

Y PWYLLGOR ANSAWDD, DIOGELWCH A PHROFIAD QUALITY, SAFETY AND EXPERIENCE COMMITTEE

DYDDIAD Y CYFARFOD: DATE OF MEETING:	22 June 2022
TEITL YR ADRODDIAD: TITLE OF REPORT:	Corporate Risks Assigned to the Quality, Safety and Experience Committee (QSEC)
CYFARWYDDWR ARWEINIOL:	Andrew Carruthers, Director of Operations
LEAD DIRECTOR:	Phil Kloer, Medical Director
SWYDDOG ADRODD:	Joanne Wilson, Board Secretary
REPORTING OFFICER:	Charlotte Beare, Head of Assurance and Risk

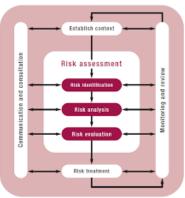
Pwrpas yr Adroddiad (dewiswch fel yn addas) Purpose of the Report (select as appropriate) Er Sicrwydd/For Assurance

ADRODDIAD SCAA SBAR REPORT Sefyllfa / Situation

The Quality, Safety and Experience Committee (QSEC) is asked to request assurance from Executive Directors that the corporate risks in the attached report are being managed effectively.

Cefndir / Background

Effective risk management requires a 'monitoring and review' structure to be in place to ensure that risks are effectively identified and assessed, and that appropriate controls and responses are in place.



(Risk Management Process, ISO 31000)

The Board's Committees are responsible for the monitoring and scrutiny of <u>corporate level</u> risks within their remit. They are responsible for:

• Seeking assurance on the management of risks on the Corporate Risk Register (CRR) and providing assurance to the Board that risks are being managed effectively and report areas of significant concern, for example, where risk appetite is exceeded, lack of action, etc.

- Reviewing principal and operational risks over tolerance and, where appropriate, recommend the 'acceptance' of risks that cannot be brought within Hywel Dda University Health Board's (HDdUHB) risk appetite/tolerance to the Board.
- Provide annual reports to Audit and Risk Assurance Committee (ARAC) on the effectiveness of the risk management process and management of risks within its remit.
- Identity through discussions any new/emerging risks and ensure these are assessed by management.
- Signpost any risks outside of its remit to the appropriate HDdUHB Committee.
- Use risk registers to inform meeting agendas.

These risks have been identified by individual Directors via a top-down and bottom-up approach and are either:

- Associated with the delivery our annual plan; or
- Significant operational risks escalated that are of significant concern and require corporate oversight and management.

Each risk on the CRR has been mapped to a Board level Committee to ensure that risks on the CRR are being managed appropriately, taking into account the gaps, planned actions and agreed tolerances, and to provide assurance to the Board through their update report on the management of these risks.

The Board has delegated a proportion of its role of scrutiny of assurances to its Committees to make the most appropriate and efficient use of expertise. Therefore, Committees should also ensure that assurance reports relevant to the principal risks are received and scrutinised, and an assessment made as to the level of assurance it provides, taking into account the validity and reliability i.e. source, timeliness, methodology behind its generation and its compatibility with other assurances. This will enable the Board to place greater reliance on assurances, if they are confident that they have been robustly scrutinised by one of its Committees; and provide them with greater confidence regarding the likely achievement of strategic objectives, as well as providing a sound basis for decision-making. It is the role of Committees to challenge where assurances in respect of any component are missing or inadequate. Any gaps should be escalated to the Board.

The process for risk reporting and monitoring within the UHB is outlined at Appendix 1.

Asesiad / Assessment

The QSEC Terms of Reference reflect the Committee's role in providing assurance to the Board that principal risks are being managed effectively by the risk owners (Executive Leads).

The Terms of Reference state that:

3.2 Seek assurance on the management of principal risks within the Board Assurance Framework (BAF) and Corporate Risk Register (CRR) allocated to the Committee and provide assurance to the Board that risks are being managed effectively and report any areas of significant concern e.g. where risk tolerance is exceeded, lack of timely action.

There are 6 risks currently aligned to QSEC (out of the 15 that are currently on the CRR) as the potential impacts of the risks relate to the safety of patients, quality of services and patient outcomes. A summary of corporate risks can be found at Appendix 2.

Each of these risks have been entered onto a 'risk on a page' template, which includes information relating to the strategic objective, controls, assurances, performance indicators and

action plans to address any gaps in controls and assurances. These can be found at Appendix 3.

Changes since the previous report to QSEC (February 2022):

The Committee is requested to seek assurance from risk owners (Executive Directors) that each risk is being managed effectively and will be brought within the UHB tolerance.

Below is a summary of changes since the previous report to QSEC:

Total number of risks	6	
New / escalated risks	2	See note 1
De-escalated/Closed risks	1	See note 2
Increase in risk score ↑	2	See note 3
Reduction in risk score $ abla$	1	See note 3
No change in risk score \rightarrow	1	See note 4

The 'heat map' below includes the risks currently aligned to QSEC:

	HYWEL DDA RISK HEAT MAP							
		LIKELIHOOD \rightarrow						
IMPACT ↓	RARE 1	UNLIKELY 2	LIKELY 4	ALMOST CERTAIN 5				
CATASTROPHIC 5					1027			
MAJOR 4			1337	1340 684 129	1032			
MODERATE 3								
MINOR 2								
NEGLIGIBLE 1								

Note 1 – New Risks

Since the previous report, 1 new risk has been added to the CRR and aligned to QSEC, and 1 risk realigned to QSEC from the Strategic Development and Operational Planning Committee (SDODC).

Risk	Lead Director	New/ Escalated	Date	Reason
Risk 1340 - Risk of avoidable harm for HDUHB patients requiring NSTEMI pathway care	Director of Operations	New	02/02/22	The Executive Risk Group approved this more specific risk in relation to NSTEMI pathway on 02/02/2022, following closure of risk 117 (see table below). NICE guidelines for Acute Coronary Syndromes (NG185) recommend 'coronary

	[
1027 - Delivery of integrated community and acute unscheduled care services	Director of Operations	Realigned to QSEC from SDODC	01/06/22	angiography (with follow-on PCI if indicated) within 72 hours of first admission(presentation) for people with unstable angina or NSTEMI who have an intermediate or higher risk of adverse cardiovascular events' (recommendation 1.1.6). In support of this recommendation/target, the Health Board aims to identify and refer patients to Morriston Cardiac Centre for angiography within 24 hours of admission/ presentation. For 2021 the median wait between admission/presentation and angiography for HDUHB patients was 213.5 hours (8.9 days) and the median time between admission/ presentation and referral was 39.5 hours. For context, the 2021 position is a deterioration from that maintained in 2019 where the PPH Treat and Repatriate Service supported a median admission/presentation to angiography wait of 120 hours (5 days) - this service was suspended at the outset of COVID-19 due to PPH site pressures. Comprehensive review of Jan-June 2022 performance data scheduled for July 2022 - 'current risk score' will be reviewed at that point. The Executive Risk Group agreed on 01/06/2022 to realign risk 1027 to QSEC from SDODC. Levels of emergency demand continue to increase significantly. This is not related to COVID-19 per se but is driven by post pandemic
				to COVID-19 per se but is driven by post pandemic demand and the broader impacts of COVID -19. Workforce deficits, handover delays, 4 and 12 hour performance and bed occupancy rates are all demonstrating concerning trends. The indirect impact of

COVID-19 has resulted in increasing levels of frailty in the community and consequent demand on our 'front door'. The situation remains at high
levels of risk escalation across
our acute sites on a daily basis.

Note 2 – De-escalated/Closed Risks

Since the previous report, two corporate risks aligned to this Committee have been deescalated.

Risk Ref & Title	Lead Director	Closed/ De-escalated	Date	Reason
117 - Delays in transfers to tertiary centres for urgent cardiac investigations, treatment and surgery	Director of Operations	Closed	02/02/22	The Executive Risk Group agreed to close the risk following a detailed review by the Service Delivery Manager. This generic risk which related to delays in transfers to tertiary centres for urgent cardiac investigations, treatment and surgery was replaced by a specific risk (ref 1340) which relates to the significant risk to patients on the NSTEMI pathway (see above table).

Note 3 – Increase/Decrease in Current Risk Score

Since the previous report to QSEC in February 2022, there have been the following changes to current risk scores.

Risk Reference & Title	Executive Director	Previous Risk Score (Feb-22) (Lxl)	Risk Score May-22 (Lxl)	Date of review	Update
1032- Timely access to assessment and diagnosis for Mental Health and Learning Disabilities clients	Director of Operations	4x4=16	5x4=20 ↑	31/05/22	The service were experiencing significant waiting times as a result of increasing demand levels which are now back to pre-pandemic levels. Due to the constraints to undertake required face to face assessments, continued social distancing requirements within health settings and, increasing Did Not Attend rates

	(c25%), ongoing
	recruitment challenges
	and increasing demand
	has an impact on the
	services' ability to see the
	same volume of service
	users as they were
	previously able to. In
	addition, some parts of
	the estate footprint does
	not necessary lend itself
	to accommodate the
	social distance
	requirements still required
	in health settings and in
	some instances is not
	therapeutically beneficial.
	Certain elements of some
	assessments also being
	restricted due to other
	agencies, such as
	education, providing
	limited services.
	Integrated Autism Service
	(IAS) is funded on fixed term basis which can
	make staff retention
	challenging along with
	having to train new
	incoming staff.
	The risk score has
	increased due to
	compliance with Welsh
	Government targets
	which has deteriorated
	over recent months
	particularly in relation to
	part 1 of the measure for
	Children and Adolescent
	Mental Health Service
	(CAMHS).

	Ding of C	4-0-40	A	00/05/00	
129- Ability to	Director of	4x3=12	4x4=16	30/05/22	As of May 22, fragility of
deliver an	Operations		1		service delivery
Urgent Primary					continues, exacerbated
Care Out of					by bank holidays. Rotas
Hours Service					continue to be fragile,
for Hywel Dda					particularly at weekends.
patients					Any further absence on
					out of hours provision is
					likely to rapidly result in
					further deterioration of the
					current position.
					•
					Availability of day time
					work, relaxation of
					COVID-19 restrictions,
					potentially leading to less
					availability of locums
					available for OOH. The
					Health Board currently
					have approximately 45
					GPs (down from 100, 5
					years ago) who regularly
					work the rotas, and an
					additional 10-20 who only
					work bank holidays rotas
					due to enhanced rates.
					ANP staff have reduced
					from 4, to 1 which covers
					4 hours over a weekend
					period (0.1 WTE).
					Please note this risk will
					be subject to further
					review and refinement
					over the summer period.

