

# PWYLLGOR ADNODDAU CYNALIADWY SUSTAINABLE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

DYDDIAD Y CYFARFOD: DATE OF MEETING:	19 December 2023
TEITL YR ADRODDIAD: TITLE OF REPORT:	Corporate Risk Report
CYFARWYDDWR ARWEINIOL: LEAD DIRECTOR:	Huw Thomas, Director of Finance Andrew Carruthers, Director of Operations
SWYDDOG ADRODD: REPORTING OFFICER:	Charlotte Wilmshurst, Assistant Director of Assurance and Risk

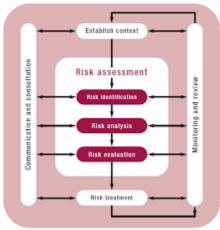
Pwrpas yr Adroddiad (dewiswch fel yn addas) Purpose of the Report (select as appropriate) Er Sicrwydd/For Assurance

### ADRODDIAD SCAA SBAR REPORT Sefyllfa / Situation

The Sustainable Resources Committee (SRC) is asked to request assurance from the identified Executive Director that the corporate risks in the attached report at Appendix 1, are being managed effectively.

# Cefndir / Background

Effective risk management requires a 'monitoring and review' structure to be in place to ensure that risks are effectively identified and assessed, and that appropriate controls and responses are in place.



(Risk Management Process, ISO 31000)

The Board's Committees are responsible for the monitoring and scrutiny of corporate-level risks within their remit. As such, they are responsible for:

• Seeking assurance on the management of corporate risks included in the Corporate Risk Register (CRR) and providing assurance to the Board that risks are being

managed effectively, reporting areas of significant concern, for example where the risk appetite is exceeded or there has been a lack of action;

- Reviewing operational risks over tolerance and, where appropriate, recommending the 'acceptance' of risks that cannot be brought within Hywel Dda University Health Board's (HDdUHB) risk appetite or tolerance to the Board through the Committee Update Report;
- Identifying through discussions any new or emerging risks, and ensuring these are assessed by management;
- Signposting any risks outside their remit to the appropriate HDdUHB Committee;
- Using risk registers to inform meeting agendas.

The Executive Team has agreed the content of the CRR. These risks have been identified via a top-down and bottom-up approach.

Each risk on the CRR has been mapped to a Board-level Committee to ensure that risks are being managed appropriately, taking into account gaps, planned actions and agreed tolerances, and to provide assurance regarding the management of these risks to the Board through Committee Update Reports.

The Board has delegated a proportion of its role in scrutinising assurances to its Committees in order to make the most appropriate and efficient use of expertise. Therefore, Committees should also ensure that assurance reports relating to principal risks are received and scrutinised, and an assessment made as to the level of assurance they provide. The reports should consider the validity and reliability of each assurance in terms of source, timeliness and methodology.

Robust scrutiny by its committees will enable the Board to place greater reliance on assurances and will provide the Board with greater confidence in the likelihood of achieving strategic objectives, in addition to ensuring a sound basis for decision-making. It is the role of Committees to provide challenge where missing or inadequate assurances are identified and to escalate any gaps in assurance to the Board (Appendix 1).

# Asesiad / Assessment

The Sustainable Resources Committee Terms of Reference state that it will:

- 2.7 Seek assurance on the management of principal risks within the Board Assurance Framework (BAF) and Corporate Risk Register (CRR) allocated to the Committee and provide assurance to the Board that risks are being managed effectively and report any areas of significant concern e.g. where risk tolerance is exceeded, lack of timely action.
- 2.8 Recommend acceptance of risks that cannot be brought within the UHBs risk appetite/tolerance to the Board through the Committee Update Report.
- 2.9 Receive assurance through Sub-Committee Update Reports and other management/task & finish group reports that risks relating to their areas are being effectively managed across the whole of the Health Board's activities (including for hosted services and through partnerships and Joint Committees as appropriate).

There are 4 risks assigned to the Committee from the 20 risks currently identified on the CRR.

The 4 corporate risks have been entered onto a '*risk on a page*' template, which includes information relating to the strategic objective, controls, assurances, performance indicators, and

action plans to address any gaps in controls and assurances. Due to the sensitive nature of risk '1352 – Risk of business disruption and delays in patient care due to a cyber-attack', the detail is being reported to in-committee to provide discussion and assurance. Details on the 3 remaining corporate risks assigned to SRC are included in Appendix 1.

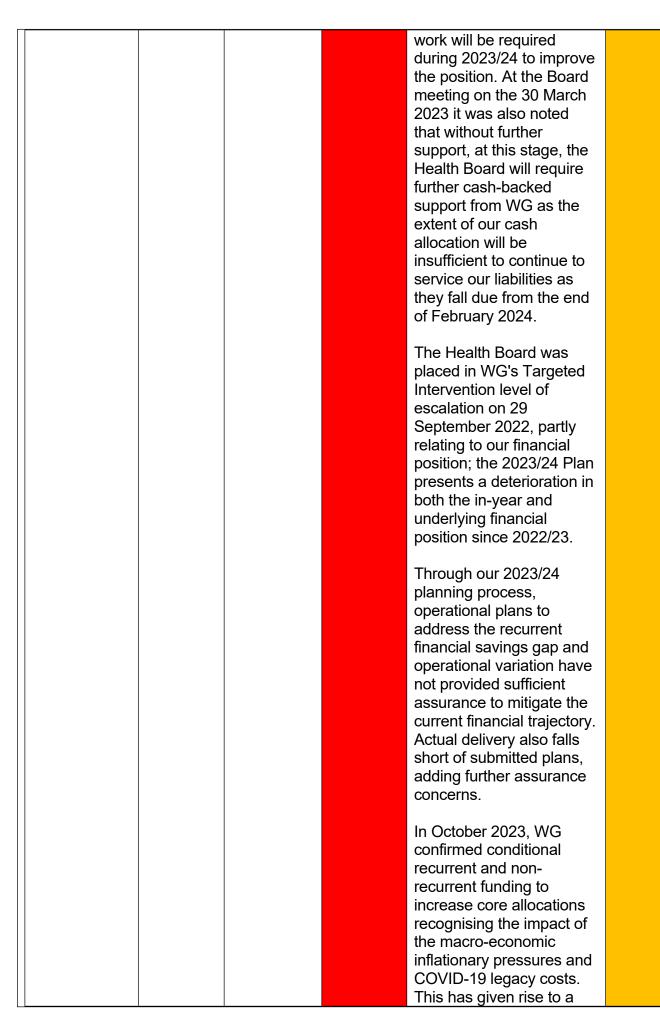
# **Changes Since Previous Report**

Total Number of Risks	4	
New risks	0	
De-escalated/Closed	0	
Increase in risk score ↑	0	
No change in risk score $\rightarrow$	4	Note 1
Reduction in risk score $\checkmark$	0	

