to introduce a comprehensive quality management system to support and drive quality across the organisation. Implementation to begin by April 2022 and completed within three years. The system will be supported by the HBs "Improving Together Framework" and EQIiP Programme as delivery vehicles.	Quality Management System	Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	QSEC
6B	By June 2022 develop and roll-out an initial suite of financial sustainability plans for the whole organisation based on the target operation models the HB is seeking to implement through its planning objectives for the next three years. These plans should provide the detail underpinning the health board's roadmap to financial recovery and be introduced in such a way to allow budget holders to focus on the positive change being sought.	Value improvement and income opportunity	Director of Finance	SRC
	In parallel with the above, develop an activity-based condition and pathway			

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
	costing programme for all major health conditions thereby providing a longitudinal analysis of health board spend to support the on-going roll out of PROMs and VBHC approaches to budgetary decision making and resource allocation.			
6D	Implement the three objectives and associated actions contained within the VBHC plan (2021-24), including the routine capture of PROMs within the majority of our service areas, the delivery of an education programme, and a bespoke programme of research and innovation'.	Value Based Healthcare and Patient Reported Outcome Programme	Medical Director / Deputy Chief Executive	SRC
6G	By first quarter 2022/23 develop and seek Board endorsement for a strategic roadmap to respond to the Welsh Government ambition for NHS Wales to contribute towards a public sector wide net zero target by 2030. The health board will set out a work programme and implement this plan to meet the targets established in the NHS Wales Decarbonisation Strategic Delivery Plan in the areas of carbon management, buildings, transport, procurement, estate planning and land use, and its approach to healthcare including promoting clinical sustainability. Where feasible through the opportunities presented via the health board's transformation journey it will look to exceed targets and establish best practice models and pilots, as exemplars for the NHS and wider public sector. The overall aim will be to reduce HDdUHB's carbon footprint by at least 34% by 2030 to support the wider public sector ambition to address the climate emergency.	Decarbonisation and green initiatives plan	Director of Strategy and Planning	SRC
6H	By March 2023 develop a consistent measurement framework to assess the impact of health board spending in the following four domains: 1. Social value 2. Economic Value	Supply chain analysis	Director of Finance	SRC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee
	Environmental impact Cultural benefit			Alignment
	This framework will provide new measures for the Board Assurance Framework in relation to Strategic Objective 6 and will identify opportunities for new Planning Objectives for delivery from April 2024.			
6I	By March 2022 establish an interim budget for 2022/23 which supports the planning objectives contained in the health board's interim plan for 2022/23. This budget will include identification of the required savings requirements and opportunities to achieve the health board's agreed financial plan as well as their application to the relevant budgets for each director.	Interim Budget 2022/23	Director of Finance	SRC
6K	By September 2021 develop a plan to achieve, as a minimum, the design assumptions set out in "A Healthier Mid and West Wales" related to the new hospital build on the current health board acute hospital sites by March 2023. The plan should set out expected trajectories towards this over 2021/22 and 2022/23. The design assumptions in relation to this objective are: • A 40% reduction in emergency admissions for ACS related conditions • A reduction in length of stay to the median of our peer group • A 25% reduction in follow up outpatient appointments • A 4.3% reduction in the overall level of A&E & MIU attendances • 30% of A&E attendances shifted to MIUs • 50% patients in acute beds step down to community beds/home in 72 hours • 90% outpatient appointments to take place in community (includes virtually) • 50% of day cases in medical specialties to take place in community settings The baseline of the above is 2019/20. The plan will set out the net financial and	Design Assumptions	Director of Operations	SDODC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee Alignment
	workforce implications as well as expected trajectories so that it can inform the health board's route map to financial recovery.			
6L	Coordinate a balanced approach to how resources are used and invested and dis-invested in, to achieve workforce, clinical service, and financial sustainability. • Chair the Use of Resources leadership group to facilitate balanced decision making, providing a summary update into the Sustainable Use of Resources committee as appropriate. • Continually deliver effective executive partnering from the finance function to achieve clarity on resource utilisation, investment, and dis-investment appraisals, including the shift of resources across services to achieve our strategic objectives. • Develop and implement a single revenue investment approach pan health board, and instil it within pre-existing governance forums and procedures, ensuring summary financial appraisals are consistently and clearing described, including the appropriate finance business partnering sign-off. • Implement a monthly management information suite to drive organisational financial discipline for across all revenue implications, namely, Savings and Opportunities realisation, investment and dis-investment schedules and funding streams.	Workforce, clinical service, and financial sustainability	Director of Finance	SRC
6M	Develop a refreshed Cyber Security Framework by March 2022 and supporting timelines and actions to protecting health board information, ensuring confidentiality, integrity of assets, data, and availability. Key elements of this framework will be • refreshing the information assets register and ensuring that business critical assets are kept secure at all times • identifying the threats and risks (Routine Cyber Security Penetration Testing); • identifying the safeguards that should be put into place to deal with these threats and risks;	Cyber Security Framework	Director of Finance	SRC

ID	PO for 2022/23	PO Tagline	Executive Lead	Committee
	 monitoring the safeguards and assets to manage security breaches (Cyber Security Framework); responding to cyber security issues as they occur, and; updating and adjusting safeguards in response to changes in assets, threats and risks. 			Alignment
6N	By March 2023 develop an initial intelligent automation plan which combines robotic process automation technology, AI, and natural language processing to streamline data collection and integration.	Intelligent Automation	Director of Finance	SRC
	Whilst this plan is in development develop and implement a process to automate the health board's starters and leavers processes and design and implement an intelligent frailty identification robot. These two initial programmes will be implemented during 2022/24.			

Chapter 2

Accountability Report 2022/23



176/354 190/368

Content	Page
Accountability Report	176
Introduction	178
Part 1 - Corporate Governance Report	179
Directors' Report	179
Statement of the Chief Executive's responsibilities as	
Accountable Officer of Hywel Dda University Health Board	181
Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the accounts	182
Governance Statement	183
Part 2 - Remuneration and Staff Report	248
Part 3 - Parliamentary Accountability and Audit Report	272

177

Introduction to the Accountability Report

The Accountability Report is one of the three reports which form Hywel Dda University Health Board's (the health board) Annual Report and Accounts. The accountability section of the Annual Report is to meet key accountability requirements to the Welsh Government (WG). The requirements of the Accountability Report are based on the matters required to be dealt with in a Directors' Report, as set out in Chapter 5 of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and Schedule 7 of SI 2008 No 410, and in a Remuneration Report, as set out in Chapter 6 of the Companies Act 2006 and Schedule 8 of SI 2008 No 410.

As not all requirements of the Companies Act apply to NHS bodies, the structure adopted is as described in the HM Treasury's Government Financial Reporting Manual (FReM) and set out in the 2022/23 Manual for Accounts for NHS Wales, issued by the WG.

The Accountability Report consists of three main parts. These are:

- The Corporate Governance Report: This report explains the composition and
 organisation of the health board and governance structures and how they support the
 achievement of the health board's objectives. The Corporate Governance Report itself
 is in three main parts; the Directors' Report, the Statement of Accounting Officer's
 Responsibilities, and the Governance Statement.
- The Remuneration and Staff Report: The Remuneration and Staff Report contains information about senior managers' remuneration. It will detail salaries and other payments, the health board's policy on senior managers' remuneration, and whether there were any exit payments or other significant awards to current or former senior managers. In addition, the Remuneration and Staff Report sets out the membership of the health board's Remuneration Committee, and staff information with regards to numbers, composition, and sickness absence, together with expenditure on consultancy and off payroll expenditure.
- Senedd Cymru/Welsh Parliament Accountability and Audit Report: The Senedd
 Cymru/Welsh Parliament Accountability and Audit Report provides information on such
 matters as regularity of expenditure, fees and charges, and the audit certificate and
 report.

Part 1 - Corporate Governance Report

Introduction

The Corporate Governance Report provides an overview of the governance arrangements and structures that were in place across the health board during 2022/23. It includes:

The Directors' Report: This provides details of the board who have authority or responsibility for directing and controlling the major activities of the health board during the year. Some of the information which would normally be shown here is provided in other parts of the Annual Report and Accounts and this is highlighted where applicable.

The Statement of Accounting Officer's Responsibilities and Statement of Directors' Responsibilities: This requires the Accountable Officer, Chair and Executive Director of Finance to confirm their responsibilities in preparing the financial statements and that the Annual Report and Accounts is fair, balanced, and understandable.

The Governance Statement: This is the main document in the Corporate Governance Report. It explains the governance arrangements and structures within the health board and brings together how the organisation manages governance, risk, and control.

Directors' Report

The Composition of the Board and membership

The health board is made up of 11 Independent Members (including Chair and Vice-Chair) who are appointed by the Minister for Health and Social Services, and nine Executive Directors. All Independent Members and Executive Director Members have full voting rights. There are also three Directors one being the Director of Corporate Governance/Board Secretary on the Executive Team who have no voting rights and who are invited to attend the Board as in attendance members. In addition, there are three Associate Members who have been appointed by the Minister for Health and Social Services following a recommendation from the health board in accordance with Standing Orders. Associate Members have no voting rights.

Before an individual may be appointed as a Member or Associate Member they must meet the relevant eligibility requirements, set out in Schedule 2 of The Local Health Boards (Constitution, Membership and Procedures) (Wales) Regulation 2009, and continue to fulfil the relevant requirements throughout the time that they hold office. The Regulations can be accessed via the following link: https://law.gov.wales/public-services/health-and-health-boards.

Further details in relation to the composition of the Board can be found at pages 192 to 194 of the <u>Governance Statement</u>. This will include Board and Committee membership, including the Audit and Risk Assurance Committee, for 2022/23, the meetings attended during the year and the champion roles fulfilled by Board Members. In addition, short

biographies of all Board Members can be found on the health board's website at: https://hduhb.nhs.wales/about-us/your-health-board/board-members/.

Register of interests

Details of company directorships and other significant interests held by members of the Board, which may conflict with their responsibilities, are maintained, and updated on a regular basis. A Register of Interests is available on the health board's website at:

Register of interests, gifts, sponsorship and hospitality - Hywel Dda University Health

Board (nhs.wales), or a hard copy can be obtained from the Director of corporate

Goverance/Board Secretary on request.

Personal data related incidents

Information on personal data related incidents formally reported to the Information Commissioner's office and 'serious untoward incidents' involving data loss or confidentiality breaches are detailed on page 225 of the <u>Governance Statement</u>.

Environmental, social and community issues

These are outlined in pages 138 of the Performance Report.

Statement for Public Sector Information Holders

This is contained in the <u>Senedd Cymru/Welsh Parliament Accountability and Audit Report</u> on page 273.

Statement of the Chief Executive's responsibilities as Accountable Officer of Hywel Dda University Health Board

The Welsh Ministers have directed that the Chief Executive should be the Accountable Officer of Hywel Dda University Health Board.

The relevant responsibilities of Accountable Officers, including their responsibility for the propriety and regularity of the public finances for which they are answerable, and for the keeping of proper records, are set out in the Accountable Officer's Memorandum issued by the Welsh Government.

I can confirm that:

by:

To the best of my knowledge and belief, there is no relevant audit information of which Hywel Dda University Health Board's auditors are unaware and I have taken all steps that ought to have been taken to make myself aware of any relevant audit information and established that the auditors are aware of that information.

Hywel Dda University Health Board's annual report and accounts as a whole is fair, balanced, and understandable and I take personal responsibility for the annual report and accounts and the judgements required for determining that it is fair, balanced, and understandable.

To the best of my knowledge and belief, I have properly discharged the responsibilities set out in my letter of appointment as an Accountable Officer.

Signed Date: 27 July 2023

Steve Moore, Chief Executive Officer

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the accounts

The Directors are required under the National Health Service Act (Wales) 2006 to prepare accounts for each financial year.

The Welsh Ministers, with the approval of HM Treasury, direct that these accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of Hywel Dda University Health Board and of the income and expenditure of the Hywel Dda University Health Board for that period.

In preparing those accounts, the Directors are required to:

Apply on a consistent basis accounting principles laid down by the Welsh Ministers with the approval of HM Treasury:

- Make judgements and estimates which are responsible and prudent; and
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts.

The Directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the accounts.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the authority and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with requirements outlined in the above-mentioned direction by the Welsh Ministers.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD Signed by:

On behalf of Chair:	Maria Battle	Date:	27 July 2023
Chief Executive:	Steve Moore	Date:	27 July 2023
Executive Director of Finance:	Huw Thomas	Date:	27 July 2023

Governance Statement Scope of responsibility

The Board is accountable for Governance, Risk Management, and Internal Control. As Chief Executive of the Board, I have responsibility for maintaining appropriate governance structures and procedures as well as a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the organisation's policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding the public funds and the organisation's assets for which I am personally responsible. These are carried out in accordance with the responsibilities assigned by the Accountable Officer of NHS Wales.

The Annual Report outlines the different ways the organisation has had to work both internally and with partners in response to the significant challenges of planning and providing services. It explains arrangements for ensuring standards of governance are maintained, risks are identified and mitigated, and assurance has been sought and provided. Where necessary additional information is provided in the Governance Statement, however the intention has been to reduce duplication where possible. It is therefore necessary to review other sections in the Annual Report alongside this Governance Statement.

Hywel Dda University Health Board has experienced another challenging year as it emerges from the pandemic. We are contending with a number of external pressures which include workforce availability (including social care); affordability and cost of living; and population health and need for health care (including the continued requirement to respond to COVID and the latent health consequences as a result of the pandemic). These issues manifest as increased waiting lists and delays to care for patients, excessive strain on staff, reduced system efficiency and unprecedented financial pressures.

Furthermore, in Hywel Dda, it is well recognised that we have an ageing estate and an unsustainable clinical model. It is therefore clear that the scale of these challenges will require concerted and long-term action to address. Our governance framework has continued to mature to enable us to operate in an open and transparent way and support the delivery of our strategic and planning objectives as we chart our course to a more sustainable position including an ambition to return to financial balance, aligned to our strategy 'A Healthier Mid and West Wales'. Further detail on how we maintained good governance arrangements during 2022/23 are provided within this Governance Statement.

Escalation and intervention arrangements

The health board is held to account for its performance by the WG, which has established arrangements for escalation and intervention to support NHS bodies to address issues effectively and deliver the required improvement.

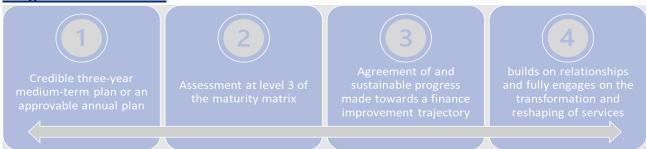
As we have been unable to produce an approvable three-year IMTP (Integrated Medium-Term Plan), or a finalised annual plan and in recognition of the growing financial deficit, in September 2022, the WG raised the escalation status of the health board from 'enhanced

monitoring' to targeted intervention' for finance and planning. The health board remained in 'enhanced monitoring' for some quality issues related to performance resulting in long waiting times and poor patient experience.

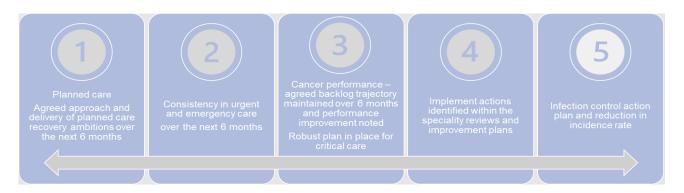
While we can to a large degree demonstrate Board oversight of key concerns, we recognise that there is currently a 'gap' in the organisation's medium-term planning and that while there is a focus upon both its Annual Plan and its Ten-Year plan, further detail is required in terms of the steps to be taken to enable the health board to achieve the goals of its long-term plan, and to be de-escalated to routine monitoring status.

We recognise that we must address and remedy the key issues highlighted including the conditions set out by WG at the inception meeting on the 27 October 2022 for deescalation. These were:





Enhanced Monitoring



We have responded diligently and positively to both targeted intervention and enhanced monitoring. For example, since the inception meeting, we have:

- Established a governance framework to monitor progress.
- Engaged, consulted, and drafted a maturity matrix to set out the requisite and measurable steps to achieving assessment level three of the maturity matrix.
- Cooperated and fully engaged with the WG peer review around the capability and capacity.
- Demonstrated a robust understanding of all cost drivers which moved the underlying deficit forecast outturn from (£25m) to (£62m).

- Received Board approval in March 2023 to establish a programme of work to develop and deliver a Clinical Services Plan. The Clinical Services Plan set out which service areas are proposed for inclusion; aligned to sustainability and fragility concerns.
- Reduced the number of patients waiting over one year for a new outpatient appointment from a peak of over 14,000 patients at the end of July 2022 to just over 3,500 patients at the end of March 2023.
- Reduced the number of patients waiting over two years from referral to treatment from a peak of over 8,700 patients at the end of March 2022 to just over 3,700 patients at the end of March 2023.
- Demonstrated a stepped improvement in the number of ambulances waiting over four hours outside our emergency departments from 518 breaches in December 2022 to 347 in March 2023.
- Increased the percentage of children (0-17 years) having a mental health assessment within 28 days of the referral from below 5% in April 2022 to 70% in February 2023.

We have also secured external/WG support on the following two areas:

- A review by the Finance Delivery Unit; and
- A peer review of our integrated planning mechanisms.

To conclude, whilst we recognise the significant progress, we have made in a number of areas which are an important illustration of both the fortitude and hard work of staff, within the current climate, we do not underestimate the challenges we face.

Our governance framework

Model Standing Orders, Reservation and Delegation of Powers are issued by Welsh Ministers for the regulation of the health board's proceedings and business. These translate the statutory requirements set out in the Local Health Boards (Constitution, Membership and Procedures) (Wales) Regulations 2009 (S.I. 2009/779 (W.67)) into day to day operating practice, and, together with the adoption of a Scheme of decisions reserved to the board; a Scheme of Delegations to officers and others; and Standing Financial Instructions (SFIs), they provide the regulatory framework for the business conduct of the health board and define its 'ways of working'.

The all-Wales Model Standing Orders, Reservation and Delegation of Power for Standing Orders and the Standing Financial Instructions are reviewed annually and were approved by the Board on 28 July 2022. These documents form the basis upon which our governance and accountability framework is developed and, together with the adoption of our Standards of Behaviour framework, is designed to ensure the achievement of the standards of good governance set for the NHS in Wales.

Variations to Standing Orders

Conducting board meetings – Standing Orders states that 'The board and its committees shall conduct as much of its formal business in public'. During the pandemic, we were

unable to meet in public, in accordance with the Public Bodies (Admissions to Meetings) Act 1960, due to limitations on public gatherings, however, to ensure business was conducted in as open and transparent manner as possible during this time, we continued to:

- Live broadcast all board meetings;
- Publish agendas and papers in advance of the meeting ideally seven days (the board acknowledge that this is a breach of Model Standing Orders which stipulates agendas should be published 10 days prior to meetings, however a local variation has been made);
- Provide a clear link to the health board's website pages and social media accounts signposting to further information and publication dates; and
- Make amendments to the website (which constitutes the official notice of board meetings) and explain why the board is not meeting in public.

This variation to our Standing Orders continued until July 2022, when the board returned to meeting in person. Live streaming of board meetings has continued to maintain transparency and accessibility by the public and staff to board business and decision-making.

The public are also unable to attend its committee meetings physically or virtually, which is a breach of its Standing Orders. This has been risk assessed, taking into account that all decisions are made by the board, and committee papers and minutes are made available on the health board website under the Statutory Committee section - https://hduhb.nhs.wales/about-us/governance-arrangements/statutory-committees/.

Annual General Meeting (AGM) - Standing Orders states that the health board 'must hold an AGM in public no later than the 31 July each year.' In light of the revised timetable for Audit Wales (AW) to submit final Annual Reports and Accounts to HSSG Finance for the reporting period 2022/23, WG confirmed that AGMs will take place no later than 28 September 2023. Our Audit and Risk Assurance Committee was advised of this variation on 18 April 2023 directing that the health board: 'must hold its 2023 AGM in public no later than the 28 September. This variation from the date of July will be reviewed on the 31 March 2024.' This was reported to the Board in May 2023.

The board

The board provides leadership and direction to the organisation and is responsible for governance, scrutiny, and public accountability, ensuring that its work is open and transparent. The Board functions as a corporate decision-making body.

All Board Members share corporate responsibility for formulating strategy, ensuring accountability, monitoring performance, and shaping culture, together with ensuring that the board operates as effectively as possible. The board is comprised of individuals from a range of backgrounds, discipline, and areas of expertise, and provides leadership and direction ensuring that sound governance arrangements are in place.

During 2022/23, all board meetings in public were broadcast live, with a recording of the meeting uploaded to our website after each meeting.

During 2022/23, the board held:

- Nine meetings in public (all were quorate)
- One Annual General Meeting
- Nine seminar sessions (an additional Seminar was held in March 2022)

Attendance is formally recorded within the minutes, detailing where apologies have been received and where deputies have been nominated. The dates, agendas and minutes of all public meetings can be found on the health board's website:

https://hduhb.nhs.wales/about-us/your-health-board/.

The board has a programme of work, which was adapted during the year to respond to emerging events and circumstances. There is also a clear patient and staff centred focus by the board at the meetings, demonstrated by the presentation of patient and staff stories at each meeting through the Patient Experience Report.

Items considered by the board during 2022/23 included:

- Mental Health and Learning Disabilities Update
- Improving Care, Improving Lives
- Autism Spectrum Disorder Plan
- Learning Disabilities Charter
- Update on the Review of Paediatric Services/Consultation Project Plan for Urgent and Emergency Paediatric Services
- Community Paediatrics Waiting List
- Clinical Services Plan
- Critical Care Staffing Position
- Primary Care Contractual Applications
- Managed Practice Strategy
- Provision of Dental Services, Ammanford
- Care Home Capacity and Fragility
- Funded Nursing Care
- National Continuing Health Care (CHC) Framework
- Hywel Dda University Health Board Long COVID-19 Service
- COVID-19 Autumn Booster Campaign
- External Review of the Llwynhendy Tuberculosis Outbreak
- Hywel Dda University Health Board Winter Plan 2022/23
- Winter Respiratory Vaccination Programme 2022/23 (including Influenza Plan)
- Nurse Staffing Levels (Wales) Act:
 - o Annual Assurance Report 2021/22
 - Annual Presentation of Nurse Staffing Levels
- Long Term Agreements Values and Processes for 2022/23
- Risk Management Strategy
- Risk Management Framework

- Improving Together Framework
- Continuous Engagement Plan/Future Engagement Plan
- Major Incident Plan
- Decarbonisation Plan
- Financial Wellbeing/Cost of Living
- Listening & Learning
- Quality Improvement and Quality Management System
- Making Malnutrition Matter Business Case Update
- TriTech Business Plan
- Cross Hands Outline Business Case
- Aseptic Project Business Justification Case
- SWW Cancer Centre Strategic Programme Case
- BGH Fire Precaution Works Programme Business Case
- Electronic Patient Flow and Electronic Observations Outline Business Case
- New Velindre Cancer Centre Full Business Case
- NHS Blood and Transplant (NHSBT) Organ Donation: Review of Actual and Potential Deceased Organ Donation
- Hywel Dda University Health Board Well-being Objectives Annual Report 2021/22
- West Wales Carers Development Group Annual Report 2021/22
- Director of Public Health Annual Report
- Strategic Equality Reports
 - o Strategic Equality Plan Annual Report 2021/22
 - Annual Workforce Equality Report 2021/22
 - Disability, Ethnicity and Gender Pay Gap Report 2022
- Public Services Boards (PSB) Wellbeing Plans

Regular items throughout the year to the board included those listed above, as well as the following:

- Updates on Implementing the 'A Healthier Mid & West Wales Strategy, including Programme Business Case and Land Identification Plan/Consultation
- Operational Update reports
- Reports on the Annual Plan 2022/23 and development of the Annual Plan 2023/24
- Reports on the financial performance and the related risks for discussion
- Reports on improving patient experience, providing feedback and activity, for assurance
- Integrated Performance Assurance Reports identifying areas of concern for discussion
- Board Assurance Framework (BAF) Dashboard providing a visual representation of the health board's progress against each strategic objective for assurance
- Corporate risk reports providing assurance on the management of risks, and any variances to agreed tolerance levels
- Reports from the Chair and Chief Executive (including the Register of Sealings for endorsement and status reports on consultations) for discussion, and

 Assurance reports and endorsement of any matters arising from the In-Committee Board, Board Committees, Joint Committees, Advisory Groups and Statutory Partnerships of the Board

Board committees

The board is supported by several committees, each chaired by an Independent Member. These committees have an important role in providing scrutiny and seeking assurance in relation to the achievement of our strategic and planning objectives, provision of safe and effective services, compliance with legislation and standards, learning from lessons, and oversight of performance and risk. The health board has the following committees in place, and these are set out in the diagram at Appendix 1.

- Audit and Risk Assurance Committee (ARAC)
- Health and Safety Committee (HSC)
- Charitable Funds Committee (CFC)
- Mental Health Legislation Committee (MHLC)
- Quality, Safety and Experience Committee (QSEC)
- People, Organisational Development and Culture Committee (PODCC)
- Strategic Development and Operational Delivery Committee (SDODC)
- Sustainable Resources Committee (SRC)
- Remuneration and Terms of Service Committee (RTSC)

The Terms of Reference for all Board Committees are reviewed on at least an annual basis and can be found in the <u>Governance Arrangements</u> section on our website.

The chair of each committee provides a written report to the board following each meeting outlining key risks and highlighting areas, which need to be brought to the board's attention to contribute to its assessment of assurance and provide scrutiny against the delivery of objectives or other matters. The committees, as well as reporting to the board, also work together on behalf of the board to ensure, where required, that cross reporting and consideration takes place, and assurance and advice, is provided to the board and the wider organisation. As well as producing formal minutes, each committee maintains a table of actions that is monitored at meetings.

A further enhancement to the governance framework has been the introduction of a bimonthly meeting of the committee chairs which supports the triangulation of information across the committee structure and the wider health board.

Throughout the year, each committee has undertaken a self-assessment and produced a meaningful development plan to ensure there is continual learning and improvement. Each committee chair is also responsible for providing the board with an annual report, setting out a helpful summary of its work throughout the year. Each committee has an Executive Director lead who works closely with the chair of each committee in agenda setting, business cycle planning and to support good quality, timely information being

relayed to the Committee. A summary of key items considered by Committees can be found in Appendix 2.

The following table outlines dates of board and committee meetings held during 2022/23, with all meetings being quorate:

Month Committee	Board	Audit and Risk Assurance Committee	Charitable Funds Committee	Health and Safety Committee	Mental Health Legislation Committee	People, Organisational Development and Culture Committee	Strategic Development and Operational Delivery Committee	Sustainable Resources	Quality, Safety and Experience Committee	Remuneration and Terms of Service Committee
Apr 2022		19.04.22				04.04.22	28.04.22	25.04.22	12.04.22	26.04.22
May 2022	26.05.22	05.05.22 (e)		09.05.22						13.05.22
Jun 2022	09.06.22 (e)	09.06.22 (e) 21.06.22	06.06.22		13.06.22	20.06.22	27.06.22	28.06.22	22.06.22	
Jul 2022	28.07.22			11.07.22						
Aug 2022	04.08.22 (e)	16.08.22				18.08.22	25.08.22	22.08.22	09.08.22	10.08.22
Sep 2022	29.09.22		26.09.22	12.09.22	03.10.22					
Oct 2022		18.10.22				20.10.22	10.11.22	10.11.22	11.10.22	
Nov 2022	24.11.22		28.11.22	14.11.22						
Dec 2022		13.12.22			12.12.22	15.12.22	16.12.22	20.12.22	14.12.22	
Jan 2023	26.01.23		26.01.23 (e)	09.01.23						12.01.23
Feb 2023	23.02.23 (e)	21.02.23				15.02.23	23.02.23	28.02.23	14.02.23	
Mar 2023	30.03.23		20.03.23	06.03.23	13.03.23					

(e) – Extraordinary meetings

Board and Committee membership and attendance during 2022/23

The board has been constituted to comply with the Local Health Boards (Constitution, Membership and Procedures) (Wales) Regulations 2009. The board consists of 20 voting members (11 Independent Members and nine Executive Directors). There are also three Associate Members that take part in board meetings in public, though they do not hold any voting rights. The board is supported by the Director of Corporate Governance, the Communications Director and the Director of Primary Care, Community and Long-Term Care, who attend its meetings but do not have voting rights.

There have been a number of changes to the Board over the past 12-months. The health board said farewell to:

- Professor John Gammon, Independent Member (University) on 31 July 2022.
- Cllr Gareth John, Independent Member (Local Authority) on 14 June 2022.
- Paul Newman, Independent Member (Community) on 31 March 2023.

We also warmly welcomed two new Independent Members to the Board in 2022/23:

- Chantal Patel, Independent Member (University) on 1 August 2022.
- Cllr Rhodri Evans, Independent Member (Local Authority) on 15 November 2022.

Where there were changes in Independent Board Member appointments during the year, every effort was made to ensure that the interval until a new appointee was confirmed was a short as possible. Such action helped to bolster Board Member arrangements and therefore avoid any adverse impact on decision-making. Unfortunately, there was a gap in appointment of an Independent Member (Local Authority) due to the Member standing down with immediate effect due to being appointed to a Local Authority cabinet position. Whilst we initiated the recruitment process for a new Independent Member straightaway, we also undertook a review of committee membership to ensure that committees were appropriately covered by other Independent Members. We have also been unable to appoint a Director of Public Health during 2023/24, however in the interim, the portfolio has been reviewed and divided between the Director of Therapies and Health Sciences, the Director of Workforce and OD (Organisational Development) and the Director of Operations whilst we continue to appoint a new Director of Public Health. The Deputy Director of Public Health continues to be the professional public health voice within the health board. An appointment has now been made to this role.

The following Independent Member was also reappointed during 2022/23:

Anna Lewis, Independent Member (Community).

Biographies, providing further information on Board Members, are published on the health board's website at https://hduhb.nhs.wales/about-us/your-health-board/board-members/.

In addition to responsibilities and accountabilities set out in terms and conditions of appointment, board members also fulfil a number of Champion roles where they act as ambassadors for these matters. The table below sets out the composition of the board in 2022/23 outlining the positions held, the area or expertise/ representation role, the board and committee membership and attendance, and the Champion roles.

Board and Committee Membership and the record of attendance for the period April 2022-March 2023

Name	Position & Area of	Board Committee	Champion Role	
	Representation Membership & Record			
		of Attendance		
Maria Battle	Chair	Board (Chair) 9/9*	Raising Concerns	
		RTSC (Chair) 3/4	(Staff)	
		CFC 1/5		
Judith	Vice Chair	Board (Vice Chair) 9/9		
Hardisty	(Mental Health,	ARAC 8/8	Carers	
	Learning Disabilities,	HSC (Chair) 6/6		
	Primary Care and	MHLC (Chair) 4/4		
	Community Services)	PODCC (Vice-Chair) 6/6 QSEC 6/6		
Anna Lewis	Independent Member	Board 7/9	Duty of Quality and	
,a Lowio	(Community)	CFC 4/5	Duty of Candour	
	(QSEC (Chair) 6/6	,	
		RTSC 3/4		
		SDODC 5/6		
Professor	Independent Member	Board 3/3	Infection prevention	
John	(University)	ARAC 3/4	and control	
Gammon until		PODCC (Chair) 3/3		
31 July 2022		QSEC 2/2		
		RTSC 2/2		
Ol and Date	La La casa La contra de la contra dela contra de la contra del la contra del la contra del la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra del la contra del la contra de la contra de la contra del la contra	SDODC 2/2	Inforda a constant	
Chantal Patel	Independent Member	Board 6/6	Infection prevention and control	
from 01 August 2022	(University)	PODCC (Chair) 4/4 SDODC 3/4	Putting Things Right	
August 2022		30000 3/4	(w.e.f. 01 April 2023)	
Winston Weir	Independent Member	Board 7/9	(W.C.I. 01 /\piii 2023)	
	(Finance)	ARAC (Vice-Chair) 8/8		
	,	MHLC 3/4		
		PODCC 1/2		
		SDODC 3/4		
		SRC (Chair) 6/6		
Iwan Thomas	Independent Member	Board 8/9	Equality (until	
	(Third Sector)	CFC (Vice-Chair) 2/5	15.11.2022)	
		HSC 2/2		
		MHLC (Vice-Chair) 3/4 SDODC 3/5		
Maynard	Independent Member	Board 8/9	Older persons	
Davies	(Information	ARAC 8/8	Older persons	
241.00	Technology)	MHLC 1/1		
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(Local Authority)	SDODC (Vice-Chair) 0/1	
Independent Member	Board 4/4	Equality
(Local Authority)	ARAC 2/2	
	SDODC 2/2	
	SRC 2/2	
Independent Member	Board 7/9	
(Trade Union)	CFC 4/5	
	HSC (Vice-Chair) 6/6	
	MHLC 3/4	
	PODCC 5/6	
	QSEC 6/6	
Independent Member	Board 9/9	Welsh Language
	CFC (Chair) 4/5	Armed Forces and
` ,	HSC 6/6	Veterans
	PODCC 5/6	Children and Young
		People
Independent Member		Putting Things Right
-		
(00)	, ,	
	l '	
Associate Member		
Associate Member	Board 1/8	
	SRG (Chair) 4/4	
Associate Member	Board 0/8	
	HPF (Chair) 3/3	
Chief Executive	Board 9/9**	Welsh Language
Officer	RTSC 4/4	
Executive Medical	Board 9/9	Caldicott Guardian
Director/Deputy Chief	QSEC 6/6	
Executive	HPF 3/3	
	PODCC 6/6	
Executive Director of	Board 9/9	
	1	1
Finance	ARAC 8/8	
	ARAC 8/8 CFC 5/5	
	CFC 5/5	
	Independent Member (Trade Union) Independent Member (Community) Independent Member (Community) Independent Member (Community) Associate Member Associate Member Chief Executive Officer Executive Medical Director/Deputy Chief	(Local Authority) Independent Member (Local Authority) Independent Member (Local Authority) Independent Member (Trade Union) Independent Member (Trade Union) Independent Member (Community) Independent Member (Chair) 4/5 Independent Member (Chair) 8/8 Independent Member (Chair)

Mandy	Executive Director of	Board 9/9	Violence &
Rayani	Nursing, Quality and	CFC 5/5	Aggression
	Patient Experience	HSC 6/6	Children & Young
		QSEC 6/6	People
		PODCC 6/6	
Alison	Executive Director of	Board 7/9	Emergency Planning
Shakeshaft	Therapies and Health	QSEC 6/6	
	Science		
Lisa Gostling	Executive Director of	Board 9/9	Raising Concerns
	Workforce and	PODCC 6/6	(Staff)
	Organisational	RTSC 4/4	
	Development		
Andrew	Executive Director of	Board 9/9	Fire Safety
Carruthers	Operations	HSC 6/6	
		MHLC 4/4	
		PPPAC 2/2	
		QSEC 6/6	
		SDODC 6/6 SRC 5/6	
Lee Davies	Executive Director of	Board 9/9	
Lee Davies	Strategy and	SDODC 6/6	
	Planning	3000000/0	
Joanne	Director of Corporate	Board 9/9	Counter Fraud
Wilson	Governance/Board	ARAC 8/8	
	Secretary	HSC 6/6	
		PODCC 6/6	
		SDODC 4/6	
		QSEC 5/6	
		RTSC 3/3	
		SRC 4/6	
Jill Paterson	Director of Primary	Board 9/9	
	Care, Community	QSEC 6/6	
	and Long-Term Care	SDODC 5/6	
		SRC 5/6	
Dr Jo	Deputy Director of	Board 7/9	
McCarthy	Public Health	SDODC 6/6	
		QSEC 5/6	

Deputy representation for Executive Directors is included in figures above

^{*}The Vice-Chair, Judith Hardisty, chaired the July 2022 Board meeting in the absence of Maria Battle, Chair, who had tendered her apologies.

^{**}The Deputy Chief Executive, Dr Phil Kloer, represented Steve Moore, who had tendered his apologies, at the May and June 2022 Board meetings.

Escalation Status Control Structure

Following the health board's increased escalation status in the Autumn, governance and scrutiny arrangements were established within the health board and approved by the Board. The purpose of these arrangements was to ensure we were able to address and remedy wherever possible the key issues highlighted, including the conditions set out by WG at the inception meeting on the 27 October 2022 for de-escalation. WG have confirmed these arrangements represented a thorough and comprehensive approach, ensuring that effective oversight and accountability were balanced with a recognition of the demands currently faced by the organisation.

Command and Control

In March 2020, a Command-and-Control structure was established, i.e., Gold, Silver, and Bronze Groups, to facilitate our planning and preparations for the emerging global COVID-19 pandemic. Whilst this structure was formally stood down in May 2021 due to reduced COVID-19 transmissions, it was kept under review and was reinstated in response to surges in community transmissions and hospital admissions, with Gold convening to make key decisions. All strategic actions are documented on a decision log to provide a clear audit trail, and these are ratified by the board.

Advisory groups

The health board has a statutory duty to 'take account of representations made by persons and organisations who represent the interests of the communities it serves, its officers and healthcare professionals'. This is achieved in part by three Advisory Groups to the Board.

Stakeholder Reference Group (SRG)

The SRG is formed from a range of partner organisations from across the health board's area and engages with and has involvement in the strategic direction, advises on service improvement proposals and provides feedback to the board on the impact of its operations on the communities it serves. The SRG met four times during 2022/23.

Staff Partnership Forum (SPF)

The SPF engages with staff organisations on key issues facing the health board. It provides the formal mechanism through which the health board works together with Trade Unions and professional bodies to improve health services for the population it serves. It is the forum where key stakeholders engage with each other to inform debate and seek to agree local priorities on workforce and health service issues. SPF met six times during 2022/23.

Healthcare Professionals' Forum (HPF)

The HPF comprises of representatives from a range of clinical and healthcare professions within the health board and across primary care practitioners with the remit to provide advice to the board on all professional and clinical issues it considers appropriate. It is one

of the key forums used to share early service change plans, providing an opportunity to shape the way the health board delivers its services. HPF met three times during 2022/23.

Other advisory groups

Black, Asian, and Minority Ethnic (BAME) Advisory Group

The BAME Advisory Group was established in July 2020 to advise the health board on mainstreaming equality, diversity and inclusion and provide a forum to empower and enable BAME staff to achieve their potential through creating positive change. The BAME Advisory Group now reports directly to PODCC, with the vice-chairs being invited to participate in board meetings as in-attendance members. BAME met five times during 2022/23.

Joint committees

Emergency Ambulance Services Committee (EASC)

EASC was established in 2014 to be a Joint Committee of the seven health boards, with the three NHS trusts as associate members. It has responsibility for the planning and commissioning of emergency ambulance services on an all-Wales basis. Hosted by Cwm Taf Morgannwg University Health Board, we are represented on the Joint Committee by the Chief Executive and regular reports are received by the board supported by a more indepth discussion, on an annual basis, at the board seminar meeting.

Welsh Health Specialised Services Committee (WHSSC)

WHSSC was established in 2010 by the seven health boards to ensure the population has fair and equal access to the full range of specialised services. Hosted by Cwm Taf Morgannwg University Health Board, Hywel Dda is represented on the Joint Committee by the Chief Executive and regular reports are received by the board supported by a more indepth discussion, on an annual basis, at the board seminar meeting and a joint executive-to-executive team meeting.