Γ	684- Lack of	Director of	5x4=20	4x4= 16	25/05/22	The UHB's stock of
	agreed	Operations	574-20	4	25/05/22	imaging equipment
	replacement	Operations				routinely breaks down
	programme for					causing disruption to
	radiology					diagnostic imaging
	equipment					services across all sites
	across UHB					
						which has a significant
						impact on the UHB's
						ability to meet its RTT
						target and impact to
						patients can include
						delays in diagnosis and
						treatment. Presently
						equipment downtime is
						frequently up to a week
						which can put significant
						pressures on all
						diagnostic services.
						Whilst activity has
						decreased due to COVID-
						19, scanning of COVID-
						19 patients requires more
						time than non- COVID-19
						patients, which will
						become an issue as
						requests for diagnostics
						for non- COVID-19
						patients increase as other
						services resume.
						Commissioning of agreed
						equipment has also been
						delayed as a result of
						COVID-19 and this
						remains dependent
						external factors.
						Radiology has been asked to increase its
						service provision to other
						Directorates which it is
						currently unable to
						provide due to limitations
						on current equipment, however the demountable
						CT-scanner will provide
						much needed resilience
						at GGH. Whilst some
						contingency has been
						provided by a scanner in
						a demountable unit this
						does not provide full
						cover for acute care (not
						suitable for complex
						care). The risk score has
LL						care. The lisk scule has

Note 4 - No change in risk score There have been no changes in the following risk scores since they were reported to the previous meeting.

Risk Reference & Title	Executive Director	Previous Risk Score (Feb-21)	Risk Score May-21	Date of Review	Update
1337- Risk of reputational harm if the health board is found to have not managed the Llwynhendy TB outbreak as well as it could have	Medical Director	3x4=12	3x4=12	08/06/22	The outbreak investigation has been re-opened four times in response to new cases of Tuberculosis (TB), leading to a rapid internal review carried out by Public Health Wales (PHW) in 2019, to identify immediate actions and to make recommendations for the ongoing management of the outbreak. One of the key recommendations of the review was to commission, jointly with PHW, an external review of the outbreak and its management, to inform the approach to the management of TB disease in Wales. The Board agreed to proceed with the external review, the start was delayed by COVID-19, and will now be completed by May 2022. The review commenced in April 2022 with an anticipated completion during autumn 2022. The risk score has been reduced as no significant findings

			have been reported to date.			

Argymhelliad / Recommendation

The Committee is requested to seek assurance that:

- All identified controls are in place and working effectively.
- All planned actions will be implemented within stated timescales and will reduce the risk further and/or mitigate the impact, if the risk materialises.
- Challenge where assurances are inadequate.

This in turn will enable the Committee to provide the necessary assurance to the Board, through its Committee Update Report, that the UHB is managing these risks effectively.

Amcanion: (rhaid cwblhau) Objectives: (must be completed)	
Committee ToR Reference: Cyfeirnod Cylch Gorchwyl y Pwyllgor:	3.2 Seek assurance on the management of principal risks within the Board Assurance Framework (BAF) and Corporate Risk Register (CRR) allocated to the Committee and provide assurance to the Board that risks are being managed effectively and report any areas of significant concern e.g. where risk tolerance is exceeded, lack of timely action.
Cyfeirnod Cofrestr Risg Datix a Sgôr Cyfredol: Datix Risk Register Reference and Score:	Contained within the body of the report
Safon(au) Gofal ac lechyd: Health and Care Standard(s):	Governance, Leadership and Accountability
Amcanion Strategol y BIP: UHB Strategic Objectives:	All Strategic Objectives are applicable
Amcanion Llesiant BIP: UHB Well-being Objectives: <u>Hyperlink to HDdUHB Well-being</u> <u>Objectives Annual Report 2018-2019</u>	9. All HDdUHB Well-being Objectives apply

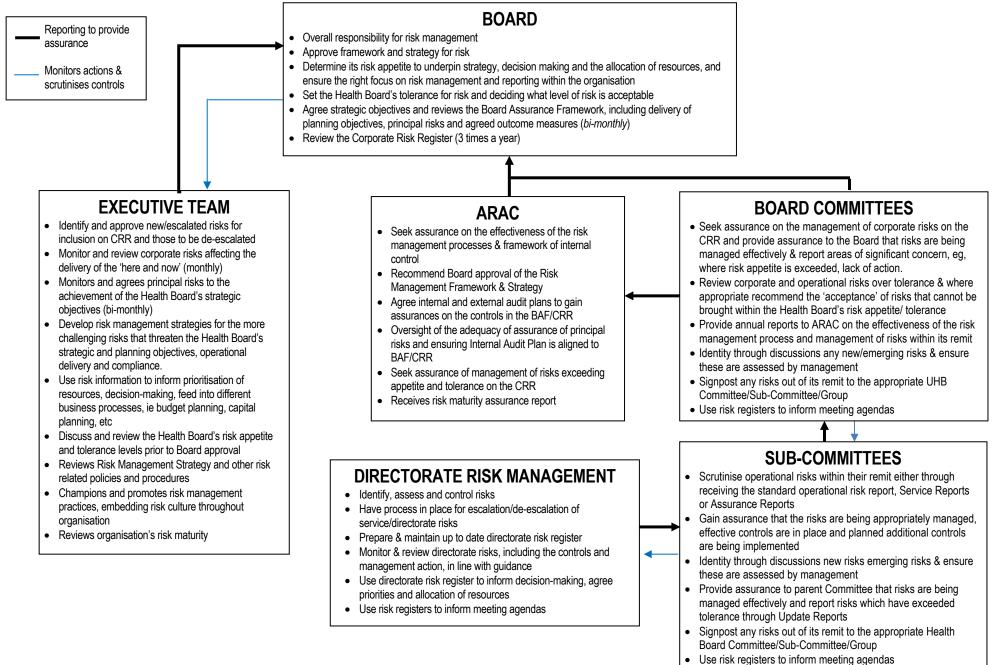
Gwybodaeth Ychwanegol: Further Information:	
Ar sail tystiolaeth: Evidence Base:	Underpinning risk on the Datix Risk Module from across the UHB's services reviewed by risk leads/owners
Rhestr Termau: Glossary of Terms:	Current Risk Score - Existing level of risk taking into account controls in place
	Target Risk Score - The ultimate level of risk that is desired by the organisation when <u>planned</u> controls (or actions) have been implemented

	Tolerable risk – this is the level of risk that the Board agreed for each domain in September 2018 – <u>Risk</u> <u>Appetite Statement</u>
Partïon / Pwyllgorau â ymgynhorwyd	N/A
ymlaen llaw y Pwyllgor Ansawdd, Diogelwch a Phrofiod:	
Parties / Committees consulted prior	
to Quality, Safety and Experience	
Committee:	

Effaith: (rhaid cwblhau)			
Impact: (must be completed) Ariannol / Gwerth am Arian:	No direct impacts from report however impacts of each		
Financial / Service:	risk are outlined in risk description.		
Ansawdd / Gofal Claf:	No direct impacts from report however impacts of each		
Quality / Patient Care:	risk are outlined in risk description.		
Gweithlu: Workforce:	No direct impacts from report however impacts of each risk are outlined in risk description.		
Risg: Risk:	No direct impacts from report however organisations are expected to have effective risk management systems in place.		
Cyfreithiol: Legal:	No direct impacts from report however proactive risk management including learning from incidents and events contributes towards reducing/eliminating recurrence of risk materialising and mitigates against any possible legal claim with a financial impact.		
Enw Da: Reputational:	Poor management of risks can lead to loss of stakeholder confidence. Organisations are expected to have effective risk management systems in place and take steps to reduce/mitigate risks.		
Gyfrinachedd: Privacy:	No direct impacts		

Cydraddoldeb: Equality:	Has EqIA screening been undertaken? No Has a full EqIA been undertaken? No

Appendix 1 – Committee Reporting Structure



CORPORATE RISK REGISTER SUMMARY JUNE 2022

Risk Ref	Risk (for more detail see individual risk entries)	Risk Owner	Domain	Tolerance Level	Previous Risk Score	Risk Score Jun-22	Trend	Target Risk Score	Risk on page no
1027	Delivery of integrated community and acute unscheduled care services *	Carruthers, Andrew	Safety - Patient, Staff or Public	6	5×4=20	5×5=25	Realigned from SDODC	3×4=12	<u>4</u>
1032	Timely access to assessment and diagnosis for Mental Health and Learning Disabilities clients	Carruthers, Andrew	Safety - Patient, Staff or Public	6	4×4=16	5×4=20	Ϋ́	3×4=12	<u>Z</u>
1340	Risk of avoidable harm for HDUHB patients requiring NSTEMI pathway care	Carruthers, Andrew	Safety - Patient, Staff or Public	6	N/A	4×4=16	New risk	1×4=4	<u>12</u>
1337	Risk of reputational harm if the health board is found to have not managed the Llwynhendy TB outbreak as well as it could have	Kloer, Dr Philip	Adverse publicity/reputation	8	3×4=12	3×4=12	\rightarrow	2×4=8	<u>15</u>
684	Lack of agreed replacement programme for radiology equipment across UHB	Carruthers, Andrew	Service/Business interruption/disruption	6	5×4=20	4×4=16	\checkmark	3×4=12	<u>17</u>
129	Ability to deliver an Urgent Primary Care Out of Hours Service for Hywel Dda patients	Carruthers, Andrew	Service/Business interruption/disruption	6	4×3=12	4×4=16	ſ	3×3=9	<u>20</u>

Assurance Key:

	3 Lines of Defence (Assurance)				
1st Line	Business Management	Tends to be detailed assurance but lack independence			
2nd Line	2nd Line Corporate Oversight Less detailed but slightly more independent				
3rd Line	Independent Assurance	Often less detail but truly independent			

Key - Assurance Required	NB Assurance Map will tell you if		
	you have sufficient sources of		
Medium level review	assurance not what those sources		
Cursory or narrow scope of review	are telling you		

Key - Control RAG rating	
LOW	Significant concerns over the adequacy/effectiveness of the controls in place in proportion to the risks
MEDIUM	Some areas of concern over the adequacy/effectiveness of the controls in place in proportion to the risks
HIGH	Controls in place assessed as adequate/effective and in proportion to the risk
INSUFFICIENT	Insufficient information at present to judge the adequacy/effectiveness of the controls

2 of 28

Date Risk Identified:	Nov-20	Executive Director Owner:	Carruthers, Andrew
Strategic	5. Safe and sustainable and accessible and kind care	Lead Committee:	Quality, Safety and Experience Assurance
Objective:			Committee

