Reference:	FOI.2392.20
Subject:	Plastic aprons within the NHS
Date of Request:	24 January 2020

Requested:

- 1. The total amount of money the health board spend on medical plastic aprons during the financial year 2014-2015
- 2. The total amount of money the health board spend on medical plastic aprons during the financial year 2015-2016
- 3. The total amount of money the health board spend on medical plastic aprons during the financial year 2016-2017
- 4. The total amount of money the health board spend on medical plastic aprons during the financial year 2017-2018
- 5. The total amount of money the health board spend on medical plastic aprons during the financial year 2018-2019
- 6. Do members of the public visiting your hospitals and other premises have to wear plastic aprons and gloves at certain times, and in certain areas?
- 7. What's your policy on wearing plastic aprons? Link to PPE policy below
- 8. If you do have a policy when was this policy introduced?
- 9. What is the medical justification used?

Response:

1. – 5. The table below provides the total amounts spent by Hywel Dda University Health Board (UHB) on medical plastic aprons during the requested timeframe.

Financial Year	Total spend (£)
2014/15	26,961
2015/16	27,039
2016/17	27,781
2017/18	28,287
2018/19	26,766

- 6. There may be occasions where the Infection Prevention and Control team is required to conduct risk assessments and as a result will request that members of the public wear a plastic apron. All risk assessments are completed on an individual basis as required; appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as a result of this will be recommended and communicated to all staff and visitors.
- 7. The UHB does have a PPE Policy and Procedure, a weblink to this can be found below:

http://howis.wales.nhs.uk/sitesplus/documents/862/151-PPEPolicy%20-version2.pdf

- 8. The first version of the current policy and procedure was introduced in August 2011 and was subsequently reviewed in March 2017.
- 9. The UHB does not have a medical justification for the use of PPE. PPE is a key element of standard infection prevention and control precautions, which must be applied in all healthcare settings. The use of the correct type of PPE (gloves, aprons/gowns and facial protection) is essential to protect the health and safety of staff, patients and visitors.