Partnership and collective working

Hywel Dda Public Service Board

The health board is a statutory member of Public Services Boards (PSBs) in Carmarthenshire, Ceredigion, and Pembrokeshire. PSBs were established under the Wellbeing of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015, and their purpose is to improve the economic, social, environmental, and cultural well-being in its area by strengthening joint working across all public services in Wales. The effective working of PSBs is subject to overview and scrutiny by the Well-being of Future Generations Commissioner, AW, as well as designated local authority overview and scrutiny committees.

Throughout 2022, the three Hywel Dda area PSBs worked in partnership to establish a joint methodology framework and joint engagement plan to support the county-based work to refresh Well-being Assessments. Producing a robust and accurate assessment of well-being, which placed the views and needs of the residents of Hywel Dda at the forefront, was critical. The assessments also provided us with valuable insights to support our

strategic planning, operational delivery, and transformation agenda. The assessments sought to capture a broad spectrum of economic, social, environmental, and cultural factors that impact on people's daily lives. This included identifying the strengths, assets, challenges, and opportunities that citizens in each local authority area face. These well-being plans were approved by the board in March 2023, following robust consultation, led by the PSBs.

West Wales Regional Partnership Board

Regional Partnership Boards (RPB), based on Local Health Board footprints, became a legislative requirement under Part 9 of the Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014 (SSWBWA). Their core remit is to promote and drive the transformation and integration of health and social care within their areas. We are fully committed to integrating health and social care planning through a co-ordinated approach, and across West Wales we have a strong track record of joint planning between agencies, and the approach set out by WG this year builds upon the foundations already in place. During the year, the RPB has considered the following reports:

- The West Wales 'NEST' Action Plan 2022/23
- West Wales Carer's Annual Report for 2021/22
- Social Value Forum Progress Report
- 'Further, Faster' Our mission to build an Integrated Community Care Service for Wales
- West Wales Advocacy Strategy
- RPB Annual Report 2021/22

Strategic Capital workshops were held to develop a 10-year Integrated Capital Strategy which will set out how the RPB will address the priorities identified following the Market Stability Report and Population Assessment. This will not replace existing organisational strategies but will aim to maximise collaboration and integration and utilise funding allocated via the RPB. The strategy will be ready for consultation and agreement in early 2023/24.

The RPB held a workshop in September 2022 to consider its priorities for the year and for the development of the area plan for 2023-28. This will act as a statement of the RPBs (Regional Partnership Board) shared strategic priorities, which will not replace existing organisational plans and will be supplemented by an annual delivery plan. The RPB's draft strategic priorities are:

- 1. Support People to Manage their own Wellbeing
- 2. Support People to stay closer to home
- 3. Have the right services available to meet demand
- 4. Have a Stable and Resilient Workforce
- 5. Plan and deliver our services with people who use them

The plan will reflect the existing objectives which are being delivered through integrated planning structures at a county and regional level. The final plan will be agreed by the RPB in April 2023.

A statutory partnership update report is received by the board at every meeting.

Update reports from the Advisory Groups, Joint Committees and Statutory Partnerships can be found on our website within the board papers section via the following link https://hduhb.nhs.wales/about-us/your-health-board/.

NHS Wales Shared Services Partnership Committee

NWSSPC was established in 2012 and is hosted by Velindre NHS Trust. It is responsible for the shared services functions for the NHS, such as procurement, recruitment, and legal services. Hywel Dda is represented by the Executive Director of Finance at this committee with regular reports received by the board following each meeting.

Board development

A new phase of the Board Development Programme was launched in Autumn 2021, designed to run over an 18-month period, which has been in operation for the majority of the 2022 calendar year. It comprised of keynote learning events by subject matter leaders including:

- Compassionate Leadership by Professor Michael West
- Behaviours; Systems and Governance by Baroness Rennie Fritchie
- Importance of Civility in Health by Dr Chris Turner

In addition, Board members have completed a Reverse Mentoring Programme with both Independent Members and Executive Directors mentored by staff members. These mentors were drawn straight from BAME backgrounds; from Generation Z (under 25) and front-line staff members. The board also has professional subject matter updates on key issues as part of its bi-monthly Seminar Series, with space and time during these seminars to debate matters of strategic importance.

As part of the overall Board programme, and our broader approach to performance development, talent management and succession planning, the Executive Directors participate in executive coaching, programmes such as Aspiring CEO's where appropriate, and other relevant leadership and professional development activities. The Executive team as a whole has also participated in an In-House Team Development programme, centred around the Patrick Lencione model of team effectiveness.

During 2023/24 the Board will enter a period of transition in its membership with a number of personnel changes amongst both Independent and Executive members. Consequently, a new phase of Board Development has been designed to ensure smooth transitions; to minimise turbulence and the impact of the loss of experience, knowledge, and skill. Creating the space to build new relationships and learn together is an important element as well as way of overcoming the loss of corporate memory; political awareness and access to key networks.

The early months of 2023 has seen the focus concentrating on Executive talent management and succession planning as well as an exploration of the impact of changes in Board composition in terms of team dynamics, performance expectations and corporate

leadership demands. The Board Programme will continue to be delivered throughout the 2023/24 financial year to support Board performance and effectiveness.

Board effectiveness

The board is required to undertake an annual self-assessment of its effectiveness. Our approach to board effectiveness has been commended by AW in their Structured Assessment process for 2022, where they reported that our Board continues to be stable and has a robust approach to learning, development, and continuous improvement, through effective use of the results arising from annual Board and committee self-assessments.

AW also commended the effectiveness of the working relationship of the Board, stating that: 'the Board is cohesive and there are good working relationships between Independent Members and the Executive Team.' As a Board, we remain vigilant of concerns that are identified by WG, auditors and regulators across NHS Wales. When these concerns come to light, we review our own processes and systems to provide the Board with assurance of the effectiveness of our own system of internal control. We recognise that this is an area that we must constantly remain vigilant and learn lessons.

In April 2023, the board was presented with the following sources of internal and external assurance and assessments to help it to evaluate its annual effectiveness:

- Joint Escalation and Intervention Arrangements Status as the WG raised the
 escalation status of the health board from 'enhanced monitoring' to targeted
 intervention' for finance and planning (see <u>Escalation and intervention arrangements</u>
 section of the report);
- AW Structured Assessment (more information on this can be found in the <u>AW</u> <u>Structured Assessment</u> section of the report);
- Self-assessment against the Corporate Governance Code (see <u>Corporate Governance</u> <u>Code</u> of the report);
- Feedback from the Board Committee self-assessment programme;
- IA Reports received throughout 2022/23, including reviews of risk management, performance management and monitoring, quality, and safety governance, Glangwili and Withybush Unscheduled Care Directorates, fire governance, financial management, strategic transformation programme governance and the Regional Integrated Governance; and
- Current progress on work to address the Fire Enforcement Notices.

Following due consideration of the sources of assurances and supporting documentation, the Board were asked to consider an overall level of maturity in respect of governance and board effectiveness, based on the following criteria:

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
We do not yet	We are aware of	We are	We have well	We can
have a clear,	the	developing	developed plans	demonstrate
agreed	improvements	plans and	and processes	sustained good
understanding	that need to be	processes and	and can	practice and
of where we are	made and have	can	demonstrate	innovation that
(or how we are	prioritised them	demonstrate	sustainable	is shared
doing) and what	but are not yet	progress with	improvement	throughout the
/ where we need	able to	some of our key	throughout the	organisation and
to improve.	demonstrate	areas for	service.	which others
	meaningful	improvement.		can learn from.
	action.			

The board concluded it maturity rating for board effectiveness and governance was 'Level 4' at its board seminar in April 2023 (no change from 2021/22). Despite our escalation status being raised in September 2022 to 'targeted intervention' for finance and planning, there is good practice and innovation being shared with other NHS organisations across the UK, and the health board continues to improve and demonstrate sustainable improvement throughout the organisation, whilst recognising that there is further work required to maintain this level and to progress towards a 'Level 5'. In addition, despite having appropriate financial controls and robust reporting, monitoring and scrutiny mechanisms in place, we recognise that our ability to stay within budget remains challenging. The Board, through its governance structure, is fully congruent and acquainted with the fundamental challenges we need to address in the short, medium, and long term. To ensure the board remain cohesive and effective, they supported the proposed board development programme presented at the board seminar (see board development section for further information).

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risks; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurances of effectiveness.

The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively, and economically. The system of internal control has been in place for the year ended 31 March 2023 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts.

The board is accountable for maintaining a sound system of internal control which supports the achievement of the organisation's objectives. The system of internal control is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. It has

been supported in this role by the work of the main committees, each of which provides regular reports to the board, underpinned by a sub-committee structure, as shown in Appendix 1 of this statement.

Capacity to handle risk

The board is responsible for the effective management of the organisation's risks in pursuance of its aims and objectives. The board collectively has responsibility and accountability for setting the organisation's objectives, defining strategies to achieve those objectives, and establishing governance structures and processes to best manage the risks in accomplishing those objectives.

The Chief Executive, as Accountable Officer, has overall responsibility for ensuring that the health board has an effective risk management framework and system of internal control, however Executive Directors have responsibility for the ownership and management of principal, corporate and operational risks within their portfolios.

The health board's lead for risk is the Director of Corporate Governance/Board Secretary, who has responsibility for leading on the design, development, and implementation of the Board Assurance Framework (BAF) and Risk Management Framework.

Risk management framework

The health board's risk management framework aims to help the health board understand, evaluate, and act on its risks to increase the probability of success and reduce the likelihood of failure, and forms a part of the overall governance framework of the organisation. It aims to facilitate better decision making and improved efficiency, risk management can also provide greater assurance to stakeholders. It is important that it adds value to ensure the health board reduces uncertainty, informs decision-making and priorities, and achieves the best possible outcomes.

Our risk management framework clearly sets out the components that provide the foundation and organisational arrangements for supporting risk management processes in the organisation. It clarifies roles and responsibilities, communication, escalation of risks and reporting lines whilst also outlining the other components, such as the risk strategy and the risk protocols.

It is based on the 'Three Lines of Defence' model which advocates that management control is the first line of defence in risk management. The various risk control and compliance oversight functions established by management are the second line of defence, and independent assurance is the third. Each of these three 'lines' plays a distinct role within the health board's wider governance framework. However, all three lines need to work interdependently to be effective.

There are procedures, guidance, systems, and tools to assist management to identify, assess and manage risks on a day-to-day basis. This is supported with training, support

and advice from the health board's Assurance and Risk team, which has the role to embed the risk management framework and process, and to facilitate a risk aware culture across the organisation through a business partnering arrangement.

The health board is working with colleagues across NHS Wales to develop a new Once for Wales system for risk management, which is likely to be implemented within the health board by March 2024, if the pilot is successful.

During 2022/23, our Risk Management Framework and Strategy were reviewed and approved by board, ensuring they support the achievement of our strategic objectives and align with our committee structures and the Board Assurance Framework and Corporate Risk Register. A review of the health board's risk maturity and risk appetite will be undertaken during 2023/24 to further strengthen its risk management arrangements, culture, and attitude.

In response to the AW follow up review of quality governance arrangements (issued in October 2021), executive led reviews, supported by the Assurance and Risk team, have continued in 2022/23 for all operational areas and corporate functions to strengthen operational risk management. In January 2023, these risk review sessions were superseded by Directorate Improving Together sessions (further information on these can be found in the Performance Management Arrangements section) which retain a continued focus on risk.

AW reported in their Structured Assessment 2022 that the health board continues to have an effective Board Assurance Framework, and robust arrangements for managing risk.

Risk appetite

The health board's Risk Appetite Statement provides staff with guidance as to the boundaries on risk that are acceptable and provides clarification on the level of risk the health board is prepared to accept. It is integrated with the control culture of the organisation to encourage more informed risk taking at strategic level with more exercise of control at operational level, as well as recognition of the nature of the regulatory environment the organisation operates within.

The board agreed its current Risk Appetite Statement through detailed board seminar discussions and considered it in line with its capability to manage risk, and formally agreed the following at a board meeting in public:

"Hywel Dda's approach is to minimise its exposure to safety, quality, compliance, and financial risk, whilst being open and willing to consider taking on risk in the pursuit of delivery of its objective to become a population health-based organisation which focuses on keeping people well, developing services in local communities and ensuring hospital services are safe, sustainable, accessible, and kind, as well as efficient in their running.

"The health board recognises that its appetite for risk will differ depending on the activity undertaken, and that its acceptance of risk will be based on ensuring that potential benefits and risks are fully understood before decisions on funding are made, and that appropriate actions are taken.

"The health board's risk appetite takes into account its capacity for risk, which is the amount of risk it is able to bear (or loss we can endure) having regard to its financial and other resources, before a breach in statutory obligations and duties occurs."

In addition, the board also agreed levels of tolerance for risk across its activities, aligned to its risk scoring matrix, to provide management with clear lines of the level to risk it will accept. These can be accessed via the following link:

https://www.webarchive.org.uk/wayback/en/archive/20200916074555/http://www.wales.nhs.uk/sitesplus/862/page/97217.

Risk tolerance levels have been added to the health board's risk management system and risks above tolerance are reported and challenged through the board's committees. A concerted effort has commenced during 2022/23 to review the health board's risks and subsequent risk treatment decision are correct given the current operational challenges and financial climate. Revised definitions of the four risk treatment options commonly referred to as the' 4Ts' (treat, tolerate, transfer, terminate) were approved to facilitate these discussions.

The health board's risk appetite will be reviewed in 2023/24, to ensure it remains aligned to the health board's new strategic objectives and its capacity to manage risk. This is particularly important as we move further to develop our roadmap to financial balance, whilst at the same time, managing increasing demands on our services and some significant external challenges, such as increasing energy and inflation costs. To help inform our risk appetite discussions, further work is being taken forward to define what it is we mean by 'fragile' services and how we can better identify services that are at risk and the wider impacts of the fragility of an individual service on the wider health system.

Risk management process

Our risk management framework supports the health board's risk management process. This is a continuous process that should methodically address all the significant risks associated with all the activities of the health hoard. All risks are assessed in terms of likelihood and impact using the health board's risk scoring matrix which helps to facilitate a level of consistency and understanding of the scoring and ranking of risks throughout the organisation.

Risks are identified in a bottom-up and top-down approach throughout the health board. Each corporate and operational directorate is responsible for ensuring risks to achieving their objectives, delivering a safe and effective service and compliance with legislation and standards, are identified, assessed, and managed to an acceptable level, i.e., within the board's agreed risk tolerance, and escalated or de-escalated as appropriate.

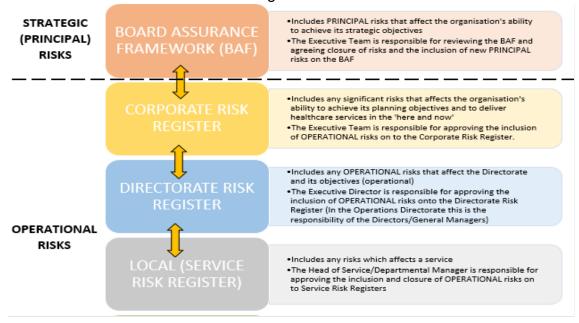
Communicating and consulting with internal and external stakeholders and partners is an important part of the risk management process. The frequency of the communication will vary depending upon the severity of the risk and is discussed and agreed with the stakeholders and partners. For example, our risk related to the delivery of integrated community and acute unscheduled care services requires a whole system approach, and the health board has been working with its partners in WAST (Welsh Ambulance Services Trust), local authorities and domiciliary providers to take forward work to try to improve flow within our hospitals. Communication with various unions has also been key in managing and mitigating the risk of industrial action during this year.

Engagement of stakeholders has also taken place through multi-agency partnership working. The Regional Partnership Board is part of the health board governance structure that helps to support the management of risk facing the organisation through collective dialogue.

The Executive team have identified several principal risks, those that may affect the achievement of our strategic objectives. These principal risks, are refreshed annually, following approval of our Annual Plan, and form part of our Board Assurance Framework (BAF) to support the implementation of the health board's strategy, through the delivery of its planning objectives, and provide the board with on-going assurance on the achievement of its objectives.

Executive Directors are also responsible for identifying significant operational risks for the Corporate Risk Register (CRR). These corporate risks can reflect new or emerging risks from discussions or risks escalated by individual Executive Directors from their directorate to be collectively agreed by the Executive Risk Group for entry onto the CRR.

This is how the CRR interacts with the principal risks on the BAF and the operational risks that are on Directorate and Service risk registers.



Oversight and reporting of risk

In following the three lines of defence model (above), the health board ensures that operational management are supported in their role of day-to-day risk management by specialist functions who have expertise and knowledge to help them control risk.

Corporate and operational risks that are over the health board's agreed tolerance level, are aligned to the health board's committees, whose role it is to provide assurance to the board that risks are being managed appropriately.

The executive team review the BAF on a bi-monthly basis and hold a monthly Executive Risk Group meeting to review the CRR.

Risk profile

Delivering healthcare through the current clinical model through an aging estate in a large, rural geographical area presents significant quality, service, workforce, and financial challenges to the health board. The health and care system within Hywel Dda is facing intense challenges, which are being felt across Wales.

For us as a health board, the drivers of these pressures typically fall into the categories of workforce availability (including social care); affordability and cost of living; and population health and need for health care (including the continued requirement to respond to COVID and the latent health consequences as a result of the pandemic). These issues manifest as backlogs and delays to care for patients, excessive strain on staff, reduced system efficiency and unprecedented financial pressures. Our most significant operational risks are outlined in the CRR section below.

The health board's strategic and planning objectives set out how it will address some of these issues going forward whilst considering the learning, developments and changes of practice implemented during the pandemic. The <u>BAF section</u> below outlines the risks and controls in place for achieving its objectives.

Board Assurance Framework (BAF)

Our BAF reflects the revised strategic and planning objectives and is presented to the board three times a year. The most recent BAF report can be accessed here and provides a link to our BAF Dashboard. AW has identified the interactive BAF as a model of good practice. As well as identifying the principal risks to delivery of our objectives, the controls, and assurances, the BAF also seeks to align outcomes against strategic objectives, and delivery against our planning objectives. An internal audit on Risk Management and BAF issued in May 2022 providing substantial assurance, noting the BAF is robust and aligned to strategic objectives.

There are 16 principal risks that have been aligned to our six strategic objectives.

Total number of risks on BAF on 1 April 2022	17
New risks added during 2022/23	0
De-escalated/Closed during 2022/23	1
Total number of risks on BAF of 31 March 2022	16

The most significant risks to achieving our strategy are listed below:

Principal risk 1199 - achieving financial sustainability (risk score 25)

Achieving financial balance on a three-year rolling basis is a statutory requirement for the board, and a clear requirement from the board and WG. Our financial deficit has continued to deteriorate with significant workforce constraints remaining, and the planning function remains small with significant opportunities to develop. These issues are exacerbated given our financial deficit, with the need to not only shift resources to more appropriate settings but to provide care at considerably lower cost. With the health board reporting a significant in-year and recurrent underlying deficit, WG escalated the health board into targeted intervention during October 2022.

Actions that have been undertaken include the development and roll-out of a suite of financial sustainability plans for the whole of the organisation based on the target operation models that we are seeking to implement through our planning objectives for next three years. We established an interim budget for 2022/23 to support the delivery of the planning objectives set out in our Interim Annual Plan 2022/23.

We are also coordinating an ongoing balanced approach to how resources are used and invested and dis-invested in, to achieve workforce, clinical service, and financial sustainability.

• Principal risk 1186 - attract, retain, and develop staff with the right skills (risk score 20)

Our most significant challenge is to maintain the right number of people to be able to deliver safe, effective, and sustainable services. This is due to a number of factors, including geography, recognised national shortages in a number of professions, unappealing rotas and an aging workforce that mirrors our population. COVID-19 increased pressures on existing staff, not only during the response phase but also now as we try to deal with the resulting backlog, which has also led to an increasing number of retirements and reduction in hours within the older workforce. Becoming an employer of choice and attracting people to work for Hywel Dda is therefore fundamental to the achievement of our strategy.

Our plans to address this risk includes implementing a flexible and responsive recruitment process that encourages local employment for local people, constructing a comprehensive workforce programme to encourage our local population into NHS and care related careers, implementing an informative and supportive induction process,

having employee policies that support work-life balance and are person centred, having equitable access and agile approaches to training regardless of personal and professional circumstances, constructing a comprehensive talent, succession planning and leadership development programme, along with a robust workforce plan that will introduce new ways of working and new roles to mitigate against national skills shortage professions. We are implementing a multi-disciplinary clinical and non-clinical education plan, which includes expansion of our apprenticeship academy in terms of its scope, scale, and integration with social care. In recognition of the critical importance of our workforce, a Strategic People Planning and Education Committee has been established for introduction in 2023/24.

Understanding our staff experience as we implement this work is essential. Staff pulse engagement surveys to sample 1,000 employees take place each month, selecting different staff each month.

Principal risk 1192 - wrong value set for best health and well-being (risk score 16)

This risk reflects the risk that our overall strategy may be limited by seeing health and well-being purely through the NHS lens, using incorrect measures, not effectively engaging with individuals and communities, and under and/or over-estimating potential for best health and well-being.

Whilst we do undertake engagement with our population, we are still defining our approach to continuous engagement, our approach to tackling inequality/inequity, and our understanding of the social model of health and well-being and our arts in health and what this means to our local population and communities. Well-being assessments are being updated by the PSBs, however we do not currently have an effective method of measuring the well-being of individuals, communities, and our population. A number of plans and actions are currently in place to support mitigation of this risk, although not at population scale.

• Principal risk 1191 - Underestimation of Excellence (risk score 16)

Whilst there is the ambition to strive for excellence, there are significant challenges to our ability to maintain safe, sustainable care across some of our services. We need to strengthen clinical engagement in embedding and maximising clinical effectiveness systems and processes, particularly at a time when the organisation is increasing its non-COVID-19 activity against the backdrop of increased staffing and operational pressures. There is also an over-reliance on external funding for research, development, and innovation (RDI) activities and stretching cost recovery targets for developmental work.

Actions to address this risk includes implementing the multi-disciplinary clinical and non-clinical education plan, an implementation group to respond to the emerging requirements of the Quality and Engagement Act, continuing to implement the Research and Innovation Strategic Plan, and produce and agree final business cases in

line with our vision and design assumptions set out in our 'A Healthier Mid and West Wales' strategy.

• Principal risk 1196 - Insufficient investment in facilities/equipment/digital infrastructure (risk score 16)

This risk reflects our inability to invest in appropriate facilities, medical equipment, and digital infrastructure to provide safe, sustainable, accessible services. We have established a programme group to manage the production of our programme business cases (PBC) to secure long term investment in support of our health and care strategy. This requires significant investment to ensure we have appropriate facilities, medical equipment and digital infrastructure of an appropriate standard and compliance. Until our Healthier Mid & West Wales Strategy PBC is endorsed by WG, we cannot assume investment is likely to be forthcoming at the scale or in the timelines required.

Principal risk 1198 - ability to support shifting of care in the community (risk score 16)

Achieving our strategic objectives will depend on the ability to overcome complex arrangements and systems. These will need be worked through to support a new approach to the delivery of care in line with our strategy, as well as a need to support the population in changing their behaviour and the way they have historically accessed services.

Actions to address this risk is to develop a set of integrated locality plans with our local authority and third sector partners, develop and implement a comprehensive and sustainable 24/7 community and primary care unscheduled care service model, produce a final business case for the implementation of a new hospital in the south of the Hywel Dda area for the provision of urgent and planned care, and implement the remaining elements of the Transforming Mental Health Programme, the health board has also undertaken an assessment of all its Children and Young People Services and will implement a plan to address the findings.

The heat map below presents our principal risks (by their internal reference number) in respect of their likelihood and impact as at the end of March 2023:

HYWEL DDA RISK HEAT MAP					
	LIKELIHOOD →				
IMPACT ↓	RARE 1	UNLIKELY 2	POSSIBLE 3	LIKELY 4	ALMOST CERTAIN 5
CATASTROPHIC 5					1199
MAJOR 4		1184	1185 1195 1187 1197	1196 1191 1192 1198	1186
MODERATE 3		1200	1188 1189 1194 1193		
MINOR 2					
NEGLIGIBLE 1					

Corporate Risk Register (CRR)

The health board's CRR contains significant operational risks to the delivery of health care in the here and now and is reported to every other board meeting. Each risk has been mapped to a board level committee to provide assurance to the board, through its update report, on the management of these risks.

During 2022/23, the CRR has been dynamic and responsive to new and emerging risks:

Total number of risks on CRR on 1 April 2022	18
New risks added during 2022/23	7
De-escalated/Closed during 2022/23	8
Total number of risks on CRR of 31 March 2023	17

The most significant risks during the year have included:

 Corporate risk 1027 - delivery of integrated community and acute unscheduled care services (risk score 20)

Our ability to deliver our integrated community and acute unscheduled care services fluctuated in-year, with levels of urgent and emergency pathway capacity pressures continuing at significantly escalated levels. This has been driven by post-pandemic demand, and the indirect legacy of Covid-19 resulting in increased levels of frailty in people in the community, and consequently increased activity across the acute sites.

Winter pressures placed further additional pressure on available capacity. Workforce deficits, bed occupancy rates and pressures on wider community and social care capacity continue to impact on our ability to deliver integrated community and acute unscheduled care services.

Positive progress has been made since January 2023 in terms of reducing peak levels of pressure, with improvements achieved relating to ambulance handovers, emergency department waiting times and discharges, however progress remains variable.

For addressing our urgent and emergency care, our plan sets out a number of priorities to mitigate the level of pressures anticipated. These centred on an integrated 24/7 single point of contact model for urgent clinical assessment and streaming, so that patients access the right service at the right time in the right place. These included a 'Contact First'/Urgent Primary Care model in order to co-ordinate our urgent care response to the exacerbating health and care needs of our population and maintain people in their own homes and communities, a clinical streaming hub, Same Day Emergency Care (SDEC) models in acute and community settings, including comprehensive frailty assessment, and management of the frail elderly, including comprehensive geriatric assessment.

In addition, our Winter Preparedness model tried to prevent the pressures crossing the threshold into our emergency departments, using the Enhanced Bridging Service (which we set up to provide social care), and the Delta Service, the conveyance avoidance and front door turnaround to minimise this occurrence.

• Corporate risk 1432 - risk to the delivery of the health board's draft interim Financial Plan for 2022/23 (risk score 25)

This risk replaced, two previous corporate risks: 1296 (risk that the health board will not deliver a financial out-turn position in line with our original plan of £25m deficit) and 1297 (risk that the health board's underlying deficit will increase to a level not addressed by additional medium-term funding). Issues have previously been raised over our ability to plan at a strategic and operational level. The risk remains to the sustainability of our financial position, driven primarily by savings which cannot be delivered due to continued operational and clinical challenges in particular within urgent and emergency care, and further in-year cost deterioration.

The health board entered targeted intervention status in September 2022 for finance and planning. The forecast deficit remains unacceptable to WG as at March 2023, leading to an unsupportable underlying deficit position which will impact future years.

Financial planning assumptions utilise the premise of 12 months of 'low' COVID-19 prevalence, however this may not be the case throughout the year and could therefore have resource implications. A strategic transformation of our operating model is required to make the shift in services that are required to deliver workforce and finance sustainability over the medium term.

 Corporate risk 1349 – ability to deliver ultrasound services at Withybush Hospital (WGH) (risk score 20) The ability to deliver an ultrasound service at WGH has been impacted by reduced workforce capacity due to national shortages of sonographers, retirements, and part-time working arrangements. This has been exacerbated by an increased demand specifically for third trimester scans in line with WG targets in terms of reducing still birth rates, and the loss of a general ultrasound scan room.

Positive progress has been made in terms of appointing locum sonographers, which will support attempts to reduce waiting lists. Waiting lists are also triaged to ensure that urgent cases are prioritised. However, it is noted that approaching the end of financial year 2022/23, pressures on the sonography service are being experienced across our four acute sites as a result of workforce pressures.

Corporate risk 1032 – risk of not meeting WG targets for Mental Health and Learning Disabilities (MHLD) clients (risk score 20)

This risk reflects the increasing length of time mental health and learning disabilities clients (specifically Autism Spectrum Disorder and psychology services for intervention) are waiting for assessment and diagnosis, and its impact on the health board's ability to meet ministerial targets. This is caused by increasing referral rates, along with recruitment challenges for psychologists. Management of the risk is dependent on successful recruitment to key posts and developing a 'Grow Your Own' scheme for the academic year 2023/24, in terms of a clinical psychologist programme, as well as having access to appropriate clinical venues and other agencies being able to undertake their associated assessments. Trajectories have been developed and agreed in March 2023 for ASD, along with commissioned services, and psychological services also has a trajectory in place for 1% per month. The implementation of the Welsh Patient Administration System in key areas will also improve reporting and waiting list management and enable forward trajectories to be determined.

Corporate risk 1352 – risk of business disruption and delays in patient care due to a cyber-attack (risk score 16)

There are daily threats to systems which are managed by Digital Health Care Wales and the health board. Cyber-attacks are becoming more prevalent, demonstrated by the attack on the national infrastructure for out of hours with the ADASTRA system in August 2022. Contingency plans mitigated the impacts on the health board, however work to restore the databases supporting the system took a significant period of time to restore.

Controls to manage the risk include the Cyber Security Assurance Group, who's remit is to provide assurance around cyber security remediation and reduction of cyber security risk, while working towards compliance with the Network and Information Systems Regulation 2018 (NISR). Software is also utilised across the health board to ensure that the threat of a cyber-attack is reduced, and service business continuity plans are also in place.

 Corporate risk 1340 - risk of avoidable harm for HDdUHB patients requiring NSTEMI (non-ST segment elevation myocardial infarction) pathway care (risk score 16)

The risk focusses on the NSTEMI pathway as NICE guidelines for Acute Coronary Syndromes (NG185) recommend 'coronary angiography (with follow-on PCI if indicated) within 72 hours of first admission (presentation) for people with unstable angina or NSTEMI who have an intermediate or higher risk of adverse cardiovascular events' (recommendation 1.1.6). In support of this target, we aim to identify and refer patients to Morriston Cardiac Centre for angiography within 24 hours of admission/presentation.

Actions to address this risk include introducing a number of system and process solutions to reduce presentation to referral to a median time of 24 hours, which is overseen by the NSTEMI Project Group, and to re-instate the NSTEMI Treat and Repatriation service, which is scheduled to recommence in Spring 2023.

 Corporate risk 129 – ability to deliver an urgent primary care out of hours (OOH) service for Hywel Dda patients (risk score 16)

The OOH service continues to be fragile, particularly at weekends and holiday periods. This is primarily driven by the inability to recruit GPs as a result of an aging workforce, combined with increased demand for face-to-face consultations, exacerbated by increased pressures in primary care which is impacting the ability of GPs to be available for OOH shifts.

Recruitment is ongoing, and work is being undertaken by the service to develop a streamlined process to onboard GPs from the all-Wales GP hub in order to further alleviate workforce pressures on the service. Work is also continuing in terms of developing a sustainable OOH service aligned to Transforming Clinical Services (TCS) and the Transforming Urgent Emergency Care (TUEC) programme.

 Corporate risk 813 - failure to fully comply with the requirements of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 (RRO) (risk score 15)

There are a number of issues that we are working to address following a number of enforcement notices from the Mid and West Wales Fire and Rescue Service (MWWFRS). Phased fire safety improvement works continue across the health board, with significant investments being made to address the recommendations as raised by MWWFRS Letters of Fire Safety Matters (LOFSM) and Enforcement Notices (ENs) previously issued.

We continue to address the physical backlog, however despite significant investments already in place, additional funding is required to address fire safety defects at all sites within the health board.

Actions to manage this risk further include the introduction of alternative ways to improve attendance of fire training of staff across the health board. Fire training information packs have also been developed for agency staff across all four acute

sites. In addition, a new fire safety system has been introduced during 2022/23, which allows the monitoring of actions raised from fire risk assessments.

The heat map below presents the health board's corporate risks (by their internal reference number) in respect of their likelihood and impact as at the end of March 2023:

HYWEL DDA RISK HEAT MAP					
	LIKELIHOOD →				
IMPACT ↓	RARE 1	UNLIKELY 2	POSSIBLE 3	LIKELY 4	ALMOST CERTAIN 5
CATASTROPHIC 5			813		1432 1027
MAJOR 4			1433 1559 1548 1350 684	1340 129 1406 1352	1032 1349
MODERATE 3			1335	1328 1407	
MINOR 2					
NEGLIGIBLE 1					

Further information on corporate risks in 2022/23 can be found in our board papers:

Corporate Risk Register Report at September 2022 Board Meeting in Public

Corporate Risk Register Report at January 2023 Board Meeting in Public

Emergency preparedness/civil contingencies

Hywel Dda University Health Board had emergency plans and business continuity arrangements in place during the financial year 2022/23, in accordance with the statutory duties under the Civil Contingencies Act 2004 and Emergency Planning Guidance issued by WG. An annual Emergency Planning Report, signed by our Chief Executive was submitted to WG in February 2023, detailing compliance together with the latest version of the HDdUHB Major Incident Plan which was ratified by the Board in July 2022.

The control framework

Performance management arrangements

Our <u>Improving Together Framework</u> sets out the health board's approach to embedding performance improvement through our governance. The framework is enabled by data at every level to support decision making and to drive service change. Its successful implementation will help us to focus on what is important to the health board and enable us to provide efficient and effective services.

The Improving Together Framework outlines performance improvement arrangements at each level in the organisation, and as such aims to provide a way for teams to come together to undertake the following:

- Set Team Vision: Identify their team's vision and goals and consider how they align to the health boards Strategic Objectives.
- Set Improvement Measures: Set key improvement measures aligned to their vision and utilise data and information to identify opportunities for improvement.
- Improvement meeting or huddle: Provide an opportunity for teams to come together and have regular improvement and problem-solving discussions, utilising a coaching style approach to probe the data, develop solutions, and embed continuous improvement.
- Problem solving: Teams are empowered and have the autonomy to test new improvement ideas and monitor the impact.
- Adopt and share: Learn and share ideas and initiatives.

At the most strategic level, the BAF and Integrated Performance Assurance Report provide Board, Committees and the Executive Team with data and evidence to help us understand whether we are achieving and working towards the ministerial and local priorities. We have worked hard on developing a small set of outcomes aligned to our six strategic objectives which are reported through the BAF. They help us to understand whether we are driving towards our strategic objectives and goals as an organisation.

At the directorate level, we have recently established Directorate Improving Together Sessions. These have been set up to provide dedicated time for teams to meet with their Executive Director and Corporate Executive Directors to:

- Outline the priorities / goals for the year
- Outline current challenges and support required
- Flag highlights or lowlights from the 'Our Performance', 'Our Safety' dashboards and audit and inspection summary reports. These dashboards provide quality, workforce, performance, finance, risk data all in one place. We are working on incorporating and signposting to activity data to help support operational planning.

The ambition is that the Directorate Improving Together Sessions will ensure that we are aligning support to key priorities within the health board with the ultimate aim of improving outcomes for our patients, staff, visitors, and those living within Hywel Dda.

The Improving Together approach was agreed with the Executive Team in December 2022. It has recently been approved by SDODC in February 2023 and was progressed to Board for final ratification in March 2023.

Quality governance arrangements

Providing high quality care is an inherently complex and fragile process, which needs to be underpinned by robust quality governance arrangements. A key purpose of these 'quality governance' arrangements is to monitor and where necessary improve standards of care.

Quality governance is led by the Executive Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience. Our Quality, Safety and Experience Committee (QSEC) provides timely evidence-based advice to the board to assist it in discharging its functions and meeting its responsibilities with regards to quality and safety as well as providing assurance in relation to improving the experience of all those that come into contact with our services. Reports presented to QSEC in 2022/23 are listed in Appendix 2 with papers available on our website <a href=Quality, Safety and Experience Committee Meetings.

QSEC receive a regular assurance report which provides an overview of quality and safety across the health board. The health board uses a number of assurance processes and quality improvement strategies to ensure high quality care is delivered to patients. The report provides information on improvement work linked to themes within patient safety incident reporting, externally reported patient safety incidents, mortality reviews, and external inspections, for example Healthcare Inspectorate Wales (HIW).

QSEC is supported by two sub-committees. Our Operational Quality, Safety and Experience Sub-Committee, which is responsible for monitoring the acute, mental health and learning disabilities services, primary and community services quality and safety governance arrangements at an operational level. The Listening and Learning Sub-Committee provides clinical teams across the health board with a forum to share and scrutinise learning from concerns, and to share innovation and good practice. The learning may arise from a complaint, an incident, a claim, a patient story or experience feedback, external inspection, and peer reviews.

The Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience, the Medical Director and the director of Therapies and Health Sciences hold weekly Quality and Safety Intelligence (Hot and Happening) meetings which consider significant issues which have arisen or that have the potential to impact on patient safety and identify any areas where immediate attention is required to protect safety of patients and staff. The clinical executive directors also continue to hold quality panels when required. Quality panels are the opportunity for

the directors, directorate triumvirate teams and service management teams to explore quality governance issues. In 2022/23, the following Quality Panels have been held:

- Mortality Reviews
- Unscheduled Care (Bronglais Hospital)
- Women and Children
- Nosocomial COVID-19 update on the progress of the health board reviews
- Primary Care and Estates
- Patient Safety Solutions (open)
- Emergency Admissions
- Sepsis
- Hospital acquired thrombosis

During 2022/23, NWSSP (NHS Wales Shared Services Partnership) Internal Audit reviewed our Quality and Safety Governance arrangements and found that sufficient arrangements were in place which allow for effective assurance reporting of quality and safety issues to the health board, ensuring issues identified at directorate level are escalated where necessary. Whilst NWSSP did not identify any significant issues that had not been escalated, the level of detail contained in QSEC minutes at directorate level varied and they therefore recommended that there was an opportunity to improve the quality of meeting minutes to better evidence discussion of key quality and safety areas. NWSSP Internal Audit concluded 'reasonable' assurance for this objective. We are committed to addressing these findings. An executive-led review of operational risk registers has been undertaken, and further reviews have been scheduled in 2022. A review of operational capacity has also commenced.

Safety Dashboard

Our safety dashboard has been developed over 2022/23 to help identify potential patient safety issues. Operational leaders and managers will use it to identify safety hot spots needing further investigation/action, triangulate data at an operational level, facilitate further discussion or escalation, support deep dives, benchmark against our services to help identify outliers and inform report and papers. The dashboard has been used to inform discussions at our QSEC meetings, Executive Team meetings and Improving Together sessions.

Quality Management System (QMS) Strategic Framework

We have developed a QMS Strategic Framework – the overarching formalised system that will achieve continuous improvement across the organisation. The QMS will be delivered through 'Improving Together' which is used as the vehicle to align the team vision to our strategic objectives, and to empower teams to improve quality and performance across the organisation by setting key improvement measures aligned to their team vision. Visualisation of key data sets including improvement measures and regular team huddles help drive decision-making. The approach embraces coaching discussions and supports staff to develop solutions, embedding the principles of

continuous improvement. The framework offers a common approach to how we can adapt, adopt, and spread good practice in a systematic way.

Healthcare Inspectorate Wales (HIW)

The board is provided with independent and objective assurance on the quality, safety, and effectiveness of the services it delivers through reviews undertaken by and reported on by HIW. The outcomes of any such reviews and any emanating improvement plans are discussed with any lessons learnt shared throughout the health board.