Risk ID:	Description: emergency care. This is caused by significant fragilit (UEC) system (acute, primary care, related to workforce compromise a This is not related COVID-19 per se and the broader impacts of COVID the quality of care provided to pati delays in care and poorer outcome relating to ambulance handover de Departments and delayed ambulan		ivery of timely and high quality urgent and y across the urgent and emergency care community and social care services), and increasing levels of demand and acuity but is driven by post-pandemic demand -19. This could lead to an impact/affect on ents, significant clinical deterioration, s, increased incidents of a serious nature lays and overcrowding at Emergency ice response to community emergency	Domain: Inherent Risk Current Risk S Target Risk Sc	Risk Rating:(Likelihood x Impact)Domain:Safety - Patient, Staff or PublicInherent Risk Score (L x I):5×5=25Current Risk Score (L x I):5×5=25Target Risk Score (L x I):3×4=12Tolerable Risk:6		$\begin{array}{c} 25\\ 20\\ 15\\ 10\\ 5\\ 0\\ \end{array}$	
			calls, increasing pressure of adverse confidence and increased scrutiny f	e publicity/reduction in stakeholder	Trend:			

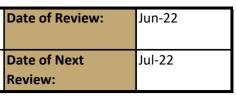
Rationale for CURRENT Risk Score:

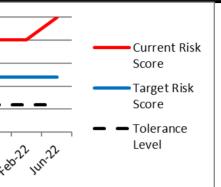
Levels of emergency demand continue to increase significantly. This is not related to COVID-19 per se but is driven by post pandemic demand and the broader impacts of COVID -19. Workforce deficits, handover delays, 4 and 12 hour performance and bed occupancy rates are all demonstrating significantly worrying trends. The indirect impact of COVID-19 has resulted in increasing levels of frailty in the community and consequent demand on our 'front door'. The situation remains at high levels of risk escalation across our acute sites on a daily basis.

Rationale for TARGET Risk Score:

There is a significant challenge across the Urgent and Emergency Care system. The combined impact of the multifaceted pressures which underpin this risk have led to an incremental increase in the overall level of pressure as reflected in deteriorating delays for ambulance handover, access to urgent and emergency care and delayed discharges. The extent to which these combined pressures impact upon the timeliness and quality of care provided is related to the overall availability of staffing resources on a daily / weekly basis, which in turn is influenced by increasing levels of staff sickness/absence as the winter period has progressed.

Key CONTROLS Currently in Place:		Gaps in CONTRO	ILS		
(The existing controls and processes in place to manage the risk)	one or more of the key controls on	How and when the Gap in control be addressed Further action necessary to address the controls gaps	By Who	By When	P





Progress

# Comprehensive daily management systems in place to manage	# Data has demonstrated that	To consider alternative models of medical	Dawson,	Completed	Pendi
unscheduled care risks on daily basis including multiple daily multi-site	targeted improvement is required	oversight i.e service level agreement with	Rhian		the lo
calls in times of escalation which include efficient handover from WAST	across our UEC system to reduce	local GPs and HB salaried community GPs			
into ED.	conveyance, conversion and discharge	Refer CRR 1406 detailing actions to address	Gostling, Lisa	31/03/2023	Ref CF
# Reviews of patients admitted to surged areas to ensure patient acuity	levels to facilitate improvements in	insufficient workforce to support delivery of			
and dependency is monitored and controlled.	the management of our Complex frail	essential services.			
# Surge beds continue as per escalation and risk assessment of site	population, maximise enhanced 'front	Explore service provision in the community	Dawson,	Completed	Comp
demand and acuity (where staffing allows). A daily review of the use of	door' turnaround within max 72 hours	for people pending ambulance conveyance,	Rhian	completed	leemp
surge beds via patient flow meetings to facilitate step down of beds.	and improved discharge coordination.	and where conveyance is not possible to			
# Discharge lounge takes patients who are being discharged.	# Fragility of Care Home Sector	manage ambulance handover delays			
# The staffing position continues to be monitored on a daily basis in	exacerbated by COVID related issues	manage ambalance nandover delays			
accordance with safe staffing principles and specifically reviews COVID-	such as financial viability, staffing	Recruit additional workforce in line with safe	Dawson,	Completed	Comp
related absence and forward forecast.	deficits, recruitment and retention of	staffing requirements for 28 beds in Amman	Rhian	completed	Comp
# Regular reviews of long stay patients over 7 days at weekly meetings	workforce.	Valley Hospital			
across all hospital sites.	# Significant paucity of domiciliary				
# Regular advice on discharge planning and complex care management is	care/social care availability due to	Development of enhanced Bridging Service	Lorton, Elaine	Completed	Comp
provided to ward based staff through Community Discharge Liaison	recruitment and retention of staff	and to actively recruit HCSWs to support			
teams, Social services and the Long Term Care Team support.	exacerbated by increased staff	domiciliary care services			
# Delivery plans in place supported by daily, weekly and monthly	absences due to the TTP process.	Create live UEC performance dashboard.	Dawson,	Completed	UEC li
monitoring arrangements.	# Nurse staffing availability to ensure		Rhian		place.
# Escalation plans for acute and community hospitals (within limits of	safe levels of care as a consequence				
staffing availability).	vacancies.	Recruitment to UEC Programme	Dawson,	31/01/2022	Recru
# Winter Plans developed to manage whole system pressures.	# Post-COVID-19 fatigue is	Management Office	Rhian	31/03/2022	
# Joint workplan with Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust.	exacerbating workforce capacity and			30/09/2022	
# 111 implemented across Hywel Dda.	availability of bank and agency staff	Implementation of 111 First and local	Dawson,	31/03/2023	Recru
# Transformation fund bids in relation to crisis response being	who would be available.	streaming hub as well as enhancing Same	Rhian	51/03/2023	
implemented across the Health Board.	# COVID-19 has further exacerbated		Kilidii		award
# IP&C support for care homes to avoid outbreaks.	workforce capacity and availability of	Day Emergency Care (SDEC) provision to			
# Ability to deploy Health Board staff where workforce compromise is	bank and agency staff who would be	reduce conveyance and conversion			
immediately threatening to continuation of care for residents.	available.	Explore and gain approval for funding for	Dawson,	31/03/2022	Sconir
# Care Home Risk & Escalation Policy to be applied to support failing care	# Inability to offload ambulances to	2wte COTE consultants	Rhian	30/06/2022	Scopi
homes as required.	release them back for use within		KIIIdII	50/00/2022	
# Domiciliary Care Risk and Escalation Policy approved by Integrated	community.		_		
Executive Group and implemented across Health Board	# Increased pressures at ED as a result	To implement the Standard for Discharge to	Dawson,	31/03/2022	Plan t
# COVID-19 IP&C Outbreak policy in place to coordinate management of	of WAST ambulance response policy	Assess in accordance with the WG Disharge	Rhian	30/06/2022	
infection outbreaks, led by site HoNs (supported by IP&C teams).	resulting in very poorly patients self-	Guidance			
# Integrated whole system, urgent and emergency care plan agreed.	presenting.	Review ambulance handover procedure in	Passey, Sian	31/03/2022 -	Senio
# Establishment of a Discharge to Assess (D2A) Group which reports to	# Insufficient programme	conjunction with WAST and HB Review		31/10/2022	have b
the Unscheduled Care group.	management to support delivery of	Escalation Policy			ambu
# Establishment of a D2A Escalation Transfer panel which provides senior	UEC programme.				endea
oversight of delays, assesses risk of the delay to the patient and	# Clinical Lead for Care of the Elderly				Releas
organisation in terms of flow compromise	(COTE) has indicated need for				The p
# To optimise step down bed capacity in the community across care	additional clinical leadership in GGH				HDUH
homes and community hospitals	(2WTE Consultants)				the po
# SRO in place to lead agreed Urgent and Emergency Care (UEC)	ľ í				which
programme					the re
# Supernummery HCSWs aligned to the acute response teams to					the ai
support failing community care capacity					share
# Support for complex discharge caseload management tool (SharePoint)					with e
appointed					
# Reminders issued to management on importance of robust					
	•				

	Pending confirmation indemnity for the local GPs to deliver.
	Ref CRR 1406 for detailed progress.
	Completed.
	Completed.
	Completed.
	UEC live performance dashboard in place.
-	Recruitment process underway.
	Recruitment underway. £3.4m awarded by WG for UEC Programme.
-	Scoping underway
-	Plan to be developed.
_	Senior level discussions with WAST have been undertaken in respect of ambulance handovers. All sites endeavour to comply with Red Release policies wherever possible. The policy is still in draft however HDUHB have been asked to share the policy with an all Wales group which has been established following the recent HIW WAST Review with the aim of setting developing a shared set of principles and policy, with each HB developing local SOPs.

Review Escalation Policy	Jones, Keith	Completed
Review nursing models to support increasing capacity and environments for patients	Passey, Sian	Completed
To undertake a quality improvement project to map flow across GGH unscheduled system supported by Improvement Wales.	Perry, Sarah	31/12/2022
To codesign schemes with Local Authorities that put urgent capacity into the system to reduce bed occupancy rate for frail, complex patients	Lorton, Elaine	31/10/2022
Review extant Escalation Policy to incorporate the whole UEC system	Jones, Keith	31/12/2022
Implementation of the 6 policy goals of the UEC programme.	Dawson, Rhian	31/03/2025
Review wider nursing establishment requirements across 25A wards (outside of NSLA) to support increasing capacity and environments for patients.	Passey, Sian	30/09/2022
	Review nursing models to support increasing capacity and environments for patients To undertake a quality improvement project to map flow across GGH unscheduled system supported by Improvement Wales. To codesign schemes with Local Authorities that put urgent capacity into the system to reduce bed occupancy rate for frail, complex patients Review extant Escalation Policy to incorporate the whole UEC system Implementation of the 6 policy goals of the UEC programme. Review wider nursing establishment requirements across 25A wards (outside of NSLA) to support increasing capacity and	Review nursing models to support increasing capacity and environments for patientsPassey, SianTo undertake a quality improvement project to map flow across GGH unscheduled system supported by Improvement Wales.Perry, SarahTo codesign schemes with Local Authorities that put urgent capacity into the system to reduce bed occupancy rate for frail, complex patientsLorton, ElaineReview extant Escalation Policy to incorporate the whole UEC systemJones, KeithImplementation of the 6 policy goals of the UEC programme.Dawson, RhianReview wider nursing establishment requirements across 25A wards (outside of NSLA) to support increasing capacity andPassey, Sian

HB Escalataion Policy reaffirmed. Sites regularly operating at Red (Level 4) status with limited nonurgent elective surgery undertaken at the four sites due to urgent and emergency care pressures.

Continuous discussions with Heads of Nursing and regular operational consideration given to scoping patient profile and pathways. In conjunction with primary care colleagues additional capacity in Amman Valley Hospital.

Work has started.