# Note 1 - No change in risk score

Since the previous report, there have been no changes in the risk scores of the following 3 risks:

Health Board not meeting statutory requirement to break even 23/24 due to significant deficit positionFinance(Reviewed 22/11/23)2023/24 of £112.9m is unacceptable to Welsh Government (WG) and has led to a further deterioration in an already unsupportable underlying deficit position which will impact future years.23/24 due to significant deficit positionImage: Significant deficit position which will impact future years.The Board have been involved in the discussions and decisions in the development of the 2023/24 Plan both through our Committees of the Board, Board Seminar sessions, and Public Board meetings. As a consequence of these on- going discussions and decisions, the Board at its meeting on the 30 March 2023 approved the annual plan for 2023/24, recognising the forecast financial outturn remains	Risk Reference & Title	identified Director ris				Target Risk Score
breach of the Health Board's statutory requirement to achieve	1642 - Risk of Health Board not meeting statutory requirement to break even 23/24 due to significant	13/04/23		5x5=25 (Reviewed	2023/24 of £112.9m is unacceptable to Welsh Government (WG) and has led to a further deterioration in an already unsupportable underlying deficit position which will impact future years. The Board have been involved in the discussions and decisions in the development of the 2023/24 Plan both through our Committees of the Board, Board Seminar sessions, and Public Board meetings. As a consequence of these on- going discussions and decisions, the Board at its meeting on the 30 March 2023 approved the annual plan for 2023/24, recognising the forecast financial outturn remains unacceptable and in breach of the Health Board's statutory	



1352 - Risk of business disruption and delays in patient care due to a cyber	27/01/22	Director of Finance	<b>4x4=16</b> (Reviewed 21/11/23)	Target Control Total requirement of £44.8m, which includes a further £11.3m of savings requirement. This has superseded the £112.9m Annual Plan. At this stage, the Health Board will require further cash- backed support from WG as the extent of our cash allocation will be insufficient to continue to service our liabilities as they fall due after early February 2024. If this support is unavailable, which is a risk given the National financial position, then this could affect patient services and our key stakeholders. Detail provided to SRC In- Committee.	3x4=12
attack 1719 - Risk of loss of Radiology services across the Health Board from 31 March 2025 due to delayed implementat- ion of Radiology Information Systems Procurement (RISP)	19/06/23	Director of Operations	<b>2x5=10</b> (Reviewed 28/09/23)	The RISP project is a Wales wide project and therefore Health Board timelines will be affected by any time delays accrued within the other Health Boards with implementation dates. A contract extension was obtained in September 2023 with Fuji to cover the period until 31st August 2026. It is anticipated that the new RISP system will be functional by 30 June 2025 - as such, contingencies are in place to mitigate the risk to ensure continued service delivery. Due to revised dates, this now allows for the dual running of both systems. The likelihood rating of this risk has been	2x5=10

				reduced from 4 to 2 given the developments with contract negotiations providing additional contingency.	
1335 - Risk to the ability to access paper patient records in a timely manner due to existing records management infrastructure	05/10/21	Director of Operations	<b>3x3=9</b> (Reviewed 21/11/23)	Currently across the Health Board there is a considerable variance in both practice and process, operationally when utilising and dealing with the various types of records in use throughout directorates, services and departments. The current records management methodology, results in a non-standardised approach to delivering effective records management arrangements. With a lack of agreed criteria in terms of managing the record during its life cycle from creation, during retention and to disposable. There is a requirement for an investment in a modern- day solution and an alteration to culture and attitude that will embrace change and technology associated with a digital health record (DHR), to manage the risk. The Health Board has selected its electronic document management system (EDMS) supplier, and work has commenced on scanning legacy documents into a development environment.	2x3=6

The 'heat map' below includes the risks currently aligned to SRC as at 22 November 2023:

	LIKELIHOOD $\rightarrow$						
IMPACT↓	RARE 1	UNLIKELY 2	POSSIBLE 3	LIKELY 4	ALMOST CERTAIN 5		
CATASTROPHIC		1719 (→)			1642 (→)		
MAJOR 4				1352 (→)			
MODERATE 3			1335 (→)				
MINOR 2							
NEGLIGIBLE 1							

# Argymhelliad / Recommendation

SRC is requested to:

- Seek assurance that all identified controls are in place and working effectively;
- Seek assurance that all planned actions will be implemented within stated timescales and will reduce the risk further and/ or mitigate the impact, if the risk materialises;
- Challenge where assurances are inadequate.

Subsequently, this will enable the Committee to provide the necessary onward assurance to the Board, through its Committee Update Report, that the Health Board is managing these risks effectively.

Amcanion: (rhaid cwblhau) Objectives: (must be completed)	
Committee ToR Reference: Cyfeirnod Cylch Gorchwyl y Pwyllgor:	2.7 Seek assurance on the management of principal risks within the Board Assurance Framework (BAF) and Corporate Risk Register (CRR) allocated to the Committee and provide assurance to the Board that risks are being managed effectively and report any areas of significant concern e.g. where risk tolerance is exceeded, lack of timely action.
Cyfeirnod Cofrestr Risg Datix a Sgôr Cyfredol:	Contained within the report