During 2022/23, HIW published 10 pieces of assurance and inspection work in Hywel Dda. The work involved a variety of off-site checks and on-site work. There was one ionising radiation inspection, three reviews in an acute hospital setting, one review in a mental health and learning disability service, five reviews in a primary care setting.

Clinical audit

The Clinical Audit Programme in 2022/23 was a smaller programme than usual reflecting the impact of the pandemic, staff shortages and ongoing clinical concerns on clinical audit activity. The completion and progress rates for projects on the programme is very good however and a smaller, higher quality programme is ultimately more desirable. There has also been an increase in audits related to other Quality Improvement work, demonstrating how the QI and Clinical Audit Teams are collaborating on more work streams. A large number of non-programme audits have also been undertaken in addition on a wide variety of topics.

The vast majority of National Clinical Audits and Outcome Reviews are in progress in the health board, with any areas of concern being investigated and supported by the Clinical Audit Scrutiny Panel as well as the new Clinical Director for Clinical Audit appointed in November 2022. A number of improvements into how the projects are run are underway.

The Clinical Audit Department is now using new software to manage clinical audits. It is hoped that this system will be fully live in 2023/24. The system is currently being piloted across a number of specialties and professions and a number of training sessions have been provided. The new system makes clinical audit more accessible and transparent with a clear focus on driving outputs and improvements. Initial tests have been very well received.

The Clinical Audit Department has continued with the programme for Whole Hospital Audit Meetings which includes two whole health board meetings annually. These are now chaired by the Clinical Director for Clinical Audit and focus primarily on the mandatory national audits outlined by WG as well as appropriate local projects that have a wide-reaching impact.

Mortality reviews

Mortality Reviewing is well established across the health board, with a multidisciplinary mortality review panel meeting fortnightly, in alignment with the All-Wales Learning from Mortality Review Framework, to review cases that have been referred back to the health board with issues identified following Medical Examiner Service scrutiny. Just under 30% of cases are referred back for consideration, and the panel reviews and determines when a further proportionate investigation is required, in accordance with the national framework. Learning from individual cases is also shared directly with the relevant sites.

There are processes in place to capture themes emerging from the Medical Examiner Service referrals, and any thematic learning being generated from proportionate investigations requested by the Mortality Review Panel. Thematic reporting will be introduced once all deaths are being scrutinised. This will include mechanisms to ensure triangulation with other health board data pertinent to mortality. The Medical Examiner Service is operational on all acute sites across the health board, with 100% of deaths in Withybush, Bronglais and Prince Philip Hospitals, and over 60% of Glangwili Hospital deaths now being sent to the Medical Examiner Service for independent scrutiny (rising to 100% by the end of May 2023). Work is ongoing alongside the Medical Examiner Service to establish processes to include all community and primary care deaths by the end of August 2023, in line with the statutory introduction of the Medical Examiner Service from April 2023. This includes identifying the resource requirements to ensure future sustainability of mortality reviewing processes.

Information Governance (IG) arrangements

We have well established arrangements through an information governance framework to ensure that information is managed in line with relevant information governance law, regulations, and Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) guidance. The framework includes the following:

- An Information Governance Sub Committee (IGSC), whose role it is to support and drive the information governance (IG) agenda and provide the health board with the assurance that effective IG best practice procedures are in place within the organisation;
- A Caldicott Guardian who is the responsible person for protecting the confidentiality of patient and service-user information and enabling appropriate information sharing;
- A Senior Information Risk Owner (SIRO) is responsible for setting up an accountability framework within the organisation to achieve a consistent and comprehensive approach to information risk assessment;
- A Data Protection Officer (DPO) whose role it is to ensure the health board is compliant with data protection legislation; and

 Information Asset Owners (IAOs) are in place for all service areas and information assets held by the health board, they have been assisting IG Team in programme of compiling a full asset register for the health board, where all Information Asset Registers have been now drafted.

We have responsibilities in relation to freedom of information, data protection, subject access requests and the appropriate processing and sharing of personal identifiable information. Assurances that the organisation has compliant IG practices are evidenced by:

- Quarterly reports to the IGSC, including key performance indicators;
- A detailed operational IG Compliance work plan, taken to IGSC bi-monthly, detailing progress made against actions required to ensure compliance with data protection legislation;
- A suite of IG and information security policies, procedures, and guidance documents;
- IG Intranet pages for the health board's employees with guidance and awareness;
- A comprehensive bi-annual mandatory IG training programme for all staff, including proactive targeting of any staff non-compliant with their IG training;
- A robust management of all reported Personal Data breaches, including proactive reporting to the ICO;
- Regular monitoring of the health board's systems for inappropriate accesses to patients' personal data through the National Intelligent Integrated Audit Solution (NIIAS) platform;
- An Information Asset Register (IAR) used to manage information across the health board; and
- All IG issues have been escalated through Sustainable Resources Committee. The Committee papers can be viewed here: Sustainable Resources Committee.

The NIIAS that audits staff access to patient records has been fully implemented within the organisation, with an associated training programme for staff, and procedures for managing any inappropriate access to records. In addition to the above training, there are regular staff communications, group training sessions, as well as IG 'drop in' sessions held across the health board. Posters, leaflets, staff briefings have all been used to disseminate information to staff around the importance of confidentiality, appropriate access to patient records and ensuring information is shared in an appropriate way.

We have undertaken a full review of our position against the Welsh Information Governance Toolkit and Caldicott Principles into Practice Assessment (CPIP). Both assessments demonstrate a good level of assurance of information governance risks.

Staff training numbers have steadily increased with the compliance at the end of March 2023 at 80.15%, an increase from 77.94% over the past 12 months.

We continue to reinforce awareness of key principles of Data Protection legislation. This includes the overarching principle that users must only handle data in accordance with people's data protection rights.

Code of Corporate Governance

Whilst there is no requirement to comply with all elements of the Corporate Governance Code for Central Government Departments, an assessment was undertaken in March 2023 against the main principles as they relate to an NHS public sector organisation in Wales. This assessment was informed by the AW Structured Assessment 2022. We are satisfied that we are complying with the main principles of and are conducting our business in an open and transparent manner in line with the code. There were no reported/identified departures from the Corporate Governance Code during the year.

Fire safety

The health board closed two Enforcement Notices issued by Mid and West Wales Fire and Rescue Service (MWWFRS) and continues to address the four outstanding Enforcement Notices. One additional Enforcement Notice has had all works completed, with the MWWFRS invited to inspect the completed work. Extensive fire safety improvement works are being undertaken at Withybush Hospital, Glangwili Hospital and at Bronglais Hospital from WG agreed funding, with regular progress updates reported to the HSC, which provides assurance to the board on the work undertaken towards improving compliance.

Bluestone governance review

During 2022/23, the health board at the request of ARAC commissioned an independent review into the governance and decision-making process which led to the Board being advised that Bluestone National Park was the only option in Pembrokeshire to site a COVID-19 field hospital. Whilst the review established that those involved were doing their best in very difficult and pressurised circumstances, the governance and decision-making process were not as clear or robust as it appeared to be with the other field hospitals in the health board, and a number of areas of learning and recommendations were provided to the health board, which we are currently implementing.

Planning arrangements

The health board has a clear strategic direction and work continued through the pandemic to realise these ambitions. The Programme Business Case for 'A Healthier Mid and West Wales' submitted to WG on 1 February 2022 set out the investment and infrastructure requirements to secure World class and sustainable health services for the long-term. Our strategy, built on the principles of care closer to home and a shift to primary and preventative care, includes a set of design assumptions which articulate how services will improve to realise this vision. The pandemic has not only sharpened our focus on these but in some areas has accelerated our delivery (new outpatient models for example).

During the pandemic, the health board also agreed six strategic objectives and a wide-ranging set of planning objectives which provide the route map to reaching these goals. This was supported by our BAF (see <u>Board Assurance Framework (BAF)</u> section) and refreshed governance arrangements. On the back of responding to the pandemic, the health board has renewed confidence that it is on the path towards this strategic vision and has the key ingredients in place to deliver it.

That said, we were not in a position to submit an IMTP to WG for 2022-2025 because we believed we needed to transition from a COVID response phase and unwind many of our COVID measures before we could be certain that we could return to near-normal operations and of the implications of this. Also, we needed to develop a clear road map to demonstrate a trajectory towards financial sustainability which can be endorsed and ratified by WG.

Whilst it was disappointing that we were not able to submit an approvable IMTP for 2022/25, as we originally intended, our three-year plan reflected a growing organisational maturity where we recognised the progress we had made and at the same time had a sound understanding of the areas where our plans required strengthening.

The focus of our plan was built around our six key priorities for 2022/23, these priorities were reflective of the challenges facing the health board over the short, medium, and long term. These included a number of priorities such as an on-going COVID response, planned care recovery, underpinned with longer-term developments, such as, a roadmap for both workforce and financial sustainability (This will be presented to Board in September 2023).



The updated plan was submitted in draft form to WG on 8 July 2022, noting that this was subject to consideration at the Public Board meeting on 28 July 2022. However, WG wrote to the health board on 12 July and 20 July advising that the financial position laid out in the plan, a deficit of £62m, was unacceptable.

Notwithstanding the above, at the Public Board meeting on 28 July 2022, a series of steps were laid out by the health board's Chief Executive, to bring back to the board meeting in September 2022, a number of actions. The agreed actions were presented at September board meeting; however, these were in part superseded by the health board being placed into 'Targeted Intervention' (see <u>Escalation and intervention arrangements</u> section).

In respect of 2023/24, despite progress made ahead the 2023/26 IMTP planning process. It was with regret, that the health board was not able to submit an IMTP. There were a

number of pertinent and unavoidable issues (many of which are set out above). The health board is fully congruent and acquainted with the fundamental challenges we need to address in the short, medium, and long term. Consequently, this is the premise of the 2023/24 Annual Plan, namely one of stabilisation, with the foundations set out in 2022/23 providing the catalyst and anchoring point to continue to build on many of our successes. Equally, where improvements are required, understanding the baseline and platform of the previous year allows us to identify the cause and effect and take the appropriate actions to remedy the issue(s).

It is within this context that our Annual Plan for 2023/24 has been developed. Our financial challenges are such that we have again been unable to produce an IMTP which balances over a three-year period, and therefore we are in breach of our statutory responsibility as an organisation. This is not a position we want to be in. Our plan therefore has two primary aims. First, it sets out what we are able to achieve in response to the above issues over the next 12 months, with a particular focus on the Ministerial Priorities. Secondly, it lays the foundations for us to chart a course to a more sustainable position, including an ambition to return to financial balance, aligned to our strategy 'A Healthier Mid and West Wales'.

As a result, the development of our plan for 2023/24 has been based upon the following principles:

- The health board will be submitting an annual plan
- The core philosophy of the plan is one of stabilisation and laying the foundations for a medium-term recovery plan, aligned to our strategy
- The majority of plans are based upon existing resources (workforce and funding),
 with the nursing workforce stabilisation plan the main exception to this
- The plan and organisational priorities are focused on delivery of the Ministerial Priorities
- The plan is a continuation of the organisation's journey to date, consistent with the strategy and building on the methodology of strategic objectives, planning objectives and our Board Assurance Framework
- A more focused plan, so fewer planning objectives, and more ambitious

The basis of Year 1 Stabilisation is the Ministerial Priorities and our priority planning objectives. Examples of this approach include the work on transforming urgent and emergency care; our planned care, diagnostic and cancer recovery; ensuring appropriate primary and community care access; alongside key enablers, such as our workforce stabilisation plan, our roadmap to financial sustainability, digital transformation, and our continued work towards our strategy 'A Healthier Mid and West Wales'.

Following feedback from WG that our plan was not supported or accepted, WG have requested that further work is required on setting out an improvement in the position on delivery of all Ministerial priorities, and an improvement in our financial assessment by 31 May. This will require both strengthening existing plans, and consideration of options and choices to deliver further improvement.

Disclosure statements

Equality, diversity, and inclusion

We are committed to putting people at the centre of everything we do. Our vision is to create an accessible and inclusive organisational culture and environment for everyone. This includes staff, those who receive care (including their families and carers), as well as partners who work with us - whether this is statutory organisations, third sector partners or communities. This means thinking about people as individuals and taking a personcentred approach, so that everyone is treated fairly, with integrity, dignity, and respect, whatever their background and beliefs.

Control measures are in place to ensure that our obligations under equality and human rights legislation are complied with:

- The board approved a revised Strategic Equality Plan and objectives for the period 2020-24. COVID-19 exacerbated inequalities for those with protected characteristics and communities that are socio economically deprived so, in response we reviewed our plans outlining how we were going to meet those objectives and one key action was the establishment of a Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic Advisory Board.
- The requirements of the Socio-economic Duty which became law in 2021 were embedded into our strategic decision-making process.
- The Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA) process was reviewed, to incorporate the Socio-economic duty, and an EqIA training programme is available for all staff.
- Equality and Human Rights training is mandatory for all staff as part of the corporate induction.
- A Strategic Equality Plan Annual Report is published annually, alongside a Workforce Equality Report and Pay Gap Reports focusing on gender, ethnicity, and disability.

Equality objectives

The work to progress the equality agenda is inter-linked with our work around the Wellbeing of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 (WFGA) and the Social Services and Wellbeing (Wales) Act 2014. For more information on the Strategic Equality Plan and objectives and progress outlined in the annual reports, visit https://hduhb.nhs.wales/about-us/governance-arrangements/equality-diversity-and-inclusion/equality-diversity-and-inclusion-documents/.

Examples of key highlights for 2022/23 include:

A well-established Menopause Café for staff which has seen additional sessions
provided by specialists on Menopause Yoga, Diet and the Menopause and a Q&A
session with our Specialist Menopause Consultant. The menopause team also
provided an information session targeted at our male staff to educate them about
the menopause and how they can offer support to those around them

- New staff network for staff with a disability recognising staff with physical and neurodiversity needs.
- Our ENFYS LGBTQ+ Staff Network has been revived following the pandemic and network members have represented the health board at several Pride events across South and West Wales. Network members have been joined by staff from sexual health, smoking cessation, immunisations and vaccinations and workforce and organisational development at these events to engage with the public, offer advice on our healthcare services and promote recruitment opportunities.
- The Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic Staff Network continues to grow in popularity and is meeting regularly to discuss issues in the workplace. The network reports activity to the health board's Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic Advisory Group and network members are working with the Workforce Experience and Culture team to develop an action plan as part of a Bullying and Harassment Task and Finish Group. Social events have also been arranged for the network members, aimed particularly at new overseas staff who are looking to settle into the area after joining the health board. In addition to informal events, a buddying network is also in place to support this programme and has proved invaluable to those new staff joining the health board. A successful Diwali event was held in October 2022 and network members took part in a multi-faith Christmas Service in December.
- Our community team originally set to work with communities who were reluctant to take up COVID vaccines have expanded into other areas of health behaviours and focussing on reducing health inequalities in a number of areas.
- 85 equality, diversity, and inclusion (EDI) training sessions have been offered to staff throughout 2022/23 on a range of topics. These have taken the form of formal training delivered by external training providers, webinars, and in-house training by health board staff. The Diversity and Inclusion team have been working with the Learning and Development team to develop EDI training modules for Managers which will be rolled out in 2023 as part of the new LEAP programme. The aim of these modules will be to equip staff in leadership roles with the skills and knowledge to implement best practice and demonstrate respectful and non-discriminative values.
- Plans are underway to review our Strategic Equality Plan and Objectives for 2024-2028. This work is being undertaken in partnership with the Local Authorities, Dyfed Powys Police, Mid and West Wales Fire and Rescue, Local Universities and National Parks, to develop a new set of objectives to promote inclusivity and eliminate discrimination in all areas of its work.
- 101 Equality Impact Assessments have been undertaken during 2022/23. We remain committed to conducting appropriate equality impact assessments, closely linked with our commitment towards continuous engagement.
- The Arts and Health team has uncovered opportunities for the arts to improve people's health and wellbeing across the health board and is in the process of cocreating a vision and plan for arts and health for Hywel Dda and has been engaging with health professionals right across the health board, the arts sector and listening, learning, and trialling activities. A public engagement campaign inviting people to help shape the vision for arts and health at Hywel Dda has also been launched.

NHS pension scheme

As an employer with staff entitled to membership of the NHS Pension Scheme, control measures are in place to ensure all employer obligations contained within the scheme regulations are complied with. This includes ensuring that deductions from salary, employer's contributions, and payments into the scheme are in accordance with the scheme rules, and that member Pension Scheme records are accurately updated in accordance with the timescales detailed in the regulations. The health board confirms that it acts strictly in compliance with the regulations and instructions laid down by the NHS Pensions Scheme and that control measures are in place about all employer obligations. This includes the deduction from salary for employees, employer contributions and the payment of monies. Records are accurately updated both by local submission (Pensions On-Line) and from the interface with the Electronic Staff Record (ESR). Any error records reported by the NHS Pension Scheme which arise are dealt with in a timely manner in accordance with Data Cleanse requirements.

Carbon reduction delivery plans

We have undertaken risk assessments and carbon reduction delivery plans to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the emergency preparedness and civil contingency elements of the UKCIP (UK climate Impacts Programme) 2009 weather projections to ensure that the organisation's obligation under the climate change Act and the Adaptation Reporting.

From a climate change viewpoint, we recognise the impact of climate change in the work we do around severe weather planning and highlight this within the Dyfed Powys Local Resilience Forum (LRF) Severe Weather Arrangements. These arrangements cover four elements: flooding, severe winter weather, heatwave, and drought. The arrangements cover elements such as risk, alerting mechanisms, multi-agency command and control structures, warning and informing and training/exercising.

Data security

We have adopted and implemented a robust procedure for managing personal data breaches across the organisation, that ensures incidents are reported in line with statutory requirements and lessons are learnt to improve future practice. We have had contact with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) in relation to five incidents during the year (self-reported by the health board). Incidents involved access to medical records by unauthorised individuals, and records storage being compromised.

Two incidents have been closed by the ICO with no further action required and three incidents are still being investigated by the ICO.

Additionally, the Cyber Security team continues to provide security architecture advice, ensuring designs follow security best practice and follow the requirements of the Network and Information Systems Regulations (NISR). The Cyber Security team has also made progress with the tools and capabilities available to Hywel Dda. NISR is designed to

protect critical national infrastructure against cyber-attacks. This regulation applies to all parts of the UK and EU and came into force in May 2018, alongside the GDPR/Data Protection Act. As part of NHS Wales, the health board is an Operator of Essential Services and has a legal obligation to comply with NISR.

Quality of data

We make every attempt to ensure the quality and robustness of our data and have regular checks in place to assure the accuracy of information relied upon. However, the multiplicity of systems and data inputters across the organisation means that there is always the potential for variations in quality, and therefore always scope for improvement. We have an ongoing data quality improvement plan which routinely assesses the quality of our data across key clinical systems.

Good quality clinically coded data plays a fundamental role in the management of hospitals and services. Coded data underpins much of the day-to-day management information used within the NHS and is used to support healthcare planning, resource allocation, cost analysis, assessments of treatment effectiveness and can be an invaluable starting point for many clinical audits. The Clinical Coding Development Plan has taken root and we are now regularly achieving 95% completion within one month of discharge.

Work continues to be undertaken to drive towards reducing the reliance on physical case notes and pushing the use of electronic documentation in line with the development of the Clinical Record Keeping Policy. This will further support the improvement of the clinical coding data and its uses.

Ministerial Directions

The WG has issued a number of Non-Statutory Instruments during 2022/23. Details of these and a record of any Ministerial Direction given is available on the following link: https://gov.wales/publications.

A schedule of the directions, outlining the actions required and our response to implementing these was presented to the ARAC as an integral element of the suite of documents evidencing governance of the organisation for the year. From this work it was evidenced that we were not impeded by any significant issues in implementing the actions required as has been the situation in previous years. All directions issued have been fully considered by the Sustainable Resources Committee, on behalf of the board, and where appropriate, implemented (See Appendix 3).

In accordance with a Ministerial Direction issued on 18 December 2019, WG has taken action to support circumstances where pensions tax rules are impacting upon clinical staff who want to work additional hours, and have determined that clinical staff who are members of the NHS Pension Scheme and who, as a result of work undertaken in the 2019/20 tax year, face a tax charge on the growth of their NHS pension benefits, may opt

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

to have this charge paid by the NHS Pension Scheme, with their pension reduced on retirement.

The WG, on behalf of the health board, will pay the members who opt for reimbursement of their pension, a corresponding amount on retirement, ensuring that they are fully compensated for the effect of the deduction.

A Scheme Pays provision of £604k has been included in the 2022/23 Annual Accounts.

Welsh Health Circulars (WHCs)

Welsh Health Circulars (WHCs) are published by the WG to provide a streamlined, transparent, and traceable method of communication between NHS Wales and NHS organisations. WHCs relate to different areas such as policy, performance and delivery, planning, legislation, workforce, finance, quality and safety, governance, information technology, science, research, public health, and letters to health professionals. Details of WHCs is available on the following link: health-circulars-legov.wales

Following receipt, these are assigned to a lead director who is responsible for the implementation of required actions. The board has designated oversight of this process to board level committees, with an end-of-year report provided to the ARAC which can be found here.

Review of effectiveness

As Accountable Officer, I have responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. The review of the system of internal control is informed by the work of the Internal Auditors, and the Executive Officers within the organisation who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and comments made by external auditors in their audit letter and other reports.

The board and committees rely on a number of sources of internal and external assurances which demonstrate the effectiveness of the health board's system of internal control and advise where there are areas of improvement. These include:

- Feedback from WG and the specific statements issued by the Minister for Health and Social Services;
- Local Counter-Fraud and Post Payment Verification Activity;
- Inspections by Healthcare Inspectorate Wales;
- Delivery of audit plans and reports by external and internal auditors;
- Feedback from statutory Commissioners;
- Feedback from staff, patients, service users and members of the public
- Patient Safety Walkabouts;
- Engagement visits by Independent Members;
- Assurance provided by ARAC and other committees of the board;
- AW Structured Assessment.

Internal Audit (IA)

IA provide me as Accountable Officer and the board through the Audit Committee with a flow of assurance on the system of internal control. I have commissioned a programme of audit work which has been delivered in accordance with public sector internal audit standards by the NHS Wales Shared Services Partnership. The scope of this work is agreed with the Audit Committee and is focussed on significant risk areas and local improvement priorities.

The overall opinion by the Head of Internal Audit on governance, risk management and control, is a function of this risk-based audit programme and contributes to the picture of assurance available to the board in reviewing effectiveness and supporting our drive for continuous improvement.

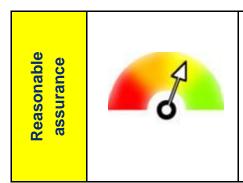
The internal audit plan has needed to be agile and responsive to ensure that key developing risks are covered. As a result of this approach and with the support of officers and Independent Members across the health board, the plan has been delivered substantially in accordance with the agreed schedule and changes required during the year. The Head of Internal Audit is satisfied that there has been sufficient internal audit coverage during the reporting period to provide the Head of Internal Audit Annual Opinion. In forming the opinion, the Head of Internal Audit has considered the impact of the audits that have not been fully completed.

Throughout 2022/23, the Head of Internal Audit has met weekly with the Director of Corporate Governance/Board Secretary and when required, the Director of Finance to discuss and consider any changes to the Internal Audit plan, either to accommodate fluctuations in operational demand or changing priorities.

Head of Internal Audit Opinion

Although changes have been made to the plan during the year, sufficient audit work has been undertaken during the year to be able to provide an overall opinion in line with the requirements of the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards.

The Head of Internal Audit has concluded for 2022/23:



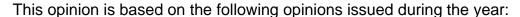
228/354

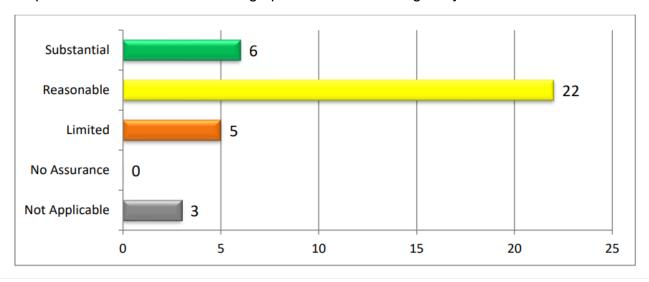
The board can take **Reasonable Assurance** that arrangements to secure governance, risk management and internal control, within those areas under review, are suitably designed and applied effectively. Some matters require management attention in control design or compliance with low to moderate impact on residual risk exposure until resolved.

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

The audit coverage in the plan agreed with management has been deliberately focused on key strategic and operational risk areas; the outcome of these audit reviews may therefore highlight control weaknesses that impact on the overall assurance opinion.

During 2022/23, the health board has received positive audit opinions in a number of governance-related audits, including reviews on its Public Inquiry Preparedness (Substantial), Quality and Safety Governance Framework (Reasonable), Financial Management (Reasonable), Strategic Transformation Programme Governance (Limited), Fire Governance (Substantial), Regional Integrated Fund (Reasonable), Safety Indicators (Reasonable), and Patient Experience (Reasonable). In addition to this, two Directorate Reviews were undertaken in Glangwili Hospital and Withybush Hospital which all provided Reasonable Assurance.





Overall, IA have provided the following assurances to the Board that arrangements to secure governance, risk management and internal control are suitably designed and applied effectively in the areas in the table below.

Summary of Audits 2022/23:

Substantial Assurance	Reasonable Assurance
Public Inquiry Preparedness	 Quality & Safety Governance
• Cyber	 Service Reset & Recovery
Fire Governance	 Continuing Health Care
Blackline Financial System	Directorate Governance Withybush
IT WPAS (Welsh Patient	Directorate Governance Glangwili
Administration System) Follow up	 Individual Patient Funding
Tritech Governance follow up	Requests
	 Safety Indicators
	 Patient Experience
	 Falls Prevention & Management

229/354

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

229

	IT Infrastructure
	 Regional Integration Fund
	 Glangwili Hospital Women &
	Children Development
	Glangwili Fire Precautions Phase 1
	Withybush Hospital Fire
	Precautions: Phase 1
	Welsh Language Follow up
	Non-Clinical Temporary Staffing
	Follow up
	Prevention of Self Harm Follow up
	Overpayment of Salary Follow up
	Withybush Fire Enforcement Works
	Phase 1 –
	Lessons Learned initial draft
	Financial Management
	Agency & Rostering
Limited Assurance	Advisory/Non-Opinion
Overpayment of SalaryJob Planning	Fitness for Digital
Records Digitisation	Decarbonisation
Theatre Loan Trays	A Healthier Mid & West Wales
Strategic Transformation	Programme Forward Look
Programme Governance	Governance
No Assurance	
N/A	

Whilst there were no audited areas that resulted in 'no assurance' the following audit reports were issued with a conclusion of limited assurance:

Overpayment of Salary

This review assessed the adequacy of internal controls and process to identify and ascertain the reason for overpayments and the actions taken to reduce the risk of overpayments. Key matters arising included the requirement for the revised policy on underpayment and overpayment of salaries to be formally communicated to line managers, overpayments were not being analysed to identify themes and trends not investigated to establish and address root causes, the decline in the use of ESR Manager Self Service which enables timely and efficient processing of changes to payroll data, and the lack of monitoring and reporting of overpayments at an appropriate Workforce and OD forum.

The follow up, which resulted in 'reasonable assurance' and recognised that considerable progress has been made in addressing the four matters arising from the previous internal audit, with three confirmed as implemented.

230/354 244/368

230

Job Planning

This review highlighted two high priority matters relating to the lack of service outcomes on job plans, and the inaccurate reconciliation of session figures between the job plans and ESR. An additional medium priority matter was also raised in relation to compliance with job plans. This review will be followed up in 2023/24 to ensure all matters have been addressed.

Records digitalisation

This review considered the progress made, and governance arrangements in place for the Records Digitisation Project. The significant matters identified in the report related to developing programme governance and defining and establishing a benefits realisation process. Further matters arising concerning areas for refinement and further development included cost benefit analysis and user acceptance testing. This review will be followed up in 2023/24 to ensure all matters have been addressed.

Theatre Loan Trays

This review considered the arrangements and processes in place for the decontamination of theatre trays loaned to and reprocessed for private healthcare providers' use, and the issue of single use consumables for use within private facilities. Six significant matters were raised which included unused theatre trays returned by the private healthcare facility not decontaminated, no central record of trays issued to the private facility, no visibility of patient traceability records for procedures using loaned trays at the private facility, loss of income from the private facility only charged for trays actually used instead of all trays loaned, consumables such as implants and prostheses are not controlled, and are loaned to the private facility under an informal arrangement in exchange for like-for-like replacements rather than payment. Four medium and one low priority matters arising were also identified as part of the review. This review will be followed up in 2023/24 to ensure all matters have been addressed.

Strategic Transformation Programme Governance

This was a high-level review of the governance arrangements in place to ensure that identified schemes are achievable and managed as formal strategic change programmes with appropriate assurance reporting mechanisms in place. There were two significant matters raised in the review which include a lack of evidence to demonstrate that strategic programmes of change have been subject to appropriate scrutiny and approval prior to recognition as formal programmes, with some programmes more aptly considered as operational workstreams rather than strategic programmes of change. The other significant matter was related to the lack of evidence to demonstrate formal programme governance arrangements, including the absence of approved programme plans, inconsistent operational resource, and insufficient programme management support. This review will be followed up in 2023/24 to ensure all matters have been addressed.

All limited assurance reports are subject to follow up reviews, and these will form part of the 2023/24 Internal Audit plan, if they have not already been followed up.

Management responses that detail the actions to address gaps in control were included in all final IA reports presented to ARAC. The delivery of these actions is tracked via the health board's audit tracker which is overseen by the ARAC. The minutes and all final IA reports can be found within the ARAC section of the website

https://hduhb.nhs.wales/about-us/governance-arrangements/statutory-committees/audit-and-risk-assurance-committee-arac/.

Where audit assignments planned this year did not proceed to full audits following preliminary planning work, these were either removed from the plan, removed from the plan and replaced with another audit, or deferred until a future audit year. The following audits were deferred.

Review Title	Reason
Workforce Strategies	Ongoing work with the health board regarding workforce Site Stabilisation.
Discharge Management	Work still ongoing with the health board to address this area along with work being undertaken by other review bodies.
Records Management	Some aspects covered in another audit, with a full review in a future year.
Accelerated Cluster Development	In order for arrangements to become established with the health board.
Public Health	Deferred due to operational service pressures and change in Executive Director
Healthier Mid and West Wales Programme	Programme had progressed as per original timeline. A governance forward look is being covered under the major programme review.
Transforming Urgent and Emergency Care	Some aspects covered in another audit. Need to include an additional audit at a later stage in the year.
Mental Health Commissioning	The review became a review of the governance of wider transformation programmes.

Audit Wales (AW) structured assessment

The AW Structured Assessment is a process that looks at whether we have made proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in our use of resources.

The Structured Assessment 2022 focused on our corporate arrangements for ensuring that resources are used efficiently, effectively, and economically. The overall assessment concluded that: 'the health board has good governance arrangements in place at a corporate level, with a clear strategic vision, improving systems of assurance, and a strong focus on staff and patients. But the health board has been unable to produce a WG

approvable Integrated Medium-Term Plan and is on track to deliver a significant financial deficit at the end of 2022-23. Further work is needed to streamline the health board's operational structure and performance management arrangements to support delivery.' The full report can be accessed on the health board website here.

AW noted that 'the health board generally has good governance arrangements in place at a corporate level, supported by a robust Board Assurance Framework and improving sources of assurance. However, further opportunities exist to refine operational structures and performance management arrangements to support the health board address the significant challenges and risks it faces.' Other key messages in the report relating to governance arrangements included:

- We have robust corporate arrangements to support good governance and enable the board and its committees to conduct business effectively and transparently;
- Our executive team works well, but further work needed and planned to revise operational structures to support the organisation address challenges and risks;
- An effective BAF continues to be in place, and sources of assurance are improving with scope to streamline performance management arrangements at an operational level.

In respect of strategic planning arrangements, AW found that: 'the health board has a clear strategic intent supported by good stakeholder engagement and mechanisms for monitoring delivery, but it is not yet able to translate the longer-term vision into a WG approvable operational plan.' Key messages in the report include:

- We continue to have a clear vision for the provision of healthcare for West Wales, supported by clear strategic objectives and plans;
- We have been unable to produce a WG approvable IMTP and Annual Plan;
- We have robust arrangements for ensuring plans are aligned, embedding valuebased healthcare, and ensuring appropriate stakeholder engagement;
- We have robust processes for monitoring and scrutinising delivery of its strategic and three-year plan. Planned work to refine planning objectives will help to better articulate expected outcomes, although more work is needed to ensure strategies are underpinned by clear and robust implementation plans.

In respect of managing its financial resources, AW found that: 'despite having appropriate financial controls and robust reporting, monitoring and scrutiny mechanisms in place, the health board's ability to stay within budget remains challenging.' Key messages in the report included:

• We were unable to meet our financial duties for revenue in 2021/22, and will also fail to meet them in 2022/23, with a need to refresh our long-term financial plan, in line with our strategy;

- We have appropriate arrangements for financial management and controls, but ongoing pressures are resulting in overspends;
- We continue to have robust arrangements for monitoring and scrutinising its financial position.

AW noted in terms of managing the workforce, digital resources, the estate, and other physical assets that: 'the health board has robust arrangements to support staff well-being and manage its estate and physical assets. There are clear strategies for digital and estates, but limited capital funding is a significant challenge.' Other key messages included:

- We have robust arrangements in place to support and oversee staff well-being;
- We have a clear vision for digital, however the limited availability of funding is significantly impairing delivery;
- We have a clear vision for our estate and have robust arrangements for maintaining oversight and scrutiny, however funding is a significant challenge.

AW reviewed our progress against recommendations made in previous reports and issued six new recommendations in Structured Assessment 2022. These related to the public transparency of Board business, operational structures, operational performance management arrangements, expected outcomes, implementation plans to support strategies and financial sustainability plan. The management response can be accessed in the ARAC papers here.

During 2022/23, AW also undertook a number of national reports on national programmes, including 'Tackling the Planned Care Backlog in Wales', which set out the findings from the Auditor General's review of how NHS Wales is tackling the backlog of patients waiting for treatment, and responding to the challenges facing planned care, with a focus on referral to treatment (RTT) targets as set by WG. A national report on the Welsh Community Care Information System (WCCIS) was also published, providing detail on the challenges being faced in the roll-out of this system.

Conclusion

234/354

At the time of preparing this Governance Statement, the challenges facing our health and care systems are at historic levels as we and society contend with multiple, simultaneous events impacting on our way of life. The last 12 months has seen significant challenges for us as a health board as we have responded to service pressures in the wake of the pandemic, continued to manage the direct risks of the changing variants and successive waves of COVID, responded to the wider impact the last three years has had on our population, and develop plans which move us towards a more sustainable health system. It has however provided an opportunity to show that we can be flexible, can move quickly to change, and can anticipate and respond to situations as they arise.

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

This year has seen increasing demand across our urgent care and our planned care systems, increased pressure on primary care services, high walk-in demand at our emergency departments, significant pressures in social care resulting in significant numbers of patients who are medically optimised being unable to be discharged, and higher levels of sickness than normally experienced across our workforce. Alongside these challenges, we have restarted many routine services despite continued constraints on capacity.

As Accountable Officer, based on the review process outlined above, I have reviewed the relevant evidence and assurances in respect of internal control. Notwithstanding our increased escalation status to 'targeted intervention for finance and planning, I have taken into account the evidence detailed in this Statement, from AW via their Structured Assessment and from Internal Audit's assurance assessment, and concluded that overall, the health board's systems of internal control have not been materially affected and am assured that our internal control and governance systems have operated satisfactorily during 2022/23.

Whilst it is disappointing that we have been escalated to 'targeted intervention' for finance and planning, we remained at 'enhanced monitoring for quality issues related to performance resulting in long waiting times and poor patient experience. We continue to work at pace to address the underlying issues and have made a number of improvements in a relatively short space of time (see Escalation and intervention arrangements for further detail on these). We are committed to reducing our status to 'routine monitoring' by addressing this challenge and recognise that there is currently a 'gap' in the organisation's medium-term planning and that while there is a focus upon both its Annual Plan and its Ten-Year plan, further detail is required in terms of the steps to be taken to enable the health board to achieve the goals of its long-term plan, and to be de-escalated to routine monitoring status.

The premise of the 2023/24 Annual Plan, namely one of stabilisation, with the foundations set out in 2022/23 providing the catalyst and anchoring point to continue to build on many of our successes. Following WG feedback that our plan was not supported or accepted, we are undertaking further work to set out an improvement in the position on delivery of all Ministerial priorities, and an improvement in our financial assessment by 31 May 2023.

For a third consecutive year, AW have provided positive feedback on our corporate arrangements for ensuring that resources are used efficiently, effectively, and economically during 2022, notwithstanding the six new recommendations that were issued in relation to the public transparency of Board business, operational structures, operational performance management arrangements, expected outcomes, implementation plans to support strategies and financial sustainability plan. It was pleasing to note that AW concluded that we have good governance arrangements in place at a corporate level, with a clear strategic vision, improving systems of assurance, and a strong focus on staff and patients, whilst recognising that we were unable to produce a WG approvable Integrated Medium-Term Plan and were on track to deliver a significant financial deficit at

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

the end of 2022/23. The full report can be accessed on the AW website here. We are however fully cognisant of the need to build on this feedback and streamline our operational structure and strengthen our performance management arrangements through the next year.

AW also reported that the health board continues to face significant financial challenges, it has maintained appropriate financial controls and monitoring, and reporting is robust. Gaining financial sustainability is a key ambition for the health board.

During 2022/23, we have proactively identified areas requiring improvement and requested IA undertake targeted reviews to improve our internal control. As expected, these have identified areas of improvement that will be addressed by management action. IA's focus on our governance arrangements included reviews into our Public Inquiry preparedness, quality and safety governance framework, financial management, fire governance, regional integrated fund, safety indicators, patient experience, and two directorate reviews undertaken in Glangwili hospital and Withybush hospitals, providing the board with assurance in these areas.

As a board, we have continued to deliver against our strategic objectives and have made substantial developments over the last year. These have included developing a longer-term sustainable model to support a wide range of services, revising A4C Job description and Person Specification templates, expanding staff networks (including the recently launched RespectAbility network, Enfys, BAME, Staff Carers, Armed Forces), introducing Wagestream to enable more flexible and timely access to salaries for staff, increasing research funding, introducing our Science Platform performing advanced analytics, developing local wellbeing plans with regional partners, including Arts and Health, and developing a new Continuous Engagement Plan, finalising our Market Stability Statement, establishing Integrated Locality Planning Groups in all three Counties, using a Social Value Portal to record target and actual improvements in social value in respect of new contract activity and developing a decarbonisation delivery plan.

As indicated throughout this statement and the Annual Report, the response to the COVID-19 pandemic has had a significant impact on the organisation, wider NHS, and society as a whole. We will continue to respond to the varied challenges we face in the wake of the pandemic and the task of recovering and improving the health and health care for our communities across Mid and West Wales, whilst still being flexible enough to deal with the spikes in COVID we will undoubtedly continue to face. I will ensure our Governance Framework continues to consider and respond to this need.