First meeting scheduled on 18/05/22.

HB Escalation Policy reaffirmed. Sites regularly operating at Red (Level 4) status with limited non-urgent elective surgery undertaken at the four sites due to urgent and emergency care pressures.

Launch of the UEC Improvement Programme on 16/06/22 to galvanise a collective approach to improvement.

Continuous discussions with Heads of Nursing and regular operational consideration given to scoping patient profile and pathways. In conjunction with primary care colleagues additional capacity in Amman Valley Hospital (completed). A review has been completed of nursing models within EDs which will be submitted to Executive Team for discussion.

ASSURANCE MAP				Control RAG	Latest Papers	Gaps in ASSURANCES				
Performance Indicators	Sources of ASSURANCE	Type of Assurance (1st, 2nd, 3rd)	Required Assurance Current Level	Rating (what the assurance is telling you about your controls	(Committee & date)	in Assurance:	How are the Gaps in ASSURANCE will be addressed Further action necessary to address the gaps	By Who	By When	Progress
indicators. A suite of	Medically optimised and ready to transfer patients are reported 3 times daily on situation reports	1st				None identified.				
metrics have been developed to	Daily performance data overseen by service management	1st								
measure the system performance.	Delivery Plans overseen by Unscheduled Care Improvement Programme	2nd								
	Bi-annual reports to SDOPC on progress on delivery plans and outcomes (and to Board via update report)	2nd								
	IPAR Performance Report to SDOPC & Board	2nd								
	WAST IA Report Handover of Care	3rd								
	11 x Delivery Unit Reviews into Unscheduled Care	3rd								
	Delivery Unit Report on Complex Discharge	3rd								

Date Risk Identified:	Nov-20	Executive Director Owner:	Carruthers, Andrew
Strategic	5. Safe and sustainable and accessible and kind care	Lead Committee:	Quality, Safety and Experience Assurance
Objective:			Committee

Description: ASD, memory assessment and psychology services for intervention) are waiting for assessment and diagnosis will continue to increase. This is caused by environmental (due to remaining social distancing measures in healthcare settings) constraints to undertake required face-to-face assessments and increasing DNA rates (c25%), as well as certain elements of some assessments being restricted due to other agencies, such as education, providing limited services at present. There is also difficulty in recruiting suitably qualified staff Domain: Safety - Patient, Staff or Public 20 Inherent Risk Score (L x I): 4x4=16 15 15 10 Target Risk Score (L x I): 3x4=12 5 10 Output 0 0	Risk ID:	1032	Principal Risk	There is a risk that the length of time N	MH&LD clients (specifically S-CAMHS,	Ri	isk Rating:(Lik	elihood x Impact	t)	25		
delays in accessing appropriate diagnosis and treatment, delayed prevention	NISK ID.	1032		ASD, memory assessment and psycholo waiting for assessment and diagnosis w by environmental (due to remaining so settings) constraints to undertake requ increasing DNA rates (c25%), as well as being restricted due to other agencies,	logy services for intervention) are will continue to increase . This is caused ocial distancing measures in healthcare uired face-to-face assessments and s certain elements of some assessment , such as education, providing limited	d In S Ta	omain: hherent Risk S urrent Risk Sc arget Risk Sco	Safety - Patient Public core (L x I): ore (L x I): re (L x I):	4×4=16 5×4=20 3×4=12			
Does this risk link to any Directorate (operational) risks? 138, 140, 1249, 1286, 1287, 1392 Trend:	Desethio			delays in accessing appropriate diagnom of deterioration of conditions and dela	osis and treatment, delayed prevention ayed adjustments to educational needs.				6	NOVIC	Decifeed Wardser	

Rationale for CURRENT Risk Score:

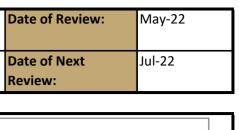
The service were experiencing significant waiting times as a result of increasing demand levels which are now back to pre-pandemic levels. Due to the constraints to undertake the required face to face assessments, the continued social distancing requirements within health settings and, increasing DNA rates (c25%), ongoing recruitment challenges and increasing demand has an impact on the services' ability to see the same volume of service users as they were previously able to. In addition, some parts of the estate footprint does not necessary lend itself to accommodate the social distance requirements still required in health settings and in some instances is not therapeutically beneficial. Certain elements of some assessments also being restricted due to other agencies, such as education, providing limited services. Integrated Autism Service (IAS) is funded on fixed term basis which can make staff retention challenging along with having to train new incoming staff. The risk score has increased due to compliance with WG targets which has deteriorated over recent months particularly in relation to part 1 of the measure for CAMHS Services.

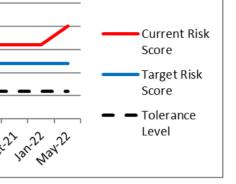
Rationale for TARGET Risk Score:

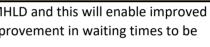
The Directorate is prioritising implementation of W-PAS in key areas within MHLD and this will enable improved reporting and waiting list management and enable forward trajectories of improvement in waiting times to be determined.

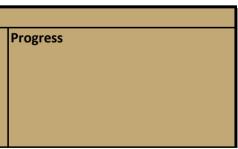
The target risk score will be dependent on securing recurring funding for the IAS as well as having access to appropriate clinical venues and other agencies being able to undertaken their associated assessments.

Key CONTROLS Currently in Place:		Gaps in CONTRO	LS	
(The existing controls and processes in place to manage the risk)	,	addressed Further action necessary to address the	By Who	By When









Use of IT/virtual platforms such as AttendAnywhere when appropriate.		Identify alternative venues/space to hold	Carroll, Mrs Liz	31/03/2021 -
	the available space/offices that can be	clinics.		31/12/2021
Clinical prioritisation regarding assessment and treatment of service	used to meet clients face-to face.			30/09/2022
users by engaging in a dynamic process of reviewing waiting lists in line				
with any other referrals that may be received in respect of that service	Certain elements of some			
user.	assessments also being restricted due			
	to other agencies, such as education,			
Additional funding provided for recruitment however national shortage	providing limited services.			
of required skills - 3 new staff have been recruited into the ASD team.				
	Continued lack of IT impacts on staff			
Services are in contact with individuals to provide information regarding	who have to work from home not			
community support, well being at home and guidance should their	having full accessibility.			
situation deteriorate.				
	Estates issues ongoing with no access			
Regular meetings with Women and Children's Service to strengthen	to clinical areas in some localities to			
interdepartmental working.	see CYP and unable to access GP or LA			
	sites thus restricting clinical sessions.			
Process in place to ensure individuals on waiting lists are being contacted	_			
periodically through the wait for assessment/treatment to monitor any	Telephone assessments ongoing,	Head of Service to ensure outcome measures	Carroll, Mrs Liz	31/12/2020
alteration in presentation.	virtual assessment offered but uptake	are in place to measure effectiveness/quality		30/06/2022
	not good for ASD client group.	of services provided		31/12/2022
Papers have been presented at the Quality Safety and Experience				
Assurance Committee with a further update paper provided for the				
December 2021 meeting outlining control measures to manage the				
waiting times that the Directorate have at present.				
Service Delivery Manager appointed and in place.				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Continual review of vacancies via MHLD QSE meetings resulting in the				
consideration of alternative staffing models when recruitment drives do				
not materialise. Workforce Redesign Group has been established.				
1 1	I			

Working with the Estates Department and exploring options with external partners. Regular meetings with Estates to look at accessing/leasing/enhancing the current MH estates with a view to increase MH estate footprint. Within the service there is progress in terms of identifying clinical space due to the challenges experienced in accessing additional accommodation outside of the Directorate. Linking with wider Health Board, including corporate teams/Local Authority use of hubs. Works completed in Bro Cerwyn and staff have now returned.

Directorate have been asked to participate in Health Board wide Task & Finish group. The Directorate will raise the importance of Service User/Carer input into this group to ensure the patient experience is represented to inform the outcome. Outcome measures will form part of this project. Outcome measures are used in Integrated Psychological Therapies Services. It will be established if the service are able to report on the outcome measures as part of the Quality report for the area. This work needs to be aligned to the all Wales work in relation MH outcomes.

Services will be in contact with individuals to	Carroll, Mrs Liz	31/03/2022
provide information regarding community		30/06/2022
support, well being at home and guidance		00,00,2022
should their situation deteriorate.		
		24 /02 /2022
Funding for Interim Clinical Psychologist lead	Carroll, Mrs Liz	31/03/2022
post to assist with the waiting lists and		30/09/2022
service development has been identified		
fixed term for 12 months and will work in		
conjunction with the new ASD Service		
Delivery Manager (in post 6 March) to		
address waiting lists. Health Board is engaging in work with WG to	Carroll, Mrs Liz	30/04/2021
benefit from additional support re waiting		31/12/2022
lists, demand and capacity planning and		51/12/2022
service mapping to meet the national		
standards and new Autism Code.		
	1	

Work underway across all services who have waiting times, be they intervention or assessment. Use of HB Third Party Contractor has begun and initial letters sent to those waiting appointments with the Memory Assessment Service. Public facing webpages with QR codes are also being developed to give further guidance and support whilst individuals are waiting. Template letters completed with ADHD and Integrated Psychological Therapies Services, template letters and patient demographic detail being collated in preparation within IAS, CAMHS Neurodevelopmental service.

Interim Clinical Psychologist due to take up post by end of July 2022.

WG ASD Evaluation and recommendation document received and due to be considered at Quality Safety Experience Group on 25.4.22. Service Delivery Manager will take a lead role in developing the implementation plan for the MH&LD Directorate and across the Health Board as part of a Task and Finish Group.

Directorate has funded 12 month fixed term post to accelerate the transition of the entire Directorate on to WPAS with a view to this improving waiting list management and demand and capacity planning.	Amner, Karen	31/12/2022
home/agile working in order to maximise the potential office / clinical space	Carroll, Mrs Liz	30/06/2022
Explore opportunities for outsourcing for ASG (and Psychological therapies	Carroll, Mrs Liz	30/09/2022

Mapping work continuing for IAS service with the new Service Delivery Manager and initial documents being developed for MAS and Perinatal. Data migration of Integrated Psychological Therapies spreadsheets completed 10.4.22. Training delivered by Informatics Service to enable clinical contact data to be entered at source. Meetings with MAS is progressing with scoping document, IAS, Perinatal and Admiral Nursing Service continuing to progress work within these areas.

Due to Omicrom variant greater numbers of staff have been working from home. An increase in DNA rates were experienced during this time. Directorate is awaiting delivery of additional IT kit to support home/agile working. Directorate continues to seek regular updates from Digital Services in relation to delivery timeframe.

Tender document has been drafted and has been sent to procurement.