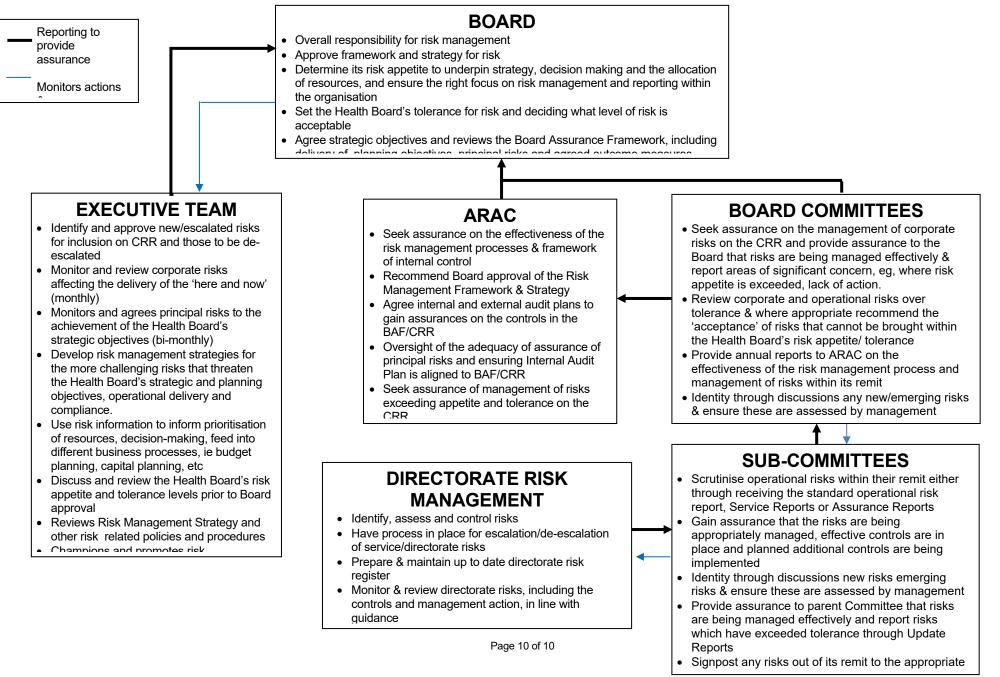
Datix Risk Register Reference and Score: Galluogwyr Ansawdd: Enablers of Quality: <u>Quality and Engagement Act</u> (sharepoint.com)	6. All Apply
Parthau Ansawdd: Domains of Quality <u>Quality and Engagement Act</u> (sharepoint.com)	7. All apply
Amcanion Strategol y BIP: UHB Strategic Objectives:	All Strategic Objectives are applicable
Amcanion Cynllunio Planning Objectives	Not Applicable
Amcanion Llesiant BIP: UHB Well-being Objectives: <u>Hyperlink to HDdUHB Well-being</u> <u>Objectives Annual Report 2021-2022</u>	10. Not Applicable

Gwybodaeth Ychwanegol: Further Information:	
Ar sail tystiolaeth: Evidence Base:	Underpinning risk on the Datix Risk Module from across HDdUHB's services reviewed by risk leads/ owners
Rhestr Termau: Glossary of Terms:	Explanation of terms is included in the main body of the report.
Partïon / Pwyllgorau â ymgynhorwyd ymlaen llaw y Pwyllgor Adnoddau Cynaliadwy:	Not Applicable
Parties / Committees consulted prior to Sustainable Resources Committee:	

Effaith: (rhaid cwblhau) Impact: (must be completed)	
Ariannol / Gwerth am Arian:	No direct impacts from report, however, impacts of each
Financial / Service:	risk are outlined in risk description.
Ansawdd / Gofal Claf:	No direct impacts from report, however, impacts of each
Quality / Patient Care:	risk are outlined in risk description.
-	

Gweithlu: Workforce:	No direct impacts from report, however, impacts of each risk are outlined in risk description.
Risg: Risk:	No direct impacts from report, however organisations are expected to have effective risk management systems in place.
Cyfreithiol: Legal:	No direct impacts from report, however proactive risk management, including learning from incidents and events, contributes towards reducing/eliminating recurrence of risk materialising and mitigates against any possible legal claim with a financial impact.
Enw Da: Reputational:	Poor management of risks can lead to loss of stakeholder confidence. Organisations are expected to have effective risk management systems in place and take steps to reduce/mitigate risks.
Gyfrinachedd: Privacy:	No direct impacts from report, however, impacts of each risk are outlined in risk description.
Cydraddoldeb: Equality:	Has EqIA screening been undertaken? No Has a full EqIA been undertaken? No

### Appendix 1 – Committee Reporting Structure



# Appendix 1

### SUSTAINABLE RESOURCES COMMITTEE CORPORATE RISK REGISTER SUMMARY

	SUSTAINABLE RESOURCES COMMITTEE CORPORATE RISK REGISTER SUMMARY								No
Risk Ref	Risk (for more detail see individual risk entries)	Risk Owner	Domain	Tolerance Level	Previous Risk Score	Risk Score Nov-23	Trend	Target Risk Score	Risk on page no
	Risk of Health Board not meeting statutory requirement to break even 23/24 due to significant deficit position	Thomas, Huw	Finance inc. claims	6	5×5=25	5×5=25	$\rightarrow$	3×4=12	<u>3</u>
1352	Risk of business disruption and delays in patient care due to a cyber attack	Thomas, Huw	Statutory duty/inspections	8	4×4=16	4×4=16	$\rightarrow$	3×4=12	N/A
	Risk to the ability to access paper patient records in a timely manner due to existing records management infrastructure	Carruthers, Andrew	Quality/Complaints/Audit	8	3×3=9	3×3=9	$\rightarrow$	2×3=6	<u>9</u>
	Risk of loss of Radiology services across the Health Board from 31 March 2025 due to delayed implementation of RISP	Carruthers, Andrew	Service/Business interruption/disruption	6	5x2=10	2×5=10	$\rightarrow$	2×5=10	<u>12</u>

### November 2023

# Assurance Key:

ľ	3 Lines of Defence (Assurance)									
	1st Line	Business Management	Tends to be detailed assurance but lack independence							
	2nd Line	Corporate Oversight	Less detailed but slightly more independent							
ſ	3rd Line	Independent Assurance	Often less detail but truly independent							

Key - Assurance Required	NB Assurance Map will tell you if you
Detailed review of relevant information	have sufficient sources of assurance
Medium level review	not what those sources are telling
Cursory or narrow scope of review	you

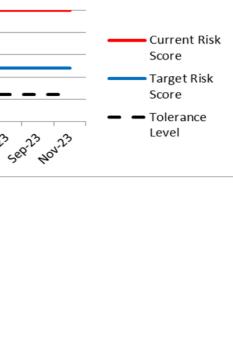
Key - Control RAG rating			
LOW Significant concerns over the adequacy/effectiveness of the controls in place in proportion to			
MEDIUM	Some areas of concern over the adequacy/effectiveness of the controls in place in proportion to the risks		
HIGH	Controls in place assessed as adequate/effective and in proportion to the risk		
INSUFFICIENT	Insufficient information at present to judge the adequacy/effectiveness of the controls		