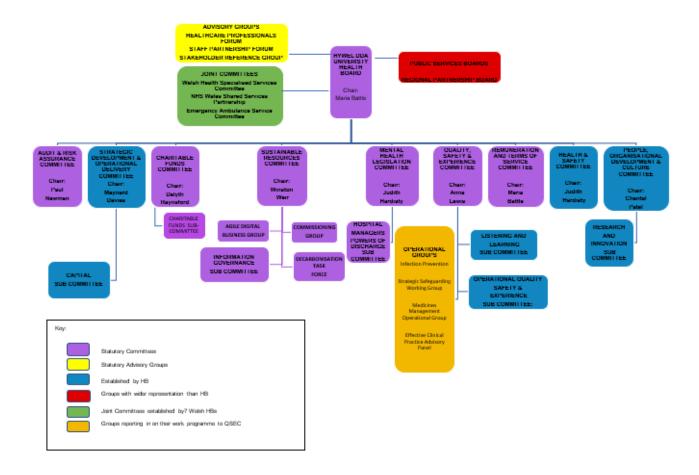
Signed Date: 27 July 2023 by:

Steve Moore, Chief Executive Officer

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

236

Appendix 1 – Board and Committee structure



Appendix 2 – A summary of key items considered by committees in 2022/23

Audit and Risk Assurance Committee (ARAC)

The role of the Audit Committee is to advise and assure the board, and the Accountable Officer, on whether effective arrangements are in place to support them in their decision taking and in discharging their accountabilities in accordance with the standards of good governance determined for the NHS in Wales. Items considered:

- IA Plans were submitted to each meeting providing details relating to outcomes, key findings, and conclusions
- AW reports on current and planned audits
- Internal & External Audit Tracking Reports
- Post Payment Verification Reports
- Counter Fraud Reports
- Annual Accounts, Accountability and Remuneration Reports for 2020/21
- Financial Assurance Reports including single tender actions, special losses, and payments
- Audit, Inspectorate and Regulator Tracker Reports
- Clinical Audit Reports
- Board Committee Assurance Reports
- Declarations of Interest Report
- Capital Governance Arrangements Internal Review

Charitable Funds Committee (CFC)

The CFC is charged with providing assurance to the Board in its role as corporate trustees of the charitable funds (CF) held and administered by the health board. It makes and monitors arrangements for the control and management of the board's charitable funds within the budget, priorities and spending criteria determined by the board and consistent with the legislative framework. Items considered:

- CF Sub Committee Update Reports
- CF Risk Reports
- Presentations on the impact of recent charitable funds expenditure
- Approval of CF Expenditure and Decisions made through Chair's Action
- Charities Performance Reports
- CF Annual Accounts Reports for 2021/22
- Planning Objective Update Reports
- Investment Advisor Performance Updates (biannual)
- Evaluation Reports of expenditure approved by the CFC

Health and Safety Committee (HSC)

The HSC provides assurance on the arrangements for ensuring the health, safety, welfare, and security of all employees and of those who may be affected by work-related activities, such as patients, members of the public, volunteers, contractors etc. It provides advice on compliance with all aspects of health and safety legislation, as well as advises and assures the board on whether effective arrangements are in place to ensure organisational wide compliance of the health board's health and safety policy, approves and monitors delivery against the Health and Safety Priority Improvement Plan and ensures compliance with the relevant Standards for Health Services in Wales. It also provides assurance on the health board's Emergency Management Plan. Items considered:

- Health and Safety Dashboard Performance Report
- Health and Safety Update Reports
- Health and Safety Regulations: Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrence Regulations 2013 (RIDDOR) Reports
- Health and Safety Regulations: Estates Low Voltage & High Voltage (LV, HV) **Electricity Compliance**
- Health and Safety Regulations: Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012 Report
- Health and Safety Regulations: Display Screen Equipment Report
- Health and Safety Regulations: Contractor Control Regulations Reports
- Health and Safety Regulations Control of Vibration at Work Regulations 2005 Report
- Health and Safety Regulations: Violence and Aggression Report
- Workplace Health and Safety Regulations Deep Dive
- Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations (LOLER) Hoist Compliance Status in Hywel Dda
- Fire Safety Update Reports
- Annual Fire Safety Audit System Report 2021/22
- Prevent and Contest Update Reports
- **Bariatric Equipment Update Report**
- Major Incident Plan
- Security Review Report
- Health and Safety related policies for approval
- Corporate and Operational Risk Reports
- Planning Objective Update Reports

Mental Health Legislation Committee (MHLC)

The MHLC assures the board that those functions of the Mental Health Act 1983, as amended, which have been delegated to officers and staff are being carried out correctly; and that the wider operation of the 1983 Act in relation to the health board's area is operating properly, the provisions of the Mental Health (Wales) Measure 2010 are implemented and exercised reasonably, fairly and lawfully, the health board's

responsibilities as hospital managers is being discharged effectively and lawfully, and that the health board is compliant with the Mental Health Act Code of Practice for Wales. The MHLC also advises the board of any areas of concern in relation to compliance with mental health legislation and agrees issues to be escalated to the board with recommendations for action. Items considered:

- Review of the Mental Health Act 1983 Draft Mental Health Bill S-CAMHS Update Report for CYSUR
- Mental Health Act Measure 2010 Quarterly Performance Reports
- Mental Health Act 1983 Quarterly Performance Reports
- Updates from Power of Discharge Sub-Committee
- Updates from the Mental Health Legislation Scrutiny Group
- Mental Health Legislation related policies and procedures for approval
- Risk Report

People, Organisational Development and Culture Committee (PODCC)

PODCC was established to receive an assurance on all relevant planning objectives falling in the main under Strategic Objective 1 (Putting people at the heart of everything we do), Objective 2 (Working together to be the best we can be), and Objective 3 (Striving to deliver and develop excellent services). The committee has a focus on education and development of staff, recruitment, retention and talent management, becoming an employer of choice, performance and quality management systems, business intelligence capabilities and improvement training, patient experience, engagement and empowerment, workforce related policies, diversity and inclusion, carers support, regulatory and professional bodies compliance, arrangements to support ongoing transformation and board assurance framework development and research, development and innovation planning/deliver. Items considered:

- Staff Stories relating to feedback following long term sickness, organisational development, and life-long learning fund
- Staff Experience: Transforming Staff Feedback into Positive Change Progress Report
- Staff Wellbeing Plan
- Staff Value and Appreciation Report
- Performance, Appraisal & Development Review (PADR) and Mandatory Performance Reports
- Workforce Plan incorporating Health Education & Improvement Wales (HEIW)
- Workforce Efficiency Report
- Workforce Planning Model for Health Visitors
- Research & Innovation Sub Committee Update Reports
- Research & Innovation Sub Committee Annual Report 2021/22
- Tritech Business Plan

- Outcome of Advisory Appointments Committee Reports
- Integrated Education Plan
- Medical Staff Recruitment Final Audit Report
- Job Planning Report
- Strategic People Planning and Education Group (SPPEG)
- Anti-Racist Wales Action Plan
- BAME Advisory Group Terms of Reference
- BAME Advisory Group Bullying and Harassment Report/Action Plan
- BAME Bullying and Harassment Task and Finish Group Update
- Strategic Equality Plan Annual Report
- Stonewall Assessment Update Report
- Cultural Progress Update Reports
- Annual Equality Report and Pay Gap Reports
- Welsh Language Strategy
- Welsh Language and Culture Discovery Report Remit
- Welsh Language Annual Report 2021/22
- Welsh Language and Culture Discovery Report (Draft)
- Bilingual Skills Policy Compliance Report
- Primary and Community Workforce & OD Planning update
- Structured Assessment 2022: Phase 2 Corporate Governance and Financial Management Arrangements - Engagement Plan
- Hywel Dda Health Hub Single Point of Contact
- Carers Update Report
- Succession Planning and Development Update
- Contractual and Legislative Changes Update Report
- Policy Approval Schedule Report
- Corporate and employment policies for approval
- Integrated Performance Assurance Reports
- Welsh Health Circulars Bi-annual Reports
- Ministerial Directions Reports
- Corporate and Operational Risk Reports
- Planning Objective Update Reports
- Planning Objective Deep Dive Reports

Quality and Safety Experience Committee (QSEC)

The QSEC is responsible for providing evidence based and timely advice to the Board to assist it in discharging its functions and meeting its responsibilities about the quality and safety of health care and services provided and secured by the health board. It provides assurance to the board in relation to the organisation's arrangements for safeguarding vulnerable people, children and young people and improving the quality and safety of health care to meet the requirement and standards determined for the NHS in Wales. Items considered:

- Quality Governance Arrangements Recommendations Update
- Nurse Staffing Levels (Wales) Act: Annual Report 2021/22
- Patient Stories from Paediatrics, Waiting List Support Service, Unscheduled Urgent and Emergency Care.
- Maternity Services Improvement Plan Update following the HIW maternity services inspections across Wales
- Swansea Bay University Health Board Progress Report on the Review of Cardiac Services Improvement Plan
- Welsh Health Specialised Services Committee (WHSCC) Update on the CAMHS (Children and Adolescent Mental Health Service) Tier 4 Pathway
- WHSCC Chair's Report: Quality and Patient Safety
- GIRFT (Getting It Right First Time) Outcome report for Orthopaedics Services
- De-escalation of health board COVID-19 IPC (Infection Prevention and Control)
 Measures
- Stroke Services Pathway Update
- Commissioning for Quality Outcomes Report
- Public Health Update
- Quality & Engagement (Wales) Act Update
- Nursing Assurance Annual Audit
- Clinical Audit Update
- Health Visiting Service Update on Staffing Levels
- Winter Planning Update 2022/23
- Personalised Contact for Patients Waiting for Elective Care Update
- An Update on access to General Medical Services
- Health board Managed Practices Update
- How To Improve/ Improvement Cymru Service Visits
- Infection Prevention Control Update
- Alternative Care Unit Pilot Glangwili Hospital
- Real Time Demand and Capacity Roll Out Plan
- Implementation of the Quality Management System
- QSEC Outcome of Self-Assessment 2021/22
- Risk on Harm and Experience Due to the Operational Pressures
- Safety Dashboard Update
- Quality Improvement Framework
- Quality and Safety Assurance Reports
- Clinical Audit Reports
- Operational Quality, Safety and Experience Sub-Committee Update Report
- Listening and Learning Sub-Committee Update Reports
- Infection Prevention Strategic Steering Group Update Reports
- Strategic Safeguarding Working Group Update Reports
- Effective Clinical Practice Advisory Panel Update Reports
- Medicines Management Operational Group Update Reports
- Corporate Risk Reports assigned to QSEC Report

- Deep Dive Reports into Cancer Services, Critical Care, Therapies Waiting List, Community Paediatrics, Epilepsy and Neurology, Unscheduled and Emergency Care, School Nurse, and Safeguarding Services
- Quality and Safety policies for approval
- Planning Objectives Update Reports
- Welsh Health Circulars Bi-annual Reports
- Planning Objective Update Reports
- Planning Objective Deep Dive Reports

Strategy Development and Organisational Delivery Committee (SDODC)

SDODC was established to receive an assurance on all relevant planning objectives falling in the main under Strategic Objective 4 (The best health and well-being for our individuals, families, and our communities) and Strategic Objective 5 (Safe, sustainable, accessible, and kind care). The Committee has a focus on NHS Delivery Framework requirements, public health, health inequalities and screening services, Transformation Fund, Delivery of the 'A Healthier Mid and West Wales' and Bronglais Hospital plan, Transforming MH (Mental Health) and Transforming LD plan, integrated locality plans, children's and young people plan, out-of-hours care, national clinical audits compliance, fragile services plans, care home/domiciliary care market support and development. Items considered:

- Risk Management Strategy and Risk Management Framework
- Planned Care Recovery Reports
- Developing the IMTP 2022/23 -2024/25 Reports
- Annual Plan 2023/24
- WG Submission Hywel Dda University Health Board Three Year Plan 2022/25
- A Healthier Mid and West Wales Programme Business Case Reports
- A Healthier Mid and West Wales Communications Plan Update
- Cross Hands Health and Wellbeing Centre Report
- Transforming Access to Medicines (TRAMS)
- Pentre Awel (Llanelli Wellness Centre) Update Reports
- Health Improvement and Wellbeing Centre Report
- Discretionary Capital Programme Update Reports
- Capital Governance Update Reports and Review
- Aseptic Business Justification Case
- Bronglais Hospital Programme Business Case Fire Safety and Fire Precaution Works
- Continuing NHS Healthcare: The National Framework for Implementation in Wales, July 2021 (amended February 2022 for implementation in April 2022)
- Capital Sub-Committee Update Reports and Annual Report 2022/23
- Stroke Services Redesign Report and Strategy Update
- COVID-19 Mass Vaccination Programme: Delivery Plan Autumn Booster 2022/23

- ARCH (A Regional Collaboration for Health) Update Reports
- Influenza Season: End of Season 2021/22 and 202/23: Impact, Vaccine Uptake and Emerging Priorities for the Forthcoming Season
- Winter Respiratory Vaccination Programme Delivery Plan 2022/23
- Winter Plan: Evaluation of Winter Plan 2021/22 and 2023/23 Plan
- Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment Report
- Mental Health and Learning Disability Indicators Report
- Planned Care Waiting List Overview
- Service Changes in Swansea Bay University Health Board
- South West Cancer Centre Report
- Major Infrastructure Programme Business Case Report
- Targeted Intervention Report
- Recovery and Rehabilitation Service Report
- Palliative Care Strategy
- Dementia Strategy
- Integrated Executive Group/Advocacy Strategy
- Public Service Boards Well-Being Assessment (WBFGA)
- Regional Integration Fund Update
- Quarterly Annual Plan Monitoring Reports
- Integrated Performance Assurance Reports
- Policies for approval
- Welsh Health Circulars
- Ministerial Directions Reports
- Corporate and Operational Risk Reports
- Planning Objective Update Reports
- Planning Objective Deep Dive Reports

Sustainable Resources Committee (SRC)

SRC was established to receive an assurance on all relevant planning objectives falling in the main under Strategic Objective 6 (Sustainable use of resources), with a focus on financial plans and delivery of the route map to financial recovery, improving value, PROMS/FROMS roll out and impact, carbon reduction and green health initiatives, foundational economy work, national IT programmes delivery, and budget setting. Items considered:

- Financial Performance and Forecast Reports
- Capital Financial Management Reports
- Plan Development
- Long Term Agreement (LTA) Contact Process 2023/24
- Monthly Monitoring Returns and Commentary Reports
- Draft Annual Accounts 2020/21
- Year End Debrief
- Balance Sheet Analysis Reports

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

- Healthcare Contracting Reports
- Value Based Health Care Update Reports
- Regional Integrated Fund (RIF) Plans Report
- Primary Care Recovery Plan Update Report
- Financial Recovery Report
- Assurance over Delivery of the Strategic Programmes of Change Reports
- A Healthier Mid and West Wales Programme Resources Report
- NWSSP Procurement Services Energy Contract Ratification Report
- Digital Inclusion Report
- Digital Health Record Programme: Scanning Update Report
- Cyber Security Reports
- Value Based Health Care Update Report
- Decarbonisation of Inhalers Report
- NHS Wales Shared Services Partnership (NWSSP) Plan Briefing and Feedback
- Use of Consultancies Report
- Award of NHS Primary Care Personal Dental Services Report
- Consultancy Tax Reclamation Contract Report
- NWSSP Performance Quarterly Reports
- Commissioning Group Update Reports
- Agile Digital Business Group Update Reports
- Information Governance Sub-Committee Update Reports
- Procurement Update Report
- Decarbonisation Task & Finish Group Update Reports
- Financial Procedures for approval
- Integrated Performance Assurance Reports
- Welsh Health Circulars
- Ministerial Directions Reports
- Corporate and Operational Risk Reports
- Planning Objective Update Reports
- Planning Objective Deep Dive Reports

All Committees considered the following during 2022/23:

- Self-Assessment of Committee Effectiveness process, outcome six-monthly review reports
- Committee Annual Reports 2021/22
- Annual review of Terms of Reference

Appendix 3 – Ministerial Directions

Ministerial Directions (MDs)	Date/Year of	Action to demonstrate
	Adoption	implementation/response
2021. No.59 – The Directions to Local Health Boards and NHS Trusts in Wales on the Delivery of Autism Services 2021	July 2021	This Direction is currently being implemented. There is an Integrated Autism Service (IAS) established which is an integrated health and social care service, and a dedicated Neurodevelopmental Disorder (ASD) service for children and young people. The health board continues to work with the Regional Partnership Board in the development and delivery of the Code of Practice. The health board also collaborates with partner agencies in the delivery of the 3-year Improvement Plan. WG has commissioned an independent Evaluation of the Code of Practice for 2023 and has made funding available as part of the 3-year Improvement Plan.
2022. No.16 – The Directions to Local Health Boards as to the Personal Dental Services Statement of Financial Entitlements (Amendment) Directions 2022	April 2022	This Ministerial Direction has been enacted.
2022. No.17 – The Directions to Local Health Boards as to the General Dental Services Statement of Financial Entitlements (Amendment) Directions 2022	April 2022	This Ministerial Direction has been enacted.
2022. No.24 – The Primary Care (Contracted Services: Outpatient Waiting List Scheme) Directions 2022	August 2022	This Ministerial Direction has been enacted.
2022. No.25 – Directions to Local Health Boards as to the Statement of Financial Entitlements (Amendment) (No. 2) Directions 2022	June 2022	This Ministerial Direction has been enacted.
2022. No.31 – The Primary Medical Services (Influenza and Pneumococcal Immunisation Scheme) (Directed Enhanced Service) (Wales) (No. 2) (Amendment) Directions 2022	August 2022	This Ministerial Direction has been enacted.

2022. No.32 – The Pharmaceutical Services (Advanced Services (Appliances) (Wales) (Amendment) Directions 2022	July 2022	This Ministerial Direction has been enacted.
2022. No.37 – The Primary Care (Contracted Services: Immunisations) (Amendment) (No. 2) Directions 2022	August 2022	This Ministerial Direction has been enacted.
2022. No.44 – The Directions to Local Health Boards as to the Statement of Financial Entitlements (Amendment) (No. 3) Directions 2022	November 2022	This Ministerial Direction has been enacted.
2022. No.46 – The Wales Infected Blood Support Scheme (Amendment) (No. 2) Directions 2022	December 2022	N/A – for action by Velindre University NHS Trust.
2023. No.1 – The Directions to Local Health Boards as to the General Dental Services Statement of Financial Entitlements (Amendment) Directions 2023	January 2023	This Ministerial Direction has been enacted.
2023. No.2 – The Directions to Local Health Boards as to the Personal Dental Services Statement of Financial Entitlements (Amendment) Directions 2023	January 2023	This Ministerial Direction has been enacted.
2023. No.7 – Directions to Local Health Boards as to the Statement of Financial Entitlements (Amendment) Directions 2023	February 2023	Part 1 of this Ministerial Direction has been enacted. The second part applies from October 2023 and will be processed when required.
2023. No.8 – Local health boards and NHS Trusts reporting on the introduction of new medicines into the National Health Service in Wales Directions 2023	March 2023	The Ministerial Direction has been recently received, with the Clinical Director of Pharmacy & Medicines Management contacted for update on progress.

Part 2 - Remuneration and Staff Report

Remuneration Report Introduction

The HM Treasury's Government Financial Reporting Manual (FReM) requires that a Remuneration Report shall be prepared by NHS bodies providing information under the headings in SI 2008 No 410 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2008/410/contents made to the extent that they are relevant. The Remuneration Report contains information about senior manager's remuneration. The definition of 'Senior Managers' is:

"Those persons in senior positions having authority or responsibility for directing or controlling the major activities of the NHS body. This means those who influence the decisions of the entity as a whole rather than the decisions of individual directorates or departments."

This section of the Accountability Report meets these requirements. The following disclosures are subject to audit:

- Single total figure of remuneration for each director;
- Cash Equivalent transfer Value (CETV) disclosures for each director;
- Payments to past directors, if relevant;
- Payments for loss of office, if relevant;
- Fair pay disclosures (Included in Annual Accounts) note 9.6;
- Exit packages, (Included in Annual Accounts) if relevant note 9.5; and
- Analysis of staff numbers.

The Remuneration and Terms of Service Committee (RTSC)

The RTSC will comment specifically upon the following:

- The remuneration and terms of service for the Chief Executive, Executive Directors, other Very Senior Managers (VSMs) and others not covered by Agenda for Change; ensuring that the policies on remuneration and terms of service as determined from time to time by WG are applied consistently;
- The objectives for Executive Directors and other VSMs and their performance assessment;
- The performance management systems in place for those in the positions mentioned above and its application;
- The proposals to make additional payments to medical Consultants outside of normal terms and conditions;
- The proposals regarding termination arrangements, ensuring the proper calculation and scrutiny of termination payments in accordance with the relevant WG guidance;

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23 248

- The consideration and ratification of Voluntary Early Release (VER) scheme applications and severance payments in respect of Executive Director posts, in line with Standing Orders and extant WG guidance. The Committee will be advised also of all VER scheme applications and severance payments; and
- The approval of the health board's honours submission recommendations.

The membership of the RTSC Committee during 2022/23 was as follows:

Name	Position	Role on RTSC
Maria Battle	Chair	Chair
Paul Newman	Independent Member and Chair of Audit and Risk Assurance Committee (ARAC)	Vice Chair
Professor John Gammon to 31 July 2022	Independent Member and Chair of People, Organisational Development and Culture Committee (PODCC)	Member
Maynard Davies from 1 August 2022	Independent Member and Chair of Strategic Development and Operational Delivery Committee (SDODC)	Member
Anna Lewis	Independent Member and Chair of Quality, Safety and Experience Assurance Committee (QSEC)	Member

Independent Members' remuneration

Remuneration and tenures of appointment for Independent Members is decided by the WG.

Senior Managers' remuneration

The remuneration of Senior Managers who are paid on the Very Senior Managers Pay Scale is determined by WG and the health board pays in accordance with these regulations. For the purpose of clarity, these are posts which operate at board level and hold either statutory or non-statutory positions. In accordance with the regulations, the health board can award incremental uplift within the pay scale and, should an increase be considered outside the range, a job description is submitted to WG for job evaluation. There are clear guidelines in place with regards to the awarding of additional increments and during the year there have not been any additional payments agreed. No changes to pay have been considered by the Committee outside these arrangements. The health board does not have a system for performance related pay for its Very Senior Managers

The health board can confirm that it has not made any payment to past Directors as detailed within the guidance.

The health board issues All Wales Executive Director contracts which determine the terms and conditions for all Very Senior Managers. The health board has not deviated from this. In rare circumstances where interim arrangements are to be put in place a decision is

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

made by the Committee with regards to the length of the interim post, whilst substantive appointments can be made.

Any termination payments would be discussed and agreed by the Committee in advance and where appropriate WG approval would be made. During the year 2022/23, one termination payment of £27,998 was made to Ros Jervis, the Executive Director of Public Health in respect of a payment in lieu of notice.

Service contract details for senior managers

Name	Position	Date of Contract	Date of Expiration	Compensation for early termination
Steve Moore	Chief Executive Officer	05/01/2015	N/A	N/A
Lisa Gostling	Executive Director of Workforce and Organisational Development	09/01/2015	N/A	N/A
Phil Kloer	Executive Medical Director/Deputy Chief Executive	25/06/2015	N/A	N/A
Mandy Rayani	Executive Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	19/06/2017	N/A	N/A
Ros Jervis	Executive Director of Public Health	17/07/2017	01/04/2022	N/A
Alison Shakeshaft	Executive Director of Therapies and Health Science	01/01/2018	N/A	N/A
Huw Thomas	Executive Director of Finance	10/12/2018	N/A	N/A
Andrew Carruthers	Executive Director of Operations	01/12/2019	N/A	N/A
Lee Davies	Executive Director of Strategic Development and Operational Planning	26/04/2021	N/A	N/A
Joanne Wilson	Director of Corporate Governance/Board Secretary	01/01/2018	N/A	N/A
Jill Paterson	Director of Primary Care, Community & Long-Term Care	19/01/2018	N/A	N/A

Changes to Board membership in 2022/23

During 2022/23, there were the following changes to Board membership

:

- Ros Jervis, Executive Director of Public Health left on 1 April 2022. We were unable to appoint a new Director of Public Health during 2022/23, however in the interim, the portfolio has been reviewed and divided between the Director of Therapies and Health Sciences, the Director of Workforce and OD and the Director of Operations. An appointment has subsequently been made with the new Director of Public Health commencing in August 2023. The Deputy Director of Public Health continues to be the professional public health voice within the health board.
- Professor John Gammon, Independent Member (University) left the board on 31
 July 2022 however is contracted as a Strategic Advisor for Workforce and OD.
 Chantal Patel, Independent Member (University) joined the health board on 1
 August 2022.
- Cllr Gareth John, Independent Member (Local Authority) left on 14 June 2022 and was replaced by Cllr Rhodri Evans, Independent Member (Local Authority) on 15 November 2022.
- Paul Newman, Independent Member (Community) left on 31 March 2023. A
 recruitment process is underway to appoint an Independent Member (Legal) to
 replace this post.

Single total figure of remuneration

The amount of pension benefits for the year which contributes to the single total figure is calculated similar to the method used to derive pension values for tax purposes and is based on information received from the NHS BSA Pensions Agency. The value of pension benefit is calculated as follows: (real increase in pension x 20) + (the real increase in any lump sum) – (contributions made by member).

The real increase in pension is not an amount which has been paid to an individual by the health board during the year, it is a calculation which uses information from the pension benefit table. These figures can be influenced by many factors such as changes in a person's salary, whether or not they choose to make additional contributions to the pension scheme from their pay, and other valuation factors affecting the pension scheme as a whole.

2022/23

Name of the	F	0-1-	D	D(''	D	041	T - 1 - 1
Name and title	Full year equivalent salary	Salary	Bonus payments	Benefits in kind	Pension benefits	Other remun-eration	Total
	(Bands of £5k)	(Bands of £5k)	(Bands of £5k)	(To the nearest £100)	(To the nearest £1k)	(£000)	(Bands of £5k)
	£000's	£000's	£000's	£'s	£000's	£000's	£000's
		Executive	Members a	nd Director	'S		
Steve Moore, Chief Executive Officer	205-210	205-210	0	0	34	0	240–245
Mandy Rayani, Executive Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	140-145	140-145	0	0	0	0	140–145
Lee Davies, Executive Director of Strategic Development and Operational Planning	130-135	130-135	0	0	7	0	135–140
Lisa Gostling, Executive Director of Workforce and Organisational Development	140-145	140-145	0	0	19	0	155-160
Phil Kloer, Executive Medical Director/ Deputy Chief Executive	185-190	185-190	0	0	53	0	235-240
Andrew Carruthers, Executive Director of Operations	140-145	140–145	0	0	0	0	140-145

	I					Other T. C.			
Name and title	and title Full year equivalent salary		equivalent		lary Bonus Benefits payments in kind		Pension benefits	Other remun-eration	Total
	(Bands of £5k)	(Bands of £5k)	(Bands of £5k)	(To the nearest £100)	(To the nearest £1k)	(£000)	(Bands of £5k)		
	£000's	£000's	£000's	£'s	£000's	£000's	£000's		
Alison Shakeshaft, Executive Director of Therapies and Health Science	130-135	130–135	0	0	14	0	145-150		
Ros Jervis, Executive Director of Public Health (to 01/04/2022)	120-125	25-30	0	0	0	0	25-30		
Huw Thomas, Executive Director of Finance	155-160	155-160	0	0	55	0	210-215		
Jill Paterson, Director of Primary, Community and Long-Term Care	130-135	130-135	0	8,200	19	0	155-160		
Joanne Wilson, Director of Corporate Governance/ Board Secretary	110-115	110-115	0	0	22	0	135-140		
		Inde	ependent Me	embers					
Maria Battle, Chair	55-60	55-60	0	0	0	0	55–60		
Judith Hardisty, Vice Chair	45-50	45-50	0	0	0	0	45–50		
Professor John Gammon (to 31/07/22)	10-15	0-5	0	0	0	0	0-5		
Paul Newman (to 31/03/23)	10-15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15		

Name and title	Full year Salary equivalent salary		Bonus payments	Benefits in kind	Pension benefits	Other remun-eration	Total
	(Bands of £5k)	,		(To the nearest £100) £1k)		(£000)	(Bands of £5k)
	£000's	£000's	£000's	£'s	£000's	£000's	£000's
Delyth Raynsford	10-15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15
Anna Lewis	10-15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15
Maynard Davies	10-15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15
Ann Murphy	5-10	5-10	0	0	0	0	5-10
Cllr Gareth John (to 14/06/22)	10-15	0-5	0	0	0	0	0-5
Iwan Thomas	10-15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15
Winston Weir	10-15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15
Chantal Patel (from 01/08/22)	10-15	5-10	0	0	0	0	5-10
Cllr Rhodri Evans (from 15/11/22)	10-15	5-10	0	0	0	0	5-10

Steve Moore, Lee Davies, Andrew Carruthers, and Huw Thomas participated in a salary sacrifice scheme available to all employees whereby an element of an employee's salary is 'swapped' for the use of a car. In the Single Total Figure of Remuneration table, salary is stated gross, before the deduction of sacrificed salary. Resulting taxable benefits-in-kind (to the nearest £100) arising as a result of these employees' participation in the scheme are as follows:

- Steve Moore £1,700
- Lee Davies £900
- Andrew Carruthers £1,000
- Huw Thomas £1,000

Included within Salary for Ros Jervis is a payment in lieu of notice of £27,998.

2021/22

Name and title	Full year equivalent	Salary	Bonus payments	Benefits in kind	Pension benefits	Other remun-	Total
	salary		paymonto		Bonomo	eration	
	(Bands of £5k)	(Bands of £5k)	(Bands of £5k)	(to the nearest £100)	(to the nearest £1k)	(£000)	(Bands of £5k)
	£000's	£000's	£000's	£'s	£000's	£000's	£000's
		Executive	Members a	nd Director	'S		
Steve Moore, Chief Executive Officer	200-205	200-205	0	0	81	0	280-285
Mandy Rayani, Executive Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	135-140	135-140	0	0	57	0	195-200
Lee Davies, Executive Director of Strategic Development and Operational Planning (from 26/04/21) *	125-130	115-120	0	0	101	0	215-220
Lisa Gostling, Executive Director of Workforce and Organisational Development	135-140	135-140	0	0	56	0	190-195
Phil Kloer, Executive Medical Director/ Deputy Chief Executive	180-185	180-185	0	0	61	0	240-245
Andrew Carruthers, Executive Director of Operations **	145-150	145-150	0	0	48	0	195-200

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Name and title	Full year equivalent salary	Salary	Bonus payments	Benefits in kind	Pension benefits	Other remun-eration	Total
	(Bands of £5k)	(Bands of £5k)	(Bands of £5k)	(to the nearest £100)	(to the nearest £1k)	(£000)	(Bands of £5k)
	£000's	£000's	£000's	£'s	£000's	£000's	£000's
Alison Shakeshaft, Executive Director of Therapies and Health Science	120-125	120-125	0	0	54	0	175-180
Ros Jervis, Executive Director of Public Health	120-125	120-125	0	0	40	0	160-165
Huw Thomas, Executive Director of Finance ***	145-150	145-150	0	0	1	0	145-150
Jill Paterson, Director of Primary, Community and Long-Term Care	125-130	125-130	0	8200	44	0	175-180
Joanne Wilson, Board Secretary	105-110	105-110	0	0	62	0	170-175
		Inde	pendent Me	embers			
Maria Battle, Chair	55–60	55-60	0	0	0	0	55-60
Judith Hardisty, Vice Chair	45-50	45-50	0	0	0	0	45-50
Professor John Gammon	10-15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15
Paul Newman	10-15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15
Delyth Raynsford	10–15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15
Anna Lewis	10-15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15

Name and title	Full year equivalent salary (Bands of £5k)	Salary (Bands of £5k)	Bonus payments (Bands of £5k)	Benefits in kind (to the nearest £100)	Pension benefits (to the nearest £1k)	Other remuneration	Total (Bands of £5k)
	£000's	£000's	£000's	£'s	£000's	£000's	£000's
Owen Burt (to 30/04/21)	10-15	0-5	0	0	0	0	0-5
Maynard Davies	10-15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15
Ann Murphy	5-10	5-10	0	0	0	0	5-10
Cllr Gareth John (from 01/04/21)	10-15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15
Iwan Thomas (from 01/05/21)	10-15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15
Winston Weir (from 01/04/21)	10-15	10-15	0	0	0	0	10-15

^{*} Lee Davies full year salary £123k

Associate Members are not included in the above tables as they attend Board meetings on an ex-officio basis, and do not have any voting rights.

Remuneration relationship

The details of the remuneration relationship are reported in the Financial Statements in Section 9.6.

Reporting bodies are required to disclose the relationship between the remuneration of the highest-paid director in their organisation and the median remuneration of the organisation's workforce.

The 2022/23 financial year is the second year that disclosures in respect of:

- the 25th percentile pay ratio and 75th percentile pay ratio are required including the requirements for prior year comparatives
- the percentage change in the remuneration of the highest paid director or minister and the percentage change in the remuneration of the employees of the entity taken as a whole are required.

The banded remuneration of the highest-paid director in the health board in the financial year 2022/23 was £205,000 - £210,000 (2021/22, £200,000 - £205,000). This was seven

^{**} Andrew Carruthers salary includes £8k paid for relocation expenses

^{***} The value for pension benefits in respect of Mr Huw Thomas has been restated further to revised information supplied by the NHS Business Services Authority.

times (2021/22: six times) the median remuneration of the workforce, which was £29,180 (2021/22, £31,533).

In 2022/23, 41 (2021/22, 29) employees received remuneration in excess of the highest-paid director. Remuneration for staff ranged from £20,758 to £367,923 (2021/22, £18,545 to £334,158). The staff who received remuneration greater than the highest paid director are all medical and dental who have assumed additional responsibilities to their standard job plan commitments and in some cases medical managerial roles, necessitating extra payment.

	2022/23	2021/22
Band of Highest Paid Director's Total Remuneration £000	205 - 210	200 - 205
Median Total Remuneration £000	29	32
Median Ratio	7.17	6.34
25th percentile pay £000	23	20
25th percentile pay ratio	9.04	10.15
75th percentile pay £000	43	39
75th percentile pay ratio	4.84	5.21

^{*} As disclosed in the health board's Annual Accounts Note 9.6.

Total remuneration includes salary, non-consolidated performance-related pay, and benefits-in-kind. It does not include severance payments, employer pension contributions and the cash equivalent transfer value of pensions.

Pension benefits disclosure

	Total accrued pension at pension age at 31 March 2023 (bands of £5,000)	Lump sum related to accrued pension at 31 March 2023 (bands of £5,000)	Real increase in pension at pension age (bands of £2,500)	Real increase in lump sum related to pension at pension age (bands of £2,500)	Cash Equivalent Transfer Value at 31 March 2023	Cash Equivalent Transfer Value at 31 March 2022	Real increase in Cash Equivalent Transfer Value	Employer's contribution to stakeholder pension
Name and title	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Steve Moore, Chief Executive Officer	65-70	140-145	2.5 - 5	(2.5) - 0	1,250	1,153	35	0
Mandy Rayani, Executive Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Experience	70-75	205-210	0 – 2.5	(5) – (2.5)	1,695	1,601	25	0
Lee Davies, Executive Director of Strategic Development and Operational Planning	30-35	55-60	0 – 2.5	(5) – (2.5)	469	439	0	0
Lisa Gostling, Executive Director of Workforce and Organisational Development	55-60	110-115	0 – 2.5	(2.5) – 0	1,113	1,036	25	0
Phil Kloer, Executive Medical Director/ Deputy Chief Executive	70-75	125-130	2.5 - 5	0 - 2.5	1,250	1,137	52	0
Andrew Carruthers, Executive Director of Operations	40-45	65-70	0 - 2.5	(7.5) - (5)	595	570	0	0
Alison Shakeshaft, Executive Director of Therapies and Health Science	55-60	120-125	0 - 2.5	(2.5) – 0	1,215	1,135	26	0
Ros Jervis, Executive Director of Public Health (to 01/04/2022)	0	0	0	0	0	530	0	0
Huw Thomas, Executive Director of Finance	25-30	0-5	2.5 - 5	0 – 2.5	317	264	25	0
Jill Paterson, Director of Primary, Community and Long-Term Care	50-55	150-155	0 - 2.5	(2.5) – 0	42	0	24	0

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

	Total accrued pension at pension age at 31 March 2023 (bands of £5,000)	Lump sum related to accrued pension at 31 March 2023 (bands of £5,000)	Real increase in pension at pension age (bands of £2,500)	Real increase in lump sum related to pension at pension age (bands of £2,500)	Cash Equivalent Transfer Value at 31 March 2023	Cash Equivalent Transfer Value at 31 March 2022	Real increase in Cash Equivalent Transfer Value	Employer's contribution to stakeholder pension
Name and title	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Joanne Wilson, Director of Corporate Governance/Board Secretary	35-40	55-60	0 - 2.5	(2.5) – 0	514	469	16	0

The Cash Equivalent Transfer Value at 31 March 2022 in respect of Mr Huw Thomas has been restated further to revised information supplied by the NHS Business Services Authority.

260/354 274/36

Staff Report Staff numbers

As of 31 March 2023, the health board employed 13,143 staff including bank and locum staff; this equated to 10,111.43 Full Time Equivalent (FTE). The numbers (headcount) of female and male Board Members and employees are as follows:

	Female	Male	Total
Board Members	12	10	22
Employees	10,275	2,846	13,121
Total	10,287	2,856	13,143

*Included in the Board Members figures is one additional director and the Director of Corporate Governance/Board Secretary (both non-voting) who are members of the Executive Team and attend Board meetings.