	ASSURANCE MAP			Control RAG	Latest Papers			Gaps in ASSUR	ANCES	
Performance Indicators	Sources of ASSURANCE	Type of Assurance (1st, 2nd, 3rd)	Required Assurance Current Level	Rating (what the assurance is telling you about your controls	(Committee & date)	Identified Gaps in Assurance:	How are the Gaps in ASSURANCE will be addressed Further action necessary to address the gaps	By Who	By When	P
Welsh Government performance indicators along with internal monitoring arrangements will be used to ensure the actions are having the desires		1st			Update - Risk 1032: Mental Health and Learning Disabilities Waiting Lists - QSEC (Oct21) MHLD progress update on	System to improve analysis of patient experience	There are outcome measure in place within Psychological Therapies following intervention with a plan to develop a Task and Finish group to look at themes and areas which may require further improvement.		Completed	C P T V C t
effect or whether there is more that needs to be done.	Monthly MH&LD Business Planning and Performance Group overseeing performance	2nd			Planning Objective 5G - Board (Mar22)					
	MH&LD QSE Group overseeing patient outcomes	2nd								
	Update - Risk 1032: Mental Health and Learning Disabilities Waiting Lists - QSEC	2nd								
	W-PAS Internal Audit (reasonable assurance(3rd								Ī
	An update was requested by the Chair and provided for the August Quality, Safety, Assurance Committee.									

Progr	ess
partic Task & will ra User/ ensur repre Outco	torate have been asked to cipate in Health Board wide & Finish group. The Directorate aise the importance of Service d'Carer input into this group to re the patient experience is sented to inform the outcome. ome measures will form part of roject.

Date Risk Identified:	Jan-22		Executive Director Owner:	Carruthers, Andrew
Strategic	5. Safe and sustainable and accessible and kind care	1	Lead Committee:	Quality, Safety and Experience Assurance
Objective:				Committee

Risk ID:	1340	Principal Risk	There is a risk of avoidable harm (death and serious deterioration in clinical	Risk Rating:(Like	elihood x Impact)		25 -			
		Description:	condition and outcomes) for HDUHB patients requiring NSTEMI pathway care. This is caused by a combination of delayed pathway referral from HDUHB to	Domain:	Safety - Patient, S Public	Staff or	20 -			
			SBUHB and Cardiac Catheter Laboratory capacity constraints at Morrison Hospital, which is further compounded by transport and logistical challenges in transferring patients in a timely manner, particularly from WGH and BGH. This could lead to an impact/affect on delayed NSTEMI treatments leading to significant adverse clinical outcomes for patients, increased length of stay, increased risk of exposure hospital acquired infection/risks, impaired patient flow into Morriston Hospital resulting in cardiology/unscheduled care flow pressures within HDUHB acute sites. NSTEMI pathway inadequacy is also resulting in poorer patient experience due to anxieties associated with delayed treatment/prolonged hospitalisation, together with poorer staff work experience/satisfaction given associated clinical and outcome risks for	Inherent Risk Sco Current Risk Sco Target Risk Scor Tolerable Risk:	ore (L x I): re (L x I):	5×4=20 4×4=16 1×4=4 6	15 - 10 - 5 - 0 -	Jan-22	Feb-22	2
Does this	s risk link	to any Director	patients. rate (operational) risks?	Trend:						

Rationale for CURRENT Risk Score:

NICE guidelines for Acute Coronary Syndromes (NG185) recommend 'coronary angiography (with followâ€'on PCI if indicated) within 72 hours of first admission(presentation) for people with unstable angina or NSTEMI who have an intermediate or higher risk of adverse cardiovascular events' (recommendation 1.1.6). In support of this recommendation/target, we aim to identify and refer patients to Morriston Cardiac Centre for angiography within 24 hours of admission/presentation. For 2021 the median wait between admission/presentation and angiography for HDUHB patients was 213.5 hours (8.9 days) and the median time between

admission/presentation and referral was 39.5 hours. For context, the 2021 position is a deterioration from that maintained in 2019 where the PPH Treat and Repatriate Service supported a median admission/presentation to angiography wait of 120 hours (5 days) - this service was suspended at the outset of COVID-19 due to PPH site pressures. Comprehensive review of Jan-June 2022 performance data scheduled for July 2022 - 'current risk score' will be reviewed at that point.

Rationale for TARGET Risk Score:

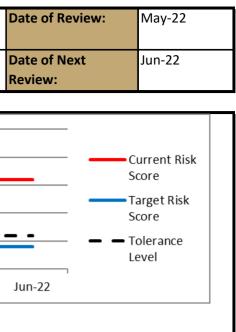
The former PPH Treat and Repatriate Service achieved significant improvements for this pathway by a reduction in the median admission/presentation to angiography waiting time from 312 hours (13 days) to 120 hours (5 days) between January 2019 and April 2019. As a service we are aiming to deliver a NICE-complaint pathway and comply with the 72 hour recommendation/target. HDUHB Cardiology Pathway Transformation Project has identified 4 key areas for improvement in the NSTEMI pathway, these are:

1. Reduce length of time from presentation to referral to a median time of 24 hours (potential workforce and system/process solutions)

2. Re-instate NSTEMI Treat and Repatriation service and/or identify steps to improve patient transportation and logistics

Increase regional capacity at Morriston Cardiac Centre to meet the 72 hour NICE guidelines
 If point 3 above is not realised, explore options to commission NSTEMI pathway angiography service from an alternative provider/s across Wales

Key CONTROLS Currently in Place:	Gaps in CONTROLS								
(The existing controls and processes in place to manage the risk)	,	addressed Further action necessary to address the	By Who	By When					



Progress

# All patients are risk-scored by HDUHB Teams on assessment and	Continuing delays in referring	Introduce a number of system and process	Smith, Paul	31/08/2022
referral onto NSTEMI pathway.	HDdUHB patients to Morriston	solutions to reduce presentation to referral		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Cardiac Centre for angiography	to a median time of 24 hours:		
# Medical and nursing staff review patients daily and update the	0017	1- Staff awareness and education initiative to		
Sharepoint referral database as appropriate to communicate and	Compromised logistics and patient	highlight urgency and timeliness of NSTEMI		
escalate changes in level of risk/priority for patients awaiting transfer.	pathway flow (particularly for BGH	patient pathway management;		
	and WGH) due to absence of a Treat	2- A Clinical Decision Tool to aid early patient		
# Increased numbers of patients waiting / prolonged transfer delays are	and Repatriation service and/or	identification and referral;		
identified on daily Sitrep Calls and escalated by HDUHB Cardiology	effective patient transportation	3- Pilot of daily HDdUHB/SBUHB Teams call		
Clinical Lead / SDM to SBUHB Cardiology Clinical Lead / Cardiology		to review/prioritise patient referrals and		
Manager.	Inadequate Cardiac Catheter	need for HDdUHB Cardiologist/SBUHB		
	Laboratory capacity at Morriston	Interventionist telephone referral;		
# All patients are risk-scored by cardiac team at SBUHB on receipt of	Cardiac Centre	4- Pilot of a weekend HDdUHB Cardiologist		
patient referral from HDUHB and discussed at weekly Regional MDT.		on-call advice line to support referral		
		process.		
# Weekday telephone call between SBUHB Cardiology Coordinator and				
all 4 hospital Coronary Care Units (CCUs) to review patients awaiting				24/00/2022
transfer, in particular the progress on identified work-up actions.		Introduce workforce solutions to support the	Smith, Paul	31/08/2022
		reduction of presentation to referral to a		
# Bi-monthly operational meeting with Swansea Bay UHB (SBUHB) to		median time of 24 hours:		
monitor activity/patient flow and address associated risks/issues.		1 Consultant Cardiologist 3 Band 8a ANPs		
		1 Band 4 Pathway Coordinator		
# Reporting arrangements in place to monitor emergency and elective		1 Band 4 Pathway Coordinator		
waiting times.				
# NSTEMI Pathway Improvement workstream within HDUHB Cardiology		Re-instate of NSTEMI Treat and Repatriation	Smith, Paul	31/12/2022
transformation project		service and/or identify steps to improve		
		patient transportation and logistics.		
# NSTEMI Pathway Improvement workstream within ARCH Cardiology				
Programme				
		Increase regional capacity at Morriston	Smith, Paul	31/12/2022
		Cardiac Centre to meet the 72 hour NICE		
		guidelines.		
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Service and NSTEMI Project group are progressing additional risk actions required: 1: NSTEMI/ACS awareness update presented at HDUHB-wide Grand Round Medical Meeting in April '22; 2: A Clinical Decision Tool to aid early patient identification for discussion at May '22 ARCH ACS Group; 3: Pilot of daily HDdUHB/SBUHB Teams call to review/prioritise patient referrals in discussion; 4 Pilot of a weekend HDdUHB Cardiologist on-call advice line running during April and May '22 - outcomes to be evaluated.

Indicative investment highlighted in IMTP - HDdUHB detailed business case development presented at ARCH Regional Recovery Group on 17th March '22. Re-fresh due to representation at May '22 ARCH Regional Recovery Group.

PPH NSTEMI/ACS Treat & Repatriate Pathway SBAR re-submitted to PPH Triumvirate in April '22. PPH Cardiology Workstream currently reviewing scope to re-operationalise the NSTEMI/ACS Treat & Repatriate pathway at PPH.

Supported by ARCH, SBUHB submitted SBAR outlining plans for increased capacity and delivery of 7 day Cardiac Cath Lab service at ARCH Regional Recovery Group on 17th March '22. Re-fresh business case for presentation at May '22 ARCH Regional Recovery Group.

11	Explore options to commission NSTEMI	Smith, Paul	Completed	/
	pathway angiography service from an	,		(
	alternative provider/s across Wales			0
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	ASSURANCE MAP			Control RAG Latest Papers		Gaps in ASSURANCES				
Performance Indicators	Sources of ASSURANCE	Type of Assurance (1st, 2nd, 3rd)	Required Assurance Current Level	Rating (what the assurance is telling you about your controls	(Committee & date)		How are the Gaps in ASSURANCE will be addressed Further action necessary to address the gaps	By Who	By When	
	Daily/weekly/monthly/ operational monitoring arrangements by management	1st			Cardiac Waiting Lists - QSEC (Feb22)	None Identified.				
	Audit of NSTEMI pathway undertaken by Cardiology Clinical Lead/SDM on monthly basis	1st								
	IPAR Performance Report to SDOPC & Board	2nd								
	Monthly oversight by WG	3rd								

ARCH Regional Cardiology Project Group and HDdUHB ACS Working Group currently pursuing a plan that will see the required Cardiac Cath Lab service from Morriston Cardiac Centre. HDUHB Commissioning and Contracting Team have approached Cardiology NSTEMI/ACS centres/facilities across Wales and on the Wales/England borders and there is no available capacity to support HDUHB NSETMI/ACS pathway.