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Date Risk	Apr-23	Executive Director Owner:	Thomas, Huw	Date of Review:	Nov-23
Identified:					
Strategic		Lead Committee:	Sustainable Resources Committee	Date of Next	Dec-23
Objective:				Review:	

Risk ID:	1642	<b>Principal Risk</b>	There is a risk that the Health Board o	deficit is unaffordable for Welsh	Risk Rating:(Lik	elihood x Impact	)	25	
		Description:	Government. This is caused by the Fi	nancial Plan for 2023/24 presenting a	Domain:	Finance inc. clai	ms	25	
			significant deficit position, which refle	ects the significant step-change in				20 —	
			expenditure during COVID-19. This ha	as persisted, as operational pressures	Inherent Risk S	core (L x I):	5×5=25	15	
			have remained; and a further step-ch	ange in expenditure is expected into	Current Risk Sc		5×5=25	10 -	
			next year, arising, largely, from inflat	ionary pressures. Additional causes	Target Risk Sco		3×4=12	5 -	
			include:					0	
					Tolerable Risk:		6	2	· ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
			1. Insufficient assurance over the ide	ntification or operational delivery of the				POL	Nay Jun Jul AUB S
			required level of savings in the year b	because of continued operational and					
			clinical challenges across our services	s, in particular within urgent and					
			emergency care;						
			2. Further in-year operational cost de	eterioration either due to operational					
			decisions or market price volatility w	ithin areas such as Prescribing and					
			Energy.						
			This could lead to an impact/affect o	on the sustainability of the Health Board's					
			financial position, with a cash funding	g shortfall and the ability to meet					
			payments as and when they fall due f	from end of February 2024. There will					
			also be an impact on the ability to me	eet Ministerial priorities of breaking					
			even, along with the ability to mainta	ain patient services.					
Does this	risk link	to any Director	ate (operational) risks?	980, 968, 964, 966, 975, 983, 971,	Trend:				
				965, 1644, 1646					



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#### Rationale for CURRENT Risk Score:

The draft Annual Plan for 2023/24 of £112.9m is unacceptable to Welsh Government (WG) and has led to a further deterioration in an already unsupportable underlying deficit position which will impact future years.

The Board have been involved in the discussions and decisions in the development of the 2023/24 Plan both through our Committees of the Board, Board Seminar sessions, and Public Board meetings. As a consequence of these on-going discussions and decisions, the Board, at its meeting on the 30th March 2023, approved the annual plan for 2023/24, recognising the forecast financial outturn remains unacceptable and in breach of the Health Board's statutory requirement to achieve financial balance; further work will be required during 2023/24 to improve the position. At the Board meeting on the 30th March 2023 it was also noted that without further support, at this stage, the Health Board will require further cash-backed support from Welsh Government as the extent of our cash allocation will be insufficient to continue to service our liabilities as they fall due from the end of February 2024.

The Health Board was placed in WG's Targeted Intervention level of escalation on 29 September 2022, partly relating to our financial position; the 2023/24 Plan presents a deterioration in both the in-year and underlying financial position since 2022/23.

Through our 2023/24 planning process, operational plans to address the recurrent financial savings gap and operational variation have not provided sufficient assurance to mitigate the current financial trajectory. Actual delivery also falls short of submitted plans, adding further assurance concerns.

In October 2023, WG confirmed conditional recurrent and non-recurrent funding to increase core allocations recognising the impact of the macro-economic inflationary pressures and COVID-19 legacy costs. This has given rise to a Target Control Total requirement of £44.8m, which includes a further £11.3m of savings requirement. This has superseded the £112.9m Annual Plan. At this stage, the Health Board will require further cash-backed support from WG as the extent of our cash allocation will be insufficient to continue to service our liabilities as they fall due after early February 2024. If this support is unavailable, which is a risk given the National financial position, then this could affect patient services and our key stakeholders.

#### Rationale for TARGET Risk Score:

The Health Board needs to demonstrate that it is able to manage its financial position effectively, cognisant of the risks which are inherent in the delivery of safe and timely care. The current draft Financial Plan does not provide sufficient assurance of this and urgent management actions are required to address this.

Given the challenge in delivering an acceptable financial position this year, it is unlikely that the Health Board will achieve a risk which is in line with the existing tolerable risk of 8 for the year. Consequently, it has been requested of the Board to increase the tolerable risk score to 12 in line with the Target.

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Key CONTROLS Currently in Place:		Gaps in CONTRO	LS		
(The existing controls and processes in place to manage the risk)	one or more of the key controls on	How and when the Gap in control be addressed Further action necessary to address the controls gaps	By Who	By When	
<ol> <li>Modelling of anticipated patient flows, and the resultant workforce, equipment and operational requirements is managed through operational teams.</li> </ol>	The costs of addressing the Health Board's local needs may exceed available revenue and cash funding.	Targeted Intervention working group and escalation Steering Group to discuss, agree and implement corrective actions to respond to Targeted Intervention status.	Moore, Steve	<del>30/06/2023 31/08/2023</del> 10/12/2023	1
<ol> <li>Financial modelling and forecasting is co-ordinated on a regular basis.</li> <li>Timely financial reporting to Directorates, Sustainable Resources Committee, Board and Welsh Government on local costs incurred as a result of Operational Drivers to inform central and local scrutiny, feedback and decision-making.</li> <li>Oversight arrangements in place at Board level and through the Executive Team structure.</li> <li>Exploration of a number of funding streams, including: Local Health Board funding arrangements; Funding arrangements through the Regional Partnership Board and Local Authority partners. Funding from WG's own sources or from HM Treasury via WG.</li> <li>Opportunities Framework refreshed with the expectation that identified areas of waste will present deliverable cost reductions/formal savings schemes. Linked to Planning Objectives workplan, which will be shaped by the Health Board's strategy, "A Healthier Mid and West Wales", and align to the design assumptions set out in that.</li> <li>Accountability statements in relation to the Opening Directorate Budgets underpinning the draft interim Financial Plan for 2023/24 will issued to the Executive Team in May 2023. The letters clarify that it is on order black when the back means and the interior with it is the back of the interior with interior with interior with the interior with i</li></ol>	The organisation may fail to deliver the required level of transformational change during the year through which the opening cost base is expected to be rationalised. This is in relation to the continuation of core and other services, the direct (programme) response to COVID-19, specific exceptional costs and the delivery of Recovery and Sustainability Plans.				
expected that all budget holders manage their services within their allocated budgetary envelope; that it is incumbent on all to ensure that expenditure represents best value; and, that there is the expectation that these operational needs can be clearly demonstrated and that additional costs will reduce as and when decisions are made.					1

### Progress

Through the approval of the Annual Plan the Board has accepted the validity of the current operational drivers and accepted the choices and identified opportunities available to mitigate the current trajectory. The process is in place, however the cycles are yet to identify corrective actions leading to an in-year or future year financial improvement. As these corrective actions are identified, these will be added to the risk Action Plan.