	Female		Male		Total	
	FTE	Head	FTE	Head	FTE	Head
		count		count		count
Executive Team	6.00	6	5.00	5	11.00	11
Independent Members	6.00	6	5.00	5	11.00	11
Total	12.00	12	10.00	10	22.00	22

Staff composition as at 31 March 2023

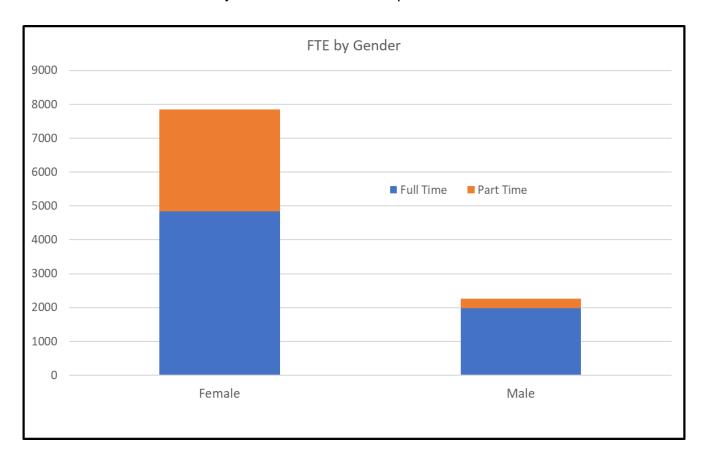
	Fem	ale	Ma	le	Tota	
	FTE	Head count	FTE	Head count	FTE	Head count
Add Prof Scientific and Technic	275.75	321	80.89	95	356.64	416
Additional Clinical Services	1,865.78	2,763	400.40	504	2,266.18	3,267
Administrative and Clerical	1,746.02	2,031	428.85	455	2,174.87	2,486
Allied Health Professionals	534.67	639	150.46	179	685.13	818
Estates and Ancillary	392.17	673	443.56	578	835.73	1,251
Healthcare Scientists	110.00	122	84.10	89	194.10	211
Medical and Dental	205.15	354	433.15	680	638.30	1,034
Nursing and Midwifery Registered	2,717.81	3,384	242.59	276	2,960.39	3,660
Total	7,847.35	10,287	2,263.99	2,856	10,111.34	13,143

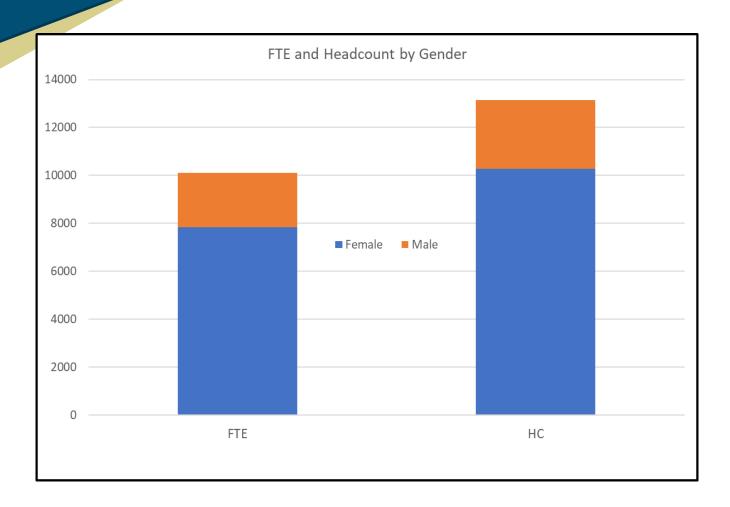
At the end of March 2023, the health board employed 13,143 staff including bank and locum staff; this equated to 10,111.34 FTE. 78% of the workforce was female by FTE and 22% male. The staff covered a wide range of professional, technical and support staff groups. Over 50% (by headcount) were within the Nursing and Midwifery and Additional Clinical Services staff groups. Senior Manager (Band 8a and above) were 1.75% of the workforce - 61% of these by FTE were female and 39% male.

Senior Managers are administrative and clerical staff (Bands 8a to 9)

	Female		Male		Total	
	FTE	Head count	FTE	Head count	FTE	Head count
Band 8a	59.18	62	37.45	37	96.63	99
Band 8b	47.80	49	20.00	20	67.80	69
Band 8c	16.80	17	19.00	19	35.80	36
Band 8d	7.60	8	3.61	4	11.21	12
Band 9	4.00	4	9.45	10	13.45	14
Total	135.38	140	89.52	90	224.90	230

The Board does not have any issue with its staff composition.





Staff sickness data

The following table provides information on the number of days lost due to sickness:

	2022/23	2021/22
Days lost (long term)	143,859	172,366
Days lost (short term)	88,982	80,935
Total days lost	232,840	253,301
Total Staff Years as of 31 March	9,812.60	9,493.62
Average Working Days Lost	14.87	13.62
Total Staff employed as of 31 March (headcount)	13,140	12,750
Total Staff employed in period with no absence (headcount)	4,005	3,353
Percentage of staff with no sick leave	32.98%	33.13%

The health board has again witnessed high sickness rates in the post pandemic period as the prevalence of COVID has remained throughout the year. All health boards in Wales have similarly reported higher levels of absence although Hywel Dda has once again returned the lowest sickness rates of all of the major health boards in Wales. The most up to date data for 2022/23 indicates that the all-Wales average was 7.1%, which includes COVID, whereas Hywel Dda rates were 6.6%. The Workforce team, which includes Operational Workforce, Occupational Health and the Wellbeing teams have continued to provide support for individuals and managers in managing sickness absence and helping people to remain in or return to work.

Staff policies

The Operational Workforce team have completely changed the approach to policy review and formation throughout the last twelve months. The new approach focuses on the individual at the centre of the matter, aligns with health board strategic priorities and ensures a far more widespread engagement exercise in both the review and formulation of new policies. The programme of policy review is cyclical over a three-year period. Throughout the last year, 34 local policies and one All Wales policy have been revised and or drafted as new. A further 12 local and four all Wales policies are progressing through the approvals process or are under review. The trade union representatives have indicated their support for the new process and have also been integral to it.

Trade union relationships

We have continued to build on the good work over the last couple of years with our trade union colleagues. Senior workforce representatives meet regularly with trade union leads on a weekly basis in addition to the formal Partnership Forum meeting structure. As referenced above, our trade union colleagues have been integral to the revised policy review process and their contribution is critical.

Supporting research, innovation and improvement

Regional Innovation Coordination Hub

The Ideas Hub was launched in December 2022. This online portal is accessible for anyone working in health and social care to submit ideas for innovation. 13 new ideas have been submitted to date and project proposals are being developed to progress these further.

The West Wales region has held a successful track record in taking part in the Bevan Commission's Exemplar programme, and for this year, 10 projects have been awarded Bevan Exemplar status. We are extremely pleased that out of 49 projects that applied for Cohort 8 Exemplar Programme from across Wales, 40 applications have been accepted by the Commission onto the Exemplar Programme, with West Wales projects representing 25% of this total.

Learning and Development

Joint apprenticeship programme

The Joint Health and Social Care Apprenticeship Programme is a collaboration between Hywel Dda University Health Board and Pembrokeshire County Council. This is the first programme in Wales to give the opportunity to provide development opportunities in both health and social care settings. The collaborative programme brings several learning programmes together into one and gives a direct pathway into employment in health and social care. The aim is for two thirds of the apprentices leave the programme to take up roles in social care and home-based care positions providing much needed support with the shortfall in recruitment in this area. The project is funded by the Regional Investment Fund and supports apprentices to have a rotational placement experience, these include adult social care, joint discharge team, residential care homes, day centres and with the care at home team. As part of this programme for the first time nine joint apprentices

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

attended the new Joint Community, Primary & social care skills to care induction during Nov 2022 and Jan – March 2023.

CIPD Wales award winner best apprenticeship scheme

In March 2023, the Apprenticeship Academy won the CIPD Wales award for Best Apprenticeship Scheme. CIPD recognised Hywel Dda as the first health board in Wales to allow individuals to join the organisation with no qualification with the opportunity to progress to become a nurse, increasing the number of under 25-year-old employees within the health board, but also supporting men into nursing.

Stepping into employment (Pathway 4)

This programme is a supported internship and collaborative project between Hywel Dda, Coleg Sir Gar and Elite. The programme was developed to support Independent Living Skills learners to achieve sustainable paid employment via work experience opportunities. The programme is situated within Prince Philip Hospital and the focus is to equip learners with the relevant skills and qualifications to support employment in their chosen area. Learners on the programme are typically between 16 and 25 and have a diagnosis of a learning disability or difficulty and/or autism. Most of the learners have progressed through Pathway 2 and 3 and this internship forms part of their final year to support them into paid employment. This programme won the HPMA Highly Commended Award for supporting those with ALN or disabilities into work (February 2023).

The new corporate induction programme

Since its launch in August 2022, the new Corporate Induction Program has been well received. New starters attend a range of face-to-face and online sessions. Feedback has been very positive, with an average of 4.78 out of 5 stars for engaging resources and activities. The Corporate Induction programme is available in English and Welsh. Corporate Induction commences with the 'Hywel Dda Welcome' which focuses on the key principles of Hywel Dda, such as the Values and Behaviour Framework, A Healthier Mid and West Wales strategy, as well as key information all new employees need to know. Information is hosted on our intranet providing a central and consistent source for information. This provides signposting to other departments including Payroll, Pensions, Training, Chaplaincy and Spiritual Care. The Learning and Development Department regularly contacts new employees to check their onboarding progress and invite them to additional development opportunities including the person-centred care webinar and equality diversity and inclusion training. This helps to broaden their professional development and support them in reaching their potential.

Clinical education induction

The new joint community skills to care induction programme for Acute and community/ Primary / Social care is being delivered working in partnership with Carmarthenshire, Pembrokeshire, and Ceredigion Social Services. There are plans to ensure links with the new primary care academy to cascade this opportunity for health care support workers in primary care. 55 Managers attended briefing events to raise awareness of the joint induction, the managers were from local authority and the independent provider care sector.

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

Clinical education - Agored qualifications

Delivering work-based clinical qualifications via Agored Cymru Centre, the Agored team continues to support delivery of Level 3 occupational therapy, physiotherapy, rehabilitation, perioperative support, ophthalmology and speech and language therapy roles. Two units of accredited learning have been delivered to 12 'Grow your Own' students with the aim of supporting students with the requirements for accreditation prior to starting their nursing degree.

New Level 4 therapy assistant practitioner diploma

Delivering the first Level 4 qualification for therapies staff in Wales, the Clinical Education team have led the way developing and rolling out a collaborative delivery of this course,15 learners are progressing through this semester. The course was supported via HEIW funding in partnership with UWTSD (University of Wales Trinity Saint David). Other health boards are accessing this course using a partnership agreement via virtual learning.

Clinical education support for overseas nurses

The Clinical Education team has set up a whole new Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE) training team and centre for overseas nurses. The new centre is equipped to support cohorts of up to 20 overseas nurses while they prepare to take their OSCE. To date, 87 Nurses have been trained in the centre. The Clinical Education team recently won the Chairs Commendation award for Compassion- going above and beyond supporting and training our new nurses.

Grow your own route into nursing

The Grow your Own programme supports health care support workers to start their career journey towards becoming a qualified nurse. The Clinical Education team have developed new intranet pages to support widening access to applications, have conducted preselection support and are part of the interview panels.

The team worked in partnership with Swansea University to support student progress and are a point of contact for placement issues across cohorts. As our nursing route apprentices reach this stage, the team will work closely to support them with their nursing qualifications.

Lifelong Learning Fund

Launched in April, the Lifelong Learning Fund enables staff to access up to a maximum of £100 per person to learn a new skill/craft/hobby. The funds can be used to access any form of learning or self-development, which will support new skills that will help them to recover from the experience of the pandemic and support the restoration of their well-being. The benefits of lifelong learning on health and well-being include boosting self-esteem and confidence and satisfaction from personal achievement, which in turn increases motivation and progression. This initiative is now live, supporting the rest and recovery of our workforce. Almost £20,000 has been accessed by staff from across the organisation. The Lifelong Learning Fund was also shortlisted as a finalist for the CIPD Wales Best Learning and Development Initiative.

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

Interprofessional education & simulation-based education

We are committed to developing career progression opportunities for all that want them and ensuring that people have appropriate development opportunities to be the best they can be in their role. By learning together, health professionals work more effectively together and thereby improve the quality of care for patients, and families through improved team and system performance. During 2022/23, the health board has been successful in gaining approval of our Interprofessional Education Plan which covers primary, community, and secondary care. We have also been successful in developing our approach in relation to Simulation Based Education, a learning tool that supports development through experiential learning by creating or replicating a particular set of conditions which resemble real life situations. Working in Partnership with Swansea University we aim to equip our people with the knowledge, tools, and techniques appropriate for their current and future roles to help us deliver excellence in patient care.

Mandatory training

The Learning and Development Department has put in place a range of support designed to remove barriers and improve compliance with mandatory training. This has seen a marked improvement with the health board achieving 85% of staff meeting compliance requirements of the Core Skills Training Framework. This is the benchmark set on a national level.

Management Skills Programme

A management training campaign was launched to generate interest in development opportunities amongst junior and middle management. A new management development intranet page has launched. This provides a holding area for further resources, information, and signposting.

The Learning and Development Department has provided 12 vocationally relevant qualifications accredited by the Institute of Leadership Management and Chartered Management Institute, all of which were externally fully funded. 245 managers expressed an interest in achieving these qualifications and are in the process of attending virtual open days to gather more information on the courses available.

We have also worked to improve the interest and take up of internally run training opportunities, some of which have seen a 194% increase in bookings. Additionally, a core content programme is being scoped out to improve underpinning knowledge and develop management skills. This programme will act as a natural conduit for the Senior Leadership Programme by providing complimentary content.

Leadership development

Developing leaders with the right skills and the right values is recognised as a key priority to enable the sustainable delivery of health services across Hywel Dda University Health Board. During 2022/23, the health board developed and delivered a number of leadership development programmes across all staff groups.

The Leadership Development team has continued to offer valuable opportunities for leaders across our organisation to support their leadership growth and development. In Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

addition to our internal leadership development opportunities, we continue to work in partnership with external partners and organisations such as HEIW, Academi Wales, NHS Leadership Academy and other health boards such as Cardiff and Vale. This partnership approach means we are able to increase our offer to leaders ensuring the best development opportunities are available from a range of sources.

We have run three cohorts of STAR with 37 participants in attendance. Our last STAR cohort (C3) completed in March 2022. Cohort four commences on the 20 June 2023 with 16 participants.

Our internal opportunities have included:

Behavioural Insights in Practice

Behavioural Insights in Practice examines human behaviour and choices and explores the hidden forces that shape how we think and decide, and the influence of context and culture, including beliefs, decision-making and preferences. Programme participants were shown how to apply the key principles of behavioural science in practice working on group projects linked to the health board's strategic objectives, these were both staff and patient focused and resulted in positive and improved outcomes. The learning from this programme was extensive and fed back to Board:

- 'Having time and space out of the everyday helps thoughts to be proactive rather than reactive (able to do things differently)'
- 'Looking at things differently and using the right nudge can achieve a different reaction or outcome'
- 'This has been an excellent way to improve areas with patient feedback. The form
 is very easy to fill in, in a short time and has had lots of positive feedback and small
 things we can change for our patients'
- When opportunities arise, I will utilise the scope of the Nudge theory to promote small but might change!'

Leadership Engagement with Awesome People (LEAP)

Time has been spent during this year to research, create and develop this programme. LEAP was launched in January 2023 with the aim of equipping leaders to meet current and future challenges. It will:

- Challenge and create critical awareness of individual leadership approach and to encourage leaders to think and do things differently through taking practical and achievable actions
- Strengthen collaborative working, resource management and strategic decision making
- Build a shared leadership culture by establishing shared leadership behaviours, qualities, and actions

Leadership talent management & succession planning

We are refreshing our approach to leadership talent management and succession planning to understand the talent pipelines more effectively, identifying where posts may be harder to fill so that appropriate action can be taken and to ensure a future pipeline of outstanding leaders across the health board.

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

Work continues to create and finalise the leadership framework and development centres for leadership talent management and succession planning which is due to be launched early summer 2023.

Reverse mentoring for equality, diversity, and inclusion programme

The Reverse Mentoring for Equality, Diversity and Inclusion programme concluded in 2022. Reverse mentoring is where senior leaders are mentored by younger or more junior employees, exchanging knowledge, skills and understanding. Evaluations and reflections indicate that the programme was incredibly valuable for mentees, mentors, and the organisation as a whole.

Flexible working case study - an opportunity to do things differently?

Our Organisational Development Relationship Managers have continued to help enable more good days at work in Hywel Dda Health Board. One of our case studies focused on supporting an experienced Midwife to work more flexibly to enable them to balance work and family commitments. This not only supported their needs but enabled the health board to retain a member of staff with valuable skills and experience.

Coaching

In organisations and leadership settings, coaching is an invaluable tool for developing people, to realise their potential, enabling them to adapt and feel supported. Coaching can help build a strong talent pipeline, foster a culture of collaboration and innovation, and enhance performance in turbulent times. It reinforces the need to pause, reflect and learn before taking the next right step in a context which may be changing and uncertain.

Coaching links and underpins our leadership development portfolio and will further support our leaders as it is strongly aligned to the health boards organisational values and many aspects of the OD strategy. Coaching is fully embraced within the health board with the growth of our internal network currently having 22 qualified with a further 48 undertaking their coaching qualification.

The first coaching graduation will take place in April 2023 to celebrate the wonderful achievements of those who are newly qualified and also celebrate and appreciate the support our experienced coaches have offered over the last two years. Coaching has a positive impact of staff who have stated in their feedback:

- 'this prompted me to self-reflect and be more aware of my feelings, thoughts, and behaviours and how they play out in my newly identified personal values'
- 'I knew I needed a safe space to discover more about myself and where I could grow as a person'
- 'these sessions have been instrumental in supporting me with settling down into a new job and helped me to address the confidence issues that I had been struggling with'
- 'most important here is that it has genuinely helped me to cope through a very challenging period of my career, both professionally and personally'
- 'it helped me to build my self-esteem as a person and challenged me to face difficult situations that I may have once avoided'

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

To further enhance our leadership offering, the leadership development team have created a 'Leadership Matters' portal which will provide support, resources, learning, engagement, networking and more to our leaders both current and aspiring.

Expenditure on consultancy and temporary staff

Consultancy services are a provision for management to receive objective advice and assistance relating to strategy, structure, management or operations of an organisation in pursuant of its purposes and objectives. During the year the health board spent £1,628,603 on consultancy services as follows:

Transforming clinical services	£412,226
Estates Planning Advice regarding new hospital site	£610,362
IT consultancy	£499,240
Other service reviews/advice	£106,775

Expenditure on temporary staff during 2022/23 amounted to £34,678,791, including £33,833,456 in respect of registered nurses.

Tax assurance for off-payroll appointees

In response to the WG's review of the tax arrangements of public sector appointees, which highlighted the possibility for artificial arrangements to enable tax avoidance, WG has taken a zero tolerance approach and produced a policy that has been communicated and implemented. Tax assurance evidence has been sought and scrutinised to ensure it is sufficient from all off-payroll appointees. Details of these off-payroll arrangements will be published on the health board's website following publication of the Annual Report.

Table 1: Highly paid off-payroll worker engagements as at 31 March 2023, earning £245 per day or greater.

Number (No.) of existing engagements as of 31 March 2023		
Of which, no. that existed:		
for less than 1 year	1	
for between 1 and 2 years	2	
for between 2 and 3 years	0	
for between 3 and 4 years	0	
for 4 or more years	0	

All existing off-payroll engagements, outlined above, have been subject to a risk-based assessment as to whether assurance is required that the individual is paying the right amount of tax, and where necessary, that assurance has been sought.

Table 2: All highly paid off-payroll workers engaged at any point during the year ended 31 March 2023, earning £245 per day or greater

No. of temporary off-payroll workers engaged during the year ended 31 March 2023		
Of which		
Not subject to off-payroll legislation	10	
Subject to off-payroll legislation and determined as in-scope of IR35	1	
Subject to off-payroll legislation and determined as out-of-scope of IR35	8	
No. of engagements reassessed for compliance or assurance purposes during the year	0	
Of which: No. of engagements that saw a change to IR35 status following review	0	

Table 3: For any off-payroll engagements of board members, and/or, senior officials with significant financial responsibility, between 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023

No. of off-payroll engagements of board members, and /or, senior officials with significant financial responsibility, during the financial year.	0
Total no. of individuals on payroll and off-payroll that have been deemed 'board members and/or senior officials with significant financial responsibility' during the financial year. This figure should include both on payroll and off- payroll engagements.	24

Exit packages

There have not been any costs associated with redundancy in the last year. Redundancy and other departure costs have been paid in accordance with the provisions of the NHS Voluntary Early Release Scheme (VERS). £50,634 exit costs were paid in 2022/23 in relation to settlement claims, the year of departure (2021/22 £2,500). The exit costs detailed below are accounted for in full in the year of departure on a cash basis as specified in EPN 380 Annex 13C.

Where the health board has agreed voluntary early retirement, the additional costs are met by the health board and not by the NHS pension scheme. Ill-health retirement costs are met by the NHS pension scheme and are not included in the table below. This disclosure reports the number and value of exit packages taken by staff leaving in the year. Note: the expense associated with these departures may have been recognised in part or in full in a previous period.

The health board receives a full business case in respect of each application supported by the line manager. The Executive Director of Finance and Executive Director of Workforce and Organisational Development approve all applications prior to them being processed. Any payments over an agreed threshold are also submitted to WG for approval prior to health board approval. Details of exit packages and severance payments are as follows:

Exit packages cost band (including any special payment element)	2022/23 Number of compulsory redundancies Number	2022/23 Number of other departures Number	2022/23 Total number of exit packages	2022/23 Number of departures where special payments have been made Number	Total number of exit packages
less than £10,000	0	1	1	0	1
£10,000 to £25,000	0	0	0	0	0
£25,000 to £50,000	0	1	1	0	0
£50,000 to £100,000	0	0	0	0	0
£100,000 to £150,000	0	0	0	0	0
£150,000 to £200,000	0	0	0	0	0
more than £200,000	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	2	2	0	1
	2022/23	2022/23	2022/23	2022/23	2021/22
Exit packages cost	Cost of	Cost of	Total cost	Cost of	Total cost
band (including any	compulsory	other	of exit	special	of exit
special payment	redundancies	departures	packages	element	packages
element)				included in	
				exit	
				packages	
	£'s	£'s	£'s	£'s	£'s
less than £10,000	0	1,295	1,295	0	2,500
	_	.,=••	. ,= • •	•	2,000
£10,000 to £25,000	0	0	0	0	0
	0	•	·	0	0
£10,000 to £25,000	0	0	0	0	0
£10,000 to £25,000 £25,000 to £50,000	0 0 0 0	0 49,338 0 0	0 49,338 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0
£10,000 to £25,000 £25,000 to £50,000 £50,000 to £100,000	0 0 0 0	0 49,338 0 0	0 49,338 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
£10,000 to £25,000 £25,000 to £50,000 £50,000 to £100,000 £100,000 to £150,000	0 0 0 0	0 49,338 0 0	0 49,338 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0

Part 3 – Senedd Cymru/Welsh Parliament Accountability and Audit Report Regularity of Expenditure

Common with the public sector in general the health board continued to face exceptional challenges in 2022/23. The health board has a financial duty to break even over a three-year period, but it has not been able to deliver this balanced position. The expenditure of £109m which it has incurred in excess of its resource limit over that three-year period is deemed to be irregular, as is the 2022/23 expenditure in excess of its resource limit, which amounted to £59m. The health board will continue to identify efficiency and cost reduction measures in order to mitigate against future cost and service pressures and to establish financial balance in due course.

Fees and Charges

The health board levies charges or fees on its patients in a number of areas. Where the health board makes such charges or fees, it does so in accordance with relevant Welsh Health Circulars and charging guidance. Charges are generally made on a full cost basis. None of the items for which charges are made are by themselves material to the health board, however details of some of the larger items (Dental Fees, Private and Overseas Patient income) are disclosed within Note 4 of the Annual Accounts.

Managing Public Money

This is the required Statement for Public Sector Information Holders. In line with other Welsh NHS bodies, the health board has developed Standing Financial Instructions which enforce the principles outlined in HM Treasury on Managing Public Money. As a result, the health board confirms it has complied with cost allocation and the charging requirements set out in HM Treasury guidance during the year.

Material Remote Contingent Liabilities

Remote contingent liabilities are those liabilities which due to the unlikelihood of a resultant charge against the health board are therefore not recognised as an expense nor as a contingent liability. Detailed below are the remote contingent liabilities as of 31 March 2023:

	2022/23	2021/22
	£000's	£000's
Guarantees	0	0
Indemnities*	1,147	1,427
Letters of Comfort	0	0
Total	1,147	1,427

^{*} Indemnities include clinical negligence and personal injury claims against the health board.

The Certificate and report of the Auditor General for Wales to the Senedd

Opinion on financial statements

I certify that I have audited the financial statements of Hywel Dda University Health Board (the LHB) for the year ended 31 March 2023 under Section 61 of the Public Audit (Wales) Act 2004.

These comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure, the Statement of Financial Position, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Taxpayers' Equity and related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK adopted international accounting standards as interpreted and adapted by HM Treasury's Financial Reporting Manual.

In my opinion, in all material respects, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of Hywel Dda University Health Board as at 31 March 2023 and of its net operating costs for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK adopted international accounting standards as interpreted and adapted by HM Treasury's Financial Reporting Manual; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the National Health Service (Wales) Act 2006 and directions made there under by Welsh Ministers.

Opinion on regularity

In my opinion, except for the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Regularity Opinion on regularity section of my report, in all material respects, the expenditure and income in the financial statements have been applied to the purposes intended by the Senedd and the financial transactions recorded in the financial statements conform to the authorities which govern them.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on regularity

I have qualified my opinion on the regularity of the Hywel Dda University Health Board's financial statements because the Health Board has breached its revenue resource limit by spending £108.95 million over the £3,199.59 million that it was authorised to spend in the three-year period 2020-2021 to 2022-23. This spend constitutes irregular expenditure.

Further detail is set out in my Report on page 279.

Basis for opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing in the UK (ISAs (UK)) and Practice Note 10 'Audit of Financial Statements of Public Sector Entities in the United Kingdom'. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my certificate.

My staff and I are independent of the Board in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in the UK including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinions.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, I have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate. Based on the work I have performed, I have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the body's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

My responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this certificate.

The going concern basis of accounting for Hywel Dda University Health Board is adopted in consideration of the requirements set out in HM Treasury's Government Financial Reporting Manual, which require entities to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements where it anticipated that the services which they provide will continue into the future.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The Chief Executive is responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in my report, I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. My responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If I identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, I am required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters

In my opinion, the part of the remuneration report to be audited has been properly prepared in accordance with the National Health Service (Wales) Act 2006 and directions made there under by Welsh Ministers.

In my opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of my audit:

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

275

- the parts of the Accountability Report subject to audit have been properly prepared in accordance with the National Health Service (Wales) Act 2006 and directions made there under by Welsh Minsters' directions; and;
- the information given in the Performance and Accountability Reports for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and is in accordance with Welsh Ministers' guidance.

Matters on which I report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Health Board and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, I have not identified material misstatements in the Performance Report and Accountability Report.

I have nothing to report in respect of the following matters, which I report to you, if, in my opinion:

- I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit;
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for my audit have not been received from branches not visited by my team;
- the financial statements and the audited part of the Accountability Report are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns;
- information specified by HM Treasury or Welsh Ministers regarding remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed;
- certain disclosures of remuneration specified by HM Treasury's Government
 Financial Reporting Manual are not made or parts of the Remuneration Report to be audited are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- the Governance Statement does not reflect compliance with HM Treasury's quidance.

Responsibilities of Directors and the Chief Executive for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statements of Directors' and Chief Executive's Responsibilities on pages (to be inserted by LHB), the Directors and the Chief Executive are responsible for:

- maintaining adequate accounting records
- the preparation of financial statements and annual report in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view;
- ensuring that the annual report and financial statements as a whole are fair, balanced and understandable;
- ensuring the regularity of financial transactions;
- internal controls as the Directors and Chief Executive determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- assessing the Health Board's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors and Chief Executive anticipate that the services provided by the Health Board will not continue to be provided in the future.

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

276/354

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My responsibility is to audit, certify and report on the financial statements in accordance with the National Health Service (Wales) Act 2006.

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a certificate that includes my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. I design procedures in line with my responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

My procedures included the following:

- Enquiring of management, the Head of Internal Audit and those charged with governance, including obtaining and reviewing supporting documentation relating to Health Board's policies and procedures concerned with:
 - identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance;
 - detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud; and
 - the internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud or noncompliance with laws and regulations.
- considering as an audit team how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud. As part of this discussion, I identified potential for fraud in management override and unusual journals;
- obtaining an understanding of Health Board's framework of authority as well as
 other legal and regulatory frameworks that the Health Board operates in, focusing
 on those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the financial statements or
 that had a fundamental effect on the operations of the Health Board; and
- obtaining an understanding of related party relationships.

In addition to the above, my procedures to respond to identified risks included the following:

- reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with relevant laws and regulations discussed above;
- enquiring of management, the Audit and Risk Assurance Committee and legal advisors about actual and potential litigation and claims;
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance and the Board; and

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23 277

in addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the
appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessing whether the
judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias;
and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are
unusual or outside the normal course of business.

I also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all audit team members and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

The extent to which my procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is affected by the inherent difficulty in detecting irregularities, the effectiveness of the Health Board controls, and the nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures performed.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

Other auditor's responsibilities

I am also required to obtain evidence sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the expenditure and income recorded in the financial statements have been applied to the purposes intended by the Senedd and the financial transactions recorded in the financial statements conform to the authorities which govern them.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Report

Please see my Report on page 279.

Adrian Crompton
Auditor General for Wales
28 July 2023

1 Capital Quarter Tyndall Street Cardiff

CF10 4BZ

Report of the Auditor General to the Senedd

Introduction

Under the Public Audit Wales Act 2004, I am responsible for auditing, certifying and reporting on Hywel Dda University Local Health Board's (the LHB's) financial statements. I am reporting on these financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 to draw attention to two key matters for my audit. These are the failure against the first financial duty and consequential qualification of my 'regularity' opinion and the failure of the second financial duty. I have not qualified my 'true and fair' opinion in respect of any of these matters.

Financial duties

Local Health Boards are required to meet two statutory financial duties – known as the first and second financial duties. For 2022-23, Hywel Dda University Local Health Board failed to meet both the first and the second financial duty.

Failure of the first financial duty

The **first financial duty** gives additional flexibility to LHBs by allowing them to balance their income with their expenditure over a three-year rolling period. The three-year period being measured under this duty this year is 2020-21 to 2022-23.

As shown in Note 2.1 to the Financial Statements, the LHB did not manage its revenue expenditure within its resource allocation over this three-year period, exceeding its cumulative revenue resource limit of £3,199.59 million by £108.95 million.

Where an LHB does not balance its books over a rolling three-year period, any expenditure over the resource allocation (i.e. spending limit) for those three years exceeds the LHB's authority to spend and is therefore 'irregular'. In such circumstances, I am required to qualify my 'regularity opinion' irrespective of the value of the excess spend.

Failure of the second financial duty

The second financial duty requires LHBs to prepare and have approved by the Welsh Ministers a rolling three-year integrated medium-term plan. This duty is an essential foundation to the delivery of sustainable quality health services. An LHB will be deemed to have met this duty for 2022-23 if it submitted a 2022-23 to 2024-25 plan approved by its Board to the Welsh Ministers, who were required to review and consider approval of the plan.

As shown in Note 2.3 to the Financial Statements, the LHB did not meet its second financial duty to have an approved three-year integrated medium-term plan in place for the period 2022-23 to 2024-25.

Adrian Crompton
Auditor General for Wales
28 July 2023

Hywel Dda University Health Board – Annual Report 2022/23

279

Chapter 3

Financial Accounts 2022/23



280/354 294/368

HYWEL DDA UNIVERSITY HEALTH BOARD

FOREWORD

These accounts have been prepared by the Local Health Board under schedule 9 section 178 Para 3(1) of the National Health Service (Wales) Act 2006 (c.42) in the form in which the Welsh Ministers have, with the approval of the Treasury,

Statutory background

The Local Health Board was established on 1st June 2009 and became operational on 1st October 2009 and comprises the former organisations of Hywel Dda NHS Trust and Carmarthenshire, Ceredigion and Pembrokeshire Local Health

Performance Management and Financial Results

Welsh Health Circular WHC/2016/054 replaces WHC/2015/014 'Statutory and Administrative Financial Duties of NHS Trusts and Local Health Boards' and further clarifies the statutory financial duties of NHS Wales bodies and is effective for 2022-23. The annual financial duty has been revoked and the statutory breakeven duty has reverted to a three year duty, with the first assessment of this duty in 2016-17.

Local Health Boards in Wales must comply fully with the Treasury's Financial Reporting Manual to the extent that it is applicable to them. As a result, the Primary Statement of in-year income and expenditure is the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure, which shows the net operating cost incurred by the LHB which is funded by the Welsh Government. This funding is allocated on receipt directly to the Ğeneral Fund in the Statement of Financial Position.

Under the National Health Services Finance (Wales) Act 2014, the annual requirement to achieve balance against Resource Limits has been replaced with a duty to ensure, in a rolling 3 year period, that its aggregate expenditure does not exceed its aggregate approved limits.

The Act came into effect from 1 April 2014 and under the Act the first assessment of the 3 year rolling financial duty took place at the end of 2016-17.

1

Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Note	2022-23 £000	2021-22 £000
Expenditure on Primary Healthcare Services	3.1	217,876	204,170
Expenditure on healthcare from other providers	3.2	259,628	250,710
Expenditure on Hospital and Community Health Services	3.3	748,787	708,966
	_	1,226,291	1,163,846
Less: Miscellaneous Income	4	(71,422)	(70,370)
LHB net operating costs before interest and other gains	and losses	1,154,869	1,093,476
Investment Revenue	5	0	0
Other (Gains) / Losses	6	(17)	(28)
Finance costs	7	140	(39)
Net operating costs for the financial year	-	1,154,992	1,093,409

See note 2 on page 26 for details of performance against Revenue and Capital allocations.

The notes on pages 8 to 73 form part of these accounts.

Other Comprehensive Net Expenditure

	2022-23	2021-22
	£000	£000
Not (sois) (loss or reveloption of respect, plant and socions at	(07.040)	(7.000)
Net (gain) / loss on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	(27,943)	(7,383)
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of right of use assets	0	
Net (gain) / loss on revaluation of intangibles	0	0
(Gain) / loss on other reserves	0	0
Net (gain)/ loss on revaluation of PPE & Intangible assets held for sale	0	0
Net (gain)/loss on revaluation of financial assets held for sale	0	0
Impairment and reversals	0	0
Transfers between reserves	0	0
Transfers to / (from) other bodies within the Resource Accounting Boundary	(582)	0
Reclassification adjustment on disposal of available for sale financial assets	0	0
Other comprehensive net expenditure for the year	(28,525)	(7,383)
Total comprehensive net expenditure for the year	1,126,467	1,086,026

The notes on pages 8 to 73 form part of these accounts.

283/354 297/368

3

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2023

	Notes	31 March 2023 £000	31 March 2022 £000
	Notes	2.000	٤000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	11	358,516	331,552
Right of Use Assets	11.3	9,285	
Intangible assets	12	2,096	2,784
Trade and other receivables	15	77,539	68,904
Other financial assets	16	1,121	0
Total non-current assets	•	448,557	403,240
Current assets			
Inventories	14	11,542	10,399
Trade and other receivables	15	57,188	53,285
Other financial assets	16	145	0
Cash and cash equivalents	17	3,944	1,565
		72,819	65,249
Non-current assets classified as "Held for Sale"	11	0	0
Total current assets		72,819	65,249
Total assets		521,376	468,489
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	18	(186,627)	(175,380)
Other financial liabilities	19	0	0
Provisions	20	(14,923)	(22,400)
Total current liabilities		(201,550)	(197,780)
Net current assets/ (liabilities)		(128,731)	(132,531)
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	18	(8,401)	0
Other financial liabilities	19	0	0
Provisions	20	(78,359)	(70,059)
Total non-current liabilities	<u>.</u>	(86,760)	(70,059)
Total assets employed		233,066	200,650
Financed by :			
Taxpayers' equity			
General Fund		174,600	168,450
Revaluation reserve		58,466	32,200
Total taxpayers' equity	•	233,066	200,650
Total taxpayors equity	•	200,000	200,000

The financial statements on pages 2 to 7 were approved by the Board on 27 July 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Chief Executive and Accountable Officer Date: 27 July 2023

The notes on pages 8 to 73 form part of these accounts.

Statement of Changes in Taxpayers' Equity For the year ended 31 March 2023

	General Fund £000	Revaluation Reserve £000	Total Reserves £000
Changes in taxpayers' equity for 2022-23			
Balance as at 31 March 2022	168,450	32,200	200,650
NHS Wales Transfer	0	0	0
RoU Asset Transitioning Adjustment	187	0	187
Balance at 1 April 2022	168,637	32,200	200,837
Net operating cost for the year	########		(1,154,992)
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	0	27,943	27,943
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of right of use assets	0	0	0
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of intangible assets	0	0	0
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of financial assets	0	0	0
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of assets held for sale	0	0	0
Impairments and reversals	0	0	0
Other Reserve Movement	0	0	0
Transfers between reserves	1,677	(1,677)	0
Release of reserves to SoCNE	0	0	0
Transfers to/from LHBs	582	0	582
Total recognised income and expense for 2022-23	########	26,266	(1,126,467)
Net Welsh Government funding	1,136,697		1,136,697
Notional Welsh Government Funding	21,999		21,999
Balance at 31 March 2023	174,600	58,466	233,066

The notes on pages 8 to 73 form part of these accounts.

5

Statement of Changes in Taxpayers' Equity For the year ended 31 March 2022

	General	Revaluation	Total
	Fund £000	Reserve £000	Reserves £000
Changes in taxpayers' equity for 2021-22	2000	2000	2000
Balance at 31 March 2021	140,985	29,415	170,400
NHS Wales Transfer	0	0	0
RoU Asset Transitioning Adjustment			
Balance at 1 April 2021	140,985	29,415	170,400
Net operating cost for the year	(1,093,409)		(1,093,409)
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	0	7,383	7,383
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of right of use assets			
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of intangible assets	0	0	0
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of financial assets	0	0	0
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of assets held for sale	0	0	0
Impairments and reversals	0	0	0
Other reserve movement	0	0	0
Transfers between reserves	4,598	(4,598)	0
Release of reserves to SoCNE	0	0	0
Transfers to/from LHBs	0	0	0
Total recognised income and expense for 2021-22	(1,088,811)	2,785	(1,086,026)
Net Welsh Government funding	1,095,811		1,095,811
Notional Welsh Government Funding	20,465		20,465
Balance at 31 March 2022	168,450	32,200	200,650

The notes on pages 8 to 73 form part of these accounts.

286/354 300/368

Statement of Cash Flows for year ended 31 March 2023		
	2022-23	2021-22
	£000	£000
Cash Flows from operating activities Notes		
Net operating cost for the financial year	(1,154,992)	(1,093,409)
Movements in Working Capital 27	539	(1,033,403)
Other cash flow adjustments 28	78,580	71,739
Provisions utilised 20	(12,736)	(12,854)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(1,088,609)	(1,046,392)
Cash Flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(38,569)	(50,669)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	213	581
Purchase of intangible assets	(872)	(1,152)
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets	0	0
Payment for other financial assets	0	0
Proceeds from disposal of other financial assets	0	0
Payment for other assets	0	0
Proceeds from disposal of other assets	0	0
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities	(39,228)	(51,240)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) before financing	(1,127,837)	(1,097,632)
Cash Flows from financing activities		
Welsh Government funding (including capital)	1,136,697	1,095,811
Capital receipts surrendered	0	0
Capital grants received	0	1,073
Capital element of payments in respect of finance leases and on-SoFP PFI Schemes	0	0
Capital element of payments in respect of on-SoFP PFI	0	0
Capital element of payments in respect of Right of Use Assets	(1,893)	
Cash transferred (to)/ from other NHS bodies	0	0
Net financing	1,134,804	1,096,884
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,967	(748)
Cash and cash equivalents (and bank overdrafts) at 1 April 2022	1,565	2,313
Cash and cash equivalents (and bank overdrafts) at 31 March 2023	8,532	1,565

The notes on pages 8 to 73 form part of these accounts.

Notes to the Accounts

1. Accounting policies

The Minister for Health and Social Services has directed that the financial statements of Local Health Boards (LHB) in Wales shall meet the accounting requirements of the NHS Wales Manual for Accounts. Consequently, the following financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the 2022-23 Manual for Accounts. The accounting policies contained in that manual follow the 2022-23 Financial Reporting Manual (FReM) in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, to the extent that they are meaningful and appropriate to the NHS in Wales.