	Progress
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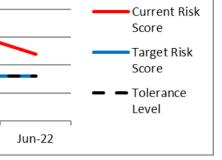
Date Risk Identified:	Oct-21	Executive Director Owner:	Kloer, Dr Philip
Strategic	3. Striving to deliver and develop excellent services	Lead Committee:	Quality, Safety and Experience Assurance
Objective:			Committee

Risk ID:	1337	Principal Risk	There is a risk of reputational harm if the health board is found to have not		Risk Rating:(Like	lihood x Impact)		25 -			
			managed the TB outbreak in Llwynhendy as well as it could have. This is caused by the findings of the forthcoming HB and PHW commissioned			Adverse publicity/reputati	se ity/reputation (1): 5×4=20 I): 3×4=12				
			external review into the outbreak and its management since 2010, and whether each stage was conducted in accordance with best practice guidance in place at the time of each phase of the outbreak. This could lead to an		Inherent Risk Sco Current Risk Sco Target Risk Score	re (L x I):	3×4=12	15 - 10 -	_		
			impact/affect on stakeholder confidence in the Health Board's ability to manage future outbreaks, local and national media interest, and additional scrutiny from key stakeholders such as WG.		Tolerable Risk:		8	5 - 0 -	Jan-22	Feb-22	
Does this	risk link	to any Director	ate (operational) risks?	1	Trend:		7				

Rationale for CURRENT Risk Score:		Rationale for TARGET Risk Score:			
The outbreak investigation has been re-opened four times in response to internal review carried out by PHW in 2019, to identify immediate action the ongoing management of the outbreak. One of the key recommendat jointly with PHW, an external review of the outbreak and its managemen management of TB disease in Wales. The Board agreed to proceed with t delayed by COVID-19. , and will now be completed by May22. The review anticipated completion during autumn 2022. The risk score has been red been reported to date.	s and to make recommendations for ions of the review was to commission, t, to inform the approach to the he external review, the start was commenced in April 2022 with an	AThe development of a cohesive TB database mitigate this risk.	to enable cross-	referencing of o	contacts is also key requirement to
Key CONTROLS Currently in Place:		Gaps in CONTRO	LS		
(The existing controls and processes in place to manage the risk)	one or more of the key controls on	How and when the Gap in control be addressed Further action necessary to address the controls gaps	By Who	By When	Progress

Key CONTROLS Currently in Place:	Gaps in CONTROLS	
(The existing controls and processes in place to manage the risk)	Identified Gaps in Controls : (Where How and when the Gap in control be By W	/ho By When I
	one or more of the key controls on addressed	
	which the organisation is relying is not Further action necessary to address the	
	effective, or we do not have evidence controls gaps	
	that the controls are working)	

Date of Review:	Jun-22
Date of Next Review:	Aug-22



15 of 28

PHW Health Protection support supporting outbreak and contacting	Ability to identify everyone as a	Development of TB Database to enable cross-	Tracey,	31/03/2022
Paediatric cases who previously not attended	contact from TB outbreak from	referencing of contacts	Anthony	30/09/2022
	different sources			
All contacts have been contacted at least once and families of the				
deceased have been formally communicated with advising of the review	Having an agreed effective response			
	to TB aligned to PHW to ensure that			
Treatment plans put in place where required	management of an outbreak is within			
	an agreed process			
A Project team has been established to support the review panel, led by				
a Project Manager and include administrative support, Communications				
and Information and Communications Technology				
Health Board commitment to be open about the findings from the				
Review with stakeholders and the public and ensure these are				
addressed.				
Public Service Ombudsman for Wales (PSOW) kept informed on progress				
of review				
Communication strategy agreed through the TB Joint Oversight Group to				
support the publication of the final report in the autumn of 2022				

	ASSURANCE MAP			Control RAG	Latest Papers			Gaps in ASSUR	ANCES
Performance Indicators	Sources of ASSURANCE	Type of Assurance (1st, 2nd, 3rd)	Required Assurance Current Level	Rating (what the assurance is telling you about your controls	(Committee & date)		How are the Gaps in ASSURANCE will be addressed Further action necessary to address the gaps	By Who	By When
	TB Operational Task & Finish Group facilitating the external review	1st			An External Review of the Llwynhendy Tuberculosis Outbreak - Board (Sep21)	of TB outbreak and	To commission, jointly with PHW, an external review of the outbreak and its management, to inform the approach to the management of TB disease in Wales.	Kloer, Dr Philip	31/05/2022 31/12/2022 (TBC)
	TB oversight group for operational response co- chaired by HB and PHW Medical Directors	2nd							
	Internal review presented to an In-Committee Board meeting in Nov19	2nd							

A system has been developed however further work is required to enable is cross-reference contacts.

Progress

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, a decision was taken early in 2020 to pause the review. Professor Mike Morgan has recently been appointed as the chair of the external review panel and has been formally commissioned, on 16Aug21, to oversee the review. The review has commenced with anticipated completion in autumn 2022.

Date Risk J Identified:	Jan-19	Executive Director Owner:	Carruthers, Andrew	Date of Review:	May-22
identified:					
Strategic	N/A - Operational Risk	Lead Committee:	Quality, Safety and Experience Assurance	Date of Next	Jun-22
Objective:			Committee	Review:	

Risk ID:	684	Principal Risk	There is a risk radiology service provision from breakdown of key radiology	Risk Rating:(Lil	kelihood x Impact)	25 -	
			imaging equipment (specifically insufficient CT capacity UHB-wide, and the general rooms and fluroscopy room in Bronglais). This is caused by equipment not being replaced in line with RCR (Royal College of Radiologists) and other guidelines. This could lead to an impact/affect on patient flows resulting from delays in diagnosis and treatments, delays in discharges, increased waiting times on cancer pathways, increased staffing costs to minimise the impact on patients when breakdowns occur and increased number of breaches over 8 weeks due to increased downtime.	Domain: Inherent Risk S Current Risk Sc Target Risk Sco Tolerable Risk:	core (L x I): ore (L x I):	20 - 15 - 10 - 5 - 0 -	12 F502 JUULD 1802 4012
Does this	risk link	to any Director	rate (operational) risks? 644	Trend:			

Rationale for CURRENT Risk Score:

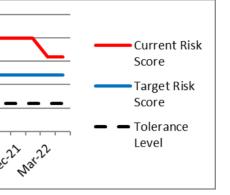
The UHB's stock of imaging equipment routinely breaks down causing disruption to diagnostic imaging services across all sites which has a significant impact on the UHB's ability to meet its RTT target and impact to patients can include delays in diagnosis and treatment. Presently equipment downtime is frequently up to a week which can put significant pressures on all diagnostic services. Whilst activity has decreased due to COVID, scanning of COVID patients requires more time than non-COVID patients, which will become an issue as requests for diagnostics for non-COVID patients increase as other services resume. Commissioning of agreed equipment has also been delayed as a result of COVID and this remains dependent external factors. Radiology has been asked to increase its service provision to other Directorates which it is currently unable to provide due to limitations on current equipment, however the demountable CT-scanner will provide much needed resilience at GGH. Whilst some contingency has been provided by a scanner in a demountable unit this does not provide full cover for acute care (not suitable for complex care). The risk score has been reduced to 16 reflecting that some equipment has been installed and is operational. A costed plan along with a rolling programme for the installation of additional equipment is in place.

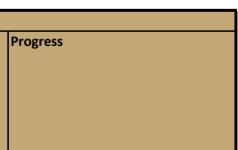
Rationale for TARGET Risk Score:

Until a formal replacement programme in place, it will not be possible to bring this risk within tolerance and therefore the target score has increased to 15 as it should be possible that when the new equipment is commissioned, this will slightly reduce the risk.

With more modern equipment, breakdowns will be less likely and less significant in terms of downtime together with a reduced impact on the diagnostic services at the remaining hospital sites. Improved business continuity plans will also help reduce the impact of equipment breakdown across the UHB.

Key CONTROLS Currently in Place:		Gaps in CONTRO	S	
(The existing controls and processes in place to manage the risk)	,	addressed Further action necessary to address the	By Who	By When





 # Service maintenance contracts in place and regularly reviewed to ensure value for money is maintained. # The difficult to source spares can be obtained through bespoke manufacture but this invariably results in inherent delays in returning equipment to service. # Regular quality assurance checks (eg daily checks). # Use of other equipment/transfer of patients across UHB during times of breakdown. # Ability to change working arrangements following breakdowns to minimise impact to patients. # Site business continuity plans in place. # Disaster recovery plan in place. # Replacement programme has been re-profiled by risk, usage and is influenced by service reports.Some funding has been secured from AWCP for some replacements but does not cover all outdated equipment nor the future requirements. # Escalation process in place for service disruptions/breakdowns. # WG Funding agreed for 2 x CT scanners (GGH & WGH) - to be commissioned by Dec21 and Mar22. 	Limitation of spare parts for some older equipment leading to extended outages. This issue may be compounded by Brexit. Increased use of site contingency plans puts pressures on patient flows, discharges, diagnosis at other sites. Reliance on AWCP for replacement of equipment.		Roberts- Davies, Gail	Completed
# Additional CT secured in the form of a mobile van in December 2020. # Newly created National Imaging and Capital Priorities Group ensures there is a robust governance process to support a national, sustainable clinically focused capital equipment programme across Wales. This will ensure that all HB's in Wales agree to a prioritisation process which will allow for timely equipment procurement and delivery to support		Installation of CT Scanner at Withybush General Hospital	Roberts- Davies, Gail	30/06/2022
healthcare demands across Wales.		Installation of scanner at Prince Philip Hospital	Roberts- Davies, Gail	31/10/2022
		Installation of CT Scanner at Bronglais General Hospital	Roberts- Davies, Gail	28/02/2023
		Installation of DR room in Prince Philip Hospital	Roberts- Davies, Gail	31/10/2022
		Installation of DR room in Glangwili General Hospital	Roberts- Davies, Gail	30/11/2022
		Installation of DR room in Withybush General Hospital	Roberts- Davies, Gail	31/12/2022
		Installation of fluoroscopy room in Bronglais General Hospital	Roberts- Davies, Gail	28/02/2023

Two business cases have been funded by WG. Further Business Cases for the further 3 CT scanners and or General Rooms (depending on priority) to be submitted in 2022/23.Submit updated paper to CEIMTSC to outline current priorities and funding requirements from DCP and AWCP.

21/12/2021 - discussion with the Head of Radiology has confirmed that all relevant funding has been sourced, with ongoing work to install equipment / updates to be made alongside the Estates time. Action complete with regards to funding.