A meeting was held with WG week the week of 19th June 2023 where final deadlines and actions were agreed.

The September Quarterly TI meeting was held with WG on 19th September, and WG were not yet satisfied with the organisations response to the financial improvements required to demonstrate a significant improvement in the current forecast deficit. A further requirement is imminent to be communicated, which would create a further stretch target to achieve.

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8. Performance against Plan monitored through Improving Together Meetings with Services, including Performance, Quality and Financial information.	Develop a revised roadmap to financial sustainability based on the Board's agreed key priorities and revised Planning Objective in line with our Strategy.	Thomas, Huw	30/06/2023           31/08/2023           31/11/2023           31/01/2024	
<ol> <li>9. Implementation of systems for efficiency (Malinko, WellSky, Nurse Documentation system) are driving financial systems for control (Symbiotics, Caf M in Facilities and Estates, Allocate), alongside the Digital Strategy improving grip and control.</li> </ol>				
10. Weekly financial reporting to Executive Team, tracking week-on- week progress against key metrics.				
11. The Core Delivery Group (CDG) and Financial Control Group (FCG) meet on a weekly basis, led by the Director of Workforce and OD (CDG) and Director of Finance (FCG) as SROs. This reports into the Executive Team weekly, and the Escalation Steering Group (ESG) for TI, which	Following the July meeting between the	Moore, Steve	31/03/2024	
meets on a monthly basis, chaired by the CEO where specific executive leads meet to discuss, agree and implement corrective actions to respond to the escalated Targeted Intervention status that Welsh	Ministers and Chief Executives, the organisation is required to develop mitigation plans to address the forecast in- year deviation from plans in addition to			
Government placed the Health Board during October 2022. The weekly Executive Team meeting chaired by the CEO will be the internal group that monitors and drives progress, focusing on:	achieving a 10-20-30% improvement agains the submitted financial plan.	:		
a) delivery of our Planning Objectives and the subsequent financial benefits;				
b) efficiency and productivity opportunities (based on our Opportunities Framework);				
c) corrective actions identified through our regular Executive-led Directorate Use of Resources meetings to reduce current expenditure trajectories.				

A focused Executive Team Away Day considered mitigating actions and their delivery; a six week action timetable has commenced. This is the first step towards developing a roadmap and will link to the clinical services plan.

The current priority areas have identified a clear route to achieve a significant reduction in the planned deficit, with further work submitted and reviewed in the November 2023 Public Board meeting.

A recovery workshop was held on the 26 July 2023 with Executives, service and Finance leads to discuss and agree urgent actions to address the financial position. The meeting focussed on the key driver of high cost agency and locum expenditure across professional groups. Action plans were submitted to Board on the 10 August 2023 for consideration/decision ahead of the Welsh Government (WG) meeting on 11 August 2023, which were agreed and submitted. Board had endorsed the work to be delivered at pace, requesting further updates at each future meeting.

Progress was reported to September Board, with the latest assurance levels of delivery not yet recovering the original planned deficit.

WG have confirmed that a Ministerial and cabinet review process is underway and feedback will be provided imminently. The

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outcome from this process was communicated and received on 20 October 2023, where WG confirmed the need for all Health Boards to deliver an additional 10% improvement on their planned deficits (£11.3m for Hywel Dda), and have issued a Target Control Total of £44.8m for the Health Board. In November 2023, the Chief Executive issued control totals to each delegated Executive officer and directorate, totalling the £11.3m additional requirement. This will be monitored through the monthly financial reporting cycle, and Executive Directors are required to update the Chief Executive on their trajectory.

	ASSURANCE MAP			Control RAG	Latest Papers		Gaps in ASSURANCES				
Performance Indicators	Sources of ASSURANCE	Type of Assurance (1st, 2nd, 3rd)	Required Assurance Current Level	Rating (what the assurance is telling you about your controls	(Committee & date)	in Assurance:	How are the Gaps in ASSURANCE will be addressed Further action necessary to address the gaps	By Who	By When	Progress	
against operational plans and targets through	Performance against plan monitored through Improving Together Meetings. Sustainable Resources Committee oversight of current performance	1st 2nd			* Mth 2 Finance Report - Sustainable Resources Committee June 2023 * Mth 3	None					
	Transformation & Financial Report to Board & SRC	2nd			Finance Report - Board July 2023						
	WG scrutiny through monthly monitoring returns	3rd			* Mth 4 Finance Report - Sustainable						
	WG scrutiny through revised monthly Monitoring Returns (specific supplementary templates) and through Finance Delivery Unit Audit Wales Structured Assessment process				- Sustainable Resources Committee August 2023 * Mth 5 Finance report - Going to Board September 2023						

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Date Risk Identified:	Oct-21		Executive Director Owner:	Carruthers, Andrew
Strategic	5. Safe and sustainable and accessible and kind care	1	Lead Committee:	Sustainable Resources Committee
Objective:				