Where the LHB Manual for Accounts permits a choice of accounting policy, the accounting policy which is judged to be most appropriate to the particular circumstances of the LHB for the purpose of giving a true and fair view has been selected. The particular policies adopted by the LHB are described below. They have been applied consistently in dealing with items considered material in relation to the accounts.

1.1. Accounting convention

These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to account for the revaluation of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and inventories.

1.2. Acquisitions and discontinued operations

Activities are considered to be 'acquired' only if they are taken on from outside the public sector. Activities are considered to be 'discontinued' only if they cease entirely. They are not considered to be 'discontinued' if they transfer from one public sector body to another.

1.3. Income and funding

The main source of funding for the LHBs are allocations (Welsh Government funding) from the Welsh Government within an approved cash limit, which is credited to the General Fund of the LHB. Welsh Government funding is recognised in the financial period in which the cash is received.

Non-discretionary funding outside the Revenue Resource Limit is allocated to match actual expenditure incurred for the provision of specific pharmaceutical, or ophthalmic services identified by the Welsh Government. Non-discretionary expenditure is disclosed in the accounts and deducted from operating costs charged against the Revenue Resource Limit.

Funding for the acquisition of fixed assets received from the Welsh Government is credited to the General Fund.

Miscellaneous income is income which relates directly to the operating activities of the LHB and is not funded directly by the Welsh Government. This includes payment for services uniquely provided by the LHB for the Welsh Government such as funding provided to agencies and non-activity costs incurred by the LHB in its provider role. Income received from LHBs transacting with other LHBs is always treated as miscellaneous income.

From 2018-19, IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers has been applied, as interpreted and adapted for the public sector, in the FREM. It replaces the previous standards IAS 11 Construction Contracts and IAS 18 Revenue and related IFRIC and SIC interpretations. The potential amendments identified as a result of the adoption of IFRS 15 are significantly below materiality levels.

288/354 302/368

Income is accounted for applying the accruals convention. Income is recognised in the period in which services are provided. Where income had been received from third parties for a specific activity to be delivered in the following financial year, that income will be deferred.

Only non-NHS R&D income may be deferred.

1.4. Employee benefits

1.4.1. Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, wages and employment-related payments are recognised in the period in which the service is received from employees. The cost of leave earned but not taken by employees at the end of the period is recognised in the financial statements to the extent that employees are permitted to carry forward leave into the following period.

1.4.2. Retirement benefit costs

Past and present employees are covered by the provisions of the NHS Pensions Scheme. The scheme is an unfunded, defined benefit scheme that covers NHS employers, General Practices and other bodies, allowed under the direction of the Secretary of State, in England and Wales. The scheme is not designed to be run in a way that would enable NHS bodies to identify their share of the underlying scheme assets and liabilities. Therefore, the scheme is accounted for as if it were a defined contribution scheme: the cost to the NHS body of participating in the scheme is taken as equal to the contributions payable to the scheme for the accounting period.

The latest NHS Pension Scheme valuation results indicated that an increase in benefit required a 6.3% increase (14.38% to 20.68%) which was implemented from 1 April 2019.

As an organisation within the full funding scope, the joint (in NHS England and NHS Wales) transitional arrangement operated from 2019-20 where employers in the Scheme would continue to pay 14.38% employer contributions under their normal monthly payment process, in Wales the additional 6.3% being funded by Welsh Government directly to the Pension Scheme administrator, the NHS Business Services Authority (BSA the NHS Pensions Agency).

However, NHS Wales' organisations are required to account for **their staff** employer contributions of 20.68% in full and on a gross basis, in their annual accounts. Payments made on their behalf by Welsh Government are accounted for on a notional basis. For detailed information see Other Note within these accounts.

For early retirements other than those due to ill health the additional pension liabilities are not funded by the scheme. The full amount of the liability for the additional costs is charged to expenditure at the time the NHS Wales organisation commits itself to the retirement, regardless of the method of payment.

Where employees are members of the Local Government Superannuation Scheme, which is a defined benefit pension scheme this is disclosed. The scheme assets and liabilities attributable to those employees can be identified and are recognised in the NHS Wales organisation's accounts. The assets are measured at fair value and the liabilities at the present value of the future obligations. The increase in the liability arising from pensionable service earned during the year is recognised within operating expenses. The expected gain during the year from scheme assets is recognised within finance income. The interest cost during the year arising from the unwinding of the discount on the scheme liabilities is recognised within finance costs.

289/354 303/368

1.4.3. NEST Pension Scheme

An alternative pensions scheme for employees not eligible to join the NHS Pensions scheme has to be offered. The NEST (National Employment Savings Trust) Pension scheme is a defined contribution scheme and therefore the cost to the NHS body of participating in the scheme is equal to the contributions payable to the scheme for the accounting period.

1.5. Other expenses

Other operating expenses for goods or services are recognised when, and to the extent that, they have been received. They are measured at the fair value of the consideration payable.

1.6. Property, plant and equipment

1.6.1. Recognition

Property, plant and equipment is capitalised if:

- it is held for use in delivering services or for administrative purposes;
- it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to, or service potential will be supplied to, the NHS Wales organisation;
- it is expected to be used for more than one financial year;
- the cost of the item can be measured reliably; and
- the item has cost of at least £5,000; or
- Collectively, a number of items have a cost of at least £5,000 and individually have a cost of more than £250, where the assets are functionally interdependent, they had broadly simultaneous purchase dates, are anticipated to have simultaneous disposal dates and are under single managerial control; or
- Items form part of the initial equipping and setting-up cost of a new building, ward or unit, irrespective of their individual or collective cost.

Where a large asset, for example a building, includes a number of components with significantly different asset lives, the components are treated as separate assets and depreciated over their own useful economic lives.

1.6.2. Valuation

All property, plant and equipment are measured initially at cost, representing the cost directly attributable to acquiring or constructing the asset and bringing it to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Land and buildings used for services or for administrative purposes are stated in the Statement of Financial Position (SoFP) at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity to ensure that carrying amounts are not materially different from those that would be determined at the end of the reporting period. Fair values are determined as follows:

• Land and non-specialised buildings - market value for existing use

• Specialised buildings – depreciated replacement cost

HM Treasury has adopted a standard approach to depreciated replacement cost valuations based on modern equivalent assets and, where it would meet the location requirements of the service being provided, an alternative site can be valued. NHS Wales' organisations have applied these new valuation requirements from 1 April 2009.

Properties in the course of construction for service or administration purposes are carried at cost, less any impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees but not borrowing costs, which are recognised as expenses immediately, as allowed by IAS 23 for assets held at fair value. Assets are revalued and depreciation commences when they are brought into use.

In 2022-23 a formal revaluation exercise was applied to land and properties. The carrying value of existing assets at that date will be written off over their remaining useful lives and new fixtures and equipment are carried at depreciated historic cost as this is not considered to be materially different from fair value.

An increase arising on revaluation is taken to the revaluation reserve except when it reverses an impairment for the same asset previously recognised in expenditure, in which case it is credited to expenditure to the extent of the decrease previously charged there. A revaluation decrease that does not result from a loss of economic value or service potential is recognised as an impairment charged to the revaluation reserve to the extent that there is a balance on the reserve for the asset and, thereafter, to expenditure. Impairment losses that arise from a clear consumption of economic benefit should be taken to expenditure.

References in IAS 36 to the recognition of an impairment loss of a revalued asset being treated as a revaluation decrease to the extent that the impairment does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for the same asset, are adapted such that only those impairment losses that do not result from a clear consumption of economic benefit or reduction of service potential (including as a result of loss or damage resulting from normal business operations) should be taken to the revaluation reserve. Impairment losses that arise from a clear consumption of economic benefit should be taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure (SoCNE).

From 2015-16, IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement must be complied with in full. However, IAS 16 and IAS 38 have been adapted for the public sector context which limits the circumstances under which a valuation is prepared under IFRS 13. Assets which are held for their service potential and are in use should be measured at their current value in existing use. For specialised assets current value in existing use should be interpreted as the present value of the assets remaining service potential, which can be assumed to be at least equal to the cost of replacing that service potential. Where there is no single class of asset that falls within IFRS 13, disclosures should be for material items only.

In accordance with the adaptation of IAS 16 in table 6.2 of the FReM, for non-specialised assets in operational use, current value in existing use is interpreted as market value for existing use which is defined in the RICS Red Book as Existing Use Value (EUV).

Assets which were most recently held for their service potential but are surplus should be valued at current value in existing use, if there are restrictions on the NHS organisation or the asset which would prevent access to the market at the reporting date. If the NHS organisation could access the market then the surplus asset should be used at fair value using IFRS 13. In determining whether such an asset which is not in use is surplus, an assessment should be made on whether there is a clear plan to bring the asset back into use as an operational asset. Where there is a clear plan, the asset is not surplus and the current value in existing use should be maintained. Otherwise the asset should be assessed as being surplus and valued under IFRS13.

291/354 305/368

Assets which are not held for their service potential should be valued in accordance with IFRS 5 or IAS 40 depending on whether the asset is actively held for sale. Where an asset is not being used to deliver services and there is no plan to bring it back into use, with no restrictions on sale, and it does not meet the IAS 40 and IFRS 5 criteria, these assets are surplus and are valued at fair value using IFRS 13.

1.6.3. Subsequent expenditure

Where subsequent expenditure enhances an asset beyond its original specification, the directly attributable cost is capitalised. Where subsequent expenditure restores the asset to its original specification, the expenditure is capitalised and any carrying value of the item replaced is written-out and charged to the SoCNE. As highlighted in previous years the NHS in Wales does not have systems in place to ensure that all items being "replaced" can be identified and hence the cost involved to be quantified. The NHS in Wales has thus established a national protocol to ensure it complies with the standard as far as it is able to which is outlined in the capital accounting chapter of the Manual For Accounts. This dictates that to ensure that asset carrying values are not materially overstated. For All Wales Capital Schemes that are completed in a financial year, NHS Wales organisations are required to obtain a revaluation during that year (prior to them being brought into use) and also similar revaluations are needed for all Discretionary Building Schemes completed which have a spend greater than £0.5m. The write downs so identified are then charged to operating expenses.

1.7. Intangible assets

1.7.1. Recognition

Intangible assets are non-monetary assets without physical substance, which are capable of sale separately from the rest of the business or which arise from contractual or other legal rights. They are recognised only when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to, or service potential be provided to, the NHS Wales organisation; where the cost of the asset can be measured reliably, and where the cost is at least £5,000.

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at fair value. Software that is integral to the operating of hardware, for example an operating system, is capitalised as part of the relevant item of property, plant and equipment. Software that is not integral to the operation of hardware, for example application software, is capitalised as an intangible asset. Expenditure on research is not capitalised: it is recognised as an operating expense in the period in which it is incurred. Internally-generated assets are recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use.
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use it.
- the ability to use the intangible asset.
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits.
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the intangible asset and use it.
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

Measurement

The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible assets is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the criteria above are initially met. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, the expenditure is recognised in the period in which it is incurred.

Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at fair value by reference to an active market, or, where no active market exists, at amortised replacement cost (modern equivalent assets basis), indexed for relevant price increases, as a proxy for fair value. Internally-developed software is held at historic cost to reflect the opposing effects of increases in development costs and technological advances.

1.8. Depreciation, amortisation and impairments

Freehold land, assets under construction and assets held for sale are not depreciated.

Otherwise, depreciation and amortisation are charged to write off the costs or valuation of property, plant and equipment and intangible non-current assets, less any residual value, over their estimated useful lives, in a manner that reflects the consumption of economic benefits or service potential of the assets. The estimated useful life of an asset is the period over which the NHS Wales Organisation expects to obtain economic benefits or service potential from the asset. This is specific to the NHS Wales organisation and may be shorter than the physical life of the asset itself. Estimated useful lives and residual values are reviewed each year end, with the effect of any changes recognised on a prospective basis. Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and estimated useful lives.

At each reporting period end, the NHS Wales organisation checks whether there is any indication that any of its tangible or intangible non-current assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is indication of an impairment loss, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine whether there has been a loss and, if so, its amount. Intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually.

Impairment losses that do not result from a loss of economic value or service potential are taken to the revaluation reserve to the extent that there is a balance on the reserve for the asset and, thereafter, to the SoCNE. Impairment losses that arise from a clear consumption of economic benefit are taken to the SoCNE. The balance on any revaluation reserve (up to the level of the impairment) to which the impairment would have been charged under IAS 36 are transferred to retained earnings.

1.9. Research and Development

Research and development expenditure is charged to operating costs in the year in which it is incurred, except insofar as it relates to a clearly defined project, which can be separated from patient care activity and benefits there from can reasonably be regarded as assured. Expenditure so deferred is limited to the value of future benefits expected and is amortised through the SoCNE on a systematic basis over the period expected to benefit from the project.

1.10 Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met when the sale is highly probable, the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition and management is committed to the sale, which is expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale,

293/354 307/368

within one year from the date of classification. Non-current assets held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Fair value is open market value including alternative uses.

The profit or loss arising on disposal of an asset is the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount and is recognised in the SoCNE. On disposal, the balance for the asset on the revaluation reserve, is transferred to the General Fund.

Property, plant and equipment that is to be scrapped or demolished does not qualify for recognition as held for sale. Instead it is retained as an operational asset and its economic life adjusted. The asset is derecognised when it is scrapped or demolished.

1.11 Leases

A lease is a contract or part of a contract that conveys the right to use an asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

IFRS 16 leases is effective across public sector from 1 April 2022. The transition to IFRS 16 has been completed in accordance with paragraph C5 (b) of the Standard, applying IFRS 16 requirements retrospectively recognising the cumulative effects at the date of initial application.

In the transition to IFRS 16 a number of elections and practical expedients offered in the standard have been employed. These are as follows: Hywel Dda UHB has applied the practical expedient offered in the standard per paragraph C3 to apply IFRS 16 to contracts or arrangements previously identified as containing a lease under the previous leasing standards IAS 17 leases and IFRIC 4 determining whether an arrangement contains a lease and not to those that were identified as not containing a lease under previous leasing standards.

On initial application Hywel Dda UHB has measured the right of use assets for leases previously classified as operating leases per IFRS 16 C8 (b)(ii), at an amount equal to the lease liability adjusted for accrued or prepaid lease payments.

No adjustments have been made for operating leases in which the underlying asset is of low value per paragraph C9 (a) of the standard.

The transitional provisions have not been applied to operating leases whose terms end within 12 months of the date of initial application has been employed per paragraph C10 (c) of IFRS 16. Hindsight is used to determine the lease term when contracts or arrangements contain options to extend or terminate the lease in accordance with C10 (e) of IFRS 16.

Due to transitional provisions employed the requirements for identifying a lease within paragraphs 9 to 11 of IFRS 16 are not employed for leases in existence at the initial date of application. Leases entered into on or after the 1st April 2022 will be assessed under the requirements of IFRS 16.

There are further expedients or election that have been employed by Hywel Dda UHB in applying IFRS 16.

These include:

- the measurement requirements under IFRS 16 are not applied to leases with a term of 12 months or less under paragraph 5 (a) of IFRS 16
- the measurement requirements under IFRS 16 are not applied to leases where the underlying asset is of a low value which are identified as those assets of a value of less than £5,000, excluding any irrecoverable VAT, under paragraph 5 (b) of IFRS 16

Hywel Dda UHB will not apply IFRS 16 to any new leases of in tangible assets applying the treatment described in section 1.14 instead.

Hywel Dda UHB is required to apply IFRS 16 to lease like arrangements entered into with other public sector entities that are in substance akin to an enforceable contract, that in their formal legal form may not be enforceable. Prior to accounting for such arrangements under IFRS 16 Hywel Dda UHB has assessed that in all other respects these arrangements meet the definition of a lease under the standard.

The entity is required to apply IFRS 16 to lease like arrangements entered into in which consideration exchanged is nil or nominal, therefore significantly below market value. These arrangements are described as peppercorn leases. Such arrangements are again required to meet the definition of a lease in every other respect prior to inclusion in the scope of IFRS 16. The accounting for peppercorn arrangements aligns to that identified for donated assets. Peppercorn leases are different in substance to arrangements in which consideration is below market value but not significantly below market value.

The nature of the accounting policy change for the lessee is more significant than for the lessor under IFRS 16. IFRS 16 introduces a singular lessee approach to measurement and classification in which lessees recognise a right of use asset.

For the lessor leases remain classified as finance leases when substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset are transferred to the lessee. When this transfer does not occur, leases are classified as operating leases.

1.11.1 Hywel Dda UHB as lessee

At the commencement date for the leasing arrangement a lessee shall recognise a right of use asset and corresponding lease liability. Hywel Dda UHB employs a revaluation model for the subsequent measurement of its right of use assets unless cost is considered to be an appropriate proxy for current value in existing use or fair value in line with the accounting policy for owned assets. Where consideration exchanged is identified as below market value, cost is not considered to be an appropriate proxy to value the right of use asset.

Irrecoverable VAT is expensed in the period to which it relates and therefore not included in the measurement of the lease liability and consequently the value of the right of use asset.

The incremental borrowing rate of 0.95% has been applied to the lease liabilities recognised at the date of initial application of IFRS 16.

Where changes in future lease payments result from a change in an index or rate or rent review, the lease liabilities are remeasured using an unchanged discount rate.

Where there is a change in a lease term or an option to purchase the underlying asset Hywel Dda UHB applies a revised rate to the remaining lease liability.

Where existing leases are modified Hywel Dda UHB must determine whether the arrangement constitutes a separate lease and apply the standard accordingly.

Lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line or another systematic basis over the lease term, where the lease term is in substance 12 months or less, or is elected as a lease containing low value underlying asset by Hywel Dda UHB.

1.11.2 Hywel Dda UHB as lessor

A lessor shall classify each of its leases as an operating or finance lease. A lease is classified as finance lease when the lease substantially transfers all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. Where substantially all the risks and rewards are not transferred, a lease is classified as an operating lease.

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of Hywel Dda UHB's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on Hywel Dda UHB's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

Income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line or another systematic basis over the term of the lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Where Hywel Dda UHB is an intermediate lessor, being a lessor and a lessee regarding the same underlying asset, classification of the sublease is required to be made by the intermediate lessor considering the term of the arrangement and the nature of the right of use asset arising from the head lease.

On transition Hywel Dda UHB has reassessed the classification of all of its continuing subleasing arrangements to include peppercorn leases.

1.12. Inventories

Whilst it is accounting convention for inventories to be valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value using the weighted average or "first-in first-out" cost formula, it should be recognised that the NHS is a special case in that inventories are not generally held for the intention of resale and indeed there is no market readily available where such items could be sold. Inventories are valued at cost and this is considered to be a reasonable approximation to fair value due to the high turnover of stocks. Work-inprogress comprises goods in intermediate stages of production. Partially completed contracts for patient services are not accounted for as work-in-progress.

1.13. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is cash in hand and deposits with any financial institution repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are investments that mature in 3 months or less from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value. In the Statement of Cash flows (SoCF), cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and that form an integral part of the cash management.

1.14. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the NHS Wales organisation has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the NHS Wales organisation will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows using the discount rate supplied by HM Treasury.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursements will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Present obligations arising under onerous contracts are recognised and measured as a provision. An onerous contract is considered to exist where the NHS Wales organisation has a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it.

A restructuring provision is recognised when the NHS Wales organisation has developed a detailed formal plan for the restructuring and has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement the plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it. The measurement of a restructuring provision includes only the direct expenditures arising from the restructuring, which are those amounts that are both necessarily entailed by the restructuring and not associated with ongoing activities of the entity.

1.14.1. Clinical negligence and personal injury costs

The Welsh Risk Pool Services (WRPS) operates a risk pooling scheme which is co-funded by the Welsh Government with the option to access a risk sharing agreement funded by the participative NHS Wales bodies. The risk sharing option was implemented in both 2022-23 and 2021-22. The WRP is hosted by Velindre NHS University Trust.

16 310/368 296/354

1.14.2. Future Liability Scheme (FLS) - General Medical Practice Indemnity (GMPI)

The FLS is a state backed scheme to provide clinical negligence General Medical Practice Indemnity (GMPI) for providers of GMP services in Wales.

In March 2019, the Minister issued a Direction to Velindre NHS Trust to enable Legal and Risk Services to operate the Scheme. The GMPI is underpinned by new secondary legislation, The NHS (Clinical Negligence Scheme) (Wales) Regulations 2019 which came into force on 1 April 2019.

GMP Service Providers are not direct members of the GMPI FLS, their qualifying liabilities are the subject of an arrangement between them and their relevant LHB, which is a member of the scheme. The qualifying reimbursements to the LHB are not subject to the £25,000 excess.

1.15. Financial Instruments

From 2018-19 IFRS 9 Financial Instruments has applied, as interpreted and adapted for the public sector, in the FReM. The principal impact of IFRS 9 adoption by NHS Wales' organisations, was to change the calculation basis for bad debt provisions, changing from an incurred loss basis to a lifetime expected credit loss (ECL) basis.

All entities applying the FReM recognised the difference between previous carrying amount and the carrying amount at the beginning of the annual reporting period that included the date of initial application in the opening general fund within Taxpayer's equity.

1.16. Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised on the SoFP when the NHS Wales organisation becomes party to the financial instrument contract or, in the case of trade receivables, when the goods or services have been delivered. Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights have expired or the asset has been transferred.

The accounting policy choice allowed under IFRS 9 for long term trade receivables, contract assets which do contain a significant financing component (in accordance with IFRS 15), and lease receivables within the scope of IAS 17 has been withdrawn and entities should always recognise a loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime Expected Credit Losses. All entities applying the FReM should utilise IFRS 9's simplified approach to impairment for relevant assets.

IFRS 9 requirements required a revised approach for the calculation of the bad debt provision, applying the principles of expected credit loss, using the practical expedients within IFRS 9 to construct a provision matrix.

1.16.1. Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: financial assets 'at fair value through SoCNE'; 'held to maturity investments'; 'available for sale' financial assets, and 'loans and receivables'. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

1.16.2. Financial assets at fair value through SoCNE

Embedded derivatives that have different risks and characteristics to their host contracts, and contracts with embedded derivatives whose separate value cannot be ascertained, are treated as financial assets at fair value through SoCNE. They are held at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss recognised in the SoCNE. The net gain or loss incorporates any interest earned on the financial asset.

1.16.3 Held to maturity investments

Held to maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity, and there is a positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. After initial recognition, they are held at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Interest is recognised using the effective interest method.

1.16.4. Available for sale financial assets

Available for sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or that do not fall within any of the other three financial asset classifications. They are measured at fair value with changes in value taken to the revaluation reserve, with the exception of impairment losses. Accumulated gains or losses are recycled to the SoCNE on de-recognition.

1.16.5. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments which are not quoted in an active market. After initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Interest is recognised using the effective interest method.

Fair value is determined by reference to quoted market prices where possible, otherwise by valuation techniques.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

At the SOFP date, the NHS Wales organisation assesses whether any financial assets, other than those held at 'fair value through profit and loss' are impaired. Financial assets are impaired and impairment losses recognised if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events which occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and which has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the asset.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the revised future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The loss is recognised in the SoCNE and the carrying amount of the asset is reduced directly, or through a provision of impairment of receivables.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through the SoCNE to the extent that the carrying amount of the receivable at the date of the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

1.17. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised on the SOFP when the NHS Wales organisation becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument or, in the case of trade payables, when the goods or services have been received. Financial liabilities are de-recognised when the liability has been discharged, that is, the liability has been paid or has expired.

298/354 312/368

1.17.1. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through the SoCNE or other financial liabilities.

1.17.2. Financial liabilities at fair value through the SoCNE

Embedded derivatives that have different risks and characteristics to their host contracts, and contracts with embedded derivatives whose separate value cannot be ascertained, are treated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss. They are held at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss recognised in the SoCNE. The net gain or loss incorporates any interest earned on the financial asset.

1.17.3. Other financial liabilities

After initial recognition, all other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the life of the asset, to the net carrying amount of the financial liability. Interest is recognised using the effective interest method.

1.18. Value Added Tax (VAT)

Most of the activities of the NHS Wales organisation are outside the scope of VAT and, in general, output tax does not apply and input tax on purchases is not recoverable. Irrecoverable VAT is charged to the relevant expenditure category or included in the capitalised purchase cost of fixed assets. Where output tax is charged or input VAT is recoverable, the amounts are stated net of VAT.

1.19. Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in a foreign currency are translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling on the dates of the transactions. Resulting exchange gains and losses are taken to the SoCNE. At the SoFP date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the reporting date.

1.20. Third party assets

Assets belonging to third parties (such as money held on behalf of patients) are not recognised in the accounts since the NHS Wales organisation has no beneficial interest in them. Details of third party assets are given in the Notes to the accounts.

1.21. Losses and Special Payments

Losses and special payments are items that the Welsh Government would not have contemplated when it agreed funds for the health service or passed legislation. By their nature they are items that ideally should not arise. They are therefore subject to special control procedures compared with the generality of payments. They are divided into different categories, which govern the way each individual case is handled.

299/354 313/368

Losses and special payments are charged to the relevant functional headings in the SoCNE on an accruals basis, including losses which would have been made good through insurance cover had the NHS Wales organisation not been bearing their own risks (with insurance premiums then being included as normal revenue expenditure). However, the note on losses and special payments is compiled directly from the losses register which is prepared on a cash basis.

The NHS Wales organisation accounts for all losses and special payments gross (including assistance from the WRP).

The NHS Wales organisation accrues or provides for the best estimate of future pay-outs for certain liabilities and discloses all other potential payments as contingent liabilities, unless the probability of the liabilities becoming payable is remote.

All claims for losses and special payments are provided for, where the probability of settlement of an individual claim is over 50%. Where reliable estimates can be made, incidents of clinical negligence against which a claim has not, as yet, been received are provided in the same way. Expected reimbursements from the WRP are included in debtors. For those claims where the probability of settlement is between 5-50%, the liability is disclosed as a contingent liability.

1.22. Pooled budget

The NHS Wales organisation has entered into pooled budgets with Local Authorities. Under the arrangements funds are pooled in accordance with section 33 of the NHS (Wales) Act 2006 for specific activities defined in the Pooled budget Note.

The pool budget is hosted by one NHS Wales's organisation. Payments for services provided are accounted for as miscellaneous income. The NHS Wales organisation accounts for its share of the assets, liabilities, income and expenditure from the activities of the pooled budget, in accordance with the pooled budget arrangement.

1.23. Critical Accounting Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are continually reviewed. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

1.24. Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the SoFP date, that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Significant estimations are made in relation to on-going clinical negligence and personal injury claims. Assumptions as to the likely outcome, the potential liabilities and the timings of these litigation claims are provided by independent legal advisors. Any material changes in liabilities associated with these claims would be recoverable through the Welsh Risk Pool.

Significant estimations are also made for continuing care costs resulting from claims post 1 April 2003. An assessment of likely outcomes, potential liabilities and timings of these claims are made on a case by case basis. Material changes associated with these claims would be adjusted in the period in which they are revised.

Estimates are also made for contracted primary care services. These estimates are based on the latest payment levels. Changes associated with these liabilities are adjusted in the following reporting period.

1.24.1. Provisions

The NHS Wales organisation provides for legal or constructive obligations for clinical negligence, personal injury and defence costs that are of uncertain timing or amount at the balance sheet date on the basis of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation.

Claims are funded via the Welsh Risk Pool Services (WRPS) which receives an annual allocation from Welsh Government to cover the cost of reimbursement requests submitted to the bi-monthly WRPS Committee. Following settlement to individual claimants by the NHS Wales organisation, the full cost is recognised in year and matched to income (less a £25K excess) via a WRPS debtor, until reimbursement has been received from the WRPS Committee.

300/354 314/368

1.24.2. Probable & Certain Cases - Accounting Treatment

A provision for these cases is calculated in accordance with IAS 37. Cases are assessed and divided into four categories according to their probability of settlement;

Remote Probability of Settlement 0 – 5%

Accounting Treatment Remote Contingent Liability.

Possible Probability of Settlement 6% - 49%

Accounting Treatment Defence Fee - Provision

Contingent Liability for all other estimated

expenditure.

Probable Probability of Settlement 50% - 94%

Accounting Treatment Full Provision

Certain Probability of Settlement 95% - 100%

Accounting Treatment Full Provision

The provision for probable and certain cases is based on case estimates of individual reported claims received by Legal & Risk Services within NHS Wales Shared Services Partnership.

The solicitor will estimate the case value including defence fees, using professional judgement and from obtaining counsel advice. Valuations are then discounted for the future loss elements using individual life expectancies and the Government Actuary's Department actuarial tables (Ogden tables) and Personal Injury Discount Rate of minus 0.25%.

Future liabilities for certain & probable cases with a probability of 95%-100% and 50%- 94% respectively are held as a provision on the balance sheet. Cases typically take a number of years to settle, particularly for high value cases where a period of development is necessary to establish the full extent of the injury caused.

1.24.3 Annual leave accrual

Pre Covid 19 allowances for carry forward of annual leave have been reinstated. The individual approved requests from staff to carry forward leave have been used to derive the 2022/23 provision.

1.24.4 Primary Care Expenditure

As in previous years, there are a number of estimates due to the way practices are reimbursed for their services through claim forms sent to NWSSP. Therefore, primary care expenditure disclosed contains significant estimates where the value of the actual liabilities were not available prior to the date for accounts submission. Claims for a service could be paid a month or a quarter in arrears, therefore for these claims, accruals are based on a rolling three-month average. This is the case for General Medical Services (GMS), Dental and Community Pharmacy, with the exceptions being:

- a) PADMs (Prescribing and Dispensing GPs) within the GMS contract accruals were based on April to September rather than a three month average as the flu vaccination programme in the period October to December has a large effect on the run rate and would not be a suitable enough period to base an accrual for February and March on, when the flu programme has ended.
- b) The Quality Access standards within the GMS contracts accruals have remained in place for 2022-23 therefore the assumption has been made in calculating the year end accrual that there will be full achievement for 2022-23. Payment of this annual cost will be realised in June.

301/354 315/368

1.24.4 Primary Care Expenditure (continued)

In terms of prescribing costs for 2022-23, the Health Board has used the accrual methodology consistent with previous years.

The cost per item for all items excluding Vaccinations, Immunisations and Stoma (Net Prescribing Audit Reports - PARS) was derived by using the cost per item as detailed in the Health Board's January 2023 PAR, taking into consideration the impact of the Category M changes, effective for Q4 FY23.

The number of items used to calculate net PARS items was derived from the following methodology:

Total item growth over 10 years

10 years

Growth in reported item numbers over the past 6 months has been factored in to prescribing costs to bring item numbers in line with the average item numbers prescribed per day over the last 6 months, as published in PARS (August-January 2023).

Vaccination and Immunisation costs were calculated by applying the prior year percentage of spend to January 2022 to the YTD spend to January 2023.

Stoma costs were calculated on a straight-line basis based on the YTD cost to January 2023.

1.25 Discount Rates

Where discount is applied, a disclosure detailing the impact of the discounting on liabilities to be included for the relevant notes. The disclosure should include where possible undiscounted values to demonstrate the impact. An explanation of the source of the discount rate or how the discount rate has been determined to be included.

302/354 316/368

1.26 Private Finance Initiative (PFI) transactions - Hywel Dda UHB has no PFI transactions

303/354 317/368

1.27. Contingencies

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the NHS Wales organisation, or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that a payment will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured sufficiently reliably. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of a payment is remote.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the NHS Wales organisation. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Where the time value of money is material, contingencies are disclosed at their present value. Remote contingent liabilities are those that are disclosed under Parliamentary reporting requirements and not under IAS 37 and, where practical, an estimate of their financial effect is required.

304/354 318/368

1.28. Absorption accounting - not applicable

1.29. Accounting standards that have been issued but not yet been adopted

The following accounting standards have been issued and or amended by the IASB and IFRIC but have not been adopted because they are not yet required to be adopted by the FReM

IFRS14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts

Applies to first time adopters of IFRS after 1 January 2016. Therefore not applicable.

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts, Application required for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021, but not yet adopted by the FReM: early adoption is not therefore permitted.

1.30. Accounting standards issued that have been adopted early

During 2022-23 there have been no accounting standards that have been adopted early. All early adoption of accounting standards will be led by HM Treasury.

1.31. Charities

Following Treasury's agreement to apply IAS 27 to NHS Charities from 1 April 2013, the Hywel Dda UHB has established that as it is the corporate trustee of the Hywel Dda University LHB NHS Charitable Fund, it is considered for accounting standards compliance to have control of the Hywel Dda University LHB NHS Charitable Fund as a subsidiary and therefore is required to consolidate the results of the Hywel Dda University LHB NHS Charitable Fund within the statutory accounts of the NHS Wales organisation.

The determination of control is an accounting standard test of control and there has been no change to the operation of the Hywel Dda University LHB NHS Charitable Fund or its independence in its management of charitable funds.

However, the Hywel Dda UHB has with the agreement of the Welsh Government adopted the IAS 27 (10) exemption to consolidate. Welsh Government as the ultimate parent of the Local Health Boards will disclose the Charitable Accounts of Local Health Boards in the Welsh Government Consolidated Accounts. Details of the transactions with the charity are included in the related parties' notes.

305/354 319/368

2. Financial Duties Performance

The National Health Service Finance (Wales) Act 2014 came into effect from 1 April 2014. The Act amended the financial duties of Local Health Boards under section 175 of the National Health Service (Wales) Act 2006. From 1 April 2014 section 175 of the National Health Service (Wales) Act places two financial duties on Local Health Boards:

- A duty under section 175 (1) to secure that its expenditure does not exceed the aggregate of the funding allotted to it over a period of 3 financial years
- A duty under section 175 (2A) to prepare a plan in accordance with planning directions issued by the Welsh Ministers, to secure compliance with the duty under section 175 (1) while improving the health of the people for whom it is responsible, and the provision of health care to such people, and for that plan to be submitted to and approved by the Welsh Ministers.

The first assessment of performance against the 3 year statutory duty under section 175 (1) was at the end of 2016-17, being the first 3 year period of assessment.

Welsh Health Circular WHC/2016/054 "Statutory and Financial Duties of Local Health Boards and NHS Trusts" clarifies the statutory financial duties of NHS Wales bodies effective from 2016-17.

2.1 Revenue Resource Performance

Annual financial performance

	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net operating costs for the year	1,054,279	1,093,409	1,154,992	3,302,680
Less general ophthalmic services expenditure and other non-cash limited expenditure	1,889	1,547	2,431	5,867
Less unfunded revenue consequences of bringing PFI schemes onto SoFP	0	0	0	0
Less unfunded revenue consequences of bringing RoU Leases onto SoFP	0	0	0	0
Total operating expenses	1,056,168	1,094,956	1,157,423	3,308,547
Revenue Resource Allocation	1,031,258	1,069,956	1,098,379	3,199,593
Under /(over) spend against Allocation	(24,910)	(25,000)	(59,044)	(108,954)

Hywel Dda University LHB has not met its financial duty to break-even against its Revenue Resource Limit over the 3 years 2020-21 to 2022-23.

The health board received non-repayable strategic cash support of £52.3m in 2022-23.

2.2 Capital Resource Performance

	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Gross capital expenditure	35,483	62,677	34,256	132,416
Add: Losses on disposal of donated assets	0	0	0	0
Less NBV of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets disposed	(455)	(553)	(196)	(1,204)
Less capital grants received	0	0	0	0
Less donations received	(637)	(1,073)	(476)	(2,186)
Less initial recognition of RoU Asset Dilapidations	0	0	0	0
Add: recognition of RoU Assets Dilapidations on crystallisation	0	0	0	0
Charge against Capital Resource Allocation	34,391	61,051	33,584	129,026
Capital Resource Allocation	34,451	61,113	33,653	129,217
(Over) / Underspend against Capital Resource Allocation	60	62	69	191

Hywel Dda University LHB has met its financial duty to break-even against its Capital Resource Limit over the 3 years 2020-21 to 2022-23.

306/354 320/368

2.3 Duty to prepare a 3 year integrated plan

The NHS Wales Planning Framework for the period 2022-2025 issued to LHBs placed a requirement upon them to prepare and submit Integrated Medium Term Plans to the Welsh Government (WG).

Hywel Dda UHB wrote to WG, to formally notify them through an accountability letter that, unfortunately, we would not be in a position to submit a financially balanced IMTP by 31 March 2022. Instead, the Health Board submitted a draft Three-Year Plan 2022-2025, with a focus on 2022/23 actions, which we intended would set the foundations for an IMTP to be submitted in the summer.

This was based on the premise that the Health Board's underlying deficit has worsened over the last two financial years following the gaps in delivery of recurrent savings in 2020/21 and 2021/22.

Following submission of the Plan, the Chief Executive of NHS Wales wrote to the Health Board in May 2022, noting that, given our financial situation we would not be in a position to have our Plan sent to the Minister for approval. The letter also noted areas which needed review.

During the course of the work to further develop the Plan which included discussion with the Board the Health Board concluded that it would not be in a position to submit a balanced financial plan during 2022/23 and therefore the updated Plan remained an annual plan set in a three year context, rather than an IMTP. The updated plan was submitted to WG in July 2022.

WG wrote to the Health Board on 29 September 2022 to advise: "The Minister has accepted the recommendation of Welsh Government officials that the escalation status of Hywel Dda University Health Board be raised to 'targeted intervention' for planning and finance but will remain at 'enhanced monitoring' for quality issues related to performance resulting in long waiting times and poor patient experience. The reason for increasing the escalation level to targeted intervention for finance and planning is because the health board has been unable to produce an approvable three-year IMTP, or a finalised annual plan and the growing financial deficit being noted".

The Minister for Health and Social Services extant approval

Status Not Approved Date

The LHB has not therefore met its statutory duty to have an approved financial plan for the period 2022-2025.

2.4 Creditor payment

The LHB is required to pay 95% of the number of non-NHS bills within 30 days of receipt of goods or a valid invoice (whichever is the later). The LHB has achieved the following results:

	2022-23	2021-22
Total number of non-NHS bills paid	282,778	240,786
Total number of non-NHS bills paid within target	270,188	229,189
Percentage of non-NHS bills paid within target	95.5%	95.2%

The LHB has met the target.