Timeline is in line with draft scheme of work, and at this time could be subject to delays should issues arise. As of 25/05/2022 the installation of this equipment is currently running to schedule.

Timeline is in line with draft scheme of work, and at this time could be subject to delays should issues arise.

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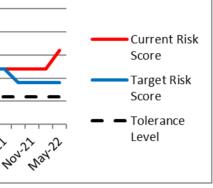
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	ASSURANCE MAP			Control RAG	Latest Papers			Gaps in ASSUR	ANCES	
Performance Indicators	Sources of ASSURANCE	Type of Assurance (1st, 2nd, 3rd)	Required Assurance Current Level	Rating (what the assurance is telling you about your controls	(Committee & date)		How are the Gaps in ASSURANCE will be addressed Further action necessary to address the gaps	By Who	By When	Progress
waiting times to under 6 weeks by	Monthly reports on equipment downtime and overtime costs	1st			Radiology Equipment SBAR -	Lack of process of formal post breakdown				
Reduction in	IPAR report overseen by PPPAC and Board bi- monthly	2nd			Executive Team - Mar19 Further	review.				
nil by Mar22.	Internal Review of Radiology Service Report (Reasonable Rating	3rd			updates CEIMT Feb20 Further updates CEIMT					
	WAO Review of Radiology - Apr17	3rd			Sep20					
	External Review of Radiology - Jul18	3rd								

	Date Risk	Apr-17	Executive Director Owner:	Carruthers, Andrew	Date of Review:	May-22
	Identified:					
	Strategic	N/A - Operational Risk	Lead Committee:	Quality, Safety and Experience Assurance	Date of Next	Jun-22
Objective: Committee Review:	Objective:			Committee	Review:	

Risk ID:	129	Principal Risk	There is a risk of the inability to deliver the statutory requirement to deliver	Risk Rating:(Likelihood x Impact)	25
		Description:	an Urgent Primary Care Out of Hours Service for Hywel Dda patients This is	Domain: Service/Business	
			caused by a lack of available of labour supply as GPs near retirement age and	interruption/disruption	20
			pay rate differentials (50% reduction over last 5 years) across Health Boards in	Inherent Risk Score (L x I): 5×3=15	15
			Wales impact the UHB's ability to recruit in the mid-long term. This,	Current Risk Score (L x I): 4×4=16	10
			combined with increased demand for face-to-face and longer complex	Target Risk Score (L x I):3×3=9	5
			consultations and increasing pressures in day-today primary care impacting		
			the ability of GPs to be available for OOH shifts. In addition, some clinicians	26/11/2020 - Board 'Accept' Target Risk	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
			may preferentially work in other urgent emergency care initiatives such as	Tolerable Risk: 6	Nay Dor's Eep? White Dec? Nay 20
			111 First shifts/SDEC, as they are potentially much lighter (already seen in		4. 6. 6. 6. 6
			SBU). This could lead to an impact/affect on a detrimental impact on patient		
			experience, as patients would need to go to an ED/MIU to receive treatment		
			for a primary care complaint to be managed. The unscheduled care pathway		
			including WAST / primary care could continue to suffer ongoing disruptions		
			due to unmet demand for the OOH service seeking alternative management.		
			This may also result in unforeseen deterioration of an unmanaged condition		
			in a patient, thus becoming more complex to resolve if not dealt with in a		
			timely manner.		
Does this	risk link t	to any Director	rate (operational) risks?	Trend:	1



Rationale for CURRENT Risk Score:

As of May 22, fragility of service delivery continues, exacerbated by the forthcoming bank holidays. Rotas continue to be fragile, particularly at weekends. Any further absence on out of hours provision is likely to rapidly result in further deterioration of the current position. Availability of day time work, relaxation of COVID-19 restrictions, potentially leading to less availability of locums available for OOH. The Health Board currently have approximately 45 GPs (down from 100, 5 years ago) who regularly work the rotas, and an additional 10-20 who only work bank holidays rotas due to enhanced rates. ANP staff have reduced from 4, to 1 which covers 4 hours over a weekend period (0.1 WTE).

Rationale for TARGET Risk Score:

Service rota positions remain variable with continued shortfalls in clinical cover variably affecting service provision. Generally the rotas continue to be unstable, particularly at the weekends, and this is further compounded by the need for salaried staff to take annual leave and sessional staff to have time off to rest (particularly following the pressures of the Covid-19 pandemic). The August 2021 Bank Holiday rotas were still markedly reduced, despite the offer of Christmas rates (our highest hourly rates), which reflects exhaustion and burn out of clinicians. The situation has deteriorated further as at May 2022, with the service at Level 4 for three of the four bank holidays over May/June 2022, with enhanced rates being offered to fill rotas. Medium term actions are still required, especially in terms of service modernisation. Work to develop a long term plan for OOH Services has now recommenced following Covid-19 in order to reduce this risk on a permanent basis so to ensure the out of hours service provision is not interrupted. Workforce and service redesign are being considered. The Clinical Lead has concerns regarding the future stability of the service, and a need for a greater workforce development plan from central government is really required. TCS must include a more realistic workforce plan to future proof the whole Health Board. The potential adverse affects of the pandemic, plus the seasonal impacts RSV and Flu, are currently being considered, which should include further updates to the Exec Team.

Target score has been reduced from 12 to 9 to reflect the 5 salaried GPs, on the assumption that they will complete recruitment. There is less of an improvement from this recruitment as it is being diluted by the loss of other GPs due to retirement and taking up roles in other areas.

Key CONTROLS Currently in Place:	Gaps in CONTROLS				
(The existing controls and processes in place to manage the risk)	one or more of the key controls on	addressed Further action necessary to address the	By Who	By When	

Progress

# GP's rotas across the 3 counties are now managed centrally via the	The ability to influence workforce	Ensure Transforming Clinical Services	Rees, Gareth	30/09/2020-
administration team based in Haverfordwest	participation remains limited due to	Programme incorporates a long term, viable		31/12/2021
# Dedicated GP Advice sessions in place at times of high demand (mostly	the lack of contractual agreements	plan for OOH.		31/12/2022
weekends).	(reliance on sessional staff). 5 new			31/05/2023
# Remote working telephone advice clinicians secured where required.	salaried GP may allow us to influence			
# Additional remote working capacity has been secured to assist	this positively.			
clinicians who may be shielding/ isolating to continue to support				
operational demand.	The Clinical Lead has concerns			
, # Health Professional feedback form in use between clinicians, service	regarding the future stability of the			
management and 111 (WAST) leads.	service, and a need for a greater			
# WAST Advance Paramedic Practitioner (APP) resource enhanced to	workforce development plan from			
provide more flexibility.	central government is really required.			
# Rationalisation of overnight bases in place since March 2020, now	TCS must include a more realistic			
subject to service review.	workforce plan. Need for formalised			
# Workforce and service redesign requirements flagged as part of IMTP.	workforce plan and redesign is still			
# Deputy Medical Director meetings on a weekly/bi-weekly basis, helps	required - reflected in IMTP			
to ensure governance of the service.	submission.			
# Regular review of risk register with Assurance & Risk Officer.	Submission.			
# Home working provision in place for GPs.	In relation to service demand, activity	Review the rationalisation of overnight	Richards,	31/05/2021
# Agreed pathway for PPH Minor Injury Unit in place.	has increased a little over the summer	temporary service change.	David	30/09/2021
				31/12/2021
# GP Hub in place where locum sessions can be accessed centrally to	2021, but still have the same % of			30/06/2022
support service provision.	referrals to A&E and 999, with no			31/12/2022
# Ongoing recruitment campaigns in order to bolster the MDT model	increase in % of admissions. Covid			- , , -
and maintaining service stability.	continues to influence the risk-			
# Use of telephone consultations for service delivery alongside remote	position with frequent short notice			
working, which has increased by 60% due to the pandemic.	absences and limited opportunity to			
	find cover in these circumstances.			
	The focus on delivery of care via the			
	telephone advice method is the			
	significant factor in stabilising the risk			
	at this time however there is a slow			
	return to seeing more patients face to			
	face with calls completed as			
	telephone advice now reduced to 60-			
	70%. Any reduction in capacity			
	remains likely to require an increase			
	in the risk level as the service delivery			
	will be adversely affected.			
-			-	

May 2022 - Whilst work to develop a longer term viable plan for OOH was commenced in early 2020, this work has been delayed due COVID-19. Awaiting decision/direction on integration into TCS, and consideration should be given to developing a new MDT model to replace the existing GP OOH model currently utilised. The service leads are engaged in discussions to develop the service following an internal review and the pending Peer Review will give further direction of needs and opportunities in line with the Government Six Goals Strategy.

May 22 - The closing of two bases overnight was an attempt to encourage doctors to work in the three remaining bases with two clinicians in GGH. This strategy has not been as successful as planned as there has been a continual decline of doctors which may have been brought forward by the rationalisation. The development of a MDT model will increase the capacity of the OOH service with potential to reopen the bases temporarily closed overnight. To allow the MDT to incorporate Advanced Practitioners and Physicians Associates from all backgrounds, the professional leadership for paramedics will need to be addressed The DMD for Primary Care is taking forward the discussion of the HB needing a clearly defined lead for Paramedics to allow a true MDT approach in OOH and throughout the HB. This conversation is ongoing with the Director and Assistant Director of PC being appraised. The current position is a barrier for recruitment of a true MDT including paramedics. Once addressed the recruitment and enrolment process will initially take 4-6 months.

Implement 'RotaMaster' which will help with	Richards,	Completed
rostering going forward. Our issues with	David	-
'offer and accept', plus IR35, will be mitigated		
with the completion of this project.		
Implement Locum Hub Wales.	Richards,	Completed
	David	
Recruit Health Board wide GP posts.	Richards,	Completed
	David	
Short term (1-2 years), the aim is to recruit	Richards,	31/12/2023
Advanced Practitioners of all grades, with the	David	
potential opportunity to provide applicants		
with appropriate training and career		
development eg prescribing training within the available budget.		

May 2022 - Rotamaster has been implemented and is in use.

Completed- Locum Hub Wales was live as of Jul21, however usage is currently limited due to geographical restrictions and other non Health Board issues, including issues with the system and small pool of Clinicians available who are already working in our Health Board. Remote working would be available but is of low utility when we need face to face cover.

Since Jan22, 8 (6WTE) GPs have been recruited, one has deferred, and others are awaiting to start. Recruitment is a continual process and has been added as an existing control, and as such can be closed as an action.