Risk ID:	1335	<b>Principal Risk</b>	There is a risk of clinical services being	g unable to access paper patient	Risk Rating:(I	ikelihood x Impac	t)	25 -				
		Description:	records, at the correct time and place	in order to make the right clinical	Domain:	Quality/Compl	aints/	20 -				
			decisions and provide effective patier	nt care. This is caused by not having a fit		Audit						
			for purpose records management infr	astructure along with organisational	Inherent Risk	Score (L x I):	4×4=16	15 -			_	
			management arrangements which are	e insufficient in capacity and scope. This	Current Risk	Score (L x I):	3×3=9	10 -				<u>`-</u>
			could lead to an impact/affect on the	interruption to clinical services, ability	Target Risk S		2×3=6	5 -				
			to provide effective patient care inclu	ding compliance with and attainment of				0 -			1 1	
			nationally agreed Cancer, RTT and Str	oke targets, review and fine by the ICO	Tolerable Ris	k:	8		I-22 -22	1-22 5-22	Sep-22 Nov-22 Jan-23	23
			(<£17.5m - £35m fine per episode), in	creased litigation and negligence claims,					Jan Mar	Jun Aug	Sep Nov Jan	Mar
			complaints and possible redress, non-	compliance with GDPR in regards access								
			to patient information, underutilisation	on of clinical staff, outpatient facilities								
			and day case areas and theatres, inap	propriate disclosure of confidential								
			information, missing patient informat	ion and confidential documentation,								
			and non-compliance with nationally a	greed retention timescales.								
					<b>T</b>			-				
Does this	s risk link	to any Directo	rate (operational) risks?	1434, 1427, 1369, 939,1247,	Trend:							
				1419,1445,1627, 708, 1282, 1627								
Rational	e for CLIR	RENT Risk Scor	٥.		Rationale for	TARGET Risk Score	<b>.</b> .					
			e. I there is a considerable variance in bo	th practice and process, operationally		ntation of a full DH		and ro		numbo	r of issue	
			e various types of records in use throu			ard. Prior to makir						
	-	-		-								
			s management methodology, results in gement arrangements. With a lack of a			ir records manager	-				•	
	-			agreed criteria in terms of managing the	r.	ow a standardised				•		
record a	uring its li	re cycle from ci	reation, during retention and to dispos	able. There is a requirement for an	regards the la	ick of storage capa	city, provision	of reco	oras in	iine wit	n gupk r	equi

record during its life cycle from creation, during retention and to disposable. There is a requirement for an investment in a modern day solution and an alteration to culture and attitude that will embrace change and technology associated with a digital health record (DHR), to manage the risk. The Health Board has selected its electronic document management system (EDMS) supplier, and work has commenced on scanning legacy documents in to a development environment.

The implementation of a full DHR will support and resolve a number of issues currently being experienced across the Health Board. Prior to making a record digital all services and identified IAO's will have to undertake a full review of their records management arrangements and work in conjunction with a robust criteria to ensure processes follow a standardised approach. A DHR resolves any issues we may currently be experiencing with regards the lack of storage capacity, provision of records in line with GDPR requirements, the ability to facilitate additional clinical requests, the transition to a virtual world, cost benefits, as well as many others. To assist implementation a requirement for adaptation to working practice and a considerable change in culture for future success.

Date of Review:	Nov-23
Date of Next Review:	Jan-24



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Key CONTROLS Currently in Place:		Gaps in CONTROL	.S		
(The existing controls and processes in place to manage the risk)	one or more of the key controls on	How and when the Gap in control be addressed Further action necessary to address the controls gaps	By Who	By When	
Health Board Information Asset Register Identified Information Asset Owners (IAOs)		Develop and implement scanned health record solution over the next 12 years depending on the split between determination of scanning and deep storage	Carruthers, Andrew	31/03/2033	
Health Records Policies, Procedures and SOPs	compromised.	(DHR).			
Some digitalisation projects commenced, eg, physiotherapy, A&E cards	Reduced understanding or records types (across various services) and				
Health Board Welsh Nursing Care record e-nursing documentation implementation	those appropriate for scanning, long term storage or destruction, leading to a non-consistent criteria for				
Planning Objective 5M aligned to SDODC for reporting	records management during the records life cycle from creation, to				1
Electronic systems including: WPAS (Welsh Patient Administration	retention and ultimate destruction.				
System), WCP (Welsh Clinical Portal), PACS (Radiology), LIMS	With the requirement to implement	Review current records management	Carruthers,	Completed	1
(Pathology), WAP e-referrals (Welsh Admin Portal), CANIS (Cancer), Diabetes 3, Selma	and standardise health records protocols across all services.	arrangements for records that are not within the scope and responsibility of the Central Health Records function. This will require	Andrew		i t
Acquired additional storage facilities to both accommodate excess paper records and establishing a scanning bureau		agreement on future record management arrangements, required resources and project support going forward as an essential			ā 1
Acquisition of a electronic document records management system (EDRMS) Civica.		precursor to the delivering the scanning phase of the project plan. This will be largely			
Lease of a second storage facility		driven by individual information asset owners providing comprehensive schedules of information assets under their responsibility.			
Scanning of 308,000 non active patient records					
DPIAs undertaken on the three contractors for scanning providers, with		Director of Operations to meet with	Carruthers,	<del>31/03/2023</del>	╁
an additional DPIA being undertaken in June 2023 in relation to RICOH		Executive Leads with professional responsibility for clinical records to	Andrew	<del>31/10/2023</del> 31/01/2024	ľ
Local Project Steering Group, which meets fortnightly and chaired by		determine agreement on future record			
Deputy Director of Operations and attended by the Digital Director		management arrangements, required			
Programme risk register reviewed at Local Project Steering Group		resources and project support. This will be largely driven by individual information asset owners providing comprehensive schedules			
Cataloguing exercise undertaken for the sub-contractor with RICOH		of information assets under their responsibility.			

### Progress

£300k per annum for three years made available to prime the project to include acquiring premises to facilitate a scanning bureau along with appointment of a project manager. A paper outlining the direction of travel and key steps to be taken was presented to executive team 28 July 2021 and this was broadly supported. A project implementation plan along with specification for acquiring scanners is being progressed.

SBAR submitted to Executive Team in October 2022 outlining the plan for future records management arrangements. Further discussions are now required to fully implement the transition and move records to one centralised locality.

Meeting to be arranged.

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	ASSURANCE MAP		Control RAG	Latest Papers		Gaps in ASSUR	ANCES		
Performance Indicators	Sources of ASSURANCE	Type of Assurance (1st, 2nd, 3rd)	Required Assurance Current Level	Rating (what the assurance is telling you about your controls	(Committee & date)	How are the Gaps in ASSURANCE will be addressed Further action necessary to address the gaps	By Who	By When	Progress
	Information Asset Owner Registers Group	1st			Records Storage SBAR - Executive				
	Digital Health Records Project Group to oversee delivery of enabling work	2nd			Team (Jul21)				
	SRC overseeing delivery of Planning Objective 5C	2nd							
	IA Records Management Report (limited - follow up (reasonable) in Health Records only	3rd							

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Date Risk . Identified:	Jun-23		Executive Director Owner:	Carruthers, Andrew
Strategic Objective:		1	Lead Committee:	Sustainable Resources Committee