3. Analysis of gross operating costs

3.1 Expenditure on Primary Healthcare Services

	Cash limited	Non-cash limited	2022-23 Total	2021-22 Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
General Medical Services	79,855		79,855	76,935
Pharmaceutical Services	21,114	(6,277)	14,837	14,292
General Dental Services	23,308		23,308	21,738
General Ophthalmic Services	1,360	3,846	5,206	5,778
Other Primary Health Care expenditure	7,972		7,972	6,449
Prescribed drugs and appliances	86,698		86,698	78,978
Total	220,307	(2,431)	217,876	204,170

GMS includes £6.595m for managed practice staff costs

3.2 Expenditure on healthcare from other providers	2022-23 £000	2021-22 £000
	2000	2000
Goods and services from other NHS Wales Health Boards	47,949	44,776
Goods and services from other NHS Wales Trusts	9,423	9,497
Goods and services from Welsh Special Health Authorities	0	2,363
Goods and services from other non Welsh NHS bodies	1,612	1,712
Goods and services from WHSSC / EASC	121,541	109,290
Local Authorities	20,059	19,655
Voluntary organisations	4,003	2,735
NHS Funded Nursing Care	3,325	2,888
Continuing Care	49,203	48,638
Private providers	2,473	9,131
Specific projects funded by the Welsh Government	0	0
Other	40	25
Total	259,628	250,710

3.3 Expenditure on Hospital and Community Health Services

	2022-23	2021-22
	£000	£000
Production	0.054	0.000
Directors' costs	2,351	2,392
Operational Staff costs	552,152	520,279
Single lead employer Staff Trainee Cost	14,882	9,672
Collaborative Bank Staff Cost	0	0
Supplies and services - clinical	92,113	91,417
Supplies and services - general	7,160	10,363
Consultancy Services	1,629	1,741
Establishment	8,631	15,783
Transport	1,410	1,357
Premises	28,108	23,657
External Contractors	498	1,885
Depreciation	23,000	21,640
Depreciation (Right of Use assets RoU)	1,932	
Amortisation	750	472
Fixed asset impairments and reversals (Property, plant & equipment)	11,973	5,436
Fixed asset impairments and reversals (RoU Assets)	0	
Fixed asset impairments and reversals (Intangible assets)	0	0
Impairments & reversals of financial assets	0	0
Impairments & reversals of non-current assets held for sale	0	11
Audit fees	412	360
Other auditors' remuneration	0	0
Losses, special payments and irrecoverable debts	1,030	1,617
Research and Development	0	0
Expense related to short-term leases	178	
Expense related to low-value asset leases (excluding short-term leases)	583	
Other operating expenses	(5)	884
Total	748,787	708,966

${\bf 3.4\ Losses,\,special\,\,payments\,\,and\,\,irrecoverable\,\,debts:}$

charges to operating expenses

	2022-23	2021-22
Increase/(decrease) in provision for future payments:	£000	£000
Clinical negligence;		
Secondary care	22,475	21,967
Primary care	161	0
Redress Secondary Care	189	244
Redress Primary Care	0	0
Personal injury	(159)	195
All other losses and special payments	468	342
Defence legal fees and other administrative costs	1,057	839
Gross increase/(decrease) in provision for future payments	24,191	23,587
Contribution to Welsh Risk Pool	0	0
Premium for other insurance arrangements	0	0
Irrecoverable debts	147	109
Less: income received/due from Welsh Risk Pool	(23,308)	(22,079)
Total	1,030	1,617
	2022-23	2021-22
	£	£
Permanent injury included within personal injury £:	(609,907)	75,652

The negative figure for permanent injury is due to the change in the interest rate from a negative rate to a positive rate.

4. Miscellaneous Income

	2022-23 £000	2021-22 £000
Land Uhadib Danda	22.525	20.000
Local Health Boards Welsh Health Specialised Services Committee (WHSSC)/Emergency	22,605	20,680
Ambulance Services Committee (EASC)	3,079	2,697
NHS Wales trusts	8,587	8,732
Welsh Special Health Authorities	4,540	3,670
Foundation Trusts	0	0
Other NHS England bodies	4,289	3,737
Other NHS Bodies	148	7.045
Local authorities Welsh Government	5,603 2,623	7,815 3,680
Welsh Government Hosted bodies	0	0,000
Non NHS:	•	v
Prescription charge income	2	3
Dental fee income	1,813	1,734
Private patient income	24	20
Overseas patients (non-reciprocal)	145	169
Injury Costs Recovery (ICR) Scheme	701	623
Other income from activities	513	614
Patient transport services	0 8,235	7.633
Education, training and research Charitable and other contributions to expenditure	1,266	7,633 998
Receipt of NWSSP Covid centrally purchased assets	0	0
Receipt of Covid centrally purchased assets from other organisations	0	0
Receipt of donated assets	476	213
Receipt of Government granted assets	0	860
Right of Use Grant (Peppercorn Lease)	0	
Non-patient care income generation schemes	517	448
NHS Wales Shared Services Partnership (NWSSP)	0	0
Deferred income released to revenue	619 0	193
Right of Use Asset Sub-leasing rental income Contingent rental income from finance leases	0	0
Rental income from operating leases	345	514
Other income:		
Provision of laundry, pathology, payroll services	190	147
Accommodation and catering charges	1,290	1,343
Mortuary fees	195	180
Staff payments for use of cars	209	217
Business Unit	0	0
Scheme Pays Reimbursement Notional Other	(319) 3,727	923 2,527
Total	71,422	70,370
		. 0,0.0
Other ' other' income Includes;		
Creche Fees	161	178
Design Fees Recharge	482	411
Drugs Rebate	662	612
Contribution from Ty Bryngwyn Hospice	207	207
Werndale Recharge of CSSD packs	140	137
Energy performance contract	578	
Total	2,230	1,545
Injury Cost Recovery (ICR) Scheme income		
,2., 2.2230010.7 (10.17) 00.10110	2022-23	2021-22
	%	%
To reflect expected rates of collection ICR income is subject to a provision for		
impairment of:	23.76	23.76

310/354 324/368

ວ.	investment	Revenue

	2022-23	2021-22
	£000	£000
Rental revenue :		
PFI Finance lease income		
planned	0	0
contingent	0	0
Other finance lease revenue	0	0
Interest revenue :		
Bank accounts	0	0
Other loans and receivables	0	0
Impaired financial assets	0	0
Other financial assets	0	0
Total	0	0

6. Other gains and losses

	2022-23	2021-22
	£000	£000
Gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	17	28
Gain/(loss) on disposal of intangible assets	0	0
Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets held for sale	0	0
Gain/(loss) on disposal of financial assets	0	0
Change on foreign exchange	0	0
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through SoCNE	0	0
Change in fair value of financial liabilities at fair value through SoCNE	0	0
Recycling of gain/(loss) from equity on disposal of financial assets held for sale	0	0
Total	17	28

7. Finance costs

	2022-23	2021-22
	£000	£000
Interest on loans and overdrafts	0	0
Interest on obligations under finance leases	12	0
Interest on obligations under Right of Use Leases	92	
Interest on obligations under PFI contracts;		
main finance cost	0	0
contingent finance cost	0	0
Interest on late payment of commercial debt	0	0
Other interest expense	0	0
Total interest expense	104	0
Provisions unwinding of discount	36	(39)
Other finance costs	0	0
Total	140	(39)

325/368

8. Future change to SoCNE/Operating Leases

LHB as lessee

As at 31 March 2023 the LHB had 579 operating leases agreements.

	Post Implementati	Post Implementation of IFRS 16			
	Low Value & Short Term	Other			
Payments recognised as an expense	2022-23	2022-23	2021-22		
	£000	£000	£000		
Minimum lease payments	760	2,153	3,101		
Contingent rents	0	0	0		
Sub-lease payments	0	0	0		
Total	760	2,153	3,101		
Total future minimum lease payments					
Payable	£000	£000	£000		
Not later than one year	89	1,429	2,132		
Between one and five years	152	1,509	4,459		
After 5 years	0	0	1,577		
Total	241	2,938	8,168		

As a result of the implementation of IFRS 16 the current year operating lease figures relate to low value and short term leases only. Previously reported Expenditure £3.101m and Minimum lease Payments £2.637m transitioned to the balance sheet as right of use assets.

LHB as lessor

	Post Implementation of IFRS 16	Pre implementation of IFRS 16
Rental revenue	£000	£000
Rent	292	436
Contingent rents	0	0
Total revenue rental	292	436
Total future minimum lease payments		
Receivable	£000	£000
Not later than one year	292	386
Between one and five years	1,461	2,251
After 5 years	561	0
Total	2,314	2,637

32

312/354 326/368

9. Employee benefits and staff numbers

9.1 Employee costs	Permanent Staff S	Staff on Inward Secondment	Agency Staff	Specialist Trainee (SLE)	Collaborative Bank Staff	Other	Total	2021-22
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Salaries and wages	409,199	2,735	34,679	12,378	0	8,549	467,540	436,997
Social security costs	42,942	0	0	1,467	0	745	45,154	40,670
Employer contributions to NHS Pension Scheme	71,160	0	0	1,492	0	0	72,652	66,946
Other pension costs	319	0	0	0	0	0	319	265
Other employment benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Termination benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	523,620	2,735	34,679	15,337	0	9,294	585,665	544,878

Charged to capital

Charged to revenue

835 662 584,830 544,216 585,665 544,878 (11,969) 511

Net movement in accrued employee benefits (untaken staff leave)

'Other' employee costs include the following:

Medacs - Medical & Dental Medacs - Additional Healthcare Professionals Scheme Pay Payment Provision (PAACCS)

9.2 Average number of employees

	Permanent Staff S	Staff on Inward econdment	Agency Staff	Specialist Trainee (SLE)	Collaborative Bank Staff	Other	Total	2021-22
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
Administrative, clerical and board members	2,163	2	1	0	0	0	2,166	2,028
Medical and dental	638	2	2	218	0	29	889	808
Nursing, midwifery registered	2,960	2	456	0	0	0	3,418	3,141
Professional, Scientific, and technical staff	357	1	0	0	0	0	358	327
Additional Clinical Services	2,266	0	2	0	0	0	2,268	2,099
Allied Health Professions	685	0	0	0	0	21	706	679
Healthcare Scientists	194	1	0	0	0	0	195	196
Estates and Ancilliary	836	0	9	0	0	0	845	891
Students	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	10,099	8	470	218	0	50	10,845	10,169

9.3. Retirements due to ill-health

 Number
 10
 12

 Estimated additional pension costs £
 555,270
 438,633

The estimated additional pension costs of these ill-health retirements have been calculated on an average basis and are borne by the NHS Pension Scheme.

9.4 Employee benefits

The Health Board has no employee benefits.

9.5 Reporting of other compensation schemes - exit packages

Number of compulsory redundancies Number of compulsory packages Number sonly packages Number sonly numbers only numbers only numbers only Number of exit packages Number of exit pac		2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2021-22	
Numbers only Numb		compulsory	other	of exit	departures where special payments have		
less than £10,000 0 1 1 0 1 £10,000 to £25,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 £25,000 to £50,000 1 0 0 0 0 0 0							
£10,000 to £25,000 0	less than £10,000	•	•	•	•	•	
£25,000 to £50,000 0 1 1 0 0 £50,000 to £100,000 0 0 0 0 0 £150,000 to £200,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 £150,000 to £200,000 0	•						
£50,000 to £100,000 0 0 0 0 0 £100,000 to £150,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 £150,000 to £200,000 0		0	1	1	0	0	
£150,000 to £200,000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 0 1 2		0	0	0	0	0	
Total Cost of Exit packages cost band (including any special payment element) Cost of compulsory redundancies £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £	£100,000 to £150,000	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	£150,000 to £200,000	0	0	0	0	0	
Cost of special payment element Cost of compulsory redundancies Cost of other geartures Cost of exit packages cost band (including any special payment element) Cost of other geartures Cost of other departures Cost of other geartures Cost of special element included in exit packages Cost of exit packages Cost of other geartures Cost of other geartures Cost of other geartures Cost of other exit packages Cost of special element included in exit packages Cost of exit packages Cost of exit packages Cost of other geartures Cost	more than £200,000	0	0	0	0	0	
Exit packages cost band (including any special payment element)	Total	0	2	2	0	1	
Exit packages cost band (including any special payment element) Cost of compulsory redundancies Cost of other departures Total cost of exit packages Included in exit packages Total cost of exit packages £		2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2021-22	
Less than £10,000		compulsory			element included in exit		
£10,000 to £25,000 0		£	£	£	£	£	
£25,000 to £50,000 0 49,338 49,338 0 0 £50,000 to £100,000 0 0 0 0 0 £100,000 to £150,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 £150,000 to £200,000 0 <td>less than £10,000</td> <td>0</td> <td>1,295</td> <td>1,295</td> <td>0</td> <td>2,500</td>	less than £10,000	0	1,295	1,295	0	2,500	
£50,000 to £100,000 0 0	£10,000 to £25,000	0	0	0	0	0	
£100,000 to £150,000	£25,000 to £50,000	0	49,338	49,338	0	0	
£150,000 to £200,000 0	£50,000 to £100,000	0	0	0	0	0	
more than £200,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2,500 Exit costs paid in year of departure Total paid in year Total paid in year Year year year 2021-22 £	£100,000 to £150,000		•	-			
Total 0 50,633 50,633 0 2,500 Exit costs paid in year of departure Total paid in year Total paid in year year year 2021-22 £ <td rowsp<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td>				_		
Exit costs paid in year of departure Total paid in year Total paid in year 2022-23 2021-22 £ £ Exit costs paid in year 50,633 0	·						
Exit costs paid in year of departure year year 2022-23 2021-22 £ £ Exit costs paid in year 50,633 0	Total	0	50,633	50,633	0	2,500	
£ £ Exit costs paid in year 50,633 0	Exit costs paid in year of departure			year		year	
Exit costs paid in year 50,633 0							
	Exit costs paid in year			~			
	Total			50,633		0	

Redundancy and other departure costs have been paid in accordance with the provisions of the NHS Voluntary Early Release Scheme (VERS). Where the LHB has agreed early retirements, the additional costs are met by the LHB and not by the NHS Pensions Scheme. Ill-health retirement costs are met by the NHS Pensions Scheme and are not included in the table.

9.6 Fair Pay disclosures

9.6.1 Remuneration Relationship

Reporting bodies are required to disclose the relationship between the remuneration of the highest-paid director/employee in their organisation and the 25th percentile, median and 75th percentile remuneration of the organisation's workforce.

	2022-23 £000 Chief	2022-23 £000	2022-23 £000	2021-22 £000 Chief	2021-22 £000	2021-22 £000
Total pay and benefits	Executive	Employee	Ratio	Executive	Employee	Ratio
25th percentile pay ratio	208	23	9.04	203	20	10.15
Median pay	208	29	7.17	203	32	6.34
75th percentile pay ratio	208	43	4.84	203	39	5.21
Salary component of total pay and benefit	s					
25th percentile pay ratio	208	23	9.04	203	20	10.15
Median pay	208	29	7.17	203	32	6.34
75th percentile pay ratio	208	43	4.84	203	39	5.21

In 2022-23, 41 (2021-22, 29) employees received remuneration in excess of the highest-paid director.

Remuneration for all staff ranged from £20,758 to £367,923 (2021-22, £18,545 to £334,158).

The all staff range includes directors (including the highest paid director) and excludes pension benefits of all employees.

The Chief Executive is the highest paid Director.

Financial year summary

The median pay of the workforce has remained consistent year on year.

9.6.2 Percentage Changes	2021-22	2020-21
	to	to
	2022-23	2021-22
% Change from previous financial year in respect of Chief Executive	%	%
Salary and allowances	2	2
Performance pay and bonuses	0	0
Average % Change from previous financial year in respect of employees takes as a whole		
Salary and allowances	0	1
Performance pay and bonuses	0	0

315/354 329/368

9.7 Pension costs

Past and present employees are covered by the provisions of the two NHS Pension Schemes. Details of the benefits payable and rules of the Schemes can be found on the NHS Pensions website at www.nhsbsa.nhs.uk/pensions. Both are unfunded defined benefit schemes that cover NHS employers, GP practices and other bodies, allowed under the direction of the Secretary of State for Health and Social Care in England and Wales. They are not designed to be run in a way that would enable NHS bodies to identify their share of the underlying scheme assets and liabilities. Therefore, each scheme is accounted for as if it were a defined contribution scheme: the cost to the NHS body of participating in each scheme is taken as equal to the contributions payable to that scheme for the accounting period.

In order that the defined benefit obligations recognised in the financial statements do not differ materially from those that would be determined at the reporting date by a formal actuarial valuation, the FReM requires that "the period between formal valuations shall be four years, with approximate assessments in intervening years". An outline of these follows:

a) Accounting valuation

A valuation of scheme liability is carried out annually by the scheme actuary (currently the Government Actuary's Department) as at the end of the reporting period. This utilises an actuarial assessment for the previous accounting period in conjunction with updated membership and financial data for the current reporting period, and is accepted as providing suitably robust figures for financial reporting purposes. The valuation of the scheme liability as at 31 March 2023, is based on valuation data as 31 March 2022, updated to 31 March 2023 with summary global member and accounting data. In undertaking this actuarial assessment, the methodology prescribed in IAS 19, relevant FReM interpretations, and the discount rate prescribed by HM Treasury have also been used.

The latest assessment of the liabilities of the scheme is contained in the report of the scheme actuary, which forms part of the annual NHS Pension Scheme Accounts. These accounts can be viewed on the NHS Pensions website and are published annually. Copies can also be obtained from The Stationery Office.

b) Full actuarial (funding) valuation

The purpose of this valuation is to assess the level of liability in respect of the benefits due under the schemes (taking into account recent demographic experience), and to recommend contribution rates payable by employees and employers.

The latest actuarial valuation undertaken for the NHS Pension Scheme was completed as at 31 March 2016. The results of this valuation set the employer contribution rate payable from April 2019 to 20.6% of pensionable pay.

The actuarial valuation as at 31 March 2020 is currently underway and will set the new employer contribution rate due to be implemented from April 2024.

316/354 330/368

c) National Employment Savings Trust (NEST)

NEST is a workplace pension scheme, which was set up by legislation and is treated as a trust-based scheme. The Trustee responsible for running the scheme is NEST Corporation. It's a non-departmental public body (NDPB) that operates at arm's length from government and is accountable to Parliament through the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP).

NEST Corporation has agreed a loan with the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP). This has paid for the scheme to be set up and will cover expected shortfalls in scheme costs during the earlier years while membership is growing.

NEST Corporation aims for the scheme to become self-financing while providing consistently low charges to members.

Using qualifying earnings to calculate contributions, currently the legal minimum level of contributions is 8% of a jobholder's qualifying earnings, for employers whose legal duties have started. The employer must pay at least 3% of this.

The earnings band used to calculate minimum contributions under existing legislation is called qualifying earnings. Qualifying earnings are currently those between £6,240 and £50,270 for the 2022-2023 tax year (2021-2022 £6,240 and £50,270).

Restrictions on the annual contribution limits were removed on 1st April 2017.

317/354 331/368

10. Public Sector Payment Policy - Measure of Compliance

10.1 Prompt payment code - measure of compliance

The Welsh Government requires that Health Boards pay all their trade creditors in accordance with the CBI prompt payment code and Government Accounting rules. The Welsh Government has set as part of the Health Board financial targets a requirement to pay 95% of the number of non-NHS creditors within 30 days of delivery.

	2022-23	2022-23	2021-22	2021-22
NHS	Number	£000	Number	£000
Total bills paid	3,776	316,452	3,303	286,827
Total bills paid within target	3,610	315,273	3,162	283,597
Percentage of bills paid within target	95.6%	99.6%	95.7%	98.9%
Non-NHS				
Total bills paid	282,778	616,240	240,786	454,040
Total bills paid within target	270,188	603,658	229,189	438,209
Percentage of bills paid within target	95.5%	98.0%	95.2%	96.5%
Total				
Total bills paid	286,554	932,692	244,089	740,867
Total bills paid within target	273,798	918,931	232,351	721,806
Percentage of bills paid within target	95.5%	98.5%	95.2%	97.4%

10.2 The Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998

	2022-23	2021-22
	£	£
Amounts included within finance costs (note 7) from claims		
made under this legislation	0	0
Compensation paid to cover debt recovery costs under this legislation	0	0
Total	0	0

318/354 332/368

11.1 Property, plant and equipment

	Land £000	Buildings, excluding dwellings £000	Dwellings £000	Assets under construction & payments on account £000	Plant and machinery £000	Transport equipment £000	Information technology £000	Furniture & fittings £000	Total £000
Cost at 31 March bf	25.456	253,270	8,424	37,369	95.575	129	33.137	12,567	465,927
NHS Wales Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prepayments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfer of Finance Leases to ROU Asset Note	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cost or valuation at 1 April 2022	25,456	253,270	8,424	37,369	95,575	129	33,137	12,567	465,927
Indexation	(468)	6,269	391	0	0	0	0	0	6,192
Additions									
- purchased	0	3,198	0	23,551	3,289	136	1,735	1,223	33,132
- donated	0	0	0	0	445	0	6	25	476
- government granted	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfer from/into other NHS bodies	0	0	0	0	582	0	0	0	582
Reclassifications	0	30,359	0	(30,405)	46	0	0	0	0
Revaluations	326	(5,242)	(186)	0	0	0	0	0	(5,102)
Reversal of impairments	8	(1,652)	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1,644)
Impairments	(493)	(22,139)	0	(2,649)	0	0	0	0	(25,281)
Reclassified as held for sale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0		0	(5,383)	0	0	0	(5,383)
At 31 March 2023	24,829	264,063	8,629	27,866	94,554	265	34,878	13,815	468,899
Depreciation at 31 March bf NHS Wales Transfers Transfer of Finance Leases to ROU Asset Note Depreciation at 1 April 2022 Indexation Transfer from/into other NHS bodies Reclassifications Revaluations Reversal of impairments	0 0 0 0 0 0	39,270 0 39,270 (2) 0 (24,794) (13,027)	1,882 0 0 1,882 2 0 0 (1,878)	0 0 0 0 0 0	63,661 0 0 63,661 0 0 (181)	95 0 95 0 0 0	21,411 0 0 21,411 0 0 0	8,056 0 8,056 0 0	134,375 0 0 134,375 0 0 0 (26,853) (13,027)
Impairments	0	(1,925)	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1,925)
Reclassified as held for sale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	(5,187)	0	0	0	(5,187)
Provided during the year	0	9,689	458	0	7,577	7	3,827	1,442	23,000
At 31 March 2023	0	9,211	464	0_	65,870	102	25,238	9,498	110,383
Net book value at 1 April 2022	25,456	214,000	6,542	37,369	31,914	34	11,726	4,511	331,552
Net book value at 31 March 2023	24,829	254,852	8,165	27,866	28,684	163	9,640	4,317	358,516
Net book value at 31 March 2023 comprises :									
Purchased	24,615	250,133	8,165	27,866	26,963	163	9,563	4,224	351,692
Donated	214	4,719	0	0	879	0	70	93	5,975
Government Granted	0	0	0	0	842	0	7	0	849
At 31 March 2023	24,829	254,852	8,165	27,866	28,684	163	9,640	4,317	358,516
Asset financing :		•			•		•	•	
Owned	24,829	254,852	8,165	27,866	28,684	163	9,640	4,317	358,516
Held on finance lease	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
On-SoFP PFI contracts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PFI residual interests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
At 31 March 2023	24,829	254,852	8,165	27,866	28,684	163	9,640	4,317	358,516

The net book value of land, buildings and dwellings at 31 March 2023 comprises :

 Freehold
 £000

 Long Leasehold
 284,900

 Short Leasehold
 2,946

 Short Leasehold
 0

 287,846
 287,846

Valuers 'material uncertainty', in valuation. The disclosure relates to the materiality in the valuation report not that of the underlying account.

The land and buildings were revalued by the Valuation Office Agency with an effective date of 1 April 2022. The valuation has been prepared in accordance with the terms of the latest version of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors' Valuation Standards. LHBs are required to apply the revaluation model set out in IAS 16 and value its capital assets to fair value. Fair value is defined by IAS 16 as the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arms length transaction. This has been undertaken on the assumption that the property is sold as part of the continuing enterprise in occupation.

During 2022-23 there were some equipment transfers from the National Equipment Reserve & NHS Regional Leads network. The legal transfer of these did not take place during 2022/23 due to late notification of transfer. The total estimated value of these are £25,000.

11.1 Property, plant and equipment

	Land £000	Buildings, excluding dwellings £000	Dwellings £000	Assets under construction & payments on account £000	Plant and machinery £000	Transport equipment £000	Information technology £000	Furniture & fittings £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation at 1 April 2021 Indexation	24,952 299	236,937 7,821	7,944 375	12,430 0	82,428 0	93 0	29,495 0	12,001 0	406,280 8,495
Additions									
- purchased	0	1,005	0	38,714	15,784	36	3,601	569	59,709
- donated	0	0	0	0	212	0	0	0	212
- government granted	0	0	0	27	821	0	0	0	848
Transfer from/into other NHS bodies	0	0	0	0	(456)	0	0	0	(456)
Reclassifications	0	13,656	105	(13,802)	0	0	41	0	0
Revaluations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reversal of impairments	205	2,608	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,813
Impairments	0	(8,757)	0	0	(541)	0	0	0	(9,298)
Reclassified as held for sale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	(2,673)	0	0	(3)	(2,676)
At 31 March 2022	25,456	253,270	8,424	37,369	95,575	129	33,137	12,567	465,927
Depreciation at 1 April 2021	0	29,489	1,443	0	60,437	93	17,491	6,679	115,632
Indexation	0	1,124	68	0	0	0	0	0	1,192
Transfer from/into other NHS bodies	0	0	0	0	(364)	0	0	0	(364)
Reclassifications	0	(2)	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluations	0	0	0	0	(72)	0	0	0	(72)
Reversal of impairments	0	(573)	0	0	0	0	0	0	(573)
Impairments	0	(386)	0	0	(90)	0	0	0	(476)
Reclassified as held for sale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	(2,601)	0	0	(3)	(2,604)
Provided during the year	0	9,618	369	0	6,351	2	3,920	1,380	21,640
At 31 March 2022		39,270	1,882		63,661	95	21,411	8,056	134,375
Net book value at 1 April 2021	24,952	207,448	6,501	12,430	21,991	0	12,004	5,322	290,648
Net book value at 31 March 2022	25,456	214,000	6,542	37,369	31,914	34	11,726	4,511	331,552
Net book value at 31 March 2022 comprises :									
Purchased	25,203	209,795	6,542	37,369	30,145	34	11,612	4,388	325,088
Donated	253	4,181	0,0.2	0	758	0	103	123	5,418
Government Granted	0	24	0	0	1,011	0	11	0	1,046
At 31 March 2022	25,456	214,000	6,542	37,369	31,914	34	11,726	4,511	331,552
Asset financing :	-,	,	-,	- ,	- ,		, ,	,-	,
Owned	25,456	214,000	6,542	37,369	31,914	34	11,726	4,511	331,552
Held on finance lease	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
On-SoFP PFI contracts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PFI residual interests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
At 31 March 2022	25,456	214,000	6,542	37,369	31,914	34	11,726	4,511	331,552

The net book value of land, buildings and dwellings at 31 March 2022 comprises :

 Freehold
 329,869

 Long Leasehold
 1,683

 Short Leasehold
 0

 331,552
 331,552

Valuers 'material uncertainty', in valuation. The disclosure relates to the materiality in the valuation report not that of the underlying account.

The land and buildings were revalued by the Valuation Office Agency with an effective date of 1 April 2017. The valuation has been prepared in accordance with the terms of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors Valuation Standards, 6th Edition. LHB s are required to apply the revaluation model set out in IAS 16 and value its capital assets to fair value. Fair value is defined by IAS 16 as the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arms length transaction. This has been undertaken on the assumption that the property is sold as part of the continuing enterprise in occupation.

320/354 334/368

11. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Disclosures:

i) Donated Assets

Hywel Dda LHB has received the following donated assets during the year:
Hywel Dda General Fund Charity (1147683) Plant and Machinery £470.291

Hywel Dda General Fund Charity (1147683) Plant and Machinery £470,291 Other Contributions £5,944

Total Donated Assets 476,235

ii) Valuations

The LHBs land and Buildings were revalued by the Valuation Office Agency with an effective date of 1 April 2022. The valuation has been prepared in accordance with the terms of the latest version of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors' Valuation Standards.

The LHB is required to apply the revaluation model set out in IAS 16 and value its capital assets to fair value. Fair value is defined by IAS 16 as the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arms length transaction. This has been undertaken on the assumption that the property is sold as part of the continuing enterprise in operation.

iii) Asset Lives

Depreciated as follows:

- Land is not depreciated.
- Buildings as determined by the Valuation Office Agency.
- Equipment 5-15 years.

iv) Compensation

There has been no compensation received from third parties for assets impaired, lost or given up, that is included in the income statement.

v) Write Downs

There have been no write downs.

vi) The LHB does not hold any property where the value is materially different from its open market value.

vii) Assets Held for Sale or sold in the period.

There are not assets held for sale or sold in the period other than surplus Plant and Machinery.

viii) Reinforced Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (RAAC)

RAAC has been identified within the Health Board Estate. The detailed extent and condition of the NHS Wales organisations identified as having RAAC has yet to be completed. Thus to make an informed assessment to determine the remaining life assessment of the buildings further work is required. This work is being undertaken at present across all of the NHS Estate (which will hopefully be completed by late summer 2023) which will enable such an assessment to be made for the 23-24 financial year.

11. Property, plant and equipment 11.2 Non-current assets held for sale	Land	Buildings, including dwelling	Other property, plant and equipment	Intangible assets	Other assets	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Balance brought forward 1 April 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plus assets classified as held for sale in the year	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Less assets sold in the year	0	0	0	0	0	0
Add reversal of impairment of assets held for sale	0	0	0	0	0	0
Less impairment of assets held for sale Less assets no longer classified as held for sale,	0	0	0	0	0	0
for reasons other than disposal by sale	0	0	0	0	0	0
Balance carried forward 31 March 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0
Balance brought forward 1 April 2021	196	196	0	0	0	392
Plus assets classified as held for sale in the year	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation	8	0	0	0	0	8
Less assets sold in the year	(193)	(196)	0	0	0	(389)
Add reversal of impairment of assets held for sale	0	0	0	0	0	0
Less impairment of assets held for sale	(11)	0	0	0	0	(11)
Less assets no longer classified as held for sale, for reasons other than disposal by sale	0	0	0	0	0	0
Balance carried forward 31 March 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0

11.3 Right of Use Assets

The organisation's right of use asset leases are disclosed across the relevant headings below. Most are individually insignificant, however, one is significant in its own right: Equipment provided under the Managed Services Contract for Pathology - NBV at 31 March 2023 £1.605m.

2022-23	Land £000	Land & buildings £000	Buildings £000	Dwellings £000	Plant and machinery £000	Transport equipment £000	Information technology £000	Furniture & fittings £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation at 31 March	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lease prepayments in relation to RoU Assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfer of Finance Leases from PPE Note	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Operating Leases Transitioning	182	7617	0	0	2048	288	496	0	10631
Cost or valuation at 1 April	182	7617	0	0	2048	288	496	0	10631
Additions	41	87	0	0	201	257	0	0	586
Transfer from/into other NHS bodies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reclassifications	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reversal of impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
De-recognition	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
At 31 March	223	7704	0	0	2249	545	496	0	11217
Depreciation at 31 March	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfer of Finance Leases from PPE Note	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Operating Leases Transitioning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Depreciation at 1 April	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Recognition	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers from/into other NHS bodies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reclassifications	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reversal of impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
De-recognition	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provided during the year	11	1199	0	0	317	228	177	0	1932
At 31 March	11	1199	0	0	317	228	177	0	1932
Net book value at 1 April	182	7617	0	0	2048	288	496	0	10631
Net book value at 31 March	212	6505	0	0	1932	317	319	0	9285
		Land							
RoU Asset Total Value Split by Lessor		&			Plant and	Transport	Information	Furniture	
Lessor	Land	buildings	Buildings	Dwellings	machinery	equipment	technology	& fittings	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
NHS Wales Peppercorn Leases	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
NHS Wales Market Value Leases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Public Sector Peppercorn Leases	177	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	177
Other Public Sector Market Value Leases	0	1792	0	0	0	0	0	0	1792
Private Sector Peppercorn Leases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Private Sector Market Value Leases	35	4709	0	0	1932	317	319	0	7312
Total	212	6505	0	0	1932	317	319	0	9285

11.3 Right of Use Assets continued

Quantitative disclosures

Maturity analysis	
Contractual undiscounted cash flows relating to lease liabilities	£000
Less than 1 year	1,935
2-5 years	5,258
> 5 years	2,237
Total	9,430
Lease Liabilities (net of irrecoverable VAT)	£000
Current	1,856
Non-Current	7,280
Total	9,136
Amounts Recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure	£000
Depreciation	1,932
Impairment	0
Variable lease payments not included in lease liabilities - Interest expense	92
Sub-leasing income	0
Expense related to short-term leases	178
Expense related to low-value asset leases (excluding short-term leases)	583
Amounts Recognised in Statement of Cashflows (net of irrecoverable VAT	£000
Interest expense	92
Repayments of principal on leases	1,893
Total	1,985

12. Intangible non-current assets 2022-23

2022-23	Software (purchased)	Software (internally generated)	Licences and trademarks	Patents	Development expenditure- internally generated	Assets under Construction	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cost or valuation at 1 April 2022	5,947	0	77	0	0	0	6,024
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reclassifications	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reversal of impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Additions- purchased	62	0	0	0	0	0	62
Additions- internally generated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Additions- donated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Additions- government granted	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reclassified as held for sale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gross cost at 31 March 2023	6,009	0	77	0	0	0	6,086
Amortisation at 1 April 2022	3,163	0	77	0	0	0	3,240
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reclassifications	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reversal of impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provided during the year	750	0	0	0	0	0	750
Reclassified as held for sale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amortisation at 31 March 2023	3,913	0	77	0	0	0	3,990
Net book value at 1 April 2022	2,784	0	0	0	0	0	2,784
Net book value at 31 March 2023	2,096	0	0	0	0	0	2,096
NBV at 31 March 2023							
Purchased	2,088	0	0	0	0	0	2,088
Donated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Government Granted	8	0	0	0	0	0	8
Internally generated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total at 31 March 2023	2,096		0	0	0	0	2,096
	_,						,

12. Intangible non-current assets 2021-22

	Software (purchased)	Software (internally generated)	Licences and trademarks	Patents	Development expenditure- internally generated	Assets under Construction	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cost or valuation at 1 April 2021	4,040	0	77	0	0	0	4,117
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reclassifications	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reversal of impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Additions- purchased	1,895	0	0	0	0	0	1,895
Additions- internally generated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Additions- donated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Additions- government granted	12	0	0	0	0	0	12
Reclassified as held for sale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gross cost at 31 March 2022	5,947	0		0	0	0	6,024
Amortisation at 1 April 2021	2,691	0	77	0	0	0	2,768
Revaluation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reclassifications	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reversal of impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provided during the year	472	0	0	0	0	0	472
Reclassified as held for sale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amortisation at 31 March 2022	3,163	0	77	0	0	0	3,240
Net book value at 1 April 2021	1,349	0	0	0	0	0	1,349
Net book value at 31 March 2022	2,784	0	0	0	0	0	2,784
NBV at 31 March 2022	0.774	2	2	0	0	2	2 774
Purchased	2,774	0	0	0	0	0	2,774
Donated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Government Granted	10	0	0	0	0	0	10
Internally generated	<u> </u>	0	0	0	0	<u> </u>	2 794
Total at 31 March 2022	2,784				<u> </u>		2,784

Additional Disclosures re Intangible Assets

Computer Software & Licences are capitalised at their purchased price.

Computer Software & Licences are not indexed as IT assets and are not subject to indexation.

The assets are amortised monthly over their expected life.

The gross carrying amount of fully amortised intangible assets still in use as at 31 March 2023 was £2,489,883.

47

327/354 341/368

13 . Impairments

·	2022-23 Property, plant & equipment £000	2022-23 Right of Use Assets £000	2022-23 Intangible assets £000	2021-22 Property, plant & equipment £000	•	2021-22 Intangible assets £000
Impairments arising from :						
Loss or damage from normal operations	0	0	0	0		0
Abandonment in the course of construction	0	0	0	0		0
Over specification of assets (Gold Plating)	0	0	0	0		0
Loss as a result of a catastrophe	0	0	0	0		0
Unforeseen obsolescence	0	0	0	0		0
Changes in market price	0	0	0	0		0
Others (specify)	24,176	0	0	8,834		0
Reversal of Impairments	(11,383)	0	0	(3,386)		0
Total of all impairments	12,793	0	0	5,448		0
Analysis of impairments charged to reserves in year	:					
Charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expend	ditu 11,973	0	0	5,448		0
Charged to Revaluation Reserve	820	0	0	0		0
Total	12,793	0	0	5,448		0

Other includes: 5 yearly revaluation of estate Revaluation of schemes on compleition of major projects: Prince Philip Hospital Day Surgery Unit Prince Philip Hospital CT Installation works Withubush Hospital CT Insallation works 10,770 11,970 890 546 Total 24,176

14.1 Inventories

	31 March	31 March
	2023	2022
	£000	£000
Drugs	5,843	5,052
Consumables	5,442	5,014
Energy	257	333
Work in progress	0	0
Other	0	0
Total	11,542	10,399
Of which held at realisable value	0	0

14.2 Inventories recognised in expenses	31 March	31 March
	2023	2022
	£000	£000
Inventories recognised as an expense in the period	0	0
Write-down of inventories (including losses)	0	0
Reversal of write-downs that reduced the expense	0	0
Total	0	0

15. Trade and other Receivables

13. ITade and other Receivables		
Current	31 March	31 March
	2023	2022
	£000	£000
Welsh Government	166	2,857
WHSSC / EASC	728	2,079
Welsh Health Boards	2,301	535
Welsh NHS Trusts	1,907	3,319
Welsh Special Health Authorities	653	266
Non - Welsh Trusts	39	40
Other NHS	829	327
2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement	604	923
Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement		
NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector	29,662	28,672
NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement	182	4
NHS Wales Redress	1,268	1,390
Other	0	0
Local Authorities	1,469	2,135
Capital debtors - Tangible	0	0
Capital debtors - Intangible	0	0
Other debtors	12,618	6,886
Provision for irrecoverable debts	(930)	(1,077)
Pension Prepayments NHS Pensions	0	0
Pension Prepayments NEST	0	0
Other prepayments	5,692	4,929
Other accrued income	0	0
Sub total	57,188	53,285
Sub total Non-current	57,188	53,285
	57,188	53,285
Non-current		
Non-current Welsh Government	0	0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC	0	0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards	0 0 0	0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement;	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 77,539	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement NHS Wales Redress	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 77,539 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement NHS Wales Redress Other	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 77,539 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement NHS Wales Redress Other Local Authorities	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 77,539 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement NHS Wales Redress Other Local Authorities Capital debtors - Tangible	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 77,539 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement NHS Wales Redress Other Local Authorities Capital debtors - Tangible Capital debtors - Intangible	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 77,539 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement NHS Wales Redress Other Local Authorities Capital debtors - Tangible Capital debtors - Intangible Other debtors	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 77,539 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement NHS Wales Redress Other Local Authorities Capital debtors - Tangible Capital debtors - Intangible Other debtors Provision for irrecoverable debts	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement NHS Wales Redress Other Local Authorities Capital debtors - Tangible Capital debtors - Intangible Other debtors Provision for irrecoverable debts Pension Prepayments NHS Pensions	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement NHS Wales Redress Other Local Authorities Capital debtors - Tangible Capital debtors - Intangible Other debtors Provision for irrecoverable debts Pension Prepayments NHS Pensions Pension Prepayments NEST	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement NHS Wales Redress Other Local Authorities Capital debtors - Tangible Capital debtors - Intangible Other debtors Provision for irrecoverable debts Pension Prepayments NHS Pensions Pension Prepayments NEST Other prepayments	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement NHS Wales Redress Other Local Authorities Capital debtors - Tangible Capital debtors - Intangible Other debtors Provision for irrecoverable debts Pension Prepayments NHS Pensions Pension Prepayments NEST Other prepayments Other accrued income	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Non-current Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Non - Welsh Trusts Other NHS 2019-20 Scheme Pays - Welsh Government Reimbursement Welsh Risk Pool Claim reimbursement; NHS Wales Secondary Health Sector NHS Wales Primary Sector FLS Reimbursement NHS Wales Redress Other Local Authorities Capital debtors - Tangible Capital debtors - Intangible Other debtors Provision for irrecoverable debts Pension Prepayments NHS Pensions Pension Prepayments NEST Other prepayments	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

15. Trade and other Receivables (continued)

Receivables past their due date but not impaired

	31 March	31 March
	2023	2022
	£000	£000
By up to three months	764	195
By three to six months	78	26
By more than six months	116	48
	958	269

Expected Credit Losses (ECL) / Provision for impairment of receivables

Balance at 1 April	(1,077)	(967)
Transfer to other NHS Wales body	0	0
Amount written off during the year	80	0
Amount recovered during the year	0	0
(Increase) / decrease in receivables impaired	67	(110)
Bad debts recovered during year	0	0
Balance at 31 March	(930)	(1,077)

In determining whether a debt is impaired consideration is given to the age of the debt and the results of actions taken to recover the debt, including reference to credit agencies.