Future growth of the MDT model will be on an incremental, opportunistic basis to prevent destabilising the wider system, as clinicians become available, or express an interest to join the service. Discussions still on-going within OOH, however the service is not in regular communication with the wider TCS programme or Workforce in order to develop and progress with a viable workforce plan. The need of a defined/named professional lead for paramedics is being taken forward by the DMD for PC and CL for OOHs. Once in place recruitment to begin developing a MDT will be achievable in 4-6 months. Further direction as a result of the recent internal review plus Peer Review will aid this process.

In the long term (2-5 years), in cooperation with TCS, Workforce and national groups, to develop a programme to grow our clinical workforce, and to evolve and utilise a self- sufficient service which is fit for purpose, within available budget.	Richards, David	31/12/2026
Investigate the further use of digital technology and platforms to deliver the OOH service alongside current practices eg Attend Anywhere		31/12/2022
Further work to strengthen the workforce support from 111 programme team in addressing OOH fragilities available	Richards, David	31/12/2022

Future growth of the MDT model will be on an incremental basis. Discussions still on going within OOH, however the service is not in regular communication with the wider TCS programme or Workforce in order to develop and progress with a viable workforce plan. The Clinical Lead is actively seeking opportunity to re-engage with the TCS (or its successor) programme.

Options on other possible facilities or programmes identified after a successful roll out in other services. Follow up work to be undertaken on these.

Peer review scheduled for July 2022, the outcomes of which may influence / guide and support from 111

	ASSURANCE MAP			Control RAG	Latest Papers			Gaps in ASSU	JRANCES	
Performance Indicators	Sources of ASSURANCE	Type of Assurance (1st, 2nd, 3rd)	Required Assurance Current Level	Rating (what the assurance is telling you about your controls	(Committee & date)		How are the Gaps in ASSURANCE will be addressed Further action necessary to address the gaps	By Who	By When	
Bi-monthly IPAR. (Monthly updates to IPAR including	Daily demand reports to individuals within the UHB	1st			QSEAC OOH Update Sep19 & Feb20	Lack of meaningful performance	Assess NHS 111 performance metrics to understand how they may	Davies, Nick	Completed	
areas of concern and statistics).	Twice a week sitreps and Weekend briefings for OOH	1st			QSEAC - Peer review - Feb20 QSEAC- Review	indicators.				
National Standards and Quality Indicators- submitted	Monitoring of performance against 111 standards	1st			of risk 129 - Oct20 QSEAC- Review of risk 129					
monthly to WG. Issues raised, and performance Matrix reviewed, at National OOH	Issues raised at fortnightly meeting with Primary Care Deputy Medical Director and Associate Medical Director	1st			Apr21 QSEAC- OOH paper June20 ET- Risk to OOH business					
forum (bi-	Monthly report to Joint Operations Group (WAST, 111 team & 111 Health Boards)	2nd			continuity - Sep19 ET- OOH resilience - Nov19 & Jan20					
	QSEAC monitoring	2nd			BPPAC Quarterly monitoring					Ī
	Issues raised, and performance Matrix reviewed, at National OOH forum (bi-monthly, attended by WG)	3rd			Nov19 BPPAC - update on the OOH Services peer review paper					
	WG Peer Review Oct 19	3rd			Dec19 BPPAC - OOH service design Feb20 QSEC - OOH Paper 5th October 2021					

Progress
New 111 Wales performance metrics are
being prepared and will soon be circulated for review.

RISK SCORING MATRIX

		Likelihood x Imp	act = Risk Score		
Likelihood	1	2	3	4	5
Descriptor	Rare	Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Almost Certain
Frequency - How often might it/does it happen?	This will probably never happen/recur (except in very exceptional circumstances).	Do not expect it to happen/recur but it is possible that it may do so.	It might happen or recur occasionally.	It might happen or recur occasionally.	It will undoubtedly happen/recur possibly frequently.
how many times will the adverse consequence	Not expected to occur for years.*	Expected to occur at least annually.*	Expected to occur at least monthly.*	Expected to occur at least weekly.*	Expected to occur at least daily.
peing assessed actually be realised?)		k	time-framed descriptors of frequent	су	
Probability - Will it happen or					
not? what is the chance the adverse consequence will occur in a given reference period?)	(0-5%*)	(5-25%*)	(25-75%*)	(75-95%*)	(>95%*)
		*used to assign a probability score	for risks related to time-limited or on	e off projects or business objective	s.
Risk Impact Domains	Negligible - 1	Minor - 2	Moderate - 3	Major - 4	Catastrophic - 5
Safety of Patients, Staff or Public	Minimal injury requiring no/minimal intervention or treatment.	Minor injury or illness, requiring minor intervention.	Moderate injury requiring professional intervention.	Major injury leading to long-term incapacity/disability.	Incident leading to death.
	No time off work.	Requiring time off work for >3 days	Requiring time off work for 4-14 days.	Requiring time off work for >14 days.	Multiple permanent injuries or irreversible health effects.
		Increase in length of hospital stay by 1- 3 days.	Increase in length of hospital stay by 4- 15 days. Agency reportable incident. An event which impacts on a small number of patients.	Increase in length of hospital stay by >15 days. Mismanagement of patient care with long-term effects.	An event which impacts on a larg number of patients.
Quality, Complaints or Audit	Peripheral element of treatment or service suboptimal.	Overall treatment or service suboptimal.	Treatment or service has significantly reduced effectiveness.	Non-compliance with national standards with significant risk to patients if unresolved.	Totally unacceptable level or qua of treatment/service.
	Informal complaint/inquiry.	Formal complaint.	Formal complaint -	Multiple complaints/ independent review.	Gross failure of patient safety if findings not acted on.
		Local resolution.	Escalation.	Low achievement of performance/delivery requirements.	Inquest/ombudsman inquiry.
		Single failure to meet internal standards.	Repeated failure to meet internal standards.	Critical report.	Gross failure to meet national standards/performance
		Minor implications for patient safety if unresolved. Reduced performance if unresolved.	Major patient safety implications if findings are not acted on.		requirements.
Workforce & OD	Short-term low staffing level that temporarily reduces service quality	Low staffing level that reduces the service quality.	Late delivery of key objective/ service due to lack of staff.	Uncertain delivery of key objective/service due to lack of staff.	Non-delivery of key objective/service due to lack of staff.
	(< 1 day).		Unsafe staffing level or competence (>1 day).	Unsafe staffing level or competence (>5 days).	competence.
			Low staff morale. Poor staff attendance for	Loss of key staff. Very low staff morale. No staff attending mandatory/ key	Loss of several key staff. No staff attending mandatory
			mandatory/key training.	training.	training /key training on an ongo basis.
Statutory Duty or Inspections	No or minimal impact or breach of guidance/ statutory duty.	Breach of statutory legislation.	Single breach in statutory duty.	Enforcement action	Multiple breaches in statutory du
		Reduced performance levels if unresolved.	Challenging external recommendations/ improvement	Multiple breaches in statutory duty.	Prosecution.
			notice.	Improvement notices.	Complete systems change require
				Low achievement of performance/delivery requirements.	Low achievement of performance/delivery
					requirements.
				Critical report.	Severely critical report.

Adverse Publicity or Reputation	Rumours. Potential for public concern. Insignificant cost increase/	Local media coverage – short-term reduction in public confidence. Elements of public expectation not being met.	Local media coverage – long-term reduction in public confidence. 5–10 per cent over project budget.	National media coverage with <3 days service well below reasonable public expectation.	National media coverage with >3 days service well below reasonable public expectation. AMs concerned (questions in the Assembly). Total loss of public confidence.
Business Objectives or Projects	schedule slippage.	Schedule slippage.	Schedule slippage.	per cent over project budget. Schedule slippage.	project budget. Schedule slippage. Key objectives not met.
Finance including Claims	Small loss.	Loss of 0.1–0.25 per cent of budget.	Loss of 0.25–0.5 per cent of budget.	Uncertain delivery of key objective/Loss of 0.5–1.0 per cent of budget.	Non-delivery of key objective/ Loss of >1 per cent of budget.
	Risk of claim remote.	Claim less than £10,000.	Claim(s) between £10,000 and £100,000.	Claim(s) between £100,000 and £1 million.	Failure to meet specification/ slippage Claim(s) >£1 million.
Service or Business	Loss/interruption of >1 hour. Minor disruption.	Loss/interruption of >8 hours.	Loss/interruption of >1 day.	Loss/interruption of >1 week.	Permanent loss of service or facility.
interruption or disruption		Some disruption manageable by altered operational routine.	Disruption to a number of operational areas within a location and possible flow onto other locations.	All operational areas of a location compromised. Other locations may be affected.	Total shutdown of operations.
Environmental	Minimal or no impact on the environment.	Minor impact on environment.	Moderate impact on environment.	Major impact on environment.	Catastrophic/critical impact on environment.
Health Inequalities/ Equity	Minimal or no impact on our attempts to reduce health inequalities/improve health equity	Minor impact on our attempts to reduce health inequalities or lack of clarity on the impact we are having on health equity	Moderate impact on our attempts to reduce health inequalities or lack of sufficient information that would demonstrate that we are not widening the gap. Indications that we are having no positive impact on health improvement or health equity		Validated data clearly demonstrating a disproportionate widening of health inequalities or a negative impact on health improvement and/or health equity

RISK MATRIX

	LIKELIHOOD →							
IMPACT ↓	RARE	UNLIKELY	POSSIBLE	LIKELY	ALMOST CERTAIN			
	1	2	3	4	5			
CATASTROPHIC 5	5	10	15	20	25			
MAJOR 4	4	8	12	16	20			
MODERATE 3	3	6	9	12	15			
MINOR 2	2	4	6	8	10			
NEGLIGIBLE 1	1	2	3	4	5			

RISK ASSESSMENT - FREQUENCY OF REVIEW

RISK SCORED	DEFINITION	ACTION REQUIRED (GUIDE ONLY)	MINIMUM REVIEW FREQUENCY
15-25		Unacceptable. Immediate action must be taken to manage the risk. Control measures should be put into place which will have an effect of reducing the impact of an event or the likelihood of an event occurring. A number of control measures may be required.	This type of risk is considered extreme and should be reviewed and progress on actions updated, at least monthly.
8-12	High	Very unlikely to be acceptable. Significant resources may have to be allocated to reduce the risk. Urgent action should be taken. A number of control measures may be required.	This type of risk is considered high and should be reviewed and progress on actions updated at least bi-monthly.
4-6	Modorato	Not normally acceptable. Efforts should be made to reduce risk, providing this is not disproportionate. Establish more precisely the likelihood & harm as a basis for determining the need for improved measures.	This type of risk is considered moderate and should be reviewed and progress on actions updated at least every six months.
1-3	Low	Risks at this level may be acceptable. If not acceptable, existing controls should be monitored & reviewed. No further action or additional controls are required.	This type of risk is considered low risk and should be reviewed and progress on actions updated at least annually.