Risk ID:	1719	<b>Principal Risk</b>	There is a risk of loss of Radiology services across the Health Board from 31	<b>Risk Rating:(Likelih</b>	ood x Impact)		25 -		
		Description:	March 2025. This is caused by by the delayed implementation of the All	Domain: Se	ervice/Business		25		
			Wales Radiology Information Systems Procurement (RISP) programme, with	int	terruption/		20 -		
			the existing contract with Fuji ceasing prior to the implementation of the All	di	sruption		15 -		
			Wales solution. This could be exacerbated by delays in the roll-out of the All	Inherent Risk Score	e (L x I):	5×5=25	10		
			Wales solution across other Health Boards in Wales. This could lead to an	Current Risk Score	(L x I):	2×5=10	10 -		
			impact/affect on a total loss of services being delivered by the Radiology	Target Risk Score (I		2×5=10	5 -		
			directorate across the Health Board and the loss of all radiology data held for		,		0 -		
			patients, resulting in potential harm to patients, the inability to undertake	Tolerable Risk:		6	0	Aug-23	Sep-23
			diagnostic assessments, a detriment to the Health Board's ability to achieve			<u> </u>		0	
			ministerial priorities and targets. This will also have an adverse impact on the						
			reputation of the Health Board, and render it liable to increased complaints,						
			litigation and scrutiny from external regulators. There are also financial						
			implications, with the current contract due to expire in March 2025.						
Does this	risk link	to any Directo	rate (operational) risks?	Trend:		New risk			
		,							
ational	e for CURI	RENT Risk Scor	2:	<b>Rationale for TARG</b>	ET Risk Score:				
he RISP	project is	a Wales wide r	project and therefore Hywel Dda UHB timelines will be affected by any time	Once contracts hav	e been agreed a	nd renegot	iated, t	this will redu	uce the likeliho
			ealth Boards with implementation dates before Hywel Dda UHB. As at	sufficient continger					
-			ision has been obtained with Fuji to cover the period until 31st August 2026. It				,,		ou o, ene proj
•			ystem will be functional by 30th June 2025 - as such, contingencies are in place						
	acca that		stem win be functional by Sourfaire 2025 as such, contingencies are in place						
-	to the rick	to onsure con	tinued service delivery. Due to revised dates, this new allows for the dual						
to mitiga			tinued service delivery. Due to revised dates, this now allows for the dual ihood rating of this risk has been reduced from 4 to 2 given the developments						

with contract negotiations providing additional contingency.





hood of this risk occurring, with roject whilst being implemented.

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Key CONTROLS Currently in Place:		Gaps in CONTRO	LS	
(The existing controls and processes in place to manage the risk)	one or more of the key controls on	How and when the Gap in control be addressed Further action necessary to address the controls gaps	By Who	By When
Hywel Dda have initiated a new project board, with members attending from both Radiology and Digital Services and TORs in place Fortnightly project board meetings, with additional meetings in place as and when required to prioritise the deployment order.	Confirmation still required to ascertain reporting structure to Board level of the project board. Local deployment order requires to be signed off as at September 2023.	To prepare and present a paper for August SRC In-Committee, highlighting revised options since the matter was presented at July 2023 Board	Roberts- Davies, Gail	Completed
<ul> <li>Health Board attendance by colleagues from Radiology and Digital</li> <li>Services at monthly All Wales RISP programme meetings, hosted by</li> <li>Digital Health and Care Wales (DHCW) ensuring the Health Board stays informed of the All Wales position which may have an impact on Hywel</li> <li>Dda's contract and timelines</li> <li>Regular communication with senior colleagues in Finance</li> <li>All Wales Deployment order agreed</li> <li>Extension to current Fuji contract has been agreed, and now runs to 31 August 2026.</li> </ul>		Develop and implement scanned health record solution over the next 12 years depending on the split between determination of scanning and deep storage (DHR).	Carruthers, Andrew	31/03/2033
		Review current records management arrangements for records that are not within the scope and responsibility of the Central Health Records function. This will require agreement on future record management arrangements, required resources and project support going forward as an essential precursor to the delivering the scanning phase of the project plan. This will be largely driven by individual information asset owners providing comprehensive schedules of information assets under their responsibility.	Carruthers, Andrew	Completed

### Progress

Paper has been prepared and presented, and outcomes of discussions at SRC In-Committee inform future actions for this risk and further update to Board in September 2023.

£300k per annum for three years made available to prime the project to include acquiring premises to facilitate a scanning bureau along with appointment of a project manager. A paper outlining the direction of travel and key steps to be taken was presented to executive team 28 July 2021 and this was broadly supported. A project implementation plan along with specification for acquiring scanners is being progressed.

SBAR submitted to Executive Team in October 2022 outlining the plan for future records management arrangements. Further discussions are now required to fully implement the transition and move records to one centralised locality.

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	ASSURANCE MAP		Control RAG	Latest Papers	Gaps in ASSURANCES					
Performance Indicators	Sources of ASSURANCE	Type of Assurance (1st, 2nd, 3rd)	Required Assurance Current Level	Rating (what the assurance is telling you about your controls	(Committee & date)		How are the Gaps in ASSURANCE will be addressed Further action necessary to address the gaps	By Who	By When	Progress
All Wales project timelines	Project Board	1st			SBAR to Board in-committee (July 2023)					
	Regular communication with DHCW	2nd			Original RISP papers as previously agreed been to SRC					

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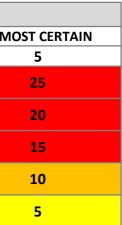
		RISK SCORIN	IG MATRIX		
		Likelihood x Impa	act = Risk Score		
Likelihood	1	2	3	4	5
Descriptor	Rare	Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Almost Certain
Frequency - How often might t/does it happen?	This will probably never happen/recur (except in very exceptional circumstances).	Do not expect it to happen/recur but it is possible that it may do so.	It might happen or recur occasionally.	It might happen or recur occasionally.	It will undoubtedly happen/recur, possibly frequently.
how many times will the adverse consequence being assessed actually be realised?)	Not expected to occur for years.*	Expected to occur at least annually.*	Expected to occur at least monthly.*	Expected to occur at least weekly.*	Expected to occur at least daily.*
		*	time-framed descriptors of frequen	су	
Probability - Will it happen or not? what is the chance the adverse consequence will occur in a given reference period?)	(0-5%*)	(5-25%*)	(25-75%*)	(75-95%*)	(>95%*)
		*used to assign a probability score f	or risks related to time-limited or on	e off projects or business objective	s.
Risk Impact Domains	Negligible - 1	Minor - 2	Moderate - 3	Major - 4	Catastrophic - 5
Safety of Patients, Staff or Public	Minimal injury requiring no/minimal intervention or treatment.	Minor injury or illness, requiring minor intervention.		-	Incident leading to death.
	No time off work.	Requiring time off work for >3 days	Requiring time off work for 4-14 days.	Requiring time off work for >14 days.	Multiple permanent injuries or irreversible health effects.
		Increase in length of hospital stay by 1- 3 days.	Increase in length of hospital stay by 4- 15 days.	Increase in length of hospital stay by >15 days.	An event which impacts on a large number of patients.
			Agency reportable incident. An event which impacts on a small number of patients.	Mismanagement of patient care with long-term effects.	
Quality, Complaints or	Peripheral element of treatment	Overall treatment or service	Treatment or service has significantly	Non-compliance with national	Totally unacceptable level or qual
Audit	or service suboptimal.	suboptimal.	reduced effectiveness.	standards with significant risk to patients if unresolved.	of treatment/service.
	Informal complaint/inquiry.	Formal complaint.	Formal complaint -	Multiple complaints/ independent review.	Gross failure of patient safety if findings not acted on.
		Local resolution.	Escalation.	Low achievement of performance/delivery requirements.	Inquest/ombudsman inquiry.
		Single failure to meet internal standards.	Repeated failure to meet internal standards.	Critical report.	Gross failure to meet national standards/performance
		Minor implications for patient safety if unresolved. Reduced performance if unresolved.	Major patient safety implications if findings are not acted on.		requirements.
Workforce & OD	Short-term low staffing level that temporarily reduces service quality	Low staffing level that reduces the service quality.	Late delivery of key objective/ service due to lack of staff.	Uncertain delivery of key objective/service due to lack of staff.	Non-delivery of key objective/service due to lack of staff.
	(< 1 day).		Unsafe staffing level or competence (>1 day).	Unsafe staffing level or competence (>5 days).	Ongoing unsafe staffing levels or competence.
			Low staff morale.	Loss of key staff.	Loss of several key staff.
			Poor staff attendance for mandatory/key training.	Very low staff morale. No staff attending mandatory/ key training.	No staff attending mandatory training /key training on an ongoin basis.
Statutory Duty or Inspections	No or minimal impact or breach of guidance/ statutory duty.	Breach of statutory legislation.	Single breach in statutory duty.	Enforcement action	Multiple breaches in statutory du
		Reduced performance levels if unresolved.	Challenging external recommendations/ improvement	Multiple breaches in statutory duty.	Prosecution.
		un couveu.	notice.	Improvement notices.	Complete systems change require
				Low achievement of performance/delivery requirements.	Low achievement of performance/delivery requirements.
				Critical report.	Severely critical report.



Adverse Publicity or Reputation	Rumours.	Local media coverage – short-term reduction in public confidence. Elements of public expectation not being met.	Local media coverage – long-term reduction in public confidence.	u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u	National media coverage with >3 days service well below reasonable public expectation. AMs concerned (questions in the Assembly).
Business Objectives or Projects	Potential for public concern. Insignificant cost increase/ schedule slippage.	<5 per cent over project budget. Schedule slippage.	5–10 per cent over project budget. Schedule slippage.	Non-compliance with national 10–25 per cent over project budget. Schedule slippage. Key objectives not met.	Total loss of public confidence. Incident leading >25 per cent over project budget. Schedule slippage. Key objectives not met.
Finance including Claims	Small loss.	Loss of 0.1–0.25 per cent of budget.	Loss of 0.25–0.5 per cent of budget.	Uncertain delivery of key objective/Loss of 0.5–1.0 per cent of budget.	Non-delivery of key objective/ Loss of >1 per cent of budget.
	Risk of claim remote.	Claim less than £10,000.	Claim(s) between £10,000 and £100,000.		Failure to meet specification/ slippage Claim(s) >£1 million.
Service or Business interruption or disruption	Loss/interruption of >1 hour. Minor disruption.	Loss/interruption of >8 hours. Some disruption manageable by altered operational routine.	Loss/interruption of >1 day. Disruption to a number of operational areas within a location and possible flow onto other locations.	Loss/interruption of >1 week. All operational areas of a location compromised. Other locations may be affected.	Permanent loss of service or facility Total shutdown of operations.
Environmental	Minimal or no impact on the environment.	Minor impact on environment.	Moderate impact on environment.	Major impact on environment.	Catastrophic/critical impact on environment.
Health Inequalities/ Equity	Minimal or no impact on our attempts to reduce health inequalities/improve health equity	Minor impact on our attempts to reduce health inequalities or lack of clarity on the impact we are having on health equity	Moderate impact on our attempts to reduce health inequalities or lack of sufficient information that would demonstrate that we are not widening the gap. Indications that we are having no positive impact on health improvement or health equity		Validated data clearly demonstrating a disproportionate widening of health inequalities or a negative impact on health improvement and/or health equity

# **RISK MATRIX**

	LIKELIHOOD →								
IMPACT ↓	RARE	UNLIKELY	POSSIBLE	LIKELY	ALMO				
	1	2	3	4					
CATASTROPHIC 5	5	10	15	20					
MAJOR 4	4	8	12	16					
MODERATE 3	3	6	9	12					
MINOR 2	2	4	6	8					
NEGLIGIBLE 1	1	2	3	4					





# **RISK ASSESSMENT - FREQUENCY OF REVIEW**

RISK SCORED	DEFINITION	ACTION REQUIRED (GUIDE ONLY)	MINIMUM REVIEW FREQU
15-25	Extreme	Unacceptable. Immediate action must be taken to manage the risk. Control measures should be put into place which will have an effect of reducing the impact of an event or the likelihood of an event occurring. A number of control measures may be required.	This type of risk is considered extreme and reviewed and progress on actions updated
8-12	High	Very unlikely to be acceptable. Significant resources may have to be allocated to reduce the risk. Urgent action should be taken. A number of control measures may be required.	This type of risk is considered high and sho and progress on actions updated at least h
4-6	Moderate	Not normally acceptable. Efforts should be made to reduce risk, providing this is not disproportionate. Establish more precisely the likelihood & harm as a basis for determining the need for improved measures.	This type of risk is considered moderate and reviewed and progress on actions updated months.
1-3	Low	Risks at this level may be acceptable. If not acceptable, existing controls should be monitored & reviewed. No further action or additional controls are required.	This type of risk is considered low risk and reviewed and progress on actions updated

# QUENCY

nd should be ed, at least monthly.

hould be reviewed t bi-monthly.

e and should be ted at least every six

nd should be ted at least annually.