Receivables VAT

050	889
0	0
658	889
	658 0 658

331/354 345/368

16. Other Financial Assets

10. Other Financial Assets					
	Curre	nt	Non-	current	
	31 March	31 March 31 March		31 March	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Financial assets					
Shares and equity type investments					
Held to maturity investments at amortised costs	0	0	0	0	
At fair value through SOCNE	0	0	0	0	
Available for sale at FV	0	0	0	0	
Deposits	0	0	0	0	
Loans	0	0	0	0	
Derivatives	0	0	0	0	
Other (Specify)					
Right of Use Asset Finance Sublease	145		1,121		
Held to maturity investments at amortised costs	0	0	0	0	
At fair value through SOCNE	0	0	0	0	
Available for sale at FV	0	0	0	0	
Total	145	0	1,121	0	

17. Cash and cash equivalents

	2022-23 £000	2021-22 £000
Balance at 1 April	1,565	2,313
Net change in cash and cash equivalent balances	2,379	(748)
Balance at 31 March	3,944	1,565
Made up of: Cash held at GBS Commercial banks	3,680 245	1,385 160
Cash in hand	19	20
Cash and cash equivalents as in Statement of Financial Position	3,944	1,565
Bank overdraft - GBS	0	0
Bank overdraft - Commercial banks	0	0
Cash and cash equivalents as in Statement of Cash Flows	3,944	1,565

The movement relates to cash, no comparative information is required by IAS 7 in 2022-23.

18. Trade and other payables

Current	31 March	31 March
	2023	2022
W.I. 0	£000	£000
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC	19 2,533	0 910
Welsh Health Boards	2,533 1,941	693
Welsh NHS Trusts	2,480	1,770
Welsh Special Health Authorities	58	94
Other NHS	9,268	8,950
Taxation and social security payable / refunds	6,530	4,692
Refunds of taxation by HMRC	0	0
VAT payable to HMRC	0	0
Other taxes payable to HMRC	0	0
NI contributions payable to HMRC	6,850	5,817 27,040
Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities	30,547 12,256	10,642
Capital payables- Tangible	14,030	19,467
Capital payables- Intangible	227	1,037
Overdraft	0	0
Rentals due under operating leases	0	0
RoU Lease Liability	2,001	
Obligations under finance leases, HP contracts		0
Imputed finance lease element of on SoFP PFI contracts	0	0
Pensions: staff	0	0
Non NHS Accruals Deferred Income:	80,436	83,649
Deferred Income brought forward	620	237
Deferred Income Additions	1,030	576
Transfer to / from current/non current deferred income	0	0
Released to SoCNE	(619)	(193)
Other creditors	16,420	9,999
PFI assets –deferred credits	0	0
Payments on account		0
Sub Total	186,627	175,380
Non-current		
Welsh Government	0	0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC	0	0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards	0	0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts	0 0	0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities	0 0 0	0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds	0 0 0	0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft Rentals due under operating leases	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Intangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft Rentals due under operating leases RoU Lease Liability	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft Rentals due under operating leases RoU Lease Liability Obligations under finance leases, HP contracts	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft Rentals due under operating leases RoU Lease Liability Obligations under finance leases, HP contracts Imputed finance lease element of on SoFP PFI contracts Pensions: staff Non NHS Accruals	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft Rentals due under operating leases ROU Lease Liability Obligations under finance leases, HP contracts Imputed finance lease element of on SoFP PFI contracts Pensions: staff Non NHS Accruals Deferred Income:	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft Rentals due under operating leases RoU Lease Liability Obligations under finance leases, HP contracts Imputed finance lease element of on SoFP PFI contracts Pensions: staff Non NHS Accruals Deferred Income: Deferred Income brought forward	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Con-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft Rentals due under operating leases RoU Lease Liability Obligations under finance leases, HP contracts Imputed finance lease element of on SoFP PFI contracts Pensions: staff Non NHS Accruals Deferred Income brought forward Deferred Income brought forward Deferred Income Additions	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft Rentals due under operating leases ROU Lease Liability Obligations under finance leases, HP contracts Imputed finance lease element of on SoFP PFI contracts Pensions: staff Non NHS Accruals Deferred Income brought forward Deferred Income Additions Transfer to / from current/non current deferred income	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Con-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft Rentals due under operating leases RoU Lease Liability Obligations under finance leases, HP contracts Imputed finance lease element of on SoFP PFI contracts Pensions: staff Non NHS Accruals Deferred Income brought forward Deferred Income brought forward Deferred Income Additions	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft Rentals due under operating leases RoU Lease Liability Obligations under finance leases, HP contracts Imputed finance lease element of on SoFP PFI contracts Pensions: staff Non NHS Accruals Deferred Income : Deferred Income brought forward Deferred Income Additions Transfer to / from current/non current deferred income Released to SoCNE	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft Rentals due under operating leases RoU Lease Liability Obligations under finance leases, HP contracts Imputed finance lease element of on SoFP PFI contracts Pensions: staff Non NHS Accruals Deferred Income: Deferred Income Additions Transfer to / from current/non current deferred income Released to SoCNE Other creditors	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC Non-NHS payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft Rentals due under operating leases ROU Lease Liability Obligations under finance leases, HP contracts Imputed finance lease element of on SoFP PFI contracts Pensions: staff Non NHS Accruals Deferred Income brought forward Deferred Income brought forward Deferred Income Additions Transfer to / from current/non current deferred income Released to SoCNE Other creditors PFI assets - deferred credits Payments on account Sub Total	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Welsh Government WHSSC / EASC Welsh Health Boards Welsh NHS Trusts Welsh Special Health Authorities Other NHS Taxation and social security payable / refunds Refunds of taxation by HMRC VAT payable to HMRC Other taxes payable to HMRC NI contributions payable to HMRC NI contributions payables - Revenue Local Authorities Capital payables- Tangible Capital payables- Intangible Overdraft Rentals due under operating leases RoU Lease Liability Obligations under finance leases, HP contracts Imputed finance lease element of on SoFP PFI contracts Pensions: staff Non NHS Accruals Deferred Income brought forward Deferred Income Additions Transfer to / from current/non current deferred income Released to SoCNE Other creditors PFI assets —deferred credits Payments on account	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	

The value below relates to all IFRS16 liabilities.

RoU Lease Liability Transitioning & Transferring RoU liability as at 31 March 2022 Transfer of Finance Leases from PPE Note Operating Leases Transitioning RoU Lease liability as at 1 April 2022 10,402

333/354 347/368

18. Trade and other payables (continued).

Amounts falling due more than one year are expected to be settled as follows:		31 March
	2023	2022
	£000	£000
Between one and two years	1,830	0
Between two and five years	3,860	0
In five years or more	2,711	0
Sub-total	8,401	0

19. Other financial liabilities

	Current			current	
Financial liabilities	31 March		31 March	31 March	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Financial Guarantees:					
At amortised cost	0	0	0	0	
At fair value through SoCNE	0	0	0	0	
Derivatives at fair value through SoCNE	0	0	0	0	
Other:					
At amortised cost	0	0	0	0	
At fair value through SoCNE	0	0	0	0	
Total	0	0	0	0	

334/354 348/368

20. Provisions

	At 1 April 2022	Structured settlement cases transferred to Risk Pool	Transfer of provisions to creditors	Transfer between current and non-current	Arising during the year	Utilised during the year	Reversed unused	Unwinding of discount	At 31 March 2023
Current	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Clinical negligence:- Secondary care	15,323	0	(10,126)	(527)	14,642	648	(11,004)	0	8,956
Primary care	0	0	0	0	161	0	(11,004)	0	161
Redress Secondary care	939	0	(10)	0	638	(105)	(449)	0	1,013
Redress Primary care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Personal injury	4,592	0	0	18	580	(686)	(739)	36	3,801
All other losses and special payments Defence legal fees and other administration	0 811	0	0	0 103	468 1,009	(468) (615)	0 (473)	0	0 835
Pensions relating to former directors	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Pensions relating to other staff	11			0	11	(16)	0	0	6
2019-20 Scheme Pays - Reimbursement	18			2	0	(11)	0	0	9
Restructuring	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
RoU Asset Dilapidations CAME Other Capital Provisions	0			0	0	0	0	0	0 0
Other	706		(53)	0	248	(329)	(430)		142
Total	22,400	0	(10,189)	(404)	17,757	(1,582)	(13,095)	36	14,923
Non Current									
Clinical negligence:-									
Secondary care	68,496	0	0	527	27,775	(10,872)	(8,938)	0	76,988
Primary care Redress Secondary care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Redress Primary care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Personal injury	18	0	0	(18)	0	0	0	0	0
All other losses and special payments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Defence legal fees and other administration	640	0	0	(103) 0	586 0	(282) 0	(65)	0	776 0
Pensions relating to former directors Pensions relating to other staff	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
2019-20 Scheme Pays - Reimbursement	905			(2)	0	0	(308)	0	595
Restructuring	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
RoU Asset Dilapidations CAME	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Capital Provisions Other	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
Total	70,059	0	0	404	28,361	(11,154)	(9,311)	0	78,359
TOTAL Clinical negligence:-									
Secondary care	83,819	0	(10,126)	0	42,417	(10,224)	(19,942)	0	85,944
Primary care	0	0	0	0	161	0	0	0	161
Redress Secondary care	939	0	(10)	0	638	(105)	(449)	0	1,013
Redress Primary care	0	0	0	0	0 580	0	0	0 36	0 3,801
Personal injury All other losses and special payments	4,610 0	0	0	0	468	(686) (468)	(739) 0	36 0	3,801
Defence legal fees and other administration	1,451	0	0	0	1,595	(897)	(538)		1,611
Pensions relating to former directors	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Pensions relating to other staff	11			0	11	(16)	0	0	6
2019-20 Scheme Pays - Reimbursement Restructuring	923 0			0	0	(11) 0	(308) 0	0	604 0
RoU Asset Dilapidations CAME	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Capital Provisions	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	706		(53)	0	248	(329)	(430)		142
Total	92,459	0	(10,189)	0	46,118	(12,736)	(22,406)	36	93,282
Expected timing of cash flows:									
Expected tilling of cash nows.						In year	Between	Thereafter	Total
						to 31 March 2024	1 April 2024 31 March 2028		£000
Clinical negligence:-							01 martii 2020		2000
Secondary care						8,956	76,988	0	85,944
Primary care						161	0	0	161
Redress Secondary care						1,013	0	0	1,013
Redress Primary care Personal injury						0 3,801	0	0	0 3,801
All other losses and special payments						0	0	0	0
Defence legal fees and other administration						835	776	0	1,611
Pensions relating to former directors						0	0	0	0
Pensions relating to other staff						6	0	0 570	6
2019-20 Scheme Pays - Reimbursement Restructuring						9	17 0	578 0	604 0
RoU Asset Dilapidations CAME						0	0	0	0
Other Capital Provisions						0	0	0	0
Other						142	0	0	142
Total						14,923	77,781	578	93,282

335/354 349/368

20. Provisions (continued)

	At 1 April 2021	Structured settlement cases transferred to Risk Pool	Transfer of provisions to creditors	Transfer between current and non-current	Arising during the year	Utilised during the year	Reversed unused	Unwinding of discount	At 31 March 2022
Current	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Clinical negligence:-									
Secondary care	11,051	0	375	4,916	18,819	(8,027)	(11,811)	0	15,323
Primary care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Redress Secondary care	893	0	41	0	597	(239)	(353)	0	939
Redress Primary care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Personal injury	4,894	0	77	0	263	(518)	(86)	(38)	4,592
All other losses and special payments	0	0	0	0	346	(342)	(4)	0	0
Defence legal fees and other administration	824	0	0	156	1,031	(692)	(508)		811
Pensions relating to former directors	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Pensions relating to other staff	20			0	9	(18)	0	0	11
2019-20 Scheme Pays - Reimbursement	0			0	18	0	0	0	18
Restructuring	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	3,434		(474)	0	580	(2,570)	(264)		706
Total	21,116	0	19	5,072	21,663	(12,406)	(13,026)	(38)	22,400
Non Current Clinical negligence:-									
Secondary care	58,702	0	0	(4,916)	15,429	(249)	(470)	0	68,496
Primary care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Redress Secondary care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Redress Primary care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Personal injury	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	18
All other losses and special payments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Defence legal fees and other administration	679	0	0	(156)	368	(199)	(52)		640
Pensions relating to former directors	0			0	0	O O	0	0	0
Pensions relating to other staff	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
2019-20 Scheme Pays - Reimbursement	0			0	905	0	0	0	905
Restructuring	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	0		0	0	0	0	0		0
Total	59,381	0	0	(5,072)	16,720	(448)	(522)	0	70,059
TOTAL Clinical negligence:-									
Secondary care	69,753	0	375	0	34,248	(8,276)	(12,281)	0	83,819
Primary care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Redress Secondary care	893	0	41	0	597	(239)	(353)	0	939
Redress Primary care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Personal injury	4,894	0	77	0	281	(518)	(86)	(38)	4,610
All other losses and special payments	0	0	0	0	346	(342)	(4)	0	0
Defence legal fees and other administration	1,503	0	0	0	1,399	(891)	(560)		1,451
Pensions relating to former directors	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Pensions relating to other staff	20			0	9	(18)	0	0	11
2019-20 Scheme Pays - Reimbursement	0			0	923	0	0	0	923
Restructuring	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	3,434		(474)	0	580	(2,570)	(264)		706
Total	80,497	0	19	0	38,383	(12,854)	(13,548)	(38)	92,459

21. Contingencies

21.1 Contingent liabilities

21.1 Contingent nationes	2022-23	2021-22
Provisions have not been made in these accounts for the	£'000	£'000
following amounts :		
Legal claims for alleged medical or employer negligence:-		
Secondary care	91,824	108,513
Primary care	1,175	155
Redress Secondary care	0	0
Redress Primary care	0	0
Doubtful debts	0	0
Equal Pay costs	0	0
Defence costs	1,817	2,112
Continuing Health Care costs	494	481
Other	0	0
Total value of disputed claims	95,310	111,261
Amounts (recovered) in the event of claims being successful	(92,479)	(107,945)
Net contingent liability	2,831	3,316

Contingent Liability - Reinforced Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (RAAC)

An issue has been identified with RAAC within the Health Board Estate and investigative work and surveys are ongoing to ascertain the extent and financial impact of any remedial work. Given the uncertainties surrounding the timing of the conclusion to the investigative work and its findings to be known, it is not possible to estimate the financial effect.

21.2 Remote Contingent liabilities	2022-23 £000	2021-22 £000
Guarantees Indemnities Letters of Comfort	0 1,147 0	0 1,427 0
Total	1,147	1,427
21.3 Contingent assets		0004.00
	2022-23 £000	2021-22 £000
	0	0
	0	0
	0	0
Total	0	0
22. Capital commitments		
Contracted capital commitments at 31 March		
The disclosure of future capital commitments not already disclosed as liabilities in the accounts.	2022-23 £000	2021-22 £000
Property, plant and equipment	11,663	14,182
Right of Use Assets	0	
Intangible assets	0	0
Total	11,663	14,182

338/354 352/368

23. Losses and special payments

Losses and special payments are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure in accordance with IFRS but are recorded in the losses and special payments register when payment is made. Therefore, this note is prepared on a cash basis.

Gross loss to the Exchequer

Number of cases and associated amounts paid out during the financial year

	Amounts pa	Amounts paid out during period to 31 March 2023	
	period to 3		
	Number	£	
Clinical negligence	63	10,223,664	
Personal injury	29	686,221	
All other losses and special payments	200	573,622	
Total	292	11,483,507	

Analysis of cases in excess of £300,000

339/354

•	Case Type	In year claims in e			aims in excess
		£300,000			0,000
		Number	£	Number	£
Cases in excess of £300,000:					
12RYNMN0077	Clinical Negligence	0	0	1	9,354,500
17RYNMN0094	Clinical Negligence	1	46,831	1	3,916,459
12RYNMN0056	Clinical Negligence	0	0	1	3,003,661
15RYNMN0034	Clinical Negligence	1	1,190,000	1	2,262,345
16RYNMN0070	Clinical Negligence	0	0	1	1,930,000
13RYNMN0041	Clinical Negligence	1	720,000	1	1,870,000
17RYNMN0070	Clinical Negligence	1	1,600,125	1	1,856,189
18RYNMN0076	Clinical Negligence	1	1,810,000	1	1,810,000
17RYNMN0072	Clinical Negligence	1	900,000	1	925,000
16RYNMN0026	Clinical Negligence	1	55,000	1	830,000
21RYNMN0008	Clinical Negligence	0	0	1	795,000
06RR6MN0026	Clinical Negligence	0	0	1	665,465
19RYNMN0013	Clinical Negligence	1	556,000	1	556,000
14RYNMN0075	Clinical Negligence	1	130,000	1	480,000
18RYNMN0022	Clinical Negligence	0	0	1	415,585
16RYNMN0015	Clinical Negligence	0	0	1	400,000
18RYNPI0016	Clinical Negligence	0	0	1	390,856
20RYNPI0010	Clinical Negligence	1	377,000	1	377,000
17RYNMN0048	Clinical Negligence	1	76,000	1	346,000
18RYNMN0070	Personal Injury	1	316,000	1	330,000
11RYNMN0026	Personal Injury	0	0	1	311,499
18RYNMN0042	Clinical Negligence	1	70,000	1	310,000
15RYNPI0017	Clinical Negligence	1	24,143	1	307,280
Sub-total	-	14	7,871,099	23	33,442,839
All other cases	_	278	3,612,408	336	10,340,250
Total cases	_	292	11,483,507	359	43,783,089

353/368

24. Right of Use / Finance leases obligations

24.1 Obligations (as lessee)

The Local Health Board has two finance leases payable as a lessee, following the implementation of IFRS 16.

Amounts payable under right of use asset / finance leases:	Post Implementation of IFRS 16 (RoU)	Pre implementatio n of IFRS 16 (FL)
Land	31 March	31 March
	2023	2022
	£000	£000
Minimum lease payments		
Within one year	9	0
Between one and five years	27	0
After five years	0	0
Less finance charges allocated to future periods	(1)	0
Minimum lease payments	35	0
Included in: Current borrowings Non-current borrowings	9 26 35	0 0 0
Present value of minimum lease payments		
Within one year	9	0
Between one and five years	26	0
After five years	0	0
Present value of minimum lease payments	35	0
Included in:		
Current borrowings	9	0
Non-current borrowings	26	0
	35	0

340/354 354/368

24.1 Right of Use / Finance leases obligations

	Post Implementation	Pre implementation of
	of IFRS 16 (RoU)	IFRS 16 (FL)
Buildings	31 March	31 March
	2023	2022
Minimum lease payments	£000	£000
Within one year	1,393	0
Between one and five years	4,340	0
After five years	2,321	0
Less finance charges allocated to future periods	(270)	0
Minimum lease payments	7,784	0
Included in:		
Current borrowings	1,328	0
Non-current borrowings	6,455	0
	7,783	0
Present value of minimum lease payments		
Within one year	1,375	0
Between one and five years	4,195	0
After five years	2,139	0
Present value of minimum lease payments	7,709	0
Included in:		
Current borrowings	1,375	0
Non-current borrowings	6,334	0
	7,709	0
Other- Non property	Post Implementation of IFRS 16 (RoU)	Pre implementation of IFRS 16 (FL)
	31 March	31 March
	2023	2022
Minimum lease payments	£000	£000
Within one year	689	0
Between one and five years	1,518	0
After five years	451	0
Less finance charges allocated to future periods	(74)	0
Minimum lease payments	2,584	0
Induded in:		
Included in: Current borrowings	665	0
Non-current borrowings	1,919	0
Non-current borrowings		
	2,584	0
Present value of minimum lease payments		
Present value of minimum lease payments Within one year		
· ·	2,584	0
Within one year	2,584	0
Within one year Between one and five years	2,584 679 1,461	0 0
Within one year Between one and five years After five years Present value of minimum lease payments	2,584 679 1,461 421	0 0 0 0
Within one year Between one and five years After five years Present value of minimum lease payments Included in:	2,584 679 1,461 421 2,561	0 0 0 0
Within one year Between one and five years After five years Present value of minimum lease payments Included in: Current borrowings	2,584 679 1,461 421 2,561	0 0 0 0 0
Within one year Between one and five years After five years Present value of minimum lease payments Included in:	2,584 679 1,461 421 2,561	0 0 0 0

24.2 Right of Use Assets / Finance lease receivables (as lessor)

The Local Health Board has two finance leases receivable as a lessor.

Implementation of IFRS 16 Amounts receivable under right of use assets / finance leases: (RoU)	n of IFRS 16 (FL)
31 March	31 March
2023	2022
Gross Investment in leases £000	£000
Within one year 157	0
Between one and five years 626	0
After five years 535	0
Less finance charges allocated to future periods(51)	0
Minimum lease payments 1,267	0
Included in:	_
Current financial assets 145	0
Non-current financial assets 1,121	0
1,266	0
Present value of minimum lease payments	
Within one year 154	0
Between one and five years 603	0
After five years 497	0
Less finance charges allocated to future periods	0
Present value of minimum lease payments 1,254	0
Included in:	<u> </u>
Current financial assets 154	0
Non-current financial assets 1,100	0
1,254	0

25. Private Finance Initiative contracts - Hywel Dda UHB has no PFI contracts

25.1 PFI schemes off-Statement of Financial Position

The LHB has no PFI Schemes off-statement of financial position.

Commitments under off-SoFP PFI contracts	Off-SoFP PFI contracts	Off-SoFP PFI contracts
	31 March 2023 £000	31 March 2022 £000
Total payments due within one year Total payments due between 1 and 5 years Total payments due thereafter Total future payments in relation to PFI contracts	0 0 0	0 0 0
Total estimated capital value of off-SoFP PFI contracts	0	0

25.2 PFI schemes on-Statement of Financial Position

Capital value of scheme included in Fixed Assets Note 11

£000

0

Contract start date: Contract end date:

Total obligations for on-Statement of Financial Position PFI contracts due:

	On SoFP PFI	On SoFP PFI	On SoFP PFI
	Capital element	Imputed interest	Service charges
	31 March 2023	31 March 2023	31 March 2023
	£000	£000	£000
Total payments due within one year	0	0	0
Total payments due between 1 and 5 years	0	0	0
Total payments due thereafter	0	0	0
Total future payments in relation to PFI contracts	0	0	0
Total payments due within one year Total payments due between 1 and 5 years Total payments due thereafter Total future payments in relation to PFI contracts	On SoFP PFI Capital element 31 March 2022 £000 0 0 0	On SoFP PFI Imputed interest 31 March 2022 £000 0 0 0 0	On SoFP PFI Service charges 31 March 2022 £000 0 0 0

31/03/2023 £000

Total present value of obligations for on-SoFP PFI contracts

25.3 Charges to expenditure	2022-23 £000	2021-22 £000
Service charges for On Statement of Financial Position PFI contracts (excl interest costs)	0	0
Total expense for Off Statement of Financial Position PFI contracts	0	0
The total charged in the year to expenditure in respect of PFI contracts	0	0
The LHB is committed to the following annual charges		
PFI scheme expiry date:	£000	£000
Not later than one year	0	0
Later than one year, not later than five years	0	0
Later than five years	0	0
Total	0	0

The estimated annual payments in future years will vary from those which the LHB is committed to make during the next year by the impact of movement in the Retail Prices Index.

25.4 Number of PFI contracts

	Number of on SoFP PFI contracts	Number of off SoFP PFI contracts
Number of PFI contracts	0	0
Number of PFI contracts which individually have a total commitment > £500m	0	0
	On / Off-	
	statement of	
	financial	
PFI Contract	position	
Number of PFI contracts which individually have a total commitment > £500m	0	

PFI Contract

25.5 The LHB has no Public Private Partnerships

26. Financial risk management

Financial reporting standard IFRS 7 requires disclosure of the role that financial instruments have had during the period in creating or changing the risks a body faces in undertaking its activities. The LHB is not exposed to the degree of financial risk faced by business entities. Also financial instruments play a much more limited role in creating or changing risk than would be typical of listed companies, to which these standards mainly apply. The LHB has limited powers to invest and financial assets and liabilities are generated by day-to-day operational activities rather than being held to change the risks facing the LHB in undertaking its activities.

Currency risk

The LHB is principally a domestic organisation with the great majority of transactions, assets and liabilities being in the UK and Sterling based. The LHB has no overseas operations. The LHB therefore has low exposure to currency rate fluctuations.

Interest rate risk

LHBs are not permitted to borrow. The LHB therefore has low exposure to interest rate fluctuations.

Credit risk

Because the majority of the LHB's funding derives from funds voted by the Welsh Government the LHB has low exposure to credit risk.

Liquidity risk

The LHB is required to operate within cash limits set by the Welsh Government for the financial year and draws down funds from the Welsh Government as the requirement arises. The LHB is not, therefore, exposed to significant liquidity risks.

345/354 359/368

27. Movements in working capital		
	2022-23	2021-22
	£000	£000
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(1,143)	(1,370)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables - non-current	(9,756)	(9,880)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables - current	(4,048)	(11,078)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables - non-current	8,401	(1,123)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables - current	11,247	22,438
Total	4,701	(1,013)
Adjustment for accrual movements in fixed assets - creditors	(4,155)	(10,843)
Adjustment for accrual movements in fixed assets - debtors	0	0
Other adjustments	(7)	(12)
	539	(11,868)
28. Other cash flow adjustments	2022-23 £000	2021-22 £000
Depreciation	23,000	21,640
Amortisation	750	472
(Gains)/Loss on Disposal	(17)	(28)
Impairments and reversals	11,973	5,447
Release of PFI deferred credits	0	0
NWSSP Covid assets issued debited to expenditure but non-cash	0	0
Covid assets received credited to revenue but non-cash	0	0
Donated assets received credited to revenue but non-cash	(476)	(213)
Government Grant assets received credited to revenue but non-cash	0	(860)
Right of Use Grant (Peppercorn Lease) credited to revenue but non cash	0	
Non-cash movements in provisions	18,147	24,816
Other movements	25,203	20,465
Total	78,580	71,739

346/354 360/368

29. Events after the Reporting Period

NHS Wales Recovery payment 2022-23

NHS Wales bodies were notified in a pay circular letter issued on 25 May 2023 by the Welsh Government, of the additional pay arrangements for employees covered by the Agenda for Change terms and conditions in Wales for 2022-23, which will be funded by the Welsh Government.

NHS Wales bodies will make a one off non-consolidated, prorated "recovery payment" for staff employed on the Agenda for Change terms and conditions (this includes most NHS staff including nursing staff but excludes medical staff).

347/354 361/368

30. Related Party Transactions

A number of the UHB's Board members have interests in related parties as follows:

Name Ann Murphy	Details Independent Member	Interests Member of Royal College of Nursing (RCN)
Chantal Patel (started 1 August 2022)	Independent Member	Associate Professor, Swansea University
Gareth John (left 14 June 2022)	Independent Member	County Councillor, Carmarthenshire Member of Delta Wellbeing Governance Group, Carmarthen Town Council
Hazel Lloyd-Lubran	Associate Member, Chair, Stakeholder Reference Group	Ceredigion Association of Voluntary Organisations (CAVO)
Huw Thomas	Director of Finance	Partner working in Carmarthenshire County Council Honorary Professor in Aberystwyth University
John Gammon (left 31 July 2022)	Independent Member	Independent Member on Pembrokeshire College Board
Iwan Thomas	Independent Member	Independent Board Member on Pembrokeshire College Board (Chair) Chief Executive of PLANED
Judith Hardisty	Independent Member	Assessor for the Corporate Health Standard under auspices of A2 Consultancy who are instructed by Welsh Government
Lisa Gostling	Director of Workforce & OD	Independent Board Member on Pembrokeshire College Board
Maynard Davies	Independent Member	Member of the Information Governance Review Panel for the SAIL Databank run by Swansea University
Mohammed Nazemi	Associate Member, Chair Healthcare Professionals Forum	Director & Shareholder & Ownership in Magawell Ltd Shareholder & Ownership in Jamo Group Ltd Board member of Community Pharmacy Wales Close family member is a Director and shareholder in Jamo Group Ltd
Philip Kloer	Medical Director	Honorary Professor in Swansea University Trustee of the Faculty of Medical Leadership & Management (FMLM) and FMLM Wales Lead
Rhodri Evans (started 15 November 2022)	Independent Member	Ceredigion County Councillor
Steve Moore	Chief Executive	Honorary Professor in University of Wales Trinity St David
Winston Weir	Independent Member	Non-Executive Director - Birmingham & Solihull Mental Health Foundation NHS Trust

Total value of transactions with entities at which Board members and key senior staff have influential interests in 2022-23:

	Expenditure to related party £000	Income from related party £000	Amounts owed to related party £000	Amounts due from related party £000
Aberystwyth University	53		1	
Birmingham & Solihull MH NHS Trust	1	251		10
Carmarthenshire County Council	16,821	3,638	7,581	155
CAVO	83			
Ceredigion County Council	9,920	646	988	95
Community Pharmacy Wales	138			
Jamo Group Ltd	7			
Magawell Ltd	6,274			
Pembrokeshire College	86	43	0	
Pembrokeshire Local Action Network for Enterprise and Development LTD TA (PLANED)	5			
Royal College of Nursing	4			
RCN Welsh Board	6			
Swansea University	682	3,361	33	90
University of Wales Trinity St David	313	63	20	
-	34,393	8,002	8,623	350

The Welsh Government is regarded as a related party. During the year the LHB has had a significant number of material transactions with the Welsh Government and with other entities for which the Welsh Government is regarded as the parent body, namely

Related Party	Expenditure to related party £000	Income from related party £000	Amounts owed to related party £000	Amounts due from related party £000
Welsh Government	20	1,141,159	19	166
Aneurin Bevan University Health Board	327	1,250	12	273
Betsi Cadwaladr University Health Board	658	5,301	83	123
Cardiff & Vale University Health Board	7,551	664	657	125
Cwm Taf Morgannwg University Health Board	843	635	92	83
Digital Health & Care Wales (DHCW)	5,033	667	55	210
Powys Teaching Health Board	227	10,049	22	859
Public Health Wales NHS Trust	2,648	3,155	229	388
Swansea Bay University Health Board	41,551	4,706	1,051	838
Velindre NHS Trust	28,595	5,336	2,199	1,510
Welsh Ambulance Services Trust	1,745	96	37	9
Welsh Health Specialised Services Committee	121,557	3,079	2,533	728
Health Education & Improvement Wales (HEIW)	3	9,678	3	443
	210,758	1,185,775	6,992	5,755

348/354 362/368

31. Third Party assets

The LHB held £1,277,138 cash at bank and in hand at 31 March 2023 (31 March 2022, £1,391,087) which relates to monies held by the LHB on behalf of patients. Cash held in patient Investment Accounts amounted to £960,305 at 31 March 2023 (31 March 2022, £1,017,369). This has been excluded from the Cash and Cash equivalents figure reported in the accounts.

349/354 363/368

32. Pooled budgets

The Health Board has entered into a pooled budget with Carmarthenshire County Council on the 1 October 2009. Under the arrangement funds are pooled under section 33 of the NHS (Wales) Act 2006 for the provision of an integrated community joint equipment store. The pool is hosted by Carmarthenshire County Council and a memorandum note to the final accounts will provide details of the joint income and expenditure. The financial operation of the pool is governed by a pooled budget agreement between Carmarthenshire County Council and the Health Board. Payments for services provided by Carmarthenshire County Council in the sum of £408,940 are accounted for as expenditure in the accounts of the Health Board. The Health Board accounts for its share of the assets, liabilities, income and expenditure arising from the activities of the pooled budget, identified in accordance with the pooled budget agreement.

The Health Board has entered into an agreement with Carmarthenshire County Council on the 3 March 2011 under section 33 of the NHS (Wales) Act 2006 for the provision of Carmarthenshire Community Health and Social Care services. The section 33 agreement itself will initially only provide the framework for taking forward future schedules and therefore references all community based health, social care (adults & children) and related housing and public protection services so that if any future developments are considered a separate agreement will not have to be prepared. There are currently no pooled budgets related to this agreement

The Health Board has entered into a pooled budget with Ceredigion County Council on the 1 April 2009. Under the arrangement funds are pooled under section 33 of the NHS (Wales) Act 2006 for the provision of an integrated community joint equipment store. The pool is hosted by Ceredigion County Council and a memorandum note to the final accounts will provide details of the joint income and expenditure. The financial operation of the pool is governed by a pooled budget agreement between Ceredigion County Council and the Health Board. Payments for services provided by Ceredigion County Council in the sum of £399,000 are accounted for as expenditure in the accounts of the Health Board. The Health Board accounts for its share of the assets, liabilities, income and expenditure arising from the activities of the pooled budget, identified in accordance with the pooled budget agreement.

The Health Board has entered into an agreement with Pembrokeshire County Council on the 31 March 2011 under section 33 of the NHS (Wales) Act 2006 for the provision of an integrated community joint equipment store and from 1 October 2012 the agreement has operated as a pooled fund. The pool is hosted by Pembrokeshire County Council and a memorandum note to the final accounts will provide details of the joint income and expenditure. The financial operation of the pool is governed by a pooled budget agreement between Pembrokeshire County Council and the Health Board. The Health Board accounts for its share of the assets, liabilities, income and expenditure arising from the activities of the pooled budget, identified in accordance with the pooled budget agreement and the sum of £304,081 has been accounted for as expenditure in the accounts of the Health Board.

350/354 364/368

33. Operating segments

IFRS 8 requires bodies to report information about each of its operating segments.

The Health Board has no operating segments.

351/354 365/368

34. Other Information

34.1. 6.3% Staff Employer Pension Contributions - Notional Element

The value of notional transactions is based on estimated costs for the twelve month period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023. This has been calculated from actual Welsh Government expenditure for the 6.3% staff employer pension contributions between April 2022 and February 2023 alongside Health Board data for March 2023.

Transactions include notional expenditure in relation to the 6.3% paid to NHS BSA by Welsh Government and notional funding to cover that expenditure as follows:

	2022-23
Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure	£000
for the year ended 31 March 2023 Expenditure on Primary Healthcare Services	285
Expenditure on Hospital and Community Health Services	21,714
Exponditure on Floophar and Community Floatin Colvidos	21,114
Statement of Changes in Taxpayers' Equity For the year ended 31 March 2023	
Net operating cost for the year	21,999
Notional Welsh Government Funding	21,999
Statement of Cash Flows for year ended 31 March 2023	
Net operating cost for the financial year	21,999
Other cash flow adjustments	21,999
2.1 Revenue Resource Performance	
Revenue Resource Allocation	21,999
3. Analysis of gross operating costs	
3.1 Expenditure on Primary Healthcare Services	
General Medical Services	224
3.3 Expenditure on Hospital and Community Health Services	
Directors' costs	224
Staff costs	21,320
Single Lead Employer staff trainee costs	455
9.1 Employee costs	
Permanent Staff	
Employer contributions to NHS Pension Scheme	21,999
Charged to capital	68
Charged to revenue	21,931
18. Trade and other payables	
Current	
Pensions: staff	0
28. Other cash flow adjustments	
Other movements	21,999

352/354 366/368

34. Other Information

34.2 Welsh Government Covid 19 Funding

Details of Covid 19 Pandemic Welsh Government funding amounts provided to NHS Wales bodies:

	2022-23 £000	2021-22 £000
Capital		
Capital Funding Field Hospitals		0
Capital Funding Equipment & Works		23,065
Capital Funding other (Specify)		0
Welsh Government Covid 19 Capital Funding	0	23,065
2022-23 There was no Covid Recovery Capital Funding.		
Revenue		
Stability Funding	0	63,991
Covid Recovery	0	19,232
Cleaning Standards	0	1,435
PPE (including All Wales Equipment via NWSSP)	1,689	2,646
Testing / TTP- Testing & Sampling - Pay & Non Pay	1,108	2,132
Tracing / TTP - NHS & LA Tracing - Pay & Non Pay	2,917	6,740
Extended Flu Vaccination / Vaccination - Extended Flu Programme	943	837
Mass Covid-19 Vaccination / Vaccination - COVID-19	6,782	8,630
Annual Leave Accrual - Increase due to Covid		510
Urgent & Emergency Care	0	2,536
Private Providers Adult Care / Support for Adult Social Care Providers	6,946	2,001
Hospices	0	0
Other Mental Health / Mental Health		0
Other Primary Care		0
Social Care		1,583
Dental Patient charges	1,089	0
Nosocomial C19 Funding	492	0
Other	358	153
Welsh Government Covid 19 Revenue Funding	22,324	112,426

2021-22 Other category includes COVID Therapeutic Medicines (Treatment) 2022-23 Other category relates to C19 Long Covid 19

353/354 367/368

THE NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE IN WALES ACCOUNTS DIRECTION GIVEN BY WELSH MINISTERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SCHEDULE 9 SECTION 178 PARA 3(1) OF THE NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE (WALES) ACT 2006 (C.42) AND WITH THE APPROVAL OF TREASURY

LOCAL HEALTH BOARDS

1. Welsh Ministers direct that an account shall be prepared for the financial year ended 31 March 2011 and subsequent financial years in respect of the Local Health Boards (LHB)1, in the form specified in paragraphs [2] to [7] below.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

- 2. The account of the LHB shall comply with:
- (a) the accounting guidance of the Government Financial Reporting Manual (FReM), which is in force for the financial year in which the accounts are being prepared, and has been applied by the Welsh Government and detailed in the NHS Wales LHB Manual for Accounts:
- (b) any other specific guidance or disclosures required by the Welsh Government.

FORM AND CONTENT

- 3. The account of the LHB for the year ended 31 March 2011 and subsequent years shall comprise a statement of comprehensive net expenditure, a statement of financial position, a statement of cash flows and a statement of changes in taxpayers' equity as long as these statements are required by the FReM and applied by the Welsh Assembly Government, including such notes as are necessary to ensure a proper understanding of the accounts.
- 4. For the financial year ended 31 March 2011 and subsequent years, the account of the LHB shall give a true and fair view of the state of affairs as at the end of the financial year and the operating costs, changes in taxpayers' equity and cash flows during the year.
- 5. The account shall be signed and dated by the Chief Executive of the LHB.

MISCELLANEOUS

- 6. The direction shall be reproduced as an appendix to the published accounts.
- 7. The notes to the accounts shall, inter alia, include details of the accounting policies adopted.

Signed by the authority of Welsh Ministers

Signed: Chris Hurst Dated:

1. Please see regulation 3 of the 2009 No.1559 (W.154); NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE, WALES; The Local Health Boards (Transfer of Staff, Property, Rights and Liabilities) (Wales) Order 2009.

354/354 368